Novell NetWare_® 6



Legal Notices

Novell, Inc. makes no representations or warranties with respect to the contents or use of this documentation, and specifically disclaims any express or implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. Further, Novell, Inc. reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes to its content, at any time, without obligation to notify any person or entity of such revisions or changes.

Further, Novell, Inc. makes no representations or warranties with respect to any software, and specifically disclaims any express or implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. Further, Novell, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to any and all parts of Novell software, at any time, without any obligation to notify any person or entity of such changes.

This product may require export authorization from the U.S. Department of Commerce prior to exporting from the U.S. or Canada.

Copyright © 1994 -2001 Novell, Inc. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, photocopied, stored on a retrieval system, or transmitted without the express written consent of the publisher.

U.S. Patent No. 5,157,663; 5,349,642; 5,455,932; 5,553,139; 5,553,143; 5,572,528; 5,594,863;

5,608,903;5,633,931; 5,652,859; 5,671,414; 5,677,851; 5,692,129; 5,701,459; 5,717,912; 5,758,069; 5,758,344; 5,781,724; 5,781,724; 5,781,733; 5,784,560; 5,787,439; 5,818,936; 5,828,882; 5,832,274; 5,832,275; 5,832,483; 5,832,487; 5,850,565; 5,859,978; 5,870,561; 5,870,739; 5,873,079; 5,878,415; 5,878,434; 5,884,304; 5,893,116; 5,893,118; 5,903,650; 5,903,720; 5,905,860; 5,910,803; 5,913,025; 5,913,209; 5,915,253; 5,925,108; 5,933,503; 5,933,826; 5,946,002; 5,946,467; 5,950,198; 5,956,718; 5,956,745; 5,964,872; 5,974,474; 5,983,223; 5,983,234; 5,987,471; 5,991,771; 5,991,810; 6,002,398; 6,014,667; 6,015,132; 6,016,499; 6,029,247; 6,047,289; 6,052,724; 6,061,743; 6,065,017; 6,094,672; 6,098,090; 6,105,062; 6,105,132; 6,115,039; 6,119,122; 6,144,959; 6,151,688; 6,157,925; 6,167,393; 6,173,289; 6,192,365; 6,216,123; 6,219,652; 6,229,809. Patents Pending.

Novell, Inc. 1800 South Novell Place Provo, UT 84606 U.S.A.

www.novell.com

NetWare FTP Server Administration Guide October 2001 103-000172-001

Online Documentation: To access the online documentation for this and other Novell products, and to get updates, see www.novell.com/documentation.

Novell Trademarks

ConsoleOne is a trademark of Novell, Inc. NetWare is a registered trademark of Novell, Inc., in the United States and other countries. Novell Cluster Services is a trademark of Novell, Inc. NetWare Loadable Module and NLM are trademarks of Novell, Inc. Novell is a registered trademark of Novell, Inc., in the United States and other countries. Novell NetWare Core Protocol and NCP are trademarks of Novell, Inc. Novell Directory Services and NDS are registered trademarks of Novell, Inc., in the United States and other countries. Novell eDirectory is a trademark of Novell, Inc.

Novell Storage Services is a trademark of Novell, Inc.

Third-Party Trademarks

All third-party trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Contents

	Preface	7
	Documentation Conventions	. 7
1	Overview	9
	Features of the NetWare FTP Server	. 9
2	Setting Up	13
	Upgrading from NetWare 5.1 to NetWare 6.0	13
	Configuring FTP Server	14
	Configuring FTP Server from NetWare Web Manager.	19
	Configuring Server Settings	21
	Configuring Security Settings.	22
	Configuring User Settings	23
	Configuring Log Settings	24
3	Managing	25
	FTP Server Startup.	25
	Creating an Anonymous User	26
	Viewing the Active Sessions Display	26
	Using the FTP Server from an FTP Client	26
	Starting an FTP Session	26
	Accessing a Remote Server	28
	Paths Formats	31
	Quote Site Commands	31
	Name Space and Filenames	32
	Administering the NetWare FTP Server	33
	Multiple Instances of the FTP Server	33
	Intruder Detection.	34
	Access Restrictions	34
	Anonymous User Access	37
	FTP Log Files.	38
	Active Sessions Display	42
4	Configuring with Cluster Services	45
	Running FTP Server in Active/Active and Active/Passive Modes	45
	Editing FTPSERV.CFG Configuration Files	45
	Editing AUTOEXEC.NCF Files.	46
	Novell Cluster Services Configuration and Setup	48
	Creating a Cluster Volume Object	48
	Configuring FTP Server Load and Unload Scripts	49
	Setting FTP Server Start, Failover, and Failback Modes	50

A	FTP Server Messages	53
	NWFTPD Messages.	53
	FTPUPGRD Messages	55

Preface

Welcome to the NetWare FTP Server Administration Guide. NetWare[®] FTP Server software provides FTP service for transferring files to and from NetWare volumes. You can perform file transfers from any FTP client by using the FTP server to log in to a Novell[®] eDirectory[™] tree. After logging in, you can navigate to other NetWare servers (in the same eDirectory tree) even if they are not be running FTP service.

Documentation Conventions

In this documentation, a greater-than symbol (>) is used to separate actions within a step and items in a cross-reference path.

Also, a trademark symbol ($^{\mathbb{R}}$, $^{\mathbb{M}}$, etc.) denotes a Novell trademark. An asterisk (*) denotes a third-party trademark.

Overview

NetWare[®] FTP Server software is based on the standard ARPANET File Transfer Protocol that runs over TCP/IP and conforms to RFC 959. You can perform file transfers from any FTP client by using the FTP Server to log in to the Novell[®] eDirectory[™] tree.

Features of the NetWare FTP Server

The main features of NetWare FTP Server software include the following:

• Multiple instances of NetWare FTP Server software

Multiple instances of NetWare FTP Server software can be loaded on the same NetWare server, providing different FTP services to different sets of users.

See "Multiple Instances of the FTP Server" on page 33.

FTP access restrictions

FTP access can be restricted at various levels through various types of access rights.

See "Access Restrictions" on page 34.

Intruder detection

An intruder host or user who tries to log in using an invalid password can be detected and restricted.

See "Intruder Detection" on page 34.

Remote server access

FTP users can navigate and access files from other NetWare eDirectory servers in the same eDirectory tree and from remote IBM* servers,

whether or not the remote servers are running NetWare FTP Server software.

See "Accessing a Remote Server" on page 28 and Table 5, "Login Parameters," on page 15.

Anonymous user access

An Anonymous user account can be set up to provide users with basic access to public files.

See "Anonymous User Access" on page 37.

Special Quote Site commands

These NetWare-specific commands can be used to change or view some of the NetWare server-specific parameters.

See "Quote Site Commands" on page 31.

• Firewall support

When the FTP client is behind a firewall and the FTP server cannot connect to the FTP client, NetWare FTP Server software supports passive mode data transfer and the configuration of a range of passive data ports.

See Table 7, "Firewall Support Parameters," on page 17.

Active Sessions display

Details of all the active FTP instances at a particular time such as a list of all instances, details of each instance, all sessions in an instance, and all details of each session can be viewed.

See "Viewing the Active Sessions Display" on page 26.

Name space support

NetWare FTP Server software can operate in both DOS and long name spaces. The FTP user can dynamically change the default name space by using one of the Quote Site commands.

See "Quote Site Commands" on page 31.

Simple Network Management Protocol error reporting service

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) traps are issued when an FTP login request comes from an intruder host or from a node address restricted through Novell eDirectory. The traps can be viewed on the management console.

FTP logs

The FTP service maintains a log of various activities: FTP sessions, unsuccessful login attempts, active sessions details, and system error and FTP server-related messages.

See "FTP Log Files" on page 38

• Welcome banner and message file support

NetWare FTP Server software displays a welcome banner when an FTP client establishes a connection as well as a message file when a user changes the directory in which the file exists.

See Table 8, "Welcome Banner and Message Files Parameters," on page 17.

NetWare Web Manager based management

NetWare Web Manager is a browser-based management tool used to configure and manage NetWare Web Services (such as NetWare Enterprise Web Server and NetWare Web Search Server) using a local database, LDAP, or Novell eDirectory.

The NetWare Web Manager interface can also be used to administer (start and stop) the FTP server as well as to configure the server, security, user, and log settings. These settings can then be modified from a client workstation using an Internet browser.

You can also get information such as the current server status by viewing different logs through the Web Manager interface.

The Web Manager URL is https://servername: port_number (default port number = 2200).

See "Configuring FTP Server from NetWare Web Manager" on page 19.

Cluster Services Support

NetWare FTP Server can be configured with Novell Cluster Services[™] to achieve high availability. Running FTP Server on Novell Cluster Services provides benefits such as automatic restart without user intervention in case of a node failure in cluster.

See "Configuring with Cluster Services" on page 45.

• Upgrade Utility

The Upgrade utility helps in upgrading the configuration of FTP Server when upgrading from NetWare 5.1 to NetWare 6.

See "Upgrading from NetWare 5.1 to NetWare 6.0" on page 13.

2 Setting Up

This chapter discusses the following sections:

- Upgrading from NetWare 5.1 to NetWare 6.0 (page 13)
- Configuring FTP Server (page 14)
- Configuring FTP Server from NetWare Web Manager (page 19)

Upgrading from NetWare 5.1 to NetWare 6.0

The upgrade utility (FTPUPGRD.NLM) is automatically invoked to upgrade the default configuration of NetWare FTP Server when you choose NetWare FTP Server while upgrading the operating system from NetWare 5.1 to NetWare 6.0.

If invoked during installation, FTP Upgrade utility upgrades the default configuration file, ftpserv.cfg located in SYS:\ETC.

To upgrade a specific configuration of FTP Server, execute the following command in the system console, and specify different configuration files in SYS:\ETC.

FtpUpgrd -c cfg filename

Configuring FTP Server

Before you start the NetWare FTP Server software, you should configure it by setting the configuration parameters in the configuration file. The default configuration file is SYS:/ETC/FTPSERV.CFG. The parameters in this configuration fils are commented with their default values.

When the NetWare FTP Server is started, the IP address of the host (HOST_IP_ADDR) and the port number of the NetWare FTP Server (FTP_PORT), as defined in the configuration file, are used to bind to and listen for FTP client connection requests. If these parameters are not defined in the configuration file, the FTP Server binds to all configured network interfaces and the standard FTP ports.

Multiple instances of the NetWare FTP Server can run on a single machine with different IP addresses, or port numbers. The various parameters in the configuration file along with the default values are described in the following tables:

Parameter	Default Value	Description
HOST_IP_ADDR	IP address of the host	The IP address of the host that the FTP Server software is being loaded on
FTP_PORT	21 (Standard FTP port)	The port number that the FTP server should bind to and listen for connection requests from

Table 1 Multiple Instances Parameters

Parameter	Default Value	Description
MAX_FTP_SESSIONS	30	Maximum number of FTP sessions that can be active at any point of time.
		Minimum value is 1
IDLE_SESSION_TIMEOUT	600 (seconds)	Duration in seconds that any session can remain idle. The session will never time out if the value is set as negative.

Parameter	Default Value	Description
ANONYMOUS_ACCESS	No	Specifies whether anonymous user access is allowed.
		Valid values are Yes and No.
ANONYMOUS_HOME	SYS:/PUBLIC	The Anonymous user's home directory.
ANONYMOUS_PASSWORD_R EQUIRED	Yes	Specifies whether to ask for an Email ID as the password for Anonymous user to log in.
		Valid values are Yes and No.

Table 4 Access Restrictions Parameters
--

Parameter	Default Value	Description
RESTRICT_FILE	SYS:/ETC/FTPREST.TXT	FTP Server can define access restrictions to various levels of users, hosts, etc. These restrictions are defined in a file, which can be specified here.

Table 5 Login Paramete	ers
------------------------	-----

Parameter	Default Value	Description
DEFAULT_USER_HOME- SERVER	Server where FTP is running	The name of the server that the default home directory is on.
DEFAULT_USER_HOME	SYS:\PUBLIC	The default home directory of the user.
IGNORE_REMOTE_HOME	No	Specifies whether to ignore the home directory, if it is on a remote server, and go to the default directory. Valid values are Yes and No.

Parameter	Default Value	Description
IGNORE_HOME_DIR	No	Specifies whether to ignore the home directory and go to the default directory.
		Valid values are Yes and No.
SEARCH_LIST		A list of fully distinguished names of containers in which FTP users are be looked for, separated by commas. The length of this string including the commas should not exceed 2048 bytes. You can specify a maximum of 25 containers.

Table 6 Intruder De	tection Parameters	
Parameter	Default Value	Description
DEFAULT_NS	Long	The default name space.
		The valid values are DOS and LONG.
INTRUDER_HOST_ATTEMPTS	20	The number of unsuccessful log in attempts for intruder host detection.
		When set to 0, intruder host login detection is disabled.
INTRUDER_USER_ATTEMPTS	5	The number of unsuccessful log in attempts for intruder host detection.
		When set to 0, intruder host login detection is disabled.
HOST_RESET_TIME	10	Time interval in minutes during which the intruder host is not allowed to log in.
USER_RESET_TIME	5	Time interval in minutes during which the intruder user is not allowed to log in.

Parameter	Default Value	Description
PASSIVE_PORT_MIN	1	Minimum port number used for establishing passive data connection.
		The port value range is 1 to 65534.
		The minimum value should always be less than or equal to the maximum value.
PASSIVE_PORT_MAX	65534	Maximum port number used for establishing passive data connection.
		The port value range = 1 to 65534.
		The maximum value should always be greater than or equal to the minimum value.

Table 8 Welcome Banner and Message Files Parameters

Parameter	Default Value	Description
WELCOME_BANNER	SYS:/ETC/WELCOME.TXT	When the FTP client establishes a connection, the content of this file is displayed.
MESSAGE_FILE	MESSAGE.TXT	When the user changes the directory, the contents of this file are displayed. For this, the file with that name should exist in the directory.

Parameter	Default Value	Description
FTP_LOG_DIR	SYS:/ETC	The directory where log files will be stored.
NUM_LOG_MSG	3200	Maximum number of messages that will be logged in each log file.
LOG_LEVEL	7	Indicates the level of messages logged. These are:
		1= ERROR
		2= WARNING
		4= INFORMATION
		The following combinations can be given.
		3= ERROR, WARNING
		5=ERROR, INFORMATION
		6= INFORMATION, WARNING
		7=ERROR, WARNING, and INFORMATION
FTPD_LOG	FTPD	FTPD.LOG file is automatically created. This file contains all the internal system related information encountered by the FTP server.
AUDIT_LOG	FTPAUDIT	FTPAUDIT.LOG file is automatically created. This file contains details about the login activities of the user
INTRUDER_LOG	FTPINTR	FTPINTR.LOG file is automatically created. This file contains information about unsuccessful login attempts
STAT_LOG	FTPSTAT	FTPSTAT.LOG file is automatically created. This file contains details about all active sessions.

Table 9 FTP Logs Parameters

Configuring FTP Server from NetWare Web Manager

You can use the NetWare Web Manager for administering FTP Service from client- side.

To do this, enter the following URL to display the Service Selector panel (the default port number is 2200):

https://remote_server_name : port_number

Figure 1 Service Selector Panel

e <u>E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>G</u> o <u>C</u> ommunicator <u>H</u> elp	
🎯 Bookmarks 🏾 & Location: https://164.99.155.27.2200/	💌 🌍 What's Related
NetWare Web Manager	
	Novell.
elect a service to administer	
Novell® Directory Service (NDS)	
FS-6PACK-4P	
letWare® Remote Manager	
FS-6PACK-4P	
NetWare® FTP Server	
FS-6PACK-4P	
Designed Date	
Charl Contract State State	

In the Service Selector panel, select NetWare FTP Server to display the Service Manager panel.

👯 NetWare® Web Manager	- Netscape		_ & ×
<u>File Edit View Go Commu</u>	nicator <u>H</u> elp		
Back Forward Rek	ad Home Search Netscape	🛁 🙆 🎆 Frint: Security Stop	N
🛛 🌿 Bookmarks 🏼 🙏 Loc	ation: tps://164.99.155.49:2200/WebAdmin	Av/ebMan?name=BLR-NFS-MADHAVI&B	e=ftp/webman.xml 💌 🕼 What's Related
🔒 Instant Message 🖳 W	'ebMail 🗒 Contact 🖳 People 🗒 Ye	ellow Pages 🖳 Download 🗂 Chann	els
NetWare Web Manage	er	0-11	
			Novell.
Server Preferences			
On/Off Server Settings Security	FT	P Server On /	Off
User Settings Log Settings	The server is currently On		
	Server On		Server Off
Docume	Inc Done		
Start Start Nhfap	Microsoft Word R NetWare	w 🛃 untitled - Paint	N 22 La Que 4:01 PM

In the Service Manager panel you can view the Server Preferences menu, which provides links to the configuration pages of FTP Server by clicking the Server Preferences icon at the top of the panel.

When you click this icon, the initial main panel displays FTP Server On/off Panel. You can start or stop NetWare FTP Service from the client side by clicking either of the buttons.

Configuring Server Settings

1 In the Server Preferences menu, click Server Settings.

Figure 3	Server Settings Panel	

∰NetWare® Web Mana	ger - Netscape 🗧 🔗 💈
<u>File E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>G</u> o <u>C</u> on	municator Help
🛛 🌿 Bookmarks 🙏	Location: /164.99.155.49.2200/WebAdmin/WebMan?name=BLR-NFS-MADHAV/&file=ftp/webman.xml 🗾 🕼 What's Related 🛛
NetWare Web Man	ager
	Novell.
Server Preferences	
on/Off Server	FTP Server General Settings
Settings	
Security	Welcome banner file sys:/etc/welcome.txt
User Settings	name
Log Settings	Message file name message.txt
	Maximum number of 30 ftp sessions
	Sessions may remain 600 seconds, OR 🗖 Disable Session TimeOut idle for
	FTP port number 21 (used to listen for connection requests)
	Name space LONG 💌
	Address of the FTP ftp://USERID:PASSWORD@164.99.155.49:PORTNUMBER Server
	Port limits for passive connections (parameters for Firewall)
Door	iment Done 🛛 💥 🛀 🔊 🗸
😹 Start 🔍 Exploring - N	nlap Wicrosoft Word NetWare® W 2 bmp - Paint NetWare® W

- **2** Specify the FTP Server settings. For specific information about each parameter, refer the online help.
- **3** Click Save to save your settings or click Reset to retain the previous settings.

Configuring Security Settings

1 In the Server Preferences menu, click Security.



- **2** Specify the FTP Server Security settings. For specific information about each parameter, refer the online help.
- **3** Click Save to save your settings or click Reset to clear your settings.

Configuring User Settings

1 In the Server Preferences menu, click User Settings.

Figure	5	User Settings Par	nel
--------	---	--------------------------	-----

Eile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o <u>C</u> omm	unicator <u>H</u> elp	
🏾 🌿 🖁 Bookmarks 🛛 🎄 Lo	cation: ://164.99.155.49.2200/WebMan/WebMan?r	ame=BLR-NFS-MADHAVI&file=ftp/webman.xml 💌 📢 " What's Related
NetWare Web Manag	ger	
		Novell.
Server Preferences		
On/Off Server Settings	FTP Ser	ver User Settings
Security User Settings Log Settings	Use FTP for Web publishing to NO this server using tools such as FrontPage(R) 2000? Note: This will set the Default hom Default user home server Default home directory sys: Ignore NDS user home directory NO and stay in default FTP Server directory Ignore NDS user home directory NO	e directory to sys/Novonyz/SuiteSpot/Docs/FTPWebs /public .
	FTP user restrictions file	/etc/ftprest.txt
	Search List	

- **2** Specify the FTP Server User Settings. For specific information about each parameter, refer the online help.
- **3** Click Save to save your settings or click Reset to clear your settings.

Configuring Log Settings

1 In the Server Preferences menu, click Log Settings.

Rectware web Manage	er - Netscape	_ 0' ×
Eile <u>E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>G</u> o <u>C</u> ommu	unicator Help	
🥞 Bookmarks 🤱 Loo	ication: 1//164.99.155.49:2200/WebMan/WebMan?name=BLR-NFS-MADHAV1&file=ft;	p/webman.xml 🔄 🕼 What's Related 🚺
Netware web Manag	ger	
		Novell.
Server Preferences		
On/Off	FTP Server Logg	inσ
Server Settings	FIT Server Logg	, mg
Security	<u> </u>	
User Settings	FTP Server log file directory: sys:/etc	
Log	ETD Server los Sie same: find log	
Cottingo	T I Server log me name. Itpullog	Constant II
seccings	Log messages of type Errors, Warnings and in	formation
	FTP Server Audit trial log file name: ftpaudit.log	
	FTP Server Intruder log file name: ftpintr.log	
	FTP Server Statistics log file name: ftpstat.log	
	Number of log messages: 32000	
	Save Reset	Help
	,,	

Figure 6 Log Settings Panel

- 2 Select the type of log messages from the Log Messages of Type drop down list, and enter the Number of Log messages. For specific information about each parameter, refer the online help.
- **3** Click Save to save your settings or click Reset to retain previous settings.

3 Managing

This chapter discusses the following topics:

- "FTP Server Startup" on page 25
- "Using the FTP Server from an FTP Client" on page 26
- "Administering the NetWare FTP Server" on page 33

FTP Server Startup

The FTP Server software can be loaded from the NetWare[®] server using the following command:

nwftpd

The server takes the default configuration file SYS:/ETC/FTPSERV.CFG. On installation, this configuration file has all the parameters, commented, with their default values.

To start the NetWare FTP Server software with a different configuration file (for example, MYCONFIG.CFG), place the file in the SYS:/ETC directory and enter the following at the command line:

nwftpd -c myconfig.cfg

NOTE: If there is any change in the .CFG file, nwftpd should be reloaded.

Creating an Anonymous User

To create an anonymous user, enter

nwftpd -a [-c Configfile]

The server takes the anonymous user home directory from the configuration file and displays it on the screen with the option to modify the directory.

NOTE: The -a option modifies the configuration file for anonymous user access. For this change to take place, reload nwftpd.

Viewing the Active Sessions Display

To load the Active Sessions Display utility, enter

ftpstat [-p port number]

The server takes a port number that the HTTP browser should connect to in order to view the NetWare FTP active sessions. The default port is 2500.

Using the FTP Server from an FTP Client

This section discusses the following:

- "Starting an FTP Session" on page 26
- "Paths Formats" on page 31
- "Accessing a Remote Server" on page 28
- "Quote Site Commands" on page 31
- "Name Space and Filenames" on page 32

Starting an FTP Session

Users can start an FTP session from a workstation running the FTP client software using the following command:

```
ftp hostname | IP Address
```

where *hostname* is the name of the server in the DNS or IP address of the NetWare server running the FTP service. The FTP client then prompts the user for a username and password.

The following are the session-based details and are not tied to individual user logins: bytes sent, bytes received, session duration, files sent, files received, and current Novell[®] eDirectoryTM context.

For more details, see Table 2, "FTP Session Parameters," on page 14.

Logging In to the eDirectory Tree

A user can login to the FTP server either by specifying the username with full context or with a context relative to the default context (which is the context of the NetWare server where FTP is running). If the context is not specified, the FTP server searches for the user only in the current session context.

If a user with an expired password attempts to log in to the FTP server, a message stating that the password has expired is returned after the user logs in. Logging in with an expired password uses the grace logins. If all the grace logins of the user expire, the user cannot log in and receives an error message.

After the user logs in, the FTP server places the user in the user's eDirectory home directory (if defined) and attaches the user to the server where the home directory resides.

If the home directory is not defined or cannot be located, the FTP server places the user in the default user home directory specified in the configuration file.

The DEFAULT_USER_HOME_SERVER parameter can be used to specify the name of the server where the default user home directory is located. If the parameter is not specified, by default the FTP server considers the default user home directory to be on the server where the FTP server is running.

A user is placed in the default user home directory under the following conditions:

- If IGNORE_DIR_HOME = Yes.
- If IGNORE_REMOTE_HOME = Yes, and the user's home directory is on a remote server.

Logging In to an IBM Server

To log in to a remote IBM server, the user should have a user account in that server.

To log in to the IBM server from FTP client, the user should start an FTP session using FTPHost and should give the username in the following format:

@IBMservername.username

To log in to an IBM server from a browser, the following format should be used:

ftp //+IBMserver+username:password@FTPHost

For logging in as anonymous user, the user name and password can be omitted:

ftp //+IBMservername@FtpHost

After logging in to an IBM server, the user is placed in the home directory in that IBM server.

While logging in to an IBM server, the user is not authenticated to the eDirectory tree. So, navigation between IBM servers and eDirectory servers is not possible.

Accessing a Remote Server

The double slash (//) indicates that the user wants to access a remote server. The name of the remote server must be the first entry after the double slash.

Navigating to eDirectory Servers

After logging in to the eDirectory tree, users can access files and directories on a remote NetWare server whether or not the server is running Novell FTP Server software.

The NCP[™] protocol lets you transfer files and navigate to and from remote eDirectory servers.



To navigate to remote servers, enter

cd //remote server name/volume/directory pathname

File operations such as get, put, and delete can be used on the remote server, even without changing directory path to that server. For example:

get //remote_server_name/volume/directory path/filename

If the current directory is on a remote server and the remote server goes down, the user is placed in the home directory in the home server. If the home server is not available, the user is placed in the default user home directory.

Navigating to IBM Servers

After logging in to the eDirectory tree, users can access files and directories on a remote NetWare server whether or not the server is running Novell FTP Server software.

The NetWare FTP Server uses the AFTP Gateway component of NetWare SAA to access remote IBM servers.



The IBM server that the user logs in to first will be considered the home server. Once logged in to an IBM server, the user can navigate to other remote IBM servers which identify the user with the same username and password. To navigate to remote servers the following format should be used:

cd //IBM server name/path

File operations such as get, put, and delete can be done only when the user is currently in that server.

If the current directory is on a remote server and the server goes down, the user is placed in the home directory in the home server. If the home server is not available, the remote server is made the home server. If the current directory is in the home server and the server goes down, the user is logged out.

Paths Formats

The volume and directory path name must be specified in following format:.

//server_name/volume_name/directory_path

To navigate to different volumes, enter:

cd /volume_name

To switch back to home directory, enter:

cd ~

To switch to home directory of any user, enter:

cd ~user_name

Quote Site Commands

The SITE command enables FTP clients to access features specific to the NetWare FTP Server.

The SITE command has the following syntax:

QUOTE SITE [SLIST | SERVER | HELP | CX {CONTEXT} | LONG | DOS | OU]

NOTE: The settings done through Quote Site Comments is valid only for current session.

These commands are unique to the NetWare FTP service and are not standard FTP commands.

A list of quote site commands and their descriptions are given below:

Command	Description
SLIST	Lists all the NetWare servers within the eDirectory tree
SERVER	Lists all NetWare servers in the current eDirectory context and its sub-OUs.
	For example, SITE SERVER displays all NetWare servers in the current context.
HELP	Displays the help file related to the Quote Site commands. It gives the syntax, and description of all site commands.

Command	Description
СХ	CX without a context displays the current context of the FTP Server
	CX with a context as an argument sets the current eDirectory context to a given value. For example:
	cx ou=test sets the context to the OU test using the relative context
	cx.ou=test.o=acme sets the context to the OU test using the absolute context
	CX with the argument ~ ,resets the context back to user's context
OU	Shows all the organizational units relative to the current context
	OU enables users to display the eDirectory organizations (containers) below the current eDirectory context.
LONG	Changes the configured namespace to the LONG name space.
DOS	Changes to the configured name space to the DOS name space.
	DOS changes the configured name space to the DOS name space. This change takes place only for the current session. All NetWare volumes support the DOS name space.

Name Space and Filenames

FTP Server software supports DOS and LONG name space. The default name space is configured in the configuration file. FTP users can also change it dynamically using the QUOTE SITE DOS command or the QUOTE SITE LONG command.

NOTE: The namespace changed using Quote Site command is in effect only in the current status.

The default configured name space is LONG.

When the user changes the name space, the change affects only those volumes that support the specified name space. If the LONG name space is not supported on a specific volume, users must follow the DOS file naming conventions of using no more than eight characters for the name plus no more than three additional characters for the extension.

In both name spaces, the user views the response to the ls or Dir in the NetWare format only. Format of the directory listing is as follows:

type rights owner size time name

where the above variables stand for:

- *Type*: Type of file, where {-} indicates a file and {d} indicates a directory
- *Rights*: Effective NetWare rights of the user to this file or directory.
- *Owner*: NetWare user who created this file or directory. In case the mapping of objects and the owner's name is not found, the object ID is displayed.
- *Size*: The size, in bytes, of the file or directory. In case of a directory, it is always 512.
- *Time*: The modification date and time of the file or directory.
- Name: The name of the file or directory in the current name space.

Administering the NetWare FTP Server

This section discusses the administering the following:

- "Multiple Instances of the FTP Server" on page 33
- "Intruder Detection" on page 34
- "Access Restrictions" on page 34
- "Anonymous User Access" on page 37
- "FTP Log Files" on page 38
- "Active Sessions Display" on page 42

Multiple Instances of the FTP Server

Multiple instances of the FTP server can be initialized if the NetWare server has multiple network interface cards. Each FTP server should have a unique IP address and port number combination. Each FTP server instance can have its own configuration file and access restrictions file, and can listen on different IP addresses and port numbers. The IP address of the host (HOST_IP_ADDR) and the port number (FTP_PORT) as defined in the configuration file are used to bind to and listen for FTP client connection requests. The configuration file can be specified while starting the FTP server. If these parameters are not defined in the configuration file, the default IP address and the standard FTP port number are used.

For more details, see Table 1, "Multiple Instances Parameters," on page 14.

Intruder Detection

A user is considered an intruder when the number of unsuccessful log in attempts is greater than those specified by the parameter INTRUDER_USER_ATTEMPTS in the configuration file. Similarly, a host/ client machine is considered an intruder when the number of consecutive login failures for any user from that host is greater than the configured limit specified by the parameter INTRUDER_HOST_ATTEMPTS.

If a successful login is encountered before the attempts limit is reached, the login failures count is reset to zero.

When a user becomes an intruder, his account is locked out for an interval of time specified by the parameter USER_RESET_TIME in the configuration file.

When a host becomes an intruder, access to the FTP Server is denied for that host machine for an interval of time specified by the parameter HOST_RESET_TIME in the configuration file.

Access Restrictions

The FTP service enables you to specify access restrictions for a user, a client host, and the IP address of a client host. The access restrictions are specified in the restrictions file, which can be configured (RESTRICT_FILE). Access restrictions can be specified at various levels and multiple access rights are allowed.

Restriction Levels

Restriction Level	Description
Container	Restriction can be specified for any eDirectory container. This will control all the users in that container and its sub-OUs.
	Container level: Restriction can be specified for any eDirectory container. This will control all the users in that container and its sub-OUs.
	*.container name
	The asterik (*) indicates the container level restriction. The container should be a fully distinguished name.
User	Restriction can be specified for a particular user.
	.user name
	The period (.) indicates user level restriction. The user name should be a fully distinguished name.
Domain	Restriction can be specified at the domain level. This will control all the hosts in that domain and its sub domains. The following is the RESTRICT file format:
	DOMAIN= domain name
	The DOMAIN= key word indicates the domain level restriction.
	The domain restrictions will not work if the host does not have a DNS entry.
Host	Restriction can be specified for a particular host machine.
	ADDRESS= host name/IP address
	The ADDRESS= key word indicates the host level restriction. The host name or IP address of the host can be specified.
	The DNS configuration should be proper for address and domain name restrictions.

The following table describes the supported levels of access restrictions.

Access Rights

The following table describes the permitted access rights.

Access Right	Description
DENY	Denies access to the FTP Server for that client.
READONLY	Gives read-only access to the client.
NOREMOTE	Restricts access to remote server navigation.
GUEST	Gives only Guest access to the user. guest users are those users who cannot navigate to remote servers. A guest user has access only within the guest user's home directory and subdirectories.
ALLOW	Gives normal FTP access without restriction.

Keywords

The following table describes the possible keywords.

Keyword	Description
ADDRESS=	Restricts a particular node. The IP address or machine name can be used.
DOMAIN=	Restricts a particular Domain.
	The asterisk (*) should be used for container level restrictions.
ACCESS=	Is mandatory for each line. It should be followed by access rights.

Restrict File

The format and organization of the restrict file is as follows:

- Each line should have one entity name and corresponding access rights.
- The rights of the entities will be assigned according to the order of the RESTRICT file. If different rights apply to the same entity, the latest entities that appear in the RESTRICT file will be taken.

- All rights specified in the same line will be applied to that entity.
- If the RESTRICT file does not exist or is empty, the access is given to all users without any restrictions.

Example 1

*.novell	ACCESS=ALLOW
*.testou.novell	ACCESS=DENY
.user1.testou.novell	ACCESS=READONLY

User1 at testou will be allowed read-only rights. The other users at testou.novell will be denied the right. However, all other OUs at .novell will be allowed.

Example 2

*.testou.novell	ACCESS=DENY
*.novell	ACCESS=ALLOW

All OUs at .novell will be allowed because both rights apply to testou and the later would be taken.

Example 3

```
ADDRESS=Clientmachine1.blr.novell.com ACCESS=NOREMOTE
.user1.novell ACCESS=READONLY
```

The user1 logging from clientmachine1 will have read-only and no remote access.

For more details, see Table 4, "Access Restrictions Parameters," on page 15

Anonymous User Access

NetWare FTP Server software supports an anonymous user account. This account provides people with access to public files. Access to the Anonymous user account can be enabled or disabled by setting the ANONYMOUS_ACCESS parameter in the configuration file. By default, the parameter is set to No. The path of the Anonymous user's home directory can be specified in the configuration file, in the ANONYMOUS_HOME directory parameter.

An Anonymous user account can be created by loading the FTP server with the -a option. This creates the Anonymous user, creates the home directory (if it is not available), and assigns access rights to the Anonymous user. The

administrator name and password are then taken from the screen and the Anonymous user is created in the eDirectory tree at the default context. Also, the configured anonymous home directory is displayed on the screen with an option to modify it.

If the administrator does not specify a home directory, then the default directory is taken. The Anonymous user will have only Read and File Scan rights to the default directory. If the administrator specifies the anonymous home directory, then the directory is created and the Anonymous user will have Read, File Scan, Create, Delete, and Modify rights to that directory.

For more details, see Table 3, "Anonymous User Access Parameters," on page 15.

FTP Log Files

The FTP server has four log files for recording different activity information. All the log files are created in the FTP_LOG_DIR directory specified in the configuration file. The amount and type of information logged is controlled by the LOG_LEVEL parameter defined in the configuration file.

The log levels indicate bits for which any combination can be give

- ◆ 1= ERROR
- ◆ 2= WARNING
- ◆ 4= INFO

If the LOG_LEVEL = 3, then error messages and warning messages will be logged. If LOG_LEVEL = 4, then error messages and warning messages will be logged. At default value of LOG_LEVEL = 7, all messages will be logged.

The parameter NUM_LOG_MSG is used to specify the maximum number of messages that can be logged into each of the log files. Once this limit is exceeded the log files are overwritten and the old messages are lost.

All these log files can be viewed from NetWare Web Manager.

Audit Log File

The Audit log contains details about the login and activities of the user. The default path is SYS:/ETC/FTPAUDIT.LOG. The file has entries for login, logout and other file system related operations like mkdir, rmdir, put, set, and delete.

The general Audit log format is

Log Level:Thread ID:Date Time:IPaddress:Username:message

Viewing Audit Log File from NetWare Web Manager

- **1** In the NetWare Web Manager Service Selector panel, click NetWare FTP Server.
- **2** In the Service Manager panel, click the Server Status icon.
- **3** In the Server Log panel, click View Auditor Trail Log to display the following panel.

_ 8 × 💥 NetWare® Web Manager - Netscape View Go Ci 🔮 Bookmarks 🥠 Location (ttps://164.99.155.27.2200/WebAdmin/WebMan?name=NFS-6PACK-4P&file=ftp/webman.xml 💌 💞 What's Related NetWare Web Manager 🗠 🛯 🗊 Novell Server Status View Server Log FTP Server Audit trail Log file name = sys:/etc/ftpaudit.log View Audit Info:11:29-Jun-2001 21:43:36 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=admin O=novell : No Home Directory Found Trail Log Info:4:29-Jun-2001 21:43:36 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=admin O=novell : Logged In View Intruder Log Info:6:29-Jun-2001 21:43:36 : 164.99.153.10 :: admin : Logged out Info:7:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=admin.OU=novell.O=novell : Login Failed View Statistics Log Info:7:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=admin.O=novell : Login Failed View Server Status Info:7:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=admin.O=novell : Login Failed Info:11:29-Jun-2001 21:43:50 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=admin.O=novell : No Home Directory Found Info:4:29-Jun-2001 21:43:50 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=admin.O=novell : Logged In Info:6:29-Jun-2001 21:43:50 : 164.99.153.10 :: admin : Logged out Info:7:29-Jun-2001 21:43:52 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=user3.O=novell : Login Failed Info:11:29-Jun-2001 21:43:54 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=user3.OU=ou1.O=novell : No Home Directory Found Info:4:29-Jun-2001 21:43:54 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=user3.OU=ou1.O=novell : Logged In Info:6:29-Jun-2001 21:43:54 : 164.99.153.10 :: user3 : Logged out Info:4:29-Jun-2001 21:44:00 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=user4.O=novell : Logged In Info:6:29-Jun-2001 21:44:00 : 164.99.153.10 :: user4 : Logged out Info:4:29-Jun-2001 21:44:02 : 164.99.153.10 :: CN=user4.O=novell : Logged In Info:6:29-Jun-2001 21:44:02 : 164.99.153.10 :: user4 : Logged out Info:4-29_Jun-2001 21:44:13 : 164 99 153 10 -: ("N=ver4 O=novell - Looped In Document: Done 0 🎉 🐃 📣 🎸 😭 Start 🔍 Exploring - pdf 👿 Microsoft W.... 🔯 NetWare... 🖏 Novell Grou... 🛃 Adobe Acro... 💇 7. bmp - Paint 🛛 💓 🚾 4:34 PM

Figure 9 Audit Trail Log Panel

Statistics Log File

The Statistics log file contains details of all active sessions in the log file. The default path is SYS:/ETC/FTPSTAT.LOG.

The Statistics log file maintains three record types, each of which is separated by a comma.

- TRANSFER: Contains information related to the data transfer
- USER: Contains information related to users logged in/out
- FAILURE: Contains information about the number of failures during data transfer

Viewing Statistics Log file from Web Manager

- **1** In the NetWare Web Manager Service Selector panel, click the NetWare FTP Server.
- 2 In the Service Manager panel, click the Server Status icon.
- **3** In the Server Log menu, click View Statistics Log link to display a panel similar to the following:

Figure 10 Statistics Log Panel

<mark>∰NetWare®WebManag</mark> File Edit View Go Comm	er - Netscape nunicator Help					- 8 ×
Bookmarks 🍂 Le	ocation: https://164.99.155.27.2200/Web	bAdmin/WebMan?nar	ne=NFS-6PACK-4	P&file=ftp/webman.x	mi 💌 🍞 What's Relat	ted N
NetWare Web Mana	ger	1.40-1.4				
				N	lovell.	
Server Status						
View Server Log	FTP Serve	r Statistics Lo	g file name :	= sys:/etc/ftp:	stat.log	<u> </u>
View Audit Trail Log						
View Intruder Log	29/06/2001,21:43:36 , USEE	R ,164.99.153.10	,1547 ,admin	,i		
View	29/06/2001,21:43:36, USEE	R ,164.99.153.10	,1547 ,admin	,0		-
Chableties	29/06/2001,21:43:38, USEE	,164.99.153.10	,1548 ,admin	.novell ,o		
Statistics	29/06/2001,21:43:43, USEE	R ,164.99.153.10	,1549 ,admin	,0		
Log	29/06/2001,21:43:48, USEE	R ,164.99.153.10	,1550 ,admin	.,e		
View Server Status	29/06/2001,21:43:50, USEE	C,104.99.103.10 2 164.00 152.10	1,1551,admin 1551, admin	,1		
	29/06/2001,21:43:50, 03EE	2 164.99.155.10	1552 user3	,0		
	29/06/2001 21:43:54 USE	2 164 99 153 10	1553 user3	;		
	29/06/2001.21.43.54 USE	3 164 99 153 10	1553 user3	,0		
	29/06/2001.21:44:00 USER	3.164.99.153.10	.1556 .user4	i		
	29/06/2001,21:44:00, USEE	164.99.153.10	.1556 .user4	.0		
	29/06/2001,21:44:02, USEE	,164.99.153.10	,1557 ,user4	,i		
	29/06/2001,21:44:02, USEE	R,164.99.153.10	,1557 ,user4	,0		
	29/06/2001,21:44:13 , USEE	R ,164.99.153.10	,1563 ,user4	,i		
	29/06/2001,21:44:13 , USEE	R.,164.99.153.10	1563 ,user4, 1	,0		
	29/06/2001,21:44:15, USEE	R ,164.99.153.10	,1564 ,user4	,i		
	29/06/2001,21:44:15, USEE	R ,164.99.153.10	,1564 ,user4	,0		
1 Dawn	29/06/2001 21:44:17 HSEF	2 164 99 153 10	1565 user?			•
	nenc Done	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	.	The second		~
Start Start Exploring - pdf	Microsoft W	SNovell Grou	Adobe Acro	9.5mp - Paint	N Sol Con	:35 PM

Intruder Log File

The Intruder log file contains information about unsuccessful login attempts. The default path is SYS:/ETC/FTPINTR.LOG. The following information is recorded in the file:

- The address of the machine where the login originated
- The time of the attempted access
- The login name of the user

The general Intruder log format is:

```
ErrorLevel: Date Time : Client IPaddress : UserName : message
```

If the parameter INTRUDER_HOST_ATTEMPTS = 0 then intruder detection is disabled.

Viewing Intruder Detection from Web Manager

- **1** In the NetWare Web Manager Service Selector panel, click the NetWare FTP Server.
- **2** In the Service Manager panel, click the Server Status icon.
- **3** In the Server log panel, click View Intruder Log to display a panel similar to the following:

NetWare Web Manager Novell. Server Status FTP Server Intruder Log file name = syst/eto/ftpintr.log View Audit TraitLog FTP Server Intruder Log file name = syst/eto/ftpintr.log View Audit TraitLog Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99:153:10: admin.novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Intruder Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99:153:10: admin.novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99:153:10: admin.on-ovell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99:153:10: admin.on-ovell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:29: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts fr	Bookmarks 🍂 Le	scation: https://164.99.155.27:220	00/webAdmin/web/	an?name=NFS-6PACK-	4P%/ile=ftp/webman.x	ml 👻 🎧 What's Relate	d
Server Status FTP Server Intruder Log file name = syst/eto/ftpintr.log View Audit Trait Log FTP Server Intruder Log file name = syst/eto/ftpintr.log View Audit Trait Log Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99:153:10: admin.ovell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99:153:10: admin.onevell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99:153:10: admin.onevell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Log Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99:153:10: admin.onevoell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts View Statistics Log Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99:153:10: admin.Onevoell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts View Server Status Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:42: 164:99:153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99:153:10: 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:	letWare Web Mana	ger	10.10				_
Server Status View Server Log FTP Server Intruder Log file name = sys:/etc/ftpintr.log View Audit Trail Log Info:13.29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99.153.10 :: admin.novell :: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13.29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10 :: admin.novell :: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10 :: admin.novell :: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Log Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10 :: admin.novell :: 1 Wrong Password Attempts View Statistics Log Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10 :: admin.O=novell :: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10 :: user3.: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10 :: user3.: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:44:164:99.153.10 :: user3.: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99.153.10 :: user2.O=novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99.153.10 :: user2.O=novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99.153.10 :: user2.O=novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99.153.10 :: user2.O=novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99.153.10 :: user5.O=novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99.153.10 :: user5.O=novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99.153.10 :: user5.O=novell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:1					N	lovell.	
View Server Log FTP Server Intruder Log file name = sys:/etc/ftpintr.log View Audit Trail Log Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99. 153:10:: admin.novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Intruder Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99. 153:10:: admin.no-encell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Log Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99. 153:10:: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99. 153:10:: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:44: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:44: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host View Server Status Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:44: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:44: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99. 153:10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:45: 164:99.	Server Status						
View Audit Trail Log View Audit Trail Log Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99. 153:10::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	/iew Server Log	FTP S	Server Intrude	r Log file name	= sys:/etc/ftpi	ntr.log	
View Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99.153.10: admin.novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 14:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99.153.10: admin.novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99.153.10: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99.153.10: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99.153.10: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99.153.10: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99.153.10: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99.153.10: admin.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:34: 164:99.153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info: 14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99.153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99.153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:24: 164:99.153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99.153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99.153.10: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99.153.10: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99.153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info: 14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:45: 164:99.153.10: 1 Wrong Passw	view Audit Trail Log	,			· ·		
Info:14/29-Jun-2001 21:43:38: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Log Info:14/29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10: : admin. O=novell: : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Log Info:14/29-Jun-2001 21:43:43: 164:99.153.10: : admin. O=novell: : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Jiew Statistics Log Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Jiew Statistics Log Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Jiew Server Status Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:43:48: 164:99.153.10: : user3.: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14/29-Jun-2001 21:44:42: 164:99.153.10: : user2.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:42: 164:99.153.10: : user2.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:42: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:42: 164:99.153.10: : user2.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:42: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:43: 164:99.153.10: : user5.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:50: 164:99.153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13/29-Jun-2001 21:44:50: 164:99.153.10: : user5.O=novell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts	View	Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21	1:43:38 : 164.99	153.10 :: admin.no	vell. : 1 Wrong P	assword Attempts	
Into 13:29-Jun-2001 2143:43: 164:99:153.10: admm. 0=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Into 13:29-Jun-2001 2143:43: 164:99:153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 2143:43: 164:99:153.10: 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 2143:43: 164:99:153.10: user3: 1: Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 2143:43: 164:99:153.10: user3: 1: Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 2143:20: 164:99:153.10: user3: 1: Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 2143:20: 164:99:153.10: user3: 1: Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 214:32: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 214:42: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:29: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:29: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:29: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:33: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:35: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:35: 164:99:153.10: 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host <td>ntruder</td> <td>Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21</td> <td>1:43:38 : 164.99</td> <td>.153.10 : 1 Connec</td> <td>tion attempts fror</td> <td>n Intruder Host</td> <td></td>	ntruder	Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21	1:43:38 : 164.99	.153.10 : 1 Connec	tion attempts fror	n Intruder Host	
Og Info (14/29-Jun-2001/214348): 164/99 (53.10): 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host iew Statistics Log Info (14/29-Jun-2001/214348): 164/99 (53.10): admin O-movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts iew Server Status Info (14/29-Jun-2001/214348): 164/99 (53.10): admin O-movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts info (14/29-Jun-2001/214348): 164/99 (53.10): user3.: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info (14/29-Jun-2001/214352): 164/99 (53.10): user3.: 1 Wrong Password Attempts info (14/29-Jun-2001/214424): 164/99 (53.10): user2.O=movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info (14/29-Jun-2001/214424): 164/99 (53.10): user2.O=movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts info (14/29-Jun-2001/214429): 164/99 (53.10): 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info (13/29-Jun-2001/214429): 164/99 (53.10): 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host info (13/29-Jun-2001/214429): 164/99 (53.10): 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info (13/29-Jun-2001/214438): 164/99 (53.10): 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host info (13/29-Jun-2001/2144438): 164/99 (53.10): 1 User3.O=movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info (13/29-Jun-2001/214438): 164/99 (53.10): 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host info (13/29-Jun-2001/214438): 164/99 (53.10): 1 User5.O=movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info (13/29-Jun-2001/214438): 164/99 (53.10): 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host info (13/29-Jun-2001/214458): 164/99 (53.10): 1 User5.O=movell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info (13/29-Jun-2001/214458): 164/99 (53.10): 0 user5.O=movell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts	nuuei	Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21	1:43:43 : 164.99	.153.10 :: admin.O=	=novell: 1 Wrong	Password Attempts	
Into 1:3 (29-Jun-2001 2143)48 : 164.99 (15) 10 : a dumm O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts fiew Server Status Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2143)48 : 164.99 (15) 10 : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2143)52 : 164.99 (15) 10 : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2143)52 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 3 : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2144)52 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 3 : 0 = noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2144)52 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 2 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2144)24 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 2 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)29 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 2 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)29 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 2 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)33 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 3 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2144)53 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 5 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2144)53 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 5 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)53 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 5 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)51 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 5 O=noveil: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)51 : 164.99 (15) 10 : user 5 O=noveil: 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)51 : 164.99 (15) 10 : 0 One-tion attempts from Intruder Host Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144)51 : 164.99 (15) 10 : 0 One-tion attempts from Intruder Host	.og	Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21	1:43:43 : 164.99	153.10 : 1 Connec	tion attempts from	n Intruder Host	
Into (4.29-Jun-2001 2143-348) 104-39-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from infruder Host Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2143-32; 164-39-353.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2143-32; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2144-32; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-24; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-29; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-29; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-29; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2144-33; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-33; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2144-38; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-38; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-38; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-58; 164-99-153.10 ⁺ : 1C-connection attempts from Infruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144-58; <td>liew Statistics Log</td> <td>Info:15:29-Jun-2001 21</td> <td>1:43:48 : 164.99</td> <td>153.10 :: admin.04</td> <td>=novell: I wrong</td> <td>Password Attempts</td> <td></td>	liew Statistics Log	Info:15:29-Jun-2001 21	1:43:48 : 164.99	153.10 :: admin.04	=novell: I wrong	Password Attempts	
Info 15.29-Jun-2001 2143.52 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 10 cmeets. : 1 wrong Password Attempts Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2143.22 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.24 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.24 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.29 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.23 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.33 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.33 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 14.29-Jun-2001 2144.38 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 14.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 14.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 14.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 14.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 1 connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13.29-Jun-2001 2144.58 : 164.99 ;153.10 : 0 concetion attempts from Intruder Host Info 14.29 Jun-2001 2146.50 ;164.99 ;153.10 : 0 concetion attempts from Intruder Host Info 14.29 Jun-2001 2146.50 ;164.99 ;153.10 : 0 concetion attempts from Intruder Host	liow Server Status	Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21	1:43:48 : 164.99	153.10 : 1 Connec	tion attempts from	n Intruder Host	
Info 14 (29-Jun-2001 2144/24): 164,99,153,10; 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2144/24): 164,99,153,10; user2, O=movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14 (29-Jun-2001 2144/29): 164,99,153,10; user2, O=movell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/29): 164,99,153,10; 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/29): 164,99,153,10; 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 1): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (O=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (D=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (D=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (D=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 2144/38): 164,99,153,10; 1: User5 (D=movell: 2): Wrong Password Attempts Info:13 (29-Jun-2001 214/38): 10; 10; 10; 10; 10; 10; 10; 10; 10; 10;	lew server status	Info:15:29-Jun-2001 21	1:43:32 : 164.99	152.10 :: user5. : 1	wrong Passwor	a Attempts	
Info 15.25-Jun-2001 2144/24 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : 10 = user2. C=hoven : 1 wrong Password Attempts Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/29 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/29 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 :: user2. C=novell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2144/33 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 :: junkuser : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2144/33 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 :: l Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/33 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 :: l Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : l Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : l Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : l Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : user5.C=novell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : user5.C=novell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : user5.C=novell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : user5.C=novell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13.29-Jun-2001 2144/38 ; 164, 99 ; 153 10 : user5.C=novell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts		Into: 14:29-Jun-2001 21	1.45:52 : 164.99	152.10 : 1 Connec	non attempts nor	Deserver 1 Attenue to	
Info 14 29-Jun-2001 214429 (164.99 (15) 10 * 10 connection attempts from influent Host Info 13 29-Jun-2001 214429 (164.99 (15) 10 * user 20-movell * 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 14 29-Jun-2001 214433 (164.99 (15) 10 * junkuser * 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29-Jun-2001 214433 (164.99 (15) 10 * junkuser * 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 14 29-Jun-2001 214433 (164.99 (15) 10 * user 50-movell * 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 14 29-Jun-2001 214458 (164.99 (15) 10 * user 50-movell * 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 14 29-Jun-2001 214458 (164.99 (15) 10 * user 50-movell * 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29-Jun-2001 214458 (164.99 (15) 10 * user 50-movell * 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29-Jun-2001 21450 (164.99 (15) 10 * user 50-movell * 2 Wrong Password Attempts		Into:15:29-Jun-2001 21	1:44:24 : 164.99	152.10 :: user2.0=	novell: I wrong	Password Attempts	
Info 15 25 50m 2001 21 44 25 1 164 39 153 10 1 Users O-movell 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 23 1 164 39 153 10 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 33 1 164 99 153 10 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 33 1 164 99 153 10 1 Users O-movell 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 58 1 164 99 153 10 1 Users O-movell 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 58 1 164 99 153 10 1 Users O-movell 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 56 1 164 99 153 10 1 Users O-movell 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 50 1 164 99 153 10 1 Users O-movell 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info 13 29 Jun-2001 21 44 50 1 164 99 153 10 1 0 0 O-movell 2 Wrong Password Attempts		Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21	1:44:24 : 164.99 1:44:20 : 164.00	152.10 : 1 Connec	non attempts for	Deserved Attenuets	
Info 14 25 - 50n -2001 21 44-33 ; 164 - 99 ; 153 : 10 - 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13 29 - Jun -2001 21 44-33 ; 164 - 99 ; 153 : 10 : _ µuckuser : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 14 29 - Jun - 2001 21 44-38 ; 164 - 99 ; 153 : 10 : _ user 5. O=movell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13 29 - Jun - 2001 21 44-58 ; 164 - 99 ; 153 : 10 : _ user 5. O=movell : 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13 29 - Jun - 2001 21 44-58 ; 164 - 99 ; 153 : 10 : _ user 5. O=movell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13 29 - Jun - 2001 21 44-58 ; 164 - 99 ; 153 : 10 : _ user 5. O=movell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13 29 - Jun - 2001 21 44-58 ; 164 : 99 ; 153 : 10 : _ user 5. O=movell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info: 13 29 - Jun - 2001 21 44-58 ; 164 : 99 ; 153 : 10 : _ user 5. O=movell : 2 Wrong Password Attempts		Tage 14:20 Jun 2001 21	1.44.29 : 104.99	152.10 .: User2.0-	novell I wrong	Password Attempts	
Info:15:25-30m-2001 21:44:35:164:99:153.10: : 10::mcster: 1: Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:35:164:99:153.10: : 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:58:164:99.153.10: : user5.O=novell: 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:58:164:99.153.10: : user5.O=novell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:44:50: 164:99.153.10: : user5.O=novell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:44:50: 164:99.153.10: : user5.O=novell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:45:01: 164:99.153.10: : user5.O=novell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts		Into: 14:29-Jun-2001 21	1.44.29 : 104.99	152.10 : 1 Connec	1 Wasna Daam	n intruder Host	
Info 14 29-30n-2001 214435 (164 99 15) 10 1 Connection attempts from intruder Host Info 13 29-30n-2001 214458 (164 99 153 10) 10 user 5.O=novell 1 Wrong Password Attempts Info 14 29-Jun-2001 214458 (164 99 153 10) 1 Connection attempts from Intruder Host Info 13 29-Jun-2001 214501 (164 99 153 10) 10 user 5.O=novell 2 Wrong Password Attempts Test 14 29 Jun-2001 214501 (164 99 153 10) 10 user 5.O=novell 2 Wrong Password Attempts		Into:15:29-Jun-2001 21	1:44:33 : 104.99	153.10 :: junkuser.	1 wrong Passv	ord Attempts	
Info 15.25-30n-2001 2144-35 (164, 99, 153, 10 - 10 = 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -		Into:14:29-Jun-2001 21	1:44:55 : 164.99	153.10 : 1 Connec	non attempts fror	n Intruder Host	
Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21:94:55: 164:99.153.10: 1 Connection attempts from infutoer Host Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21:45:01: 164:99.153.10: user5.O=novell: 2 Wrong Password Attempts		Into:15:29-Jun-2001 21	1:44:58 : 164.99	153.10 :: user5.0=	novell: I wrong	Password Attempts	
Into: 13:29-Jun-2001 21:43:01 1: 164:99 153:10 :: user). O=noveli : 2 wrong Password Attempts		Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21	1:44:58 : 164.99	153.10 : 1 Connec	tion attempts from	n Intruder Host	
		Info:13:29-Jun-2001 21	1:45:01 : 164.99	153.10 :: user5.0=	novell: 2 wrong	Password Attempts	
Into 14:29-Jun-2001 21:4501: 164.99 IS3.10: 2 Connection attempts from intruder Host		Info:14:29-Jun-2001 21	1:45:01 : 164.99	153.10:2 Connec	tion attempts from	n Intruder Host	
	Start DEvolution . ort	W Microsoft W	n Novell G	rou 🛛 🔼 ádobe ácro	8 bmp - Paint	N2/DIX(2/D A	24

Figure 11 Intruder Log Panel

System Log File

The System log file contains all the internal system-related information encountered by the FTP Server.

The general System log file format is

Error: Thread ID: Date Time: Message

For more details, see Table 9, "FTP Logs Parameters," on page 18

Active Sessions Display

To load the Active Sessions Display utility, enter

```
ftpstat [-p port number]
```

Enter the port number that the HTTP browser should connect to in order to view the NetWare FTP Active Sessions:

```
http://servername:port/
```

The default port is 2500.

You can directly view the active sessions information using NetWare Web Manager.

- **1** In the NetWare Web Manager Service Selector panel, click the NetWare FTP Server.
- 2 In the Service Manager panel, click the Server Status icon.
- **3** In the Server Status menu, click View Server Status to display the View Server Status panel.
- 4 Click the View Server Status button in the panel to view the FTP Instance Panel.



Figure 12 FTP Instance Panel

The FTP Instance panel appears displaying active sessions of the FTP server. You can view details such as the total number of active session, IP address, port number, number of sessions, peak bandwidth, and configuration.

4 Configuring with Cluster Services

Before configuring NetWare[®] FTP Server with Novell[®] Cluster Services[™], NetWare FTP Server must be installed on each server in your cluster that will run it. NetWare FTP Server is selected by default during the NetWare 6.0 installation, and might already be installed.

Running FTP Server in Active/Active and Active/Passive Modes

Running NetWare FTP Server in the ACTIVE/ACTIVE mode is the recommended configuration because it provides faster recovery after a failure. In this mode, FTP Server runs simultaneously on multiple servers in the cluster. When a Web server fails, the FTP sites on that server fail over to other FTP servers in the cluster. Only FTP sites move in ACTIVE/ACTIVE mode.

NetWare FTP Server can also be run in ACTIVE/PASSIVE mode. In this mode, FTP Server runs on only one node in the cluster at a time. When a Web server fails, FTP Server starts on other specified nodes in the cluster, and the FTP sites that were on the failed server fail over to other nodes in the cluster. This makes ACTIVE/PASSIVE mode marginally slower because FTP Server has to load on other servers in the cluster before FTP sites can fail over.

Editing FTPSERV.CFG Configuration Files

The configuration file FTPSERV.CFG is created by default during the FTP Server installation and is placed in the SYS:\ETC directory. A separate FTPSERV.CFG file exists for each FTP Server that is installed on the cluster.

Each FTPSERV.CFG file contains a line that specifies the IP address assigned to the FTP server. By default, the IP address assigned to the FTP server is the same IP address that is assigned to the NetWare server where the FTP server resides.

A separate unique IP address must be assigned to the FTP server so that it can move with the FTP server during failover and failback. Edit the FTPSERV.CFG file and change the HOST_IP_ADDR line to specify the unique IP address you want to assign to the FTP server. For example, if the unique IP address you want to assign to the FTP server is 123.45.67.012, the line would read Host_IP_ADDR=123.45.67.012.

Assigning a unique IP address to the FTP server allows it to bind to the unique IP address instead of to the IP address of the local host.

FTPSERV.CFG also contains a line that specifies the default home directory for FTP users. This home directory must reside on a volume on the shared disk system. The volume where the home directory resides doesn't have to be cluster enabled.

Edit FTPSERV.CFG and change the DEFAULT_USER_HOME line to specify the user home directory and volume on the shared disk system. For example, if the user home directory on the shared volume is SHARE1:/ HOME, the line would read DEFAULT_USER_HOME=SHARE1:HOME.

Editing AUTOEXEC.NCF Files

If you are running NetWare FTP Server in ACTIVE/PASSIVE mode, it should be launched from the FTP Server Cluster Resource load script. For more details, see *Novell Cluster Services Overview and Installation* (http://www.novell.com/documentation/).

If you are running FTP Server in ACTIVE/ACTIVE mode, it should be launched from the AUTOEXEC.NCF file of each NetWare server in the cluster that will run FTP Server.

Add the following lines in the order specified to the AUTOEXEC.NCF file of each NetWare server in the cluster that will run FTP Server in ACTIVE/ ACTIVE mode:

ADD SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D NOARP NWFTPD LOAD DELAY.NLM DELAY 5 DEL SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D

Replace A.B.C.D with the unique IP address you assigned the FTP server.

If you are running multiple FTP servers on your cluster, repeat the ADD and DEL SECONDARY IPADDRESS lines for each FTP server, because each FTP server requires its own IP address. Also, each FTP server must have its own uniquely named configuration file which specifies the FTP server's IP address and shared volume directory. Running FTP Server in ACTIVE/ACTIVE mode is required if you plan to run more than one FTP Server on the same NetWare server.

For example, if you have three FTP servers on your cluster, you can create three configuration files named FTPSERV1.CFG, FTPSERV2.CFG, and FTPSERV3.CFG and then copy them to the SYS:\ETC directory of each NetWare server in the cluster that will run the FTP servers. Each configuration file contains the IP address and shared volume directory for its corresponding FTP server. In this example, you would add the following lines to the AUTOEXEC.NCF file of each server in the cluster that will run the three FTP servers in ACTIVE/ACTIVE mode:

```
ADD SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D NOARP
ADD SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D NOARP
ADD SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D NOARP
NWFTPD -C FTPSERV1.CFG
NWFTPD -C FTPSERV2.CFG
NWFTPD -C FTPSERV3.CFG
LOAD DELAY.NLM
DELAY 5
DEL SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D
DEL SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D
DEL SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D
```

DELAY.NLM provides enough time for the FTP server to load before the secondary IP addresses are deleted. The delay time might need to be altered to ensure enough time is allotted.

IMPORTANT: If you are also running Netscape* Enterprise Server in ACTIVE/ ACTIVE mode on the same server, be sure to add the lines in the above example *before* the NSWEB command.

Novell Cluster Services Configuration and Setup

Once FTP Server is installed, you must create and configure an FTP server resource in Novell Cluster Services for each FTP server that will run in your cluster. This includes configuring load and unload scripts; setting Start, Failover, and Failback modes; and assigning the FTP server resource to specific nodes in your cluster.

Creating a Cluster Volume Object

Before you start using FTP Server with cluster support, create a shared volume and a Cluster Volume object.

- Create a shared volume using NWCONFIG > NSS volumes.
- **2** Create a Cluster Volume object in ConsoleOne by completing the following:

2a Select the Cluster object.

- **2b** Click File > New > Cluster > Cluster Volume.
- **2c** Browse and select the shared volume.
- **2d** Enter the secondary IP address or the virtual IP address associated with the cluster.

The address will be in the following format:

AAA.BBB.CCC.DDD

- **2e** Check the Define Additional Properties check box and click Create.
- **2f** Set the Start, Failover, and Failback Modes.
- **2g** Verify the order of the servers in the nodes list.

2h To save the changes to the Cluster Volume object, click OK.

IMPORTANT: After the shared volume *servername_shared vol name* is clusterenabled, ConsoleOne renames it to *cluster object name_shared vol name*.

ConsoleOne creates a virtual server associated with the shared volume called cluster object name_shared vol name_SERVER.

ConsoleOne also creates a Cluster Volume object called *shared vol name_SERVER* in the Cluster object container.

Configuring FTP Server Load and Unload Scripts

Select and right-click the Cluster Volume object and then click Properties to find the Cluster Resource Load Script and Cluster Resource Unload Script. Load and unload scripts are required by Novell Cluster Services to start and stop the FTP server.

1 To the load script, add the following at the end of the existing script:

```
NSS /ACTIVATE=VOLUME
MOUNT VOLUME
ADD SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D
NWFTPD
```

2 To the unload script, add the following at the beginning of the existing script:

```
UNLOAD NWFTPD
DISMOUNT VOLUME /FORCE
NSS /FORCEDEACTIVATE=VOLUME
DEL SECONDARY IPADDRESS A.B.C.D
```

Replace *VOLUME* in both the load and unload scripts with the name of the shared disk volume where webroot exists. Replace *A.B.C.D* with the secondary IP address assigned to the FTP server cluster volume object. This is the IP address that will move with the FTP Server during failover and failback. The NWFTPD command is omitted in ACTIVE/ACTIVE mode.

Setting FTP Server Start, Failover, and Failback Modes

Mode	Settings	Description
Start	AUTO, MANUAL	AUTO allows FTP Server to automatically start on a designated server when the cluster is first brought up.
		MANUAL lets you manually start the FTP Server on a specific server whenever you want.
		Default = AUTO
Failover	AUTO, MANUAL	AUTO allows FTP Server to automatically move to the next server in the Assigned Nodes list in the event of a hardware or software failure.
		MANUAL lets you intervene after a failure occurs and before FTP Server is moved to another node.
		Default = AUTO

The following table explains the different FTP Server resource modes.

Mode	Settings	Description
Failback	AUTO, MANUAL, DISABLE	AUTO allows FTP Server to automatically move back to its preferred node when the preferred node is brought back online.
		MANUAL prevents FTP Server from moving back to its preferred node when that node is brought back online until you are ready to allow it to happen.
		DISABLE causes FTP Server to continue running in an online state on the node it has failed to.
		Default = DISABLE

To set FTP Server Start, Failover, and Failback modes, do the following:

- **1** In ConsoleOne, double-click the cluster object container.
- **2** Right-click the cluster resource object *shared vol name_SERVER* and select Properties.
- **3** Click the Policies tab on the property page.
- **4** View or change the Start, Failover, or Failback mode.

A FTP Server Messages

NWFTPD Messages

Failed to bind to FTP port

Source:	NWFTPD.NLM
Explanation:	The port that the FTP Server is trying to bind to is busy.
Possible Cause:	Another instance of the FTP Server or another application is bound to the port.
Action:	Unload the application that is bound to the port, bind the FTP Server to a different port, or delete the busy port from TCPCON.

Failed to initialize Anonymous user

Source:	NWFTPD.NLM
Explanation:	The FTP Server failed to create an Anonymous user
Possible Cause:	Incorrect data was entered to create the user.
Action:	Enter nwftpd -a [-c Configfile].

Failed to add Anonymous User object to NDS

Source:	NWFTPD.NLM
Possible Cause:	The user entered has insufficient rights.
Action:	Ensure that the user has sufficient rights.

Failed to generate an ObjectKeyPair

Source:	NWFTPD.NLM
Possible Cause:	The user entered has insufficient rights.
Action:	Ensure that the user has sufficient rights.

Failed to open configuration file

Source:	NWFTPD.NLM
Possible Cause:	The configuration file is not available at specified location.
Action:	Verify if the configuration file is available at the specified location

Unable to find default configuration file

- Source: NWFTPD.NLM
- Possible Cause: Configuration file is not available at default location (SYS:/ETC).
 - Action: Verify if the configuration file is availabl at the default location.

Unable to locate Anonymous user in default context

- Source: NWFTPD.NLM
- Possible Cause: Anonymous use does not exist at the FTP Server's context
 - Action: Run nwftpd -a to create anonymous user and reload nwftpd.

USAGE : nwftpd [-c <Config File>] [-a]

- Source: NWFTPD.NLM
- Source: Possible Cause:
- Source: Action
- Possible Cause: The user might have tried to load nwftpd.nlm with wrong usage.
 - Action: Load nwftpd.nlm by typing only nlm name for default configuration file, or **ftpupgrd [-c** Config File] for specific configuration file name or nwftpd [-a] for creating anonymous user.

FTPUPGRD Messages

Could not create the .cfg file.

Source:	FtpUpgrd.nlm
Possible Cause:	Configuration file does not exist for ftp server upgrade, or existing configuration file has read only access.
Action:	Modify the file access if it is read only or specify proper configuration file name with ftpupgrd [-c Config File] usage.

Could not create the FTP Server Restriction file.

Source:	FtpUpgrd.nlm
Possible Cause:	Restriction file does not exist for ftp server upgrade, or existing Restriction file has read only access.
Action:	Modify the file access if it is read only or specify proper restriction file name

Failed to upgrade.

Source: FtpUpgrd.nlm

- Possible Cause: Configuration file does not exist for FTP server upgrade, or existing configuration file has read only access, or restriction file does not exist for ftp server upgrade, or existing Restriction file has read only access
 - Action: Modify the file access if it's read only or specify proper configuration file name with **ftpupgrd** [-c Config File] uusage. Modify the file access if it is read only or specify proper restriction file name

Correct Usage: ftpupgrd [-c <Config File>]

Source:	FtpUpgrd.nlm
Possible Cause:	USER might have tried to load FtpUpgrd.nlm with wrong usage.
Action:	Use specified user ftpupgrd [-c <config file="">]</config>