

# Novell Developer Kit

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SERVER MANAGEMENT

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## **A Revision History 617**



# About This Guide

This guide contains information about concepts, tasks, functions, and structures having to do with server management. Topics discussed include server environment, server management, and TTS. Volume management is discussed separately in the *NDK: Volume Management* documentation.

This guide documents the following services:

- [Chapter 2, “Server Environment Functions,” on page 23](#)
- [Chapter 6, “Server Management Functions,” on page 335](#)
- [Chapter 9, “TTS Functions,” on page 363](#)
- [Chapter 11, “Server-Based Server Environment Functions,” on page 397](#)
- [Chapter 13, “Server-Based TTS Functions,” on page 599](#)

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## Documentation Updates

For the most recent version of this guide, see [NLM and NetWare Libraries for C \(including CLIB and XPlat\)](http://developer.novell.com/ndk/clib.htm) (<http://developer.novell.com/ndk/clib.htm>).

## Additional Information

For information about other CLib and XPlat interfaces, see the following guides:

- [NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions](http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/ndev_enu/data/hqgkjkjr.html) ([http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/ndev\\_enu/data/hqgkjkjr.html](http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/ndev_enu/data/hqgkjkjr.html))
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- Sample Code ([http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/code\\_enu/data/hwtnc7wc.html](http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/code_enu/data/hwtnc7wc.html))
- Getting Started with NetWare Cross-Platform Libraries for C (<http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/startenu/data/hv9aw5v8.html>)
- Bindery Management ([http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/bind\\_enu/data/h9qzn7u5.html](http://developer.novell.com/ndk/doc/clib/bind_enu/data/h9qzn7u5.html))

For CLib and XPlat source code projects, visit [Forge](http://forge.novell.com) (<http://forge.novell.com>).

For help with CLib and XPlat problems or questions, visit the [NLM and NetWare Libraries for C \(including CLIB and XPlat\) Developer Support Forum](http://developer.novell.com/ndk/devforums.htm) (<http://developer.novell.com/ndk/devforums.htm>). There are two for NLM development (XPlat and CLib) and one for Windows XPlat development.

### **Documentation Conventions**

In this documentation, a greater-than symbol (>) is used to separate actions within a step and items within a cross-reference path.

A trademark symbol (®, ™, etc.) denotes a Novell trademark. An asterisk (\*) denotes a third-party trademark.

# Server Environment Concepts

This documentation provides an overview of Server Environment, its functions, and features.

## 1.1 Server Environment Introduction

Server Environment returns detailed statistical information about NetWare® servers. It also allows you to perform the following tasks:

- Check the version of NetWare running on the server
- Check whether you have console operator privileges on a server
- Bring down a server
- Enable and disable server logins
- Attach, log in, and log out of NetWare servers using the bindery

The functions fall into three groups:

- Functions compatible with 3.x and above
- Functions compatible with 4.x, 5.x, and 6.x

The header `nwfse.h` defines NetWare 4.x, 5.x, and 6.x functions; `nwserver.h` defines the remaining functions.

For a description of structures and other data definitions that relate to this topic, see [“Server Environment Structures” on page 173](#).

## 1.2 Server Get Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return 4.x, 5.x, and 6.x server information by server name and type.

Function	Header	Comment
<code>NWGetServerInfo</code>	<code>nwfse.h</code>	Returns information about the server including the specified type and name.
<code>NWGetServerSourcesInfo</code>	<code>nwfse.h</code>	Returns information about all servers matching the specified type and name.
<code>NWGetKnownServersInfo</code>	<code>nwfse.h</code>	Returns all known servers.

## 1.3 Server Information Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return detailed information about the NetWare® server associated with the specified connection handle.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetCacheInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns information about a server's file cache.
<a href="#">NWGetFileServerInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns server operation statistics information.
<a href="#">NWGetNetWareFileSystemsInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns counters of the times specific operations on the file system were performed.
<a href="#">NWGetPacketBurstInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns counters and statistics about packet burst on the server.
<a href="#">NWGetIPXSPXInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a server's internal IPX and SPX statistics.
<a href="#">NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns counters about a server's memory allocation manager.
<a href="#">NWGetDirCacheInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns statistics about a server's directory caching.
<a href="#">NWGetCPUInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns CPU information and descriptive strings for the CPU type, numeric coprocessor, and bus type for the indicated CPU number (for 4.x, this is 1).
<a href="#">NWGetVolumeSwitchInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns counters containing the number of times a specified code path was taken in the server.
<a href="#">NWGetOSVersionInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns version information about the server's operating system.

## 1.4 Server LAN Board Information Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return information about LAN boards on a 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x server.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetActiveLANBoardList</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of LAN Board IDs that can be used as input to other functions.
<a href="#">NWGetLANConfigInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns configuration information for a LAN Board.
<a href="#">NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns counters common to all types of LAN Boards.
<a href="#">NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns counters specific to a particular LAN Board.
<a href="#">NWGetLSLInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns information about the link support layer (LSL).

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats</a>	nwfse.h	Returns information about the LSL logical boards.

## 1.5 Server Media Manager Information Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return media manager information for a 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x server.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetLoadedMediaNumList</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of Media IDs for all the managed media objects in a server.
<a href="#">NWGetMediaMgrObjList</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of Media IDs for all the media objects matching the specified type.
<a href="#">NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of children IDs for a media object.
<a href="#">NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns information about a media object. This information includes parent, sibling, and children counts and I/O capabilities.
<a href="#">NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum</a>	nwfse.h	Returns the descriptive name and information about a media object specified by the media ID.

## 1.6 Server Network and Router Information Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return routing and service advertising information for a 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x server.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetKnownNetworksInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of networks known to a server.
<a href="#">NWGetNetworkRouterInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns information about the specified network to a server, if known.
<a href="#">NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns flags and information concerning the status of routing and SAP on a server.
<a href="#">NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns information about routers on the specified network.

## 1.7 Server NLM Information Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return information about NLMs on a 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x server.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetNLMLoadedList</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of NLM IDs that can be used with NWGetNLMInfo and NWGetNLMsResourceTagList.
<a href="#">NWGetNLMInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns strings identifying an NLM's filename, name, and copyright, along with detailed information about the module.
<a href="#">NWGetNLMsResourceTagList</a>	nwfse.h	Returns resource tag lists for an NLM. Resource tags are used by NetWare® to identify resources allocated by the module.

## 1.8 Server Protocol Stack Information Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return protocol stack information for a 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x server.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetActiveProtocolStacks</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of Stack IDs for all the loaded protocol stacks in the server.
<a href="#">NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns configuration information describing a protocol stack.
<a href="#">NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns counters for a protocol stack, including the number of custom counters.
<a href="#">NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum</a>	nwfse.h	Returns Stack IDs for the specified media number.
<a href="#">NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum</a>	nwfse.h	Returns Stack IDs for the protocol stacks bound to a LAN Board.
<a href="#">NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns the custom counters for the protocol stack.

## 1.9 Server Set Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return the set table configuration categories and commands for a 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x server.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo</a>	nwfse.h	Returns all of a server's set table commands for all categories.
<a href="#">NWGetServerSetCategories</a>	nwfse.h	Returns the set table categories on the server.

## 1.10 Server Volume Information Functions for 4.x-6.x

These functions return volume information for a 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x server.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWGetVolumeSegmentList</a>	nwfse.h	Returns a list of volume segment information for the server.
<a href="#">NWGetVolumeInfoByLevel</a>	nwfse.h	Returns detailed information about the specified volume according to the specified information level.

## 1.11 Server Configuration Functions

These functions read NetWare® server configuration data.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWCheckNetWareVersion</a>	nwserver.h	Allows verification of compatibility between applications and the version of NetWare running on a NetWare server.
<a href="#">NWGetFileServerDateAndTime</a>	nwserver.h	Returns the network date and time maintained on the specified NetWare server.
<a href="#">NWGetFileServerDescription</a>	nwserver.h	Returns descriptive information about the specified NetWare server, including company name, version, revision date, and copyright notice.
<a href="#">NWGetFileServerExtendedInfo</a>	nwserver.h	Returns extended information about the specified NetWare server.
<a href="#">NWGetFileServerInformation</a>	nwserver.h	Returns commonly referenced information about a NetWare server including version numbers, connection statistics, SFT level, and TTS level.
<a href="#">NWGetFileServerLoginStatus</a>	nwserver.h	Returns whether clients can log in to the specified workstation.
<a href="#">NWCCGetConnRefInfo</a>	nwserver.h	Returns the name of the NetWare server associated with the specified connection ID.
<a href="#">NWGetFileServerVersionInfo</a>	nwserver.h	Returns name and version information for the specified NetWare server.
<a href="#">NWGetNetworkSerialNumber</a>	nwserver.h	Returns the NetWare server's serial number and the application number.
<a href="#">NWIsManager</a>	nwserver.h	Checks whether a calling station is a manager

## 1.12 Server Connection Functions

These functions perform NetWare® server attachments and logins.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWAttachToFileServer</a>	nwserver.h	Attempts to establish a connection with the specified NetWare server.
<a href="#">NWAttachToFileServerByConn</a>	nwserver.h	Attaches to a NetWare server through a service identified by a connection.
<a href="#">NWLoginToFileServer</a>	nwserver.h	Attempts to log a bindery object in to a NetWare server. This function performs only the login; the workstation must be currently attached to the server.
<a href="#">NWLogoutFromFileServer</a>	nwserver.h	Attempts to log a bindery object out of the specified NetWare server. This function doesn't release the connection.

## 1.13 Server Console Functions

These functions perform console operations.

Function	Header	Comment
<a href="#">NWCheckConsolePrivileges</a>	nwserver.h	Determines whether the client is a NetWare® server console operator.
<a href="#">NWDisableFileServerLogin</a>	nwserver.h	Disables all logins to a NetWare server.
<a href="#">NWDownFileServer</a>	nwserver.h	Brings a NetWare server down.
<a href="#">NWEnableFileServerLogin</a>	nwserver.h	Enables logins to a NetWare server.
<a href="#">NWSetFileServerDateAndTime</a>	nwserver.h	Sets the date and time of a NetWare server.

# Server Environment Functions

# 2

This documentation alphabetically lists the server environment functions and describes their purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values.

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- “NWAttachToFileServer” on page 28
- “NWAttachToFileServerByConn” on page 30
- “NWCheckConsolePrivileges” on page 32
- “NWCheckNetWareVersion” on page 34
- “NWDisableFileServerLogin” on page 36
- “NWDownFileServer” on page 38
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- “NWEnumNetAddresses” on page 42
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- “NWGetFileServerVersionInfo” on page 76
- “NWGetFileSystemStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)” on page 78
- “NWGetFSDriveMapTable (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)” on page 79
- “NWGetFSLANDriverConfigInfo (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)” on page 80
- “NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo” on page 81
- “NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo” on page 83
- “NWGetIPXSPXInfo” on page 85

- “NWGetKnownNetworksInfo” on page 87
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- “NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo” on page 120
- “NWGetNetworkSerialNumber” on page 122
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- “NWGetNLMsResourceTagList” on page 128
- “NWGetOSVersionInfo” on page 130
- “NWGetPacketBurstInfo” on page 132
- “NWGetPhysicalDiskStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)” on page 134
- “NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo” on page 135
- “NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo” on page 137
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- “NWIsManager” on page 165
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- “NWLogoutFromFileServer” on page 170
- “NWSetFileServerDateAndTime” on page 171

## GetServerConfigurationInfo

Returns the engine type and loader type of the server.

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** N/A

**NetWare Server:** 3.12, 3.2, 4.02, 4.1, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nwenvrn.h>

int GetServerConfigurationInfo (
    int *serverType,
    int *loaderType);
```

## Parameters

### serverType

(OUT) Points to the NetWare server engine type.

### loaderType

(OUT) Points to the NetWare loader type.

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	0x00	ESUCCESS always.

## Remarks

You can pass a NULL pointer in either parameter. When a NULL pointer is passed in, a value will not be returned for the specified parameter.

`serverType` receives one of the following values defined in `NWENVRN.H`:

Value	Constant	Description
0	TYPE_NORMAL_SERVER	NLM application is running on a normal NetWare server.
1	TYPE_IO_ENGINE	NLM application is running in the IO Engine of a NetWare SFT III™ server.
2	TYPE_OS_ENGINE	NLM application is running in the MS Engine of a NetWare SFT III server.

loaderType receives one of the following values defined in NWENVRN.H:

Value	Constant	Description
1	LOADER_TYPE_DOS	NLM application is running on a dedicated NetWare server with a DOS loader.
2	LOADER_TYPE_OS2	NLM application is running on a nondedicated server running on OS/2.
3	LOADER_TYPE_MSWIN31	NLM application is running on a nondedicated server running Netware for Windows.

## Example

### GetServerConfigurationInfo

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nwenvrn.h>

void main()
{
    int serverType, loaderType;

    if (!GetServerConfigurationInfo(&serverType, &loaderType))
    {
        if (loaderType == LOADER_TYPE_OS2)
            printf("This NLM is running on NetWare for OS/2.\n\n");
        else if (loaderType == LOADER_TYPE_DOS)
        {
            if (serverType == TYPE_IO_ENGINE)
                printf("This NLM is running on NetWare SFTIII"
                    " in an IO Engine.\n\n");
            else if (serverType == TYPE_OS_ENGINE)
                printf("This NLM is running on NetWare SFTIII"
                    " in an MS Engine.\n\n");
            else if (serverType == TYPE_NORMAL_SERVER)
                printf("This NLM is running on a dedicated"
                    " NetWare server with a DOS loader.\n\n");
        }
    }
}
```

## NWAttachToFileServer

Attaches to the specified NetWare server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWAttachToFileServer (
    const nstr8 N_FAR    *serverName,
    nuint16              scopeFlag,
    NWCONN_HANDLE N_FAR *newConnID);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWAttachToFileServer
  (const serverName : pnstr8;
   scopeFlag : nuint16;
   Var newConnID : NWCONN_HANDLE
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**serverName**

(IN) Points to the name of the server to connect.

**scopeFlag**

Is reserved; must be 0.

**newConnID**

(OUT) Points to the new connection handle, if the attachment was successful.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8800	ALREADY_ATTACHED
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8847	NO_SERVER_ERROR
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FC	UNKNOWN_FILE_SERVER
0x89FF	NO_RESPONSE_FROM_SERVER

---

## Remarks

---

**WARNING:** Before attaching to the specified server, NWAttachToFileServer tries to get the server's net address from the default server's Bindery.

NO\_RESPONSE\_FROM\_SERVER will be returned if RIP traffic is filtered on a router but SAP traffic is not. The dynamic object can be read from the bindery, but the request to attach to a server cannot be routed

---

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 17 Get File Server Information  
0x2222 23 22 Get Station's Logged Info (old)  
0x2222 23 28 Get Station's Logged Info  
0x2222 104 1 Ping for NDS NCP

# NWAttachToFileServerByConn

Attaches to a NetWare server through a service identified by a connection.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWAttachToFileServerByConn (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *serverName,
    nuint16             scopeFlag,
    NWCONN_HANDLE N_FAR *newConnID);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWAttachToFileServerByConn
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   const serverName : pnstr8;
   scopeFlag : nuint16;
   Var newConnID : NWCONN_HANDLE
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle through which to attach.

### **serverName**

(IN) Points to a 48-character buffer for the server name (optional).

### **scopeFlag**

(IN) Reserved for Novell use only; must be 0.

### **newConnID**

(OUT) Points to the connection handle, if any, to `serverName`.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8800	ALREADY_ATTACHED
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8847	NO_SERVER_ERROR
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FC	UNKNOWN_FILE_SERVER

---

## Remarks

NWAttachToFileServerByConn allows attachments to servers not seen by the preferred server.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 17 Get File Server Information  
0x2222 23 22 Get Station's Logged Info (old)  
0x2222 23 28 Get Station's Logged Info  
0x2222 104 1 Ping for NDS NCP

## See Also

[NWAttachToFileServer \(page 28\)](#)

## NWCheckConsolePrivileges

Determines if the logged-in user is a console operator.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWCheckConsolePrivileges (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWCheckConsolePrivileges
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 200 Check Console Privileges

## NWCheckNetWareVersion

Checks compatibility of OS modules.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWCheckNetWareVersion
(NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
 nuint16 minVer,
 nuint16 minSubVer,
 nuint16 minRev,
 nuint16 minSFT,
 nuint16 minTTS,
 puint8 compatibilityFlag);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWCheckNetWareVersion
(conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
 minVer : nuint16;
 minSubVer : nuint16;
 minRev : nuint16;
 minSFT : nuint16;
 minTTS : nuint16;
 compatibilityFlag : puint8
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the connection handle of the server to check.

**minVer**

(IN) Specifies the minimum version required for the module to run.

**minSubVer**

(IN) Specifies the minimum sub-version required for the module to run.

**minRev**

(IN) Specifies the minimum revision required for the module to run.

**minSFT**

(IN) Specifies the minimum revision required to check System Fault Tolerance (SFT).

**minTTS**

(IN) Specifies the minimum revision required to check Transaction Tracking System (TTS).

**compatibilityFlag**

(OUT) Points to a flag indicating compatibility:

C Value	Delphi Value	Value Name
0x00	\$00	COMPATIBLE
0x01	\$01	VERSION_NUMBER_TOO_LOW
0x02	\$02	SFT_LEVEL_TOO_LOW
0x04	\$04	TTS_LEVEL_TOO_LOW

**Return Values**

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
--------	------------

**NCP Calls**

0x2222 23 200 Check Console Privileges

**See Also**

[NWGetFileServerVersionInfo \(page 76\)](#)

## NWDisableFileServerLogin

Allows an operator to instruct the NetWare server to refuse new login requests.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWDisableFileServerLogin (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWDisableFileServerLogin
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

## Remarks

NWDisableFileServerLogin is usually made during some crucial time-before taking the server down, for instance.

It is recommended that caution be used with NWDisableFileServerLogin. If, after calling NWDisableFileServerLogin, the service connection to the NetWare server is lost or destroyed, a new connection cannot be created; therefore, the user cannot log in again. If no other user on the server has SUPERVISOR privileges, the server must be brought down from the console connected to the server and rebooted before any new users (including the SUPERVISOR) can access it.

To call NWDisableFileServerLogin, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 203 Disable File Server Login

## NWDownFileServer

Allows a supervisor to bring down a NetWare server from a remote console.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API  NWDownFileServer (
    NWCONN_HANDLE  conn,
    nuint8         forceFlag);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWDownFileServer
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   forceFlag : nuint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**forceFlag**

(IN) Specifies a flag enabling the server to shut down when files are still open (0=enabled).

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
--------	-----------------------

0x89FF	Down Failure
--------	--------------

---

## Remarks

If `forceFlag` is zero, the server shuts down even if files are open. If `forceFlag` is non-zero and any files are in use or open, 0x89FF (failure) is returned, and the server stays up. If no files are open or in use, the server shuts down, and SUCCESSFUL returns.

To call `NWDownFileServer`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 211 Down File Server

## NWEnableFileServerLogin

Allows an operator to instruct the server to begin accepting new login requests from clients.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWEnableFileServerLogin (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWEnableFileServerLogin
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

## Remarks

Enabling the server's log state also unlocks the SUPERVISOR's account if it has been locked because of intruder detection.

To call `NWEnableFileServerLogin`, you must have console operator rights.

If the calling station does not have operator privileges, `NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES` is returned, and the NetWare server's log state remains unchanged.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 204 Enable File Server Login

## See Also

[NWDisableFileServerLogin \(page 36\)](#)

## NWEnumNetAddresses

Enumerates all the network addresses used by the specified NetWare server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE NWEnumNetAddresses (
    NWCONN_HANDLE             conn,
    puint32                   searchNumber
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO N_FAR *serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo,
    puint16                   reserved,
    NW_GUID N_FAR             *fseServerGUID,
    nuint32                   itemsInArray,
    puint32                   itemsReturned,
    NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS N_FAR *fseNetworkAddresses);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

Type

```
    NW_GUID = Array[0..15] of nuint8;
```

Function NWEnumNetAddresses(

```
    conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
```

```
    Var searchNumber : nuint32;
```

```
    Var serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
```

```
    reserved : puint16;
```

```
    Var fseServerGUID : NW_GUID;
```

```
    itemsInArray : nuint32;
```

```
    Var itemsReturned : nuint32;
```

```
    Var fseNetworkAddresses: NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS
```

```
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**searchNumber**

(IN/OUT) Points to the iteration value used for subsequent calls (set to zero initially).

**serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

(OUT) Points to SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO, which contains the server console version.

**reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

**fseServerGUID**

(OUT) Points to NW\_GUID, which contains the server's Global Universal Identification (GUID).

**itemsInArray**

(IN) Specifies the size of the array pointed to by fseNetworkAddresses.

**itemsReturned**

(OUT) Points to the actual number of addresses returned by fseNetworkAddresses.

**fseNetworkAddresses**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ADDRESS, which contains the network address information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x880E	NWE_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
0x8977	NWE_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

You need to allocate enough space for the address in the address field of NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ADDRESS, or NWE\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW will be returned.

Upon return, the addressSize field in NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ADDRESS will contain the size needed to read the address. To call NWEnumNetAddresses iteratively and avoid the NWE\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW error, reset the addressSize field to the maximum buffer size.

## **NCP Calls**

0x2222 123 17 Enumerate NCP Service Network Addresses

## NWGenerateGUIDs

Returns a Global Universal Identification (GUID) list from a server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE NWGenerateGUIDs (
    NWCONN_HANDLE    connHandle,
    nuint32          GUIDSize,
    NW_GUID          GUIDList[]);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGenerateGUIDs
  (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   GUIDSize : nuint32;
   GUIDList [] : NW_GUID
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the connection handle of the server where the GUID list request should be sent.

#### **GUIDSize**

(IN) Specifies the number of GUIDs that will fit in the space allocated for GUIDList.

#### **GUIDList**

(OUT) Points to an array of NW\_GUID structures that contain a list of the server's GUIDs.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x880E	NWE_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
0x8869	ACCESS_VIOLATION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FB	INVALID_PARAMETER

---

## Remarks

`GUIDSize` will be the maximum number of GUIDs generated by the server.

You need to allocate enough space to accommodate the number of GUIDs specified in `GUIDSize`.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 33 Generate GUIDs

## NWGetActiveConnListByType

Returns a bitmap (set if logged in) of all connections of a specified type.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetActiveConnListByType (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuint32                 startConnNum,
    nuint32                 connType,
    NWFSE_ACTIVE_CONN_LIST N_FAR *fseActiveConnListByType);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWGetActiveConnListByType
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startConnNum : nuint32;
   connType : nuint32;
   Var fseActiveConnListByType : NWFSE_ACTIVE_CONN_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **startConnNum**

(IN) Specifies the first connection number to return information about.

#### **connType**

(IN) Specifies the type of the connection (see [Connection Type Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#)).

#### **fseActiveConnListByType**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_ACTIVE\_CONN\_LIST.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FD	Invalid Connection
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Start Number

---

## Remarks

Console operator rights are NOT necessary to call NWGetActiveConnListByType.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 14 Get Active Connection List By Type

## See Also

[NWGetUserInfo \(page 157\)](#)

## NWGetActiveLANBoardList

Returns information about the active LAN boards on a server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetActiveLANBoardList (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 startNum,
    NWFSE_ACTIVE_LAN_BOARD_LIST N_FAR *fseActiveLANBoardList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetActiveLANBoardList
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseActiveLANBoardList : NWFSE_ACTIVE_LAN_BOARD_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**startNum**

(IN) Specifies the starting LAN board number.

**fseActiveLANBoardList**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_ACTIVE\_LAN\_BOARD\_LIST.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Start Number

---

## Remarks

Console operator rights are NOT necessary to call `NWGetActiveLANBoardList`.

`startNum` will normally be 0, unless the amount of LAN Boards is greater than `FSE_MAX_NUM_OF_LANS`. To return the extra, set `startNum` to `LANLoadedCount + 1`.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 20 Active LAN Board List

## See Also

[NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo \(page 91\)](#), [NWGetLANConfigInfo \(page 93\)](#),  
[NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo \(page 95\)](#), [NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats \(page 101\)](#),  
[NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum \(page 141\)](#)

## NWGetActiveProtocolStacks

Returns protocol stack information in NWFSE\_ACTIVE\_STACKS.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetActiveProtocolStacks
(NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
nuint32 startNum,
NWFSE_ACTIVE_STACKS N_FAR *fseActiveStacks);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWGetActiveProtocolStacks
(conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
startNum : nuint32;
Var fseActiveStacks : NWFSE_ACTIVE_STACKS
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**startNum**

(IN) Specifies the number to start with if NWGetActiveProtocolStacks is called iteratively.

**fseActiveStacks**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_ACTIVE\_STACKS.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Start Number

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetActiveProtocolStacks`, you must have console operator rights.

In the first call, `startNumber` should be 0. On subsequent calls, use the number of stacks retrieved.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 40 Active Protocol Stacks

## See Also

[NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo \(page 135\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo \(page 137\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo \(page 139\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum \(page 141\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetCacheInfo

Allows a caller from a workstation to get server cache management statistical and operating system information.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetCacheInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_CACHE_INFO N_FAR *fseCacheInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetCacheInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
  Var fseCacheInfo : NWFSE_CACHE_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseCacheInfo**

(IN) Points to NWFSE\_CACHE\_INFO.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetCacheInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 01 Get Cache Information

## See Also

[NWGetDirCacheInfo \(page 57\)](#)

## NWGetCPUInfo

Gets CPU and hardware configuration information about the server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetCPUInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             CPUNum,
    pustr8              CPUName,
    pustr8              numCoproprocessor,
    pustr8              bus,
    NWFSE_CPU_INFO     N_FAR *fseCPUInfo);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetCPUInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   CPUNum : nuint32;
   CPUName : pustr8;
   numCoproprocessor : pustr8;
   bus : pustr8;
   Var fseCPUInfo : NWFSE_CPU_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### conn

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### CPUNum

(IN) Specifies the CPU number. Pass one for NetWare 5.x and 6.x and zero for NetWare 4.0.

### CPUName

(OUT) Points to the ASCII string of the CPU type. This string space must be allocated by the application.

**numCoprocesor**

(OUT) Points to the ASCII string of whether or not a coprocessor is present. This string space must be allocated by the application.

**bus**

(OUT) Points to the ASCII string of the bus type. This string space must be allocated by the application.

**fseCPUInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_CPU\_INFO.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x89FE	DIRECTORY_LOCKED
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid CPU Number

---

## Remarks

Under NETX, if an invalid connection handle is passed to `conn`, `NWGetCPUInfo` will return `0x0000`. NETX will pick a default connection handle if the connection handle cannot be resolved.

Console operator rights are NOT necessary to call `NWGetCPUInfo`.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 08 CPU Information

## NWGetDirCacheInfo

Returns information about the directory cache manager.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetDirCacheInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    NWFSE_DIR_CACHE_INFO N_FAR *fseDirCacheInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetDirCacheInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
  Var fseDirCacheInfo : NWFSE_DIR_CACHE_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseDirCacheInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_DIR\_CACHE\_INFO.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetDirCacheInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 12 Get Directory Cache Information

## **NWGetDiskCacheStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## **NWGetDiskChannelStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## NWGetFileServerDateAndTime

Returns the network date and time maintained on the specified NetWare server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetFileServerDateAndTime (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    puint8         dateTimeBuffer);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetFileServerDateAndTime
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    dateTimeBuffer : puint8
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**dateTimeBuffer**

(OUT) Points to a 7-byte buffer for the network date and time.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

Since the date and time are not automatically synchronized across an internetwork, dates and times may differ among servers.

The system time clock is a 7-byte value defined in the following format:

---

Byte	Value	Range
0	Year	80 through 179
1	Month	1 through 12
2	Day	1 through 31
3	Hour	0 through 23 (0 = 12 midnight; 23 = 11 PM)
4	Minute	0 through 59
5	Second	0 through 59
6	Day of Week	0 through 6, 0=Sunday

---

**NOTE:** The year value corresponds to the specified years:

80-99 1980-1999

100-179 2000-2079

---

## NCP Calls

0x2222 20 Get File Server Date And Time

## NWGetFileServerDescription

Returns information about a NetWare server, including company name, NetWare version, revision date and copyright notice, using descriptive strings.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetFileServerDescription (
    NWCONN_HANDLE   conn,
    pstr8            companyName,
    pstr8            revision,
    pstr8            revisionDate,
    pstr8            copyrightNotice);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetFileServerDescription
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   companyName : pstr8;
   revision : pstr8;
   revisionDate : pstr8;
   copyrightNotice : pstr8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **companyName**

(OUT) Points to the name of the company providing the version of NetWare (80 characters, optional).

#### **revision**

(OUT) Points to the NetWare version and revision description string (80 characters, optional).

**revisionDate**

(OUT) Points to the revision date in the form xx/xx/xx. For example: 12/16/91 (24 characters, optional).

**copyrightNotice**

(OUT) Points to the copyright notice (80 characters, optional).

**Return Values**

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY

---

**Remarks**

Under NETX, if an invalid connection handle is passed to `conn`, `NWGetFileServerDescription` will return 0x0000. NETX will pick a default connection handle if the connection handle cannot be resolved.

Each string is NULL-terminated.

For items not desired in the return, substitute NULL. However, all parameter positions must be filled.

Any client attached to the specified server can call `NWGetFileServerDescription`. Console operator rights are not required.

**NCP Calls**

0x2222 23 201 Get File Server Description Strings

## NWGetFileServerExtendedInfo

Returns extended information about the specified NetWare server, including versions for accounting, VAP, queueing, print server, virtual console, security and internet bridging.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetFileServerExtendedInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE    conn,
    puint8            accountingVer,
    puint8            VAPVer,
    puint8            queueingVer,
    puint8            printServerVer,
    puint8            virtualConsoleVer,
    puint8            securityVer,
    puint8            internetBridgeVer);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetFileServerExtendedInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   accountingVer : puint8;
   VAPVer : puint8;
   queueingVer : puint8;
   printServerVer : puint8;
   virtualConsoleVer : puint8;
   securityVer : puint8;
   internetBridgeVer : puint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**accountingVer**

(OUT) Points to the accounting version number (optional).

**VAPVer**

(OUT) Points to the VAP version number (optional).

**queueingVer**

(OUT) Points to the queueing version number (optional).

**printServerVer**

(OUT) Points to the print server version number (optional).

**virtualConsoleVer**

(OUT) Points to the virtual console version number (optional).

**securityVer**

(OUT) Points to the security version number (optional).

**internetBridgeVer**

(OUT) Points to the internet bridging version number (optional).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY

---

## Remarks

NWGetFileServerExtendedInfo returns values as a single byte per parameter, individual values between 0 and 255.

If you don't want certain information, substitute NULL. However, all parameter positions must be filled.

To call NWGetFileServerExtendedInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 17 Get File Server Information

## See Also

[NWGetFileServerInformation \(page 69\)](#), [NWGetFileServerVersionInfo \(page 76\)](#)

## NWGetFileServerInfo

Calls for the server's operational statistics.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetFileServerInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_FILE_SERVER_INFO N_FAR *fseFileServerInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetFileServerInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var fseFileServerInfo : NWFSE_FILE_SERVER_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseFileServerInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_FILE\_SERVER\_INFO to get NetWare server information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

Under NETX, if an invalid connection handle is passed to `conn`, `NWGetFileServerInfo` will return `0x0000`. NETX will pick a default connection handle if the connection handle cannot be resolved.

Console operator rights are NOT necessary to call `NWGetFileServerInfo`.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 02 Get File Server Information

## NWGetFileServerInformation

Returns several items, including NetWare server name, NetWare versions, maximum and peak connections, number of licensed connections currently in use, maximum volumes supported, and SFT and TTS level of support.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetFileServerInformation (
    NWCONN_HANDLE   conn,
    pnstr8           serverName,
    puint8           majorVer,
    puint8           minVer,
    puint8           rev,
    puint16          maxConns,
    puint16          maxConnsUsed,
    puint16          connsInUse,
    puint16          numVolumes,
    puint8           SFTLevel,
    puint8           TTSLevel);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetFileServerInformation
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   serverName : pnstr8;
   majorVer : puint8;
   minVer : puint8;
   rev : puint8;
   maxConns : puint16;
   maxConnsUsed : puint16;
   connsInUse : puint16;
   numVolumes : puint16;
   SFTLevel : puint8;
   TTSLevel : puint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### **serverName**

(OUT) Points to the name of NetWare server (48 bytes, optional).

### **majorVer**

(OUT) Points to the major NetWare version number (optional).

### **minVer**

(OUT) Points to the minor NetWare version number (optional).

### **rev**

(OUT) Points to the revision number of the NetWare OS on NetWare server (optional).

### **maxConns**

(OUT) Points to the maximum number of connections the server will support (optional). The connection table for NetWare 4.x is dynamic. This number will be the maximum of what the table has grown to.

### **maxConnsUsed**

(OUT) Points to the highest number of connections simultaneously in use (optional).

### **connsInUse**

(OUT) Points to the number of licensed connections the server currently has in use (optional).

### **numVolumes**

(OUT) Points to the maximum number of volumes the server will support (optional).

### **SFTLevel**

(OUT) Points to the SFT level the server supports (optional).

### **TTSLevel**

(OUT) Points to the TTS Level of NetWare server operating system (optional).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY

---

## Remarks

NWGetFileServerInformation will only return the number of licensed connections in use. For NetWare 3.x, all connections are considered licensed. For NetWare 4.x, many connections do not require a server license and will not be returned in `connsInUse`.

Under NETX, if an invalid connection handle is passed to `conn`, `NWGetFileServerInformation` will return `0x0000`. NETX will pick a default connection handle if the connection handle cannot be resolved.

The buffer allocated to receive NetWare server name should be at least 48 bytes long.

Substitute `NULL` for a parameter if a return is not desired. However, all parameter positions must be filled. Any client can call `NWGetFileServerInformation` without logging in to the specified NetWare server.

## **NCP Calls**

0x2222 23 17 Get File Server Information

## **See Also**

[NWGetFileServerInformation \(page 69\)](#), [NWGetFileServerVersionInfo \(page 76\)](#)

## **NWGetFileServerLANIOStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## NWGetFileServerLoginStatus

Returns a NetWare server's login status.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetFileServerLoginStatus (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    puint8 loginEnabledFlag);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetFileServerLoginStatus
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   loginEnabledFlag : puint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **loginEnabledFlag**

(OUT) Points to a zero flag if clients cannot log in and non-zero if they can.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

NWGetFileServerLoginStatus determines if the users' logins are currently allowed on the target server.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 205 Get File Server Login Status

## **NWGetFileServerMiscInfo (obsolete 12/98)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## NWGetFileServerVersionInfo

Returns information about a NetWare server's name and version levels.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API  NWGetFileServerVersionInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE    conn,
    VERSION_INFO     N_FAR    *versBuffer);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetFileServerVersionInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var versBuffer : VERSION_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**versBuffer**

(OUT) Points to the VERSION\_INFO structure, which contains the NetWare server version information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

Console operator rights and an authenticated connection are NOT necessary to call NWGetFileServerVersionInfo; you only need an attachment.

To get product version information (major, minor, and revision), call [NWGetNetWareProductVersion \(page 116\)](#).

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 17 Get File Server Information

## **NWGetFileSystemStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## **NWGetFSDriveMapTable (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## **NWGetFSLANDriverConfigInfo (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo

Returns the server's memory manager's statistical information.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_GARBAGE_COLLECTION_INFO N_FAR *fseGarbageCollectionInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var fseGarbageCollectionInfo : NWFSE_GARBAGE_COLLECTION_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseGarbageCollectionInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_GARBAGE\_COLLECTION\_INFO returning garbage collection information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 07 Garbage Collection Information

## NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo

Returns router information received from RIP and SAP packets.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_GENERAL_ROUTER_SAP_INFO N_FAR *fseGeneralRouterSAPInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var fseGeneralRouterSAPInfo : NWFSE_GENERAL_ROUTER_SAP_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseGeneralRouterSAPInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_GENERAL\_ROUTER\_SAP\_INFO returning general router SAP information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
--------	---------------------------

0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
--------	-----------------------

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 50 Get General Router and SAP Information

## NWGetIPXSPXInfo

Returns the server's internal IPX and SPX statistics information.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetIPXSPXInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_IPXSPX_INFO N_FAR *fseIPXSPXInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetIPXSPXInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var fseIPXSPXInfo : NWFSE_IPXSPX_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseIPXSPXInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_IPXSPX\_INFO returning IPX/SPX information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

Under NETX, if an invalid connection handle is passed to `conn`, `NWGetIPXSPXInfo` will return `0x0000`. NETX will pick a default connection handle if the connection handle cannot be resolved.

Console operator rights are NOT necessary to call `NWGetIPXSPXInfo`.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 06 IPX SPX Information

## NWGetKnownNetworksInfo

Returns information about networks for which the server has received Routing Information Packets (RIPs).

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetKnownNetworksInfo
(NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
 nuint32 startNum,
 NWFSE_KNOWN_NETWORKS_INFO N_FAR *fseKnownNetworksInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWGetKnownNetworksInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseKnownNetworksInfo : NWFSE_KNOWN_NETWORKS_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **startNum**

(IN) Specifies the starting network with which to begin the search (commonly 0 to begin the search, on subsequent calls it should be the total number of networks returned up to the call.)

#### **fseKnownNetworksInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_KNOWN\_NETWORKS\_INFO returning information about known networks.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetKnownNetworksInfo`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 53 Get Known Networks Information

## See Also

[NWGetNetworkRouterInfo \(page 118\)](#), [NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo \(page 120\)](#)

## NWGetKnownServersInfo

Returns information about servers advertising themselves to the server with SAP packets.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetKnownServersInfo
(
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 startNum,
    nuint32 serverType,
    NWFSE_KNOWN_SERVER_INFO N_FAR *fseKnownServerInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWGetKnownServersInfo
(
    conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    startNum : nuint32;
    serverType : nuint32;
    Var fseKnownServerInfo : NWFSE_KNOWN_SERVER_INFO
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **startNum**

(IN) Specifies the cumulative number of servers returned from all previous calls; normally, zero (0) for the first call.

#### **serverType**

(IN) Specifies the server type:

0x0400 NetWare server

0xFFFF All other server types

### **fseKnownServerInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_KNOWN\_SERVER\_INFO containing known server information.

## **Return Values**

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8901	Returned from NWFSE_KNOWN_SERVER_INFO when no more items are found
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

## **Remarks**

To call NWGetKnownServersInfo, you must have console operator rights.

`startNum` should be set to zero on the first call. On subsequent calls, the value returned in the `numberOfEntries` field in the `SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO` structure should be added to the value in `startNum` until `INVALID_CONNECTION` is returned.

## **NCP Calls**

0x2222 123 56 Get Known Servers Information

## **See Also**

[NWGetServerSourcesInfo \(page 155\)](#)

## NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo

Returns common statistics for a LAN board.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
```

```
or
```

```
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 boardNum,
    nuint32 blockNum,
    NWFSE_LAN_COMMON_COUNTERS_INFO N_FAR *fseLANCommonCountersInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   boardNum : nuint32;
   blockNum : nuint32;
   Var fseLANCommonCountersInfo : NWFSE_LAN_COMMON_COUNTERS_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **boardNum**

(IN) Specifies the board numbers returned by NWGetActiveLANBoardList.

#### **blockNum**

(IN) Specifies the starting number of the common counters to return; usually set to zero (0) to return all the counters.

#### **fseLANCommonCountersInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LAN\_COMMON\_COUNTERS\_INFO returning LAN common counters information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Board or Block Number

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 22 LAN Common Counters Information

## See Also

[NWGetActiveLANBoardList](#) (page 49), [NWGetLANConfigInfo](#) (page 93), [NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo](#) (page 95), [NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats](#) (page 101), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum](#) (page 141)

## NWGetLANConfigInfo

Returns configuration information for the LAN board identified by `boardNum`.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetLANConfigInfo
(NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
 nuint32 boardNum,
 NWFSE_LAN_CONFIG_INFO N_FAR *fseLANConfigInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetLANConfigInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   boardNum : nuint32;
   Var fseLANConfigInfo : NWFSE_LAN_CONFIG_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**boardNum**

(IN) Specifies the number of the LAN board for which you want LAN driver information.

**fseLANConfigInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LAN\_CONFIG\_INFO returning LAN configuration information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8979	ERR_NO_ITEMS_FOUND
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Board Number

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetLANConfigInfo`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 21 LAN Configuration Information

## See Also

[NWGetActiveLANBoardList \(page 49\)](#), [NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo \(page 91\)](#), [NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo \(page 95\)](#), [NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats \(page 101\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum \(page 141\)](#)

## NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo

Returns custom statistics for a LAN board.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo
(
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 boardNum,
    nuint32 startingNum,
    NWFSE_LAN_CUSTOM_INFO N_FAR *fseLANCustomInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo
(
    conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    boardNum : nuint32;
    startingNum : nuint32;
    Var fseLANCustomInfo : NWFSE_LAN_CUSTOM_INFO
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **boardNum**

(IN) Specifies the board number returned by NWGetActiveLANBoardList.

#### **startingNum**

(IN) Specifies the cumulative number of custom counters already returned; normally, zero (0) for the first call.

#### **fseLANCustomInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LAN\_CUSTOM\_INFO returning information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Start or Board Number

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 23 LAN Custom Counters Information

## See Also

[NWGetActiveLANBoardList](#) (page 49), [NWGetLANConfigInfo](#) (page 93),  
[NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo](#) (page 91), [NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats](#) (page 101),  
[NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum](#) (page 141)

## NWGetLoadedMediaNumList

Returns a list of loaded media numbers.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetLoadedMediaNumList (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_LOADED_MEDIA_NUM_LIST N_FAR *fseLoadedMediaNumList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetLoadedMediaNumList
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
  Var fseLoadedMediaNumList : NWFSE_LOADED_MEDIA_NUM_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseLoadedMediaNumList**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LOADED\_MEDIA\_NUM\_LIST returning information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x897E      NCP\_BOUNDARY\_CHECK\_FAILED

0x89C6      NO\_CONSOLE\_PRIVILEGES

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetLoadedMediaNumList`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 47 Get Loaded Media Num List

## See Also

[NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList \(page 103\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo \(page 105\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjList \(page 107\)](#), [NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum \(page 110\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetLSLInfo

Returns LSL information.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetLSLInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_LSL_INFO N_FAR *fseLSLInfo);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetLSLInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var fseLSLInfo : NWFSE_LSL_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### conn

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### fseLSLInfo

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LSL\_INFO returning LSL™ information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
--------	---------------------------

0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
--------	-----------------------

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetLSLInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 25 LSL Information

## See Also

[NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats \(page 101\)](#)

## NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats

Returns LSL logical board statistics.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 LANBoardNum,
    NWFSE_LSL_LOGICAL_BOARD_STATS N_FAR *fseLSLLogicalBoardStats);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   LANBoardNum : nuint32;
   Var fseLSLLogicalBoardStats : NWFSE_LSL_LOGICAL_BOARD_STATS
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **LANBoardNum**

(IN) Specifies a board number returned by NWGetActiveLANBoardList.

#### **fseLSLLogicalBoardStats**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LSL\_LOGICAL\_BOARD\_STATS returning LSL logical board statistics.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid LAN Board Number

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 26 LSL Logical Board Statistics

## See Also

[NWGetLSLInfo \(page 99\)](#)

## NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList

Returns a list of children belonging to a given media manager parent object.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuInt32                 startNum,
    nuInt32                 objType,
    nuInt32                 parentObjNum,
    NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_LIST N_FAR *fseMediaMgrObjList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuInt32;
   objType : nuInt32;
   parentObjNum : nuInt32;
   Var fseMediaMgrObjList : NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### conn

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### startNum

(IN) Specifies the value returned in nextStartObjNum of NWFSE\_MEDIA\_MGR\_OBJ\_LIST; Normally, zero (0) on the first call.

#### objType

(IN) Specifies one of the types defined in nwfse.h, such as ADAPTER\_OBJECT or MIRROR\_OBJECT.

**parentObjNum**

(IN) Specifies the parent object ID number such as one returned by NWGetMediaMgrObjList.

**fseMediaMgrObjList**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_MEDIA\_MGR\_OBJ\_LIST listing media manager object's children.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8979	Invalid Start Number, Object Type, or Parent Object Number
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 32 Get Media Manager Object Children's List

## See Also

[NWGetLoadedMediaNumList \(page 97\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo \(page 105\)](#),  
[NWGetMediaMgrObjList \(page 107\)](#), [NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum \(page 110\)](#),  
[NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo

Returns information about media manager objects (storage devices).

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             objNum,
    NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_INFO N_FAR *fseMediaMgrObjInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   objNum : nuint32;
   Var fseMediaMgrObjInfo : NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### conn

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### objNum

(IN) Specifies the object ID number returned by NWGetMediaMgrObjList representing the device you want information about.

#### fseMediaMgrObjInfo

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_MEDIA\_MGR\_OBJ\_INFO returning media manager object information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo`, you must have console operator rights.

Media manager objects are storage devices which are managed by the OS in an object-oriented database to allow for the needs of current and future file system applications and storage applications.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 30 Get Media Manager Object Information

## See Also

[NWGetLoadedMediaNumList \(page 97\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList \(page 103\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjList \(page 107\)](#), [NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum \(page 110\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetMediaMgrObjList

Returns a list of media manager objects (storage devices) of the specified type.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetMediaMgrObjList (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             startNum,
    nuint32             objType,
    NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_LIST N_FAR *fseMediaMgrObjList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWGetMediaMgrObjList
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuint32;
   objType : nuint32;
   Var fseMediaMgrObjList : NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**startNum**

(IN) Specifies the value returned in the `nextStartObjNum` field of the `fseMediaMgrObjList` parameter (set to -1 initially).

**objType**

(IN) Specifies the object type.

**fseMediaMgrObjList**

(OUT) Points to the NWFSE\_MEDIA\_MGR\_OBJ\_LIST structure listing media manager objects.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8979	Invalid Start Number or Object Type
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetMediaMgrObjList, you must have console operator rights.

Media manager objects are storage devices maintained by the media manager in an object-oriented database.

Object types are the following:

---

C Value	Delphi Value	Value Name
0	0	FSE_ADAPTER_OBJECT
1	1	FSE_CHANGER_OBJECT
2	2	FSE_DEVICE_OBJECT
4	4	FSE_MEDIA_OBJECT
5	5	FSE_PARTITION_OBJECT
6	6	FSE_SLOT_OBJECT
7	7	FSE_HOTFIX_OBJECT
8	8	FSE_MIRROR_OBJECT
9	9	FSE_PARITY_OBJECT
10	10	FSE_VOLUME_SEG_OBJECT
11	11	FSE_VOLUME_OBJECT
12	12	FSE_CLONE_OBJECT
14	14	FSE_MAGAZINE_OBJECT
15	15	FSE_VIRTUAL_DEVICE_OBJECT
0xFFFF	\$FFFF	FSE_UNKNOWN_OBJECT

---

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 31 Get Media Manager Objects List

## See Also

[NWGetLoadedMediaNumList \(page 97\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo \(page 105\)](#),  
[NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList \(page 103\)](#), [NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum \(page 110\)](#),  
[NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum

Returns the identifying name or label for the given media object.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API  NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum
    (NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
     uint32             mediaNum,
     pnstr8             mediaName,
     NWFSE_MEDIA_NAME_LIST N_FAR *fseMediaNameList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
     mediaNum : uint32;
     mediaName : pnstr8;
     Var fseMediaNameList : NWFSE_MEDIA_NAME_LIST
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**mediaNum**

(IN) Specifies the object ID number of the target media object returned by calling either NWGetMediaMgrObjList or NWGetMediaMgrChildrenList.

**mediaName**

(OUT) Points to the name of the media object specified by mediaNum.

**fseMediaNameList**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_MEDIA\_NAME\_LIST returning information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum`, you must have console operator rights.

`mediaName` requires a buffer at least as large as `FSE_MEDIA_NAME_LEN_MAX + 1`. It can be longer than that if desired.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 46 Get Media Name By Media Number

## See Also

[NWGetLoadedMediaNumList \(page 97\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo \(page 105\)](#),  
[NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList \(page 103\)](#), [NWGetMediaMgrObjList \(page 107\)](#),  
[NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetMLIDBoardInfo

Returns a list of and information for each Multiple Link Interface Driver (MLID) bound to a network board.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE NWGetMLIDBoardInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuint32                MLIDBoardNum,
    NWFSE_MLID_BOARD_INFO N_FAR *fseMLIDBoardInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetMLIDBoardInfo
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    MLIDBoardNum : nuint32;
    var fseMLIDBoardInfo : NWFSE_MLID_BOARD_INFO
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **MLIDBoardNum**

(IN) Specifies one of the board numbers returned by calling NWGetActiveLANBoardList.

#### **fseMLIDBoardInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_MLID\_BOARD\_INFO, which contains the MLID list and information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0c89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid LAN Board Number

---

## Remarks

You must have CONSOLE privileges to call NWGetMLIDBoardInfo.

NWGetMLIDBoardInfo returns 0x89FF if no protocols are bound to the specified board.

NetWare 4.x returns only one protocol per board.

---

**IMPORTANT:** Some older versions of the Win32 DLLs do not include this function.

---

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 27 MLID Board Information

## See Also

[NWGetActiveLANBoardList \(page 49\)](#)

## NWGetNetWareFileSystemsInfo

Returns information about a loaded file system.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetNetWareFileSystemsInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO N_FAR *fseFileInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNetWareFileSystemsInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var fseFileInfo : NWFSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseFileInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_FILE\_SYSTEMS\_INFO returning NetWare file systems information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetNetWareFileSystemsInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 03 NetWare File Systems Information

# NWGetNetWareProductVersion

Returns the NetWare product version.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetNetWareProductVersion (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NETWARE_PRODUCT_VERSION N_FAR *version);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNetWareProductVersion
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    Var version : NETWARE_PRODUCT_VERSION
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### conn

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### version

(OUT) Points to the NETWARE\_PRODUCT\_VERSION structure, which contains the NetWare product version information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8836	INVALID_PARAMETER

---

---

0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY

---

## Remarks

Console operator rights and an authenticated connection are NOT necessary to call NWGetNetWareProductVersion; you only need an attachment.

NWGetNetWareProductVersion supports all versions of NetWare servers, and is run on all supported platforms. Prior to NetWare 5.1, the version returned will be the OS version or the server version; however, starting with NetWare 5.1 these might not be the same because the OS does not always change with the release of a new product version of NetWare.

If you use the version command on the server console, the Novell NetWare version returned is equivalent to the product version (NetWare 5.1 and greater) or the OS version (prior to NetWare 5.1) returned from the NWGetNetWareProductVersion call. The Server Version returned from the version command on the server console is equivalent to the server version returned from the [NWGetFileServerVersionInfo \(page 76\)](#) call or the OS version returned from the [NWGetOSVersionInfo \(page 130\)](#) call. The server version and the OS version are the same.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 17 Get File Server Information

## NWGetNetworkRouterInfo

Returns information about network routing (other networks known to NetWare server).

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetNetworkRouterInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 networkNum,
    NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTER_INFO N_FAR *fseNetworkRouterInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNetworkRouterInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   networkNum : nuint32;
   Var fseNetworkRouterInfo : NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTER_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **networkNum**

(IN) Specifies the number of the network for which to return information.

#### **fseNetworkRouterInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ROUTER\_INFO returning network router information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetNetworkRouterInfo`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 51 Get Network Router Information

## See Also

[NWGetKnownNetworksInfo \(page 87\)](#), [NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo \(page 120\)](#)

## NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo

Returns information about the routers on a network.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API  NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             networkNum,
    nuint32             startNum,
    NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTERS_INFO  N_FAR *fseNetworkRoutersInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   networkNum : nuint32;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseNetworkRoutersInfo : NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTERS_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **networkNum**

(IN) Specifies the number of the network for which to return information.

#### **startNum**

(IN) Specifies the value returned in `numberOfEntries` in `NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTERS_INFO`; normally, zero (0) on the first call.

#### **fseNetworkRoutersInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ROUTERS\_INFO returning network routers information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	Invalid Network Number or Start Number
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 52 Get Network Routers Information

## See Also

[NWGetKnownNetworksInfo \(page 87\)](#), [NWGetNetworkRouterInfo \(page 118\)](#)

## NWGetNetworkSerialNumber

Returns the NetWare server's serial number and the application number.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetNetworkSerialNumber (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    puint32 serialNum,
    puint16 appNum);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNetworkSerialNumber
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   serialNum : puint32;
   appNum : puint16
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**serialNum**

(OUT) Points to the NetWare server's serial number.

**appNum**

(OUT) Points to the application number.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY

---

## Remarks

The combination of the server serial number and the application number is unique.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 17 Get File Server Information  
0x2222 23 18 Get Network Serial Number

## NWGetNLInfo

Returns information about a specific loaded NLM.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetNLInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             NLMNum,
    pnstr8              fileName,
    pnstr8              NLMname,
    pnstr8              copyright,
    NWFSE_NLM_INFO     N_FAR *fseNLInfo);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNLInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   NLMNum : nuint32;
   fileName : pnstr8;
   NLMname : pnstr8;
   copyright : pnstr8;
   Var fseNLInfo : NWFSE_NLM_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### **NLMNum**

(IN) Specifies the NLM ID number returned by NWGetNLMLoadedList.

### **fileName**

(OUT) Points to the name of the NLM file.

**NLMName**

(OUT) Points to a short description of the NLM.

**copyright**

(OUT) Points to the copyright string (optional).

**fseNLMInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_NLM\_INFO.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid NLM Number

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetNLMInfo, you must have console operator rights.

NWGetNLMInfo should only be called for NLMs that have information in the buffer.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 11 NLM Information

## See Also

[NWGetNLMLoadedList \(page 126\)](#), [NWGetNLMsResourceTagList \(page 128\)](#)

## NWGetNLMLoadedList

Returns a list of loaded NLM sequence numbers.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetNLMLoadedList (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             startNum,
    NWFSE_NLM_LOADED_LIST N_FAR *fseNLMLoadedList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNLMLoadedList
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseNLMLoadedList : NWFSE_NLM_LOADED_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**startNum**

(IN) Specifies the starting number (set to zero the first time NWGetNLMLoadedList is called).

**fseNLMLoadedList**

(OUT) Points to the NWFSE\_NLM\_LOADED\_LIST structure.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetNLMLoadedList`, you must have console operator rights.

`NWGetNLMLoadedList` will only return information about 130 NLMs at a time. If you have more than 130 NLMs loaded, call `NWGetNLMLoadedList` iteratively and pass to `startNum` the number of the next NLM that you want to start the list with. For example:

```
fseNLMLoadedList->NLMNums [fseNLMLoadedList->NLMsInList]+1
```

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 10 Get NLM Loaded List

## See Also

[NWGetNLMInfo \(page 124\)](#), [NWGetNLMsResourceTagList \(page 128\)](#)

## NWGetNLMSResourceTagList

Returns information about resources used by NLMs on a server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetNLMSResourceTagList (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuint32                 NLMNum,
    nuint32                 startNum,
    NWFSE_NLMS_RESOURCE_TAG_LIST N_FAR *fseNLMSResourceTagList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetNLMSResourceTagList
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   NLMNum : nuint32;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseNLMSResourceTagList : NWFSE_NLMS_RESOURCE_TAG_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **NLMNum**

(IN) Specifies the NLM ID number representing the NLM on the server, returned by NWGetNLMLoadedList.

#### **startNum**

(IN) Specifies the previous startNum, plus the value in packetResourceTags of NWFSE\_NLMS\_RESOURCE\_TAG\_LIST; normally 0 (zero) on the first call.

#### **fseNLMSResourceTagList**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_NLMS\_RESOURCE\_TAG\_LIST.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
--------	------------

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetNLMSResourceTagList, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 15 Get NLM's Resource Tag List

## See Also

[NWGetNLInfo \(page 124\)](#), [NWGetNLMLoadedList \(page 126\)](#)

## NWGetOSVersionInfo

Returns the NetWare OS version information.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetOSVersionInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_OS_VERSION_INFO N_FAR *fseOSVersionInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetOSVersionInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   Var fseOSVersionInfo : NWFSE_OS_VERSION_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **fseOSVersionInfo**

(OUT) Points to the NWFSE\_OS\_VERSION\_INFO structure, which contains the operating system version information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
--------	------------

---

## Remarks

Console operator rights and an authenticated connection are NOT necessary to call NWGetOSVersionInfo; you only need an attachment.

It is recommended that the newer function call, [NWGetNetWareProductVersion \(page 116\)](#), be used rather than NWGetOSVersionInfo.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 13 Get Operating System Version Information

## NWGetPacketBurstInfo

Returns the server's packet burst operational counters and statistics.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetPacketBurstInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    NWFSE_PACKET_BURST_INFO N_FAR *fsePacketBurstInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetPacketBurstInfo
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    Var fsePacketBurstInfo : NWFSE_PACKET_BURST_INFO
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**fsePacketBurstInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_PACKET\_BURST\_INFO getting packet burst information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetPacketBurstInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 05 Packet Burst Information

## **NWGetPhysicalDiskStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo

Returns configuration information about the protocols on a server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuint32                stackNum,
    pnstr8                 stackFullName,
    NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_CONFIG_INFO N_FAR *fseProtocolStkConfigInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   stackNum : nuint32;
   stackFullName : pnstr8;
   Var fseProtocolStkConfigInfo : NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_CONFIG_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **stackNum**

(IN) Specifies the number of the protocol stack to return information about, usually returned by NWGetActiveProtocolStacks,

#### **stackFullName**

(OUT) Points to the full description of the protocol stack.

#### **fseProtocolStkConfigInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_STK\_CONFIG\_INFO getting protocol stack configuration information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FF	Failure

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 41 Get Protocol Stack Configuration Information

## See Also

[NWGetActiveProtocolStacks \(page 51\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo \(page 137\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo \(page 139\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum \(page 141\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo

Returns custom information about a protocol stack on a server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuint32                 stackNum,
    nuint32                 customStartNum,
    NWFSE_PROTOCOL_CUSTOM_INFO N_FAR *fseProtocolStackCustomInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   stackNum : nuint32;
   customStartNum : nuint32;
   Var fseProtocolStackCustomInfo : NWFSE_PROTOCOL_CUSTOM_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **stackNum**

(IN) Specifies the number identifying the protocol stack to return information about, usually returned by NWGetActiveProtocolStacks.

#### **customStartNum**

(IN) Specifies the custom information to begin with. Normally zero (0) on the first call; on all subsequent call, the previous `customStartNum`, plus the value returned in `customCount` of `NWFSE_PROTOCOL_CUSTOM_INFO`.

## **fseProtocolStackCustomInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_CUSTOM\_INFO getting protocol stack custom information.

## **Return Values**

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FF	Failure

---

## **Remarks**

To call NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## **NCP Calls**

0x2222 123 43 Get Protocol Stack Custom Information

## **See Also**

[NWGetActiveProtocolStacks \(page 51\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo \(page 135\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo \(page 139\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum \(page 141\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#)

## NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo

Returns the protocol statistics indicated by `stackNum` for a server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 stackNum,
    NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_STATS_INFO N_FAR *fseProtocolStkStatsInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   stackNum : nuint32;
   Var fseProtocolStkStatsInfo : NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_STATS_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **stackNum**

(IN) Specifies the number identifying the protocol stack to return information about, usually returned by `NWGetActiveProtocolStacks`.

#### **fseProtocolStkStatsInfo**

(OUT) Points to `NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_STATS_INFO` getting protocol stack configuration information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 42 Get Protocol Stack Statistics Information

## See Also

[NWGetActiveProtocolStacks](#) (page 51), [NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo](#) (page 135), [NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo](#) (page 137), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum](#) (page 141), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum](#) (page 143)

## NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum

Returns a list of protocol stack ID numbers for a given LAN board.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 LANBoardNum,
    NWFSE_PROTOCOL_ID_NUMS N_FAR *fseProtocolStkIDNums);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   LANBoardNum : nuint32;
   Var fseProtocolStkIDNums : NWFSE_PROTOCOL_ID_NUMS
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **LANBoardNum**

(IN) Specifies the ID number of the LAN board for which you want a list of protocols; normally an ID number returned by NWGetActiveLANBoardList.

#### **fseProtocolStkIDNums**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_ID\_NUMS getting protocol stack numbers by LAN board number.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FF	Failure

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 45 Get Protocol Stack Numbers By LAN Board Number

## See Also

[NWGetActiveLANBoardList](#) (page 49), [NWGetActiveProtocolStacks](#) (page 51), [NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo](#) (page 135), [NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo](#) (page 137), [NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo](#) (page 139), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum](#) (page 143)

## NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum

Returns a list of protocol stack ID numbers for a given media.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 mediaNum,
    NWFSE_PROTOCOL_ID_NUMS N_FAR *fseProtocolStkIDNums);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    mediaNum : nuint32;
    Var fseProtocolStkIDNums : NWFSE_PROTOCOL_ID_NUMS
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **mediaNum**

(IN) Specifies the ID number representing the frame type used by the protocol.

#### **fseProtocolStkIDNums**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_ID\_NUMS getting protocol stack numbers by media number.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

An invalid media number can abend the server

## Remarks

To call `NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 44 Get Protocol Stack Number By Media Number

## See Also

[NWGetActiveProtocolStacks \(page 51\)](#), [NWGetLoadedMediaNumList \(page 97\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo \(page 135\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo \(page 137\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo \(page 139\)](#), [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum \(page 141\)](#)

## NWGetServerConnInfo

Returns connection information in a NetWare server for a given connection number.

**Local servers:** blocking

**Remote servers:**

**NetWare Server:** 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows 95, Windows NT

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

int NWGetServerConnInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE           conn,
    nuint32                 retInfoMask,
    nuint32                 connectionNumber,
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO N_FAR *serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo,
    puint16                 reserved,
    NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS N_FAR *networkAddress,
    NWFSE_LOGIN_TIME N_FAR *loginTime,
    NWFSE_LOGIN_NAME N_FAR *loginName,
    NWFSE_LOCK_INFO N_FAR *lockInfo,
    NWFSE_PRINT_INFO N_FAR *printInfo,
    NWFSE_STATS_INFO N_FAR *statsInfo,
    NWFSE_ACCT_INFO N_FAR *acctInfo,
    NWFSE_AUTH_INFO N_FAR *authInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetServerConnInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   retInfoMask : nuint32;
   connectionNumber : nuint32;
   Var serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
   reserved : puint16;
   Var networkAddress : NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS;
   Var loginTime : NWFSE_LOGIN_TIME;
   Var loginName : NWFSE_LOGIN_NAME;
   Var lockinfo : NWFSE_LOCK_INFO;
   Var printInfo : NWFSE_PRINT_INFO;
   Var statusInfo : NWFSE_STATS_INFO;
   Var acctInfo : NWFSE_ACCT_INFO;
```

```
    Var authInfo : NWFSE_AUTH_INFO  
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### **retInfoMask**

(IN) Specifies the connection information to be returned.

### **connectionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number of a connection to return information for.

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

(OUT) Points to SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO, which contains the console and server versions.

### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

### **networkAddress**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ADDRESS, which contains information about the connection address.

### **loginTime**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LOGIN\_TIME, which contains the server login time.

### **loginName**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LOGIN\_NAME, which contains the login name for the server.

### **lockInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_LOCK\_INFO, which contains information about the logical and record locks of the server.

### **printInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_PRINT\_INFO, which contains the printing information.

### **statsInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_STATS\_INFO, which contains statistical information about the server.

### **acctInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_ACCT\_INFO, which contains accounting information about the server.

### **authInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_AUTH\_INFO, which contains authentication information about the server.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x880E	NWE_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
0x8977	NEW_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

Before calling `NWGetServerConnInfo`, allocate memory for the address pointer used in `NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS` and set the `addressSize` field to a valid value.

If the passed in `addressSize` value is smaller than expected, `addressSize` is set to the required value and `NWGetServerConnInfo` returns `NWE_BUFFER_OVERFLOW`.

---

**WARNING:** If memory isn't allocated and invalid information is passed to `networkAddress`, the server might abend.

---

`retInfoMask` can have the following values (all can be ORed with the exception of `CONN_INFO_ALL_MASK`):

---

Value	Delphi	Definition
0x00000001	\$00000001	<code>CONN_INFO_TRANS_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS (page 266)</a> .
0x00000002	\$00000002	<code>CONN_INFO_LOGIN_TIME_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_LOGIN_TIME (page 257)</a> .
0x00000004	\$00000004	<code>CONN_INFO_LOGIN_NAME_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_LOGIN_NAME (page 256)</a> .
0x00000008	\$00000008	<code>CONN_INFO_LOCK_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_LOCK_INFO (page 255)</a> .
0x00000010	\$00000010	<code>CONN_INFO_PRINT_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_PRINT_INFO (page 278)</a> .
0x00000020	\$00000020	<code>CONN_INFO_STATS_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_STATS_INFO (page 291)</a> .
0x00000040	\$00000040	<code>CONN_INFO_ACCT_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_ACCT_INFO (page 228)</a> .
0x00000080	\$00000080	<code>CONN_INFO_AUTH_MASK</code> specifies to return <a href="#">NWFSE_AUTH_INFO (page 235)</a> .
0xFFFFFFFF		<code>CONN_INFO_ALL_MASK</code> specifies that all structures are to be returned.

---

## **NCP Calls**

0x2222 123 16 Enumerate Connection Information from Connection List

## NWGetServerInfo

Returns the address and the number of hops to the server specified by `serverName` in relation to the server represented by `conn`.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetServerInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuint32                serverType,
    const nstr8 N_FAR      *serverName,
    NWFSE_SERVER_INFO N_FAR *fseServerInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetServerInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   serverType : nuint32;
   const serverName : pnstr8;
   Var fseServerInfo : NWFSE_SERVER_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**serverType**

(IN) Specifies the type of server to search for, such as a file server (0x0400).

**serverName**

(IN) Points to the name of the server for which to search.

**fseServerInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_SERVER\_INFO containing server information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	Invalid Server Name
0x8901	Invalid Server Type
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES
0x89FB	INVALID_PARAMETERS

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetServerInfo`, you must have console operator rights to the 4.x server indicated by `conn.serverType` can indicate either a 3.x or 4.x server.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 54 Get Server Information

## See Also

[NWGetServerSourcesInfo \(page 155\)](#)

## NWGetServerSetCategories

Returns SET console command configuration parameter categories for the server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetServerSetCategories (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 startNum,
    NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CATEGORIES N_FAR *fseServerSetCategories);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetServerSetCategories
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseServerSetCategories : NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CATEGORIES
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **startNum**

(IN) Specifies the value returned in `nextSequenceNumber` of `fseServerSetCategories`; normally zero (0) on the first call.

#### **fseServerSetCategories**

(OUT) Points to `NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CATEGORIES` getting server set categories.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89F5	Invalid Star Number

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetServerSetCategories`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 61 Get Server Set Categories

## See Also

[NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo \(page 153\)](#), [NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue \(page 351\)](#), [NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue \(page 353\)](#)

## NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo

Returns SET console command configuration parameter commands for the server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             startNum,
    NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CMDS_INFO N_FAR *fseServerSetCmdsInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseServerSetCmdsInfo : NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CMDS_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **startNum**

(IN) Specifies the value returned in `nextSequenceNumber` of `fseServerSetCmdsInfo`; normally zero (0) on the first call.

#### **fseServerSetCmdsInfo**

(OUT) Points to `NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CMDS_INFO` getting server set commands information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FF	Failure of Invalid Start Number

---

## Remarks

To call `NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo`, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 60 Get Server Set Commands Information

## See Also

[NWGetServerSetCategories \(page 151\)](#), [NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue \(page 351\)](#), [NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue \(page 353\)](#)

## NWGetServerSourcesInfo

Returns address information about servers known to a server with a given name.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
```

```
or
```

```
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWGetServerSourcesInfo (  
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,  
    nuint32                startNum,  
    nuint32                serverType,  
    const nstr8 N_FAR      *serverName,  
    NWFSE_SERVER_SRC_INFO N_FAR *fseServerSrcInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWGetServerSourcesInfo  
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;  
    startNum : nuint32;  
    serverType : nuint32;  
    const serverName : pnstr8;  
    Var fseServerSrcInfo : NWFSE_SERVER_SRC_INFO  
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **startNum**

(IN) Specifies the value returned in `numberOfEntries` of `fseServerSrcInfo`; normally zero (0) on the first call.

#### **serverType**

(IN) Specifies the server type to get information from, such as a file server (0x0400).

**serverName**

(IN) Points to the server name to get information from.

**fseServerSetCmdsInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_SERVER\_SRC\_INFO getting server sources information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	Invalid Server Name or Server Type
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetServerSourcesInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 55 Get Server Sources Information

## See Also

[NWGetServerInfo \(page 149\)](#)

## NWGetUserInfo

Gets NetWare user information about a given logged-in server connection.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetUserInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             connNum,
    pnstr8              userName,
    NWFSE_USER_INFO    N_FAR *fseUserInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWGetUserInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   connNum : nuint32;
   userName : pnstr8;
   Var fseUserInfo : NWFSE_USER_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**connNum**

(IN) Specifies the connection number of logged-in user.

**userName**

(OUT) Points to the user name (size of MAX\_DN\_BYTES).

**fseServerSetCmdsInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_USER\_INFO getting user information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Connection Number

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetUserInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 04 User Information

## See Also

[NWCCGetAllConnInfo](#), [NWGetActiveConnListByType \(page 47\)](#), [NWGetConnectionInformation](#)

## NWGetVolumeInfoByLevel

Returns information about the specified volume, returning different structures depending on the `infoLevel` specified.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetVolumeInfoByLevel (
    NWCONN_HANDLE          conn,
    nuint32                 volNum,
    nuint32                 infoLevel,
    NWFSE_VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL N_FAR *fseVolumeInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetVolumeInfoByLevel
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   volNum : nuint32;
   infoLevel : nuint32;
   Var fseVolumeInfo : NWFSE_VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **volNum**

(IN) Specifies the volume number for which information is being obtained.

#### **infoLevel**

(IN) Specifies which level of information to return (1 or 2).

#### **fseVolumeInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_VOLUME\_INFO\_BY\_LEVEL containing the information.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x8998	VOLUME_DOES_NOT_EXIST
0x89FF	Failure

---

## Remarks

Console operator rights are NOT necessary to call NWGetVolumeInfoByLevel.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 34 Get Volume Information By Level

## See Also

[NWGetVolumeInfoWithHandle](#), [NWGetVolumeInfoWithNumber](#) (Volume Management)

## NWGetVolumeSegmentList

Returns a list of up to 32 volume segments for a given volume.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWGetVolumeSegmentList (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    nuint32             volumeNum,
    NWFSE_VOLUME_SEGMENT_LIST N_FAR *fseVolumeSegmentList);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetVolumeSegmentList
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   volNum : nuint32;
   Var fseVolumeSegmentList : NWFSE_VOLUME_SEGMENT_LIST
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**volumeNum**

(IN) Specifies the number representing a specific volume. Zero (0) = Volume SYS

**fseVolumeSegmentList**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_VOLUME\_SEGMENT\_LIST containing the volume segment list.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x8998	VOLUME_DOES_NOT_EXIST

---

## Remarks

Console operator rights are NOT necessary to call NWGetVolumeSegmentList.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 33 Get Volume Segment List

## NWGetVolumeSwitchInfo

Gets information about the volume switch counter such as the number of overall times through the function.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwfse.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API  NWGetVolumeSwitchInfo (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint32 startNum,
    NWFSE_VOLUME_SWITCH_INFO N_FAR *fseVolumeSwitchInfo);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWGetVolumeSwitchInfo
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   startNum : nuint32;
   Var fseVolumeSwitchInfo : NWFSE_VOLUME_SWITCH_INFO
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**startNum**

(IN) Specifies the starting number; set to zero (0) on the first call.

**fseVolumeSwitchInfo**

(OUT) Points to NWFSE\_VOLUME\_SWITCH\_INFO getting volume switch information.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x897E	NCP_BOUNDARY_CHECK_FAILED
0x89FF	Failure or Invalid Start Item Number

---

## Remarks

To call NWGetVolumeSwitchInfo, you must have console operator rights.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 123 09 Volume Switch Information

## NWIsManager

Checks whether a calling station is a manager.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWIsManager (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWIsManager
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	Calling station is a manager.
0x89FF	Calling station is not a manager.

---

### Remarks

To call NWIsManager, you must have console operator rights.

A station is a manager if it is a supervisor, or if it appears in the MANAGERS property of the supervisor object.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 73 Is Calling Station A Manager

## NWLoginToFileServer

Attempts to log an object in to the specified NetWare server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
#include <nwbindry.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWLoginToFileServer (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      conn,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *objName,
    nuint16             objType,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *password);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWLoginToFileServer
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   const objName : pstr8;
   objType : nuint16;
   const password : pstr8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **objName**

(IN) Points to the bindery object name of the object logging in to the NetWare server object name (up to 48 characters including the NULL terminator).

#### **objType**

(IN) Specifies the Bindery object type of the object logging in to the NetWare server.

#### **password**

(IN) Points to the upper-case password of the bindery object logging in to the NetWare server (or pass in a zero-length string if a password is not required).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8800	ALREADY_ATTACHED
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY
0x89C1	LOGIN_DENIED_NO_ACCOUNT_BALANCE
0x89C2	LOGIN_DENIED_NO_CREDIT
0x89C5	INTRUDER_DETECTION_LOCK
0x89D9	ERR_MAX_SERVERS
0x89DA	UNAUTHORIZED_LOGIN_TIME
0x89DB	UNAUTHORIZED_LOGIN_STATION
0x89DC	ACCOUNT_DISABLED
0x89DE	PASSWORD_HAS_EXPIRED_NO_GRACE
0x89DF	PASSWORD_EXPIRED
0x89FB	INVALID_PARAMETERS
0x89FE	BINDERY_LOCKED
0x89FF	NO_SUCH_OBJECT_OR_BAD_PASSWORD
0xFF	Failure

---

## Remarks

If the `conn` parameter specifies an NDS authenticated connection, `NWLoginToFileServer` will return `ALREADY_ATTACHED` (0x8800).

To determine if the `conn` parameter specifies an NDS authenticated connection, call [NWCCGetConnRefInfo](#) with the `infoType` parameter set to `NWCC_INFO_NDS_STATE`. If `NWCC_NDS_CAPABLE` is returned in the `infoType` parameter, the connection must be cleared (see [Closing and Clearing Connections](#)) and a new connection must be opened (see [Attaching to Servers and Opening Connections](#)) before `NWLoginToFileServer` will successfully return (*NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions*).

If the encryption key is not available, it attempts an unencrypted login. If the key is available, the password is encrypted and an encrypted login is attempted.

NWLoginToFileServer performs only the login, not the attach. Clients must be previously attached to call NWLoginToFileServer. Attaching to a NetWare server is not the same as logging in. A workstation attaches to a NetWare server to obtain a connection number. The workstation can then log in to the NetWare server using that connection number. NWLoginToFileServer does not, however, interpret the login script.

Valid bindery object types for OT\_ constants follow:

OT_WILD	0xFFFF
OT_UNKNOWN	0x0000
OT_USER	0x0100
OT_USER_GROUP	0x0200
OT_PRINT_QUEUE	0x0300
OT_FILE_SERVER	0x0400
OT_JOB_SERVER	0x0500
OT_GATEWAY	0x0600
OT_PRINT_SERVER	0x0700
OT_ARCHIVE_QUEUE	0x0800
OT_ARCHIVE_SERVER	0x0900
OT_JOB_QUEUE	0x0A00
OT_ADMINISTRATION	0x0B00
OT_NAS_SNA_GATEWAY	0x2100
OT_REMOTE_BRIDGE_SERVER	0x2600
OT_TCPIP_GATEWAY	0x2700

Extended bindery object types follow:

OT_TIME_SYNCHRONIZATION_SERVER	0x2D00
OT_ARCHIVE_SERVER_DYNAMIC_SAP	0x2E00
OT_ADVERTISING_PRINT_SERVER	0x4700
OT_PRINT_QUEUE_USER	0x5300

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 24 Keyed Object Login

0x2222 23 53 Get Bindery Object ID

# NWLogoutFromFileServer

Attempts to log the workstation out of the specified NetWare server.

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWLogoutFromFileServer (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWLogoutFromFileServer
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle associated with the server from which to log out.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x88FB	INVALID_PARAMETERS

---

## Remarks

To call NWLogoutFromFileServer, you must have console operator rights.

If successful, drive mappings dependent on the connection are deleted.

## NWSetFileServerDateAndTime

Sets the date and time of a NetWare server.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nwserver.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWSetFileServerDateAndTime (
    NWCONN_HANDLE   conn,
    nuint8           year,
    nuint8           month,
    nuint8           day,
    nuint8           hour,
    nuint8           minute,
    nuint8           second);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWSetFileServerDateAndTime
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   year : nuint8;
   month : nuint8;
   day : nuint8;
   hour : nuint8;
   minute : nuint8;
   second : nuint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**year**

(IN) Specifies the value corresponding to the year (0-179).

**month**

(IN) Specifies the month value (1=January; 12=December).

**day**

(IN) Specifies the day value (1-31).

**hour**

(IN) Specifies the hour value (0=midnight; 23=11 p.m.).

**minute**

(IN) Specifies the minute value (0-59).

**second**

(IN) Specifies the second value (0-59).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

## Remarks

To call `NWSetFileServerDateAndTime`, you must have console operator rights.

The `year` parameter contains the following values which correspond to the specified years:

0-79 2000-2079  
80-99 1980-1999  
100-179 2000-2079

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 202 Set File Server Date And Time

# Server Environment Structures

# 3

This documentation alphabetically lists the reference information for each server environment structure.

## CACHE\_COUNTERS

Returns cache information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuint32      readExistingBlockCount ;
    nuint32      readExistingWriteWaitCount ;
    nuint32      readExistingPartialReadCount ;
    nuint32      readExistingReadErrorCount ;
    nuint32      writeBlockCount ;
    nuint32      writeEntireBlockCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskNeedToAllocCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskSomeoneBeatMeCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskPartialReadCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskReadErrorCount ;
    nuint32      getAsyncDiskCount ;
    nuint32      getAsyncDiskNeedToAlloc ;
    nuint32      getAsyncDiskSomeoneBeatMe ;
    nuint32      errorDoingAsyncReadCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskNoReadCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskNoReadAllocCount ;
    nuint32      getDiskNoReadSomeoneBeatMeCount ;
    nuint32      diskWriteCount ;
    nuint32      diskWriteAllocCount ;
    nuint32      diskWriteSomeoneBeatMeCount ;
    nuint32      writeErrorCount ;
    nuint32      waitOnSemaphoreCount ;
    nuint32      allocBlockWaitForSomeoneCount ;
    nuint32      allocBlockCount ;
    nuint32      allocBlockWaitCount ;
} CACHE_COUNTERS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
CACHE_COUNTERS = packed Record
    readExistingBlockCount : nuint32;
    readExistingWriteWaitCount : nuint32;
    readExistingPartialReadCount : nuint32;
    readExistingReadErrorCount : nuint32;
    writeBlockCount : nuint32;
    writeEntireBlockCount : nuint32;
    getDiskCount : nuint32;
    getDiskNeedToAllocCount : nuint32;
    getDiskSomeoneBeatMeCount : nuint32;
```

```

getDiskPartialReadCount : nuint32;
getDiskReadErrorCount : nuint32;
getAsyncDiskCount : nuint32;
getAsyncDiskNeedToAlloc : nuint32;
getAsyncDiskSomeoneBeatMe : nuint32;
errorDoingAsyncReadCount : nuint32;
getDiskNoReadCount : nuint32;
getDiskNoReadAllocCount : nuint32;
getDiskNoReadSomeoneBeatMeCount : nuint32;
diskWriteCount : nuint32;
diskWriteAllocCount : nuint32;
diskWriteSomeoneBeatMeCount : nuint32;
writeErrorCount : nuint32;
waitOnSemaphoreCount : nuint32;
allocBlockWaitForSomeoneCount : nuint32;
allocBlockCount : nuint32;
allocBlockWaitCount : nuint32
End;

```

## Fields

### **readExistingBlockCount**

Specifies the number of times an existing cache block has been read.

### **readExistingWriteWaitCount**

Specifies the number of times an existing cache block was being read but had to wait until someone else was finished writing to it before it could be read completely.

### **readExistingPartialReadCount**

Specifies the number cache blocks that were being read but encountered dirty sectors.

### **readExistingReadErrorCount**

Specifies the number of cache blocks that experienced errors while trying to be read.

### **writeBlockCount**

Specifies the number of cache buffers that were dirty and written to disk.

### **writeEntireBlockCount**

Specifies the number of entire cache blocks that were dirty and written to disk.

### **getDiskCount**

Specifies the number of times a block is obtained from disk to be compared against what is in a cache.

### **getDiskNeedToAllocCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache control structure needs to be allocated because what is obtained from disk is not in a cache.

### **getDiskSomeoneBeatMeCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache control structure is allocated to store new data from a disk but a recheck of a cache shows the new data is already stored indicating someone else beat

the first attempt to store the data. (The newly allocated cache control structure is then returned to the available list.)

**getDiskPartialReadCount**

Specifies the number of times a disk was only partially read.

**getDiskReadErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times an error was encountered while reading data from a disk.

**getAsyncDiskCount**

Specifies the number of times a block is obtained from an asynchronous disk to be compared against what is in a cache.

**getAsyncDiskNeedToAlloc**

Specifies the number of times a cache control structure needs to be allocated because what is obtained from an asynchronous disk is not in a cache.

**getAsyncDiskSomeoneBeatMe**

Specifies the number of times a cache control structure is allocated to store new data from an asynchronous disk but a recheck of a cache shows the new data is already stored indicating someone else beat the first attempt to store the data. (The newly allocated cache control structure is then returned to the available list.)

**errorDoingAsyncReadCount**

Specifies the number of times an error occurred while reading from a disk. It is used to compare with what may or may not be in a cache.

**getDiskNoReadCount**

Specifies the number of times data is obtained from a disk and put into a cache without requesting a read on the data.

**getDiskNoReadAllocCount**

Specifies the number of times a new cache control structure has to be allocated during the time that data is obtained from disk to be put into a cache.

**getDiskNoReadSomeoneBeatMeCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache control structure has to be allocated during the time that data is obtained from disk to be put into a cache but a recheck of a cache shows the new data is already stored indicating someone else beat the first attempt to store the data. (The newly allocated cache control structure is then returned to the available list.)

**diskWriteCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache block has been written to disk.

**diskWriteAllocCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache control structure was allocated during the time that data is being written to disk.

**diskWriteSomeoneBeatMeCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache control structure has to be allocated during the time that a cache block is written to disk but a recheck of a cache shows the new data is already written

to disk indicating someone else beat the first attempt to store the data. (The newly allocated cache control structure is then returned to the available list.)

**writeErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times an error was encountered while writing a cache to disk.

**waitOnSemaphoreCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache control blocks was waiting on a semaphore while cache and disk blocks were being checked

**allocBlockWaitForSomeoneCount**

Specifies the number of times that the allocate waiting count was set. You must set a semaphore and try again later.

**allocBlockCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache control block was allocated.

**allocBlockWaitCount**

Specifies the number of times the LRU and cache nodes were not available.

## CACHE\_INFO

Returns information about a cache.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuInt32    maxByteCount ;
    nuInt32    minNumOfCacheBuffers ;
    nuInt32    minCacheReportThreshold ;
    nuInt32    allocWaitingCount ;
    nuInt32    numDirtyBlocks ;
    nuInt32    cacheDirtyWaitTime ;
    nuInt32    cacheMaxConcurrentWrites ;
    nuInt32    maxDirtyTime ;
    nuInt32    numOfDirCacheBuffers ;
    nuInt32    cacheByteToBlockShiftFactor ;
} CACHE_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
CACHE_INFO = packed Record
    maxByteCount : nuInt32;
    minNumOfCacheBuffers : nuInt32;
    minCacheReportThreshold : nuInt32;
    allocWaitingCount : nuInt32;
    numDirtyBlocks : nuInt32;
    cacheDirtyWaitTime : nuInt32;
    cacheMaxConcurrentWrites : nuInt32;
    maxDirtyTime : nuInt32;
    numOfDirCacheBuffers : nuInt32;
    cacheByteToBlockShiftFactor : nuInt32
End;
```

### Fields

#### **maxByteCount**

Specifies the length in bytes of a cache block.

#### **minNumOfCacheBuffers**

Specifies the minimum number of cache buffers allowed on the server (default is 20, but values from 20-1000 are supported).

#### **minCacheReportThreshold**

Specifies the number of cache buffers used for the report threshold (default value is 20, but values from 0-1000 are supported).

**allocWaitingCount**

Specifies the number of processes waiting to allocate a cache block.

**numDirtyBlocks**

Specifies the number of dirty blocks waiting to be written to disk.

**cacheDirtyWaitTime**

Specifies the maximum wait before a Write request is written to disk (default is 3.3 seconds, but values from 0.1-10 seconds are supported).

**cacheMaxConcurrentWrites**

Specifies the maximum number of Write requests for changed file data that can be put in the elevator before the disk head begins a sweep across the disk (default is 50, but values from 10-100 are supported).

**maxDirtyTime**

Specifies the longest time (in ticks) since the server was brought up that a dirty block has waited before it was written to disk.

**numOfDirCacheBuffers**

Specifies the number of directory cache buffers on the server.

**cacheByteToBlockShiftFactor**

Specifies the  $n$  factor used in the block size equation.

## Remarks

The `minNumOfCacheBuffers`, `minCacheReportThreshold`, `cacheDirtyWaitTime`, and `cacheMaxConcurrentWrites` fields can be set by using the SET console command.

When the number of cache buffers reach a number equal to the sum of the numbers specified by the `minNumOfCacheBuffers` and `minCacheReportThreshold` fields, the server sends a message warning that the cache buffers are getting low.

The block size (in bytes) is calculated using:

$$\text{block size} = 2^{n+9}$$

where  $n$  is the shift factor.

## CACHE\_MEM\_COUNTERS

Returns cache memory information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuint32    originalNumOfCacheBuffers ;
    nuint32    currentNumOfCacheBuffers ;
    nuint32    cacheDirtyBlockThreshold ;
    nuint32    waitNodeCount ;
    nuint32    waitNodeAllocFailureCount ;
    nuint32    moveCacheNodeCount ;
    nuint32    moveCacheNodeFromAvailCount ;
    nuint32    accelerateCacheNodeWriteCount ;
    nuint32    removeCacheNodeCount ;
    nuint32    removeCacheNodeFromAvailCount ;
} CACHE_MEM_COUNTERS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
CACHE_MEM_COUNTERS = packed Record
    originalNumOfCacheBuffers : nuint32;
    currentNumOfCacheBuffers : nuint32;
    cacheDirtyBlockThreshold : nuint32;
    waitNodeCount : nuint32;
    waitNodeAllocFailureCount : nuint32;
    moveCacheNodeCount : nuint32;
    moveCacheNodeFromAvailCount : nuint32;
    accelerateCacheNodeWriteCount : nuint32;
    removeCacheNodeCount : nuint32;
    removeCacheNodeFromAvailCount : nuint32
End;
```

### Fields

#### **originalNumOfCacheBuffers**

Specifies the number of cache buffers that existed when the server was brought up.

#### **currentNumOfCacheBuffers**

Specifies the number of cache buffers currently on the server.

#### **cacheDirtyBlockThreshold**

Specifies the maximum number of cache blocks allowed to be dirty simultaneously.

#### **waitNodeCount**

Specifies the number of wait nodes that have been allocated. (Wait nodes are memory chunks created to track the start and end of internal processes.)

**waitNodeAllocFailureCount**

Specifies the number of times a wait node was unable to be allocated.

**moveCacheNodeCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache block control node has been moved from one node to another for memory management.

**moveCacheNodeFromAvailCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache block control node has been available and sitting in the available list and then moved.

**accelerateCacheNodeWriteCount**

Specifies the number of dirty cache nodes that were moved to the beginning of the list to be written to disk.

**removeCacheNodeCount**

Specifies the number of cache block control structure nodes that were removed while collapsing cache memory segments.

**removeCacheNodeFromAvailCount**

Specifies the number of cache block control nodes that were removed from the cache node available list.

## CACHE\_TREND\_COUNTERS

Returns cache trend information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuint32    numCacheChecks ;
    nuint32    numCacheHits ;
    nuint32    numDirtyCacheChecks ;
    nuint32    numDirtyCacheHits ;
    nuint32    cacheUsedWhileChecking ;
    nuint32    waitForDirtyBlocksDecreaseCount ;
    nuint32    allocBlockFromAvailCount ;
    nuint32    allocBlockFromLRUCount ;
    nuint32    allocBlockAlreadyWaiting ;
    nuint32    LRUSittingTime ;
} CACHE_TREND_COUNTERS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
    CACHE_TREND_COUNTERS = packed Record
        numCacheChecks : nuint32;
        numCacheHits : nuint32;
        numDirtyCacheChecks : nuint32;
        numDirtyCacheHits : nuint32;
        cacheUsedWhileChecking : nuint32;
        waitForDirtyBlocksDecreaseCount : nuint32;
        allocBlockFromAvailCount : nuint32;
        allocBlockFromLRUCount : nuint32;
        allocBlockAlreadyWaiting : nuint32;
        LRUSittingTime : nuint32
    End;
```

### Fields

#### **numCacheChecks**

Specifies the total number of times any block in the cache was looked at since the server was brought up.

#### **numCacheHits**

Specifies the number of times cache requests were serviced from existing cache blocks.

#### **numDirtyCacheChecks**

Specifies the number of times a cache block was checked to determine if it is dirty.

**numDirtyCacheHits**

Specifies the time in ticks the oldest cache block has been available (sitting in the LRU list).

**cacheUsedWhileChecking**

Specifies the number of cache blocks that were allocated and then returned to the available list while a cache was being checked during different cache operations (read, write, etc.).

**waitForDirtyBlocksDecreaseCount**

Specifies the number of times a process had to wait until the number of dirty cache blocks decreased to less than the cache dirty block threshold.

**allocBlockFromAvailCount**

Specifies the number of cache blocks removed from the available list and used.

**allocBlockFromLRUCount**

Specifies the number of cache blocks removed from the LRU list and used done if cache blocks cannot be removed from the available list).

**allocBlockAlreadyWaiting**

Specifies the number of times an attempt was made to allocate a cache block but none are available in the available list or LRU (system waits and tries again later).

**LRUSittingTime**

Specifies the time (in ticks) that the oldest cache block has been available and was sitting in the LRU list.

## CPU\_INFO

Returns CPU information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuInt32    pageTableOwnerFlag ;
    nuInt32    CPUTypeFlag ;
    nuInt32    coProcessorFlag ;
    nuInt32    busTypeFlag ;
    nuInt32    IOEngineFlag ;
    nuInt32    FSEngineFlag ;
    nuInt32    nonDedicatedFlag;
} CPU_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

CPU_INFO = packed Record
    pageTableOwnerFlag : nuInt32;
    CPUTypeFlag : nuInt32;
    coProcessorFlag : nuInt32;
    busTypeFlag : nuInt32;
    IOEngineFlag : nuInt32;
    FSEngineFlag : nuInt32;
    nonDedicatedFlag : nuInt32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **pageTableOwnerFlag**

Specifies which domain is the current domain.

#### **CPUTypeFlag**

Specifies the CPU type:

- 0 80386
- 1 80486
- 2 Pentium
- 3 Pentium Pro

#### **coProcessorFlag**

Specifies whether a numeric coprocessor is present (true=present).

#### **busTypeFlag**

Specifies the bus type:

0x01=micro channel

0x02=EISA

0x04=PCI

0x08=PCMCIA

0x10=ISA

**IOEngineFlag**

Specifies whether the IO engine is installed (true=installed).

**FSEngineFlag**

Specifies whether the file system engine is installed (true=installed).

**nonDedicatedFlag**

Specifies whether the CPU is dedicated.

## DIR\_CACHE\_INFO

Returns information for a directory cache.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuint32    minTimeSinceFileDelete ;
    nuint32    absMinTimeSinceFileDelete ;
    nuint32    minNumOfDirCacheBuffers ;
    nuint32    maxNumOfDirCacheBuffers ;
    nuint32    numOfDirCacheBuffers ;
    nuint32    dcMinNonReferencedTime ;
    nuint32    dcWaitTimeBeforeNewBuffer ;
    nuint32    dcMaxConcurrentWrites ;
    nuint32    dcDirtyWaitTime ;
    nuint32    dcDoubleReadFlag ;
    nuint32    mapHashNodeCount ;
    nuint32    spaceRestrictionNodeCount ;
    nuint32    trusteeListNodeCount ;
    nuint32    percentOfVolumeUsedByDirs ;
} DIR_CACHE_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
DIR_CACHE_INFO = packed Record
    minTimeSinceFileDelete : nuint32;
    absMinTimeSinceFileDelete : nuint32;
    minNumOfDirCacheBuffers : nuint32;
    maxNumOfDirCacheBuffers : nuint32;
    numOfDirCacheBuffers : nuint32;
    dcMinNonReferencedTime : nuint32;
    dcWaitTimeBeforeNewBuffer : nuint32;
    dcMaxConcurrentWrites : nuint32;
    dcDirtyWaitTime : nuint32;
    dcDoubleReadFlag : nuint32;
    mapHashNodeCount : nuint32;
    spaceRestrictionNodeCount : nuint32;
    trusteeListNodeCount : nuint32;
    percentOfVolumeUsedByDirs : nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

**minTimeSinceFileDelete**

Specifies the minimum time (in clock ticks) between when a file is deleted and when it can be purged.

**absMinTimeSinceFileDelete**

Specifies the minimum time (in clock ticks) between when a file is deleted and when it can be purged after the system has no available blocks.

**minNumOfDirCacheBuffers**

Specifies the minimum number of directory cache buffers that can be allocated on the server.

**maxNumOfDirCacheBuffers**

Specifies the maximum number of directory cache buffers that can be allocated on the server.

**numOfDirCacheBuffers**

Specifies the current number of directory cache buffers on the server.

**dCMinNonReferencedTime**

Specifies the time (in clock ticks) that must elapse between the last reference of a directory buffer and the time it is reused.

**dCWaitTimeBeforeNewBuffer**

Specifies the time (in clock ticks) that must elapse before an additional directory cache buffer can be allocated.

**dCMaxConcurrentWrites**

Specifies the maximum number of write requests from directory cache buffers that can be put in the elevator before they are written to disk.

**dCDirtyWaitTime**

Specifies the maximum time (in clock ticks) that the server can wait before writing dirty cache buffers to disk.

**dCDoubleReadFlag**

Specifies whether the directory block must be read and verified from both copies of directory tables.

**mapHashNodeCount**

Specifies the number of times a hash node has been allocated for directories.

**spaceRestrictionNodeCount**

Specifies the total number of disk space restrictions placed since the server was brought up.

**trusteeListNodeCount**

Specifies the total number of trustee assignments set on the file system since the server was brought up.

**percentOfVolumeUsedByDirs**

Specifies the total volume space percentage that is used by directory entries.

## Remarks

The `minNumOfDirCacheBuffers`, `maxNumOfDirCacheBuffers`, `dCMinNonReferencedTime`, `dCWaitTimeBeforeNewBuffer`, `dCMaxConcurrentWrites`, `dCDirtyWaitTime`, and `percentOfVolumeUsedByDirs` fields can be set by using the SET console command.

## DRV\_MAP\_TABLE

Returns drive map table data.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwserver.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    systemElapsedTime ;
    nuint8    SFTSupportLevel ;
    nuint8    logicalDriveCount ;
    nuint8    physicalDriveCount ;
    nuint8    diskChannelTable [5];
    nuint16   pendingIOCommands ;
    nuint8    driveMappingTable [32];
    nuint8    driveMirrorTable [32];
    nuint8    deadMirrorTable [32];
    nuint8    reMirrorDriveNumber ;
    nuint8    reserved ;
    nuint32   reMirrorCurrentOffset ;
    nuint16   SFTErrorTable [60];
} DRV_MAP_TABLE;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

DRV_MAP_TABLE = packed Record
    systemElapsedTime : nuint32;
    SFTSupportLevel : nuint8;
    logicalDriveCount : nuint8;
    physicalDriveCount : nuint8;
    diskChannelTable : Array[0..4] Of nuint8;
    pendingIOCommands : nuint16;
    driveMappingTable : Array[0..31] Of nuint8;
    driveMirrorTable : Array[0..31] Of nuint8;
    deadMirrorTable : Array[0..31] Of nuint8;
    reMirrorDriveNumber : nuint8;
    reserved : nuint8;
    reMirrorCurrentOffset : nuint32;
    SFTErrorTable : Array[0..59] Of nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

**systemElapsedTime**

Specifies how long the NetWare server has been up. `systemElapsedTime` is returned in units of approximately 1/18 second and is used to determine the amount of time that has elapsed between consecutive calls. When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps back to zero.

#### **SFTSupportLevel**

Specifies the SFT level offered by the NetWare server: 1 hot disk error fix 2 disk mirroring and transaction tracking 3 physical NetWare server mirroring

#### **logicalDriveCount**

Specifies the number of logical drives attached to the server. If the NetWare server supports SFT Level II or above and disks are mirrored, `logicalDriveCount` will be lower than the actual number of physical disk subsystems attached to the NetWare server. The NetWare server's operating system considers mirrored disks to be one logical drive.

#### **physicalDriveCount**

Specifies the number of physical disk units attached to the server.

#### **diskChannelTable**

Specifies the 5-byte table that indicates which disk channels exist on the server and what their drive types are. (Each channel is 1 byte.) A nonzero value in the Disk Channel Table indicates that the corresponding disk channel exists in the NetWare server. The drive types are:

1 = XT  
2 = AT  
3 = SCSI  
4 = disk coprocessor  
50 to 255 = Value Added Disk Drive (VADD)

#### **pendingIOCommands**

Specifies the number of outstanding disk controller commands.

#### **driveMappingTable**

Specifies the 32-byte table containing the primary physical drive to which each logical drive is mapped (0xFF = no such logical drive).

#### **driveMirrorTable**

Specifies the 32-byte table containing the secondary physical drive to which each logical drive is mapped (0xFF = no such logical drive).

#### **deadMirrorTable**

Specifies the 32-byte table containing the secondary physical drive to which each logical drive was last mapped (0xFF = logical drive was never mirrored). This table is used in conjunction with the Drive Mirror Table. If the entry in the Drive Mirror Table shows that a drive is not currently mirrored, the table can be used to determine which drive previously mirrored the logical drive. The Dead Mirror Table is used to remirror a logical drive after a mirror failure.

#### **reMirrorDriveNumber**

Specifies the physical drive number of the disk currently being remirrored (0xFF = no disk being remirrored).

#### **reserved**

Is currently not used.

**reMirrorCurrentOffset**

Specifies the block number that is currently being remirrored.

**SFTErrorTable**

Specifies the 60-byte table containing SFT internal error counters.

## DSK\_CACHE\_STATS

Returns disk caching statistics.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwserver.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    systemElapsedTime ;
    nuint16    cacheBufferCount ;
    nuint16    cacheBufferSize ;
    nuint16    dirtyCacheBuffers ;
    nuint32    cacheReadRequests ;
    nuint32    cacheWriteRequests ;
    nuint32    cacheHits ;
    nuint32    cacheMisses ;
    nuint32    physicalReadReqeusts ;
    nuint32    physicalWriteRequests ;
    nuint16    physicalReadErrors ;
    nuint16    physicalWriteErrors ;
    nuint32    cacheGetRequests ;
    nuint32    cacheFullWriteRequests ;
    nuint32    cachePartialWriteRequests ;
    nuint32    backgroundDirtyWrites ;
    nuint32    backgroundAgedWrites ;
    nuint32    totalCacheWrites ;
    nuint32    cacheAllocations ;
    nuint16    thrashingCount ;
    nuint16    LRUBlockWasDirtyCount ;
    nuint16    readBeyondWriteCount ;
    nuint16    fragmentedWriteCount ;
    nuint16    cacheHitOnUnavailCount ;
    nuint16    cacheBlockScrappedCount ;
} DSK_CACHE_STATS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
DSK_CACHE_STATS = packed Record
    systemElapsedTime : nuint32;
    cacheBufferCount : nuint16;
    cacheBufferSize : nuint16;
    dirtyCacheBuffers : nuint16;
    cacheReadRequests : nuint32;
    cacheWriteRequests : nuint32;
    cacheHits : nuint32;
    cacheMisses : nuint32;
    physicalReadRequests : nuint32;
```

```

physicalWriteRequests : uint32;
physicalReadErrors : uint16;
physicalWriteErrors : uint16;
cacheGetRequests : uint32;
cacheFullWriteRequests : uint32;
cachePartialWriteRequests : uint32;
backgroundDirtyWrites : uint32;
backgroundAgedWrites : uint32;
totalCacheWrites : uint32;
cacheAllocations : uint32;
thrashingCount : uint16;
LRUBlockWasDirtyCount : uint16;
readBeyondWriteCount : uint16;
fragmentedWriteCount : uint16;
cacheHitOnUnavailCount : uint16;
cacheBlockScrappedCount : uint16;
End;

```

## Fields

### **systemElapsedTime**

Specifies how long the NetWare server has been up. This value is returned in units of approximately 1/18 second and is used to determine the amount of time that has elapsed between consecutive calls. when `systemElapsedTime` reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps back to zero.

### **cacheBufferCount**

Specifies the number of cache buffers in the server.

### **cacheBufferSize**

Specifies the number of bytes in a cache buffer.

### **dirtyCacheBuffers**

Specifies the number of cache buffers in use.

### **cacheReadRequests**

Specifies the number of times the cache software received a request to read data from the disk.

### **cacheWriteRequests**

Specifies the number of times the cache software received a request to write data to the disk.

### **cacheHits**

Specifies the number of times cache requests were serviced form existing cache blocks.

### **cacheMisses**

Specifies the number of times cache requests could not be serviced form existing cache blocks.

### **physicalReadReqeusts**

Specifies the number of times the cache software issued a physical read request to a disk driver. (A physical read requests reads in as much data as the cache block holds.)

### **physicalWriteRequests**

Specifies the number of times the cache software issued a physical write request to a disk driver.

**physicalReadRequests**

Specifies the number of times the cache software received an error from the disk driver on a disk read request.

**physicalWriteErrors**

Specifies the number of times the cache software received an error from the disk driver on a disk write request.

**cacheGetRequests**

Specifies the number of times the cache software received a request to read information from the disk.

**cacheFullWriteRequests**

Specifies the number of times the cache software was requested to write information to disk that exactly filled one or more sectors.

**cachePartialWriteRequests**

Specifies the number of times the cache software was requested to write information to disk that did not exactly fill a sector. (Partial write requests require a disk pre-read.)

**backgroundDirtyWrites**

Specifies the number of times a cache block that was written to disk was completely filled with information. (The whole cache block was written.)

**backgroundAgedWrites**

Specifies the number of times the background disk write process wrote a partially filled cache block to disk. (The cache block was written to disk because the block had not been accessed for a significant period of time.)

**totalCacheWrites**

Specifies the total number of cache buffers written to disk.

**cacheAllocations**

Specifies the number of times a cache block was allocated for use.

**thrashingCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache block was not available when a cache block allocation was requested.

**LRUBlockWasDirtyCount**

Specifies the number of times the Least\_Recently\_Used cache block allocation algorithm reclaimed a dirty cache block.

**readBeyondWriteCount**

Specifies the number of times a file read request was received for data not yet written to disk (due to file write requests that had not yet filled the cache block). (This requires a disk pre-read.)

**fragmentedWriteCount**

Specifies the number of times a dirty cache block contained noncontiguous sectors of information to be written, and the skipped sectors were not pre-read from the disk. (Multiple disk writes were issued to write out the cache buffer.)

**cacheHitOnUnavailCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache request could be serviced from an available cache block but the cache buffer could not be used because it was in the process of being written to or read from disk.

**cacheBlockScrappedCount**

Specifies the number of times a cache block was scrapped.

## FILE\_SERVER\_COUNTERS

Returns information regarding the number of file packets received by the server.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuint16    tooManyHops ;
    nuint16    unknownNetwork ;
    nuint16    noSpaceForService ;
    nuint16    noReceiveBuffers ;
    nuint16    notMyNetwork ;
    nuint32    netBIOSProgatedCount ;
    nuint32    totalPacketsServiced ;
    nuint32    totalPacketsRouted ;
} FILE_SERVER_COUNTERS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

FILE_SERVER_COUNTERS = packed Record
    tooManyHops : nuint16;
    unknownNetwork : nuint16;
    noSpaceForService : nuint16;
    noReceiveBuffers : nuint16;
    notMyNetwork : nuint16;
    netBIOSProgatedCount : nuint32;
    totalPacketsServiced : nuint32;
    totalPacketsRouted : nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **tooManyHops**

Specifies the number of packets discarded because they had passed through more than 16 bridges without reaching their destination.

#### **unknownNetwork**

Specifies the number of packets discarded because their destination network was unknown to the server.

#### **noSpaceForService**

Is reserved (pass 0).

#### **noReceiveBuffers**

Specifies the number of times a packet was discarded because no buffers existed to receive it.

**notMyNetwork**

Specifies the number of received packets not destined for the server.

**netBIOSProgatedCount**

Specifies the number of NetBIOS packets received that were sent forward.

**totalPacketsServiced**

Specifies the total packets received by the server.

**totalPacketsRouted**

Specifies the number of all packets forwarded by the server.

## FSE\_FILE\_SYSTEM\_INFO

Return file system information related to disk operation.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    uint32_t    FATMovedCount ;
    uint32_t    FATWriteErrorCount ;
    uint32_t    someoneElseDidItCount0 ;
    uint32_t    someoneElseDidItCount1 ;
    uint32_t    someoneElseDidItCount2 ;
    uint32_t    iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount0 ;
    uint32_t    iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount1 ;
    uint32_t    iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount2 ;
    uint32_t    turboFATBuildScrewedUpCount ;
    uint32_t    extraUseCountNodeCount ;
    uint32_t    extraExtraUseCountNodeCount ;
    uint32_t    errorReadingLastFATCount ;
    uint32_t    someoneElseUsingThisFileCount ;
} FSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

FSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO = packed Record
    FATMovedCount : uint32;
    FATWriteErrorCount : uint32;
    someoneElseDidItCount0 : uint32;
    someoneElseDidItCount1 : uint32;
    someoneElseDidItCount2 : uint32;
    iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount0 : uint32;
    iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount1 : uint32;
    iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount2 : uint32;
    turboFATBuildScrewedUpCount : uint32;
    extraUseCountNodeCount : uint32;
    extraExtraUseCountNodeCount : uint32;
    errorReadingLastFATCount : uint32;
    someoneElseUsingThisFileCount : uint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **FATMovedCount**

Specifies the number of times the NetWare server OS has moved the location of the FAT.

**FATWriteErrorCount**

Specifies the number of disk write errors in both the original and mirrored copy of a disk's FAT sector.

**someoneElseDidItCount0**

Specifies this is used internally by the OS.

**someoneElseDidItCount1**

Specifies this is used internally by the OS.

**someoneElseDidItCount2**

Specifies this is used internally by the OS.

**iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount0**

Specifies this is used internally by the OS.

**iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount1**

Specifies this is used internally by the OS.

**iRanOutSomeoneElseDidItCount2**

Specifies this is used internally by the OS.

**turboFATBuildScrewedUpCount**

Specifies the number of times the OS tried to allocate a Turbo FAT index but failed.

**extraUseCountNodeCount**

Specifies the number of times the OS tried to allocate a use count node for a TTS transaction but failed.

**extraExtraUseCountNodeCount**

Specifies the number of times the OS tried to allocate an additional use count node for a TTS transaction but failed.

**errorReadingLastFATCount**

Specifies the number of times the OS received an error reading the data in the last FAT.

**someoneElseUsingThisFileCount**

Specifies the number of times the OS was reading a file that another process was also reading.

## FSE\_MM\_OBJ\_INFO

Returns media management information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    MEDIA_INFO_DEF MediaInfo ;
    nuint32         mediaType ;
    nuint32         cartridgeType ;
    nuint32         unitSize ;
    nuint32         blockSize ;
    nuint32         capacity ;
    nuint32         preferredUnitSize ;
    nuint8          name [64];
    nuint32         type ;
    nuint32         status ;
    nuint32         functionMask ;
    nuint32         controlMask ;
    nuint32         parentCount ;
    nuint32         siblingCount ;
    nuint32         childCount ;
    nuint32         specificInfoSize ;
    nuint32         objectUniqueID ;
    nuint32         mediaSlot ;
} FSE_MM_OBJ_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

FSE_MM_OBJ_INFO = packed Record
    MediaInfo : MEDIA_INFO_DEF;
    mediaType : nuint32;
    cartridgeType : nuint32;
    unitSize : nuint32;
    blockSize : nuint32;
    capacity : nuint32;
    preferredUnitSize : nuint32;
    name : Array[0..63] Of nuint8;
    mediaManagerType : nuint32;
    status : nuint32;
    functionMask : nuint32;
    controlMask : nuint32;
    parentCount : nuint32;
    siblingCount : nuint32;
    childCount : nuint32;
    specificInfoSize : nuint32;
```

```
    objectUniqueID : nuint32;  
    mediaSlot : nuint32;  
End;
```

## Fields

### MediaInfo

Points to [MEDIA\\_INFO\\_DEF \(page 221\)](#).

### mediaType

Specifies the media type of the object, as follows:

```
0  Hard disk  
1  CD-ROM  
2  WORM device  
3  Tape device  
4  Magneto-optical device
```

### cartridgeType

Specifies the type of cartridge or magazine the device can use, as follows:

```
0x00000000  Fixed media  
0x00000001  5.25 floppy  
0x00000002  3.5 floppy  
0x00000003  5.25 optical  
0x00000004  3.5 optical  
0x00000005  0.5 tape  
0x00000006  0.25 tape  
0x00000007  8 mm tape  
0x00000008  4 mm tape  
0x00000009  Bernoulli disk
```

### unitSize

Specifies the number of bytes per sector.

### blockSize

Specifies the maximum number of sectors that the driver can handle per I/O request.

### capacity

Specifies the maximum number of sectors on the device.

### preferredUnitSize

Specifies the preferred transfer unit size for the device (from 512B to 1KB for formatted devices).

### name

Specifies the length-preceded string representing the name of the object.

### type

Specifies the media manager database type:

```
0  AdApter Object  
1  Changer object
```

2 Device object  
 4 Media object  
 5 Partition object  
 6 Slot object  
 7 Hotfix object  
 8 Mirror object  
 9 Parity object  
 10 Volume segment object  
 11 Volume object  
 12 Clone object  
 14 Magazine object  
 15 Virtual device object  
 FFFF Unknown object type

**status**

Specifies the status mask for the object:

FSE_OBJECT_ACTIVATED	0x00000001
FSE_OBJECT_CREATED	0x00000002
FSE_OBJECT_SCRAMBLED	0x00000004
FSE_OBJECT_RESERVED	0x00000010
FSE_OBJECT_BEING_IDENTIFIED	0x00000020
FSE_OBJECT_MAGAZINE_LOADED	0x00000040
FSE_OBJECT_FAILURE	0x00000080
FSE_OBJECT_REMOVABLE	0x00000100
FSE_OBJECT_READ_ONLY	0x00000200
FSE_OBJECT_IN_DEVICE	0x00010000
FSE_OBJECT_ACCEPTS_MAGAZINES	0x00020000
FSE_OBJECT_IS_IN_A_CHANGER	0x00040000
FSE_OBJECT_LOADABLE	0x00080000
FSE_OBJECT_BEING_LOADED	0x00080000
FSE_OBJECT_DEVICE_LOCK	0x01000000
FSE_OBJECT_CHANGER_LOCK	0x02000000
FSE_OBJECT_REMIRRORING	0x04000000
FSE_OBJECT_SELECTED	0x08000000

**functionMask**

Specifies the function mask:

0X0001	Random read
0x0002	Random write
0x0004	Random write once
0x0008	Sequential read
0x0010	Sequential write
0x0020	Reset end of tape
0x0040	Single file mark
0x0080	Multiple file mark
0x0100	Single set mark
0x0200	Multiple set mark
0x0400	Space data blocks
0x0800	Locate data blocks
0x1000	Position partition
0x2000	Position media

**controlMask**

Specifies the control mask:

```
0x0001 FSE_ACTIVATE_DEACTIVE
0x0002 FSE_MOUNT_DISMOUNT
0x0004 FSE_SELECT_UNSELECT
0x0008 FSE_LOCK_UNLOCK
0x0010 FSE_EJECT
0x0020 FSE_MOVE
```

**parentCount**

Specifies the number of parent objects for the device, usually 1.

**siblingCount**

Specifies the number of sibling objects for the device.

**childCount**

Specifies the number of child objects for the device.

**specificInfoSize**

Specifies the size of the data structures that will be returned.

**objectUniqueID**

Specifies the number which identifies the device in the media manager database.

**mediaSlot**

Specifies the number of the slot the device occupies.

## FSE\_SERVER\_INFO

Returns information about the NetWare server.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    nuint32    replyCanceledCount ;
    nuint32    writeHeldOffCount ;
    nuint32    writeHeldOffWithDupRequest ;
    nuint32    invalidRequestTypeCount ;
    nuint32    beingAbortedCount ;
    nuint32    alreadyDoingReallocCount ;
    nuint32    deAllocInvalidSlotCount ;
    nuint32    deAllocBeingProcessedCount ;
    nuint32    deAllocForgedPacketCount ;
    nuint32    deAllocStillTransmittingCount ;
    nuint32    startStationErrorCount ;
    nuint32    invalidSlotCount ;
    nuint32    beingProcessedCount ;
    nuint32    forgedPacketCount ;
    nuint32    stillTransmittingCount ;
    nuint32    reExecuteRequestCount ;
    nuint32    invalidSequenceNumCount ;
    nuint32    duplicateIsBeingSentAlreadyCnt ;
    nuint32    sentPositiveAcknowledgeCount ;
    nuint32    sentDuplicateReplyCount ;
    nuint32    noMemForStationCtrlCount ;
    nuint32    noAvailableConnsCount ;
    nuint32    reallocSlotCount ;
    nuint32    reallocSlotCameTooSoonCount ;
} FSE_SERVER_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
FSE_SERVER_INFO = packed Record
    replyCanceledCount : nuint32;
    writeHeldOffCount : nuint32;
    writeHeldOffWithDupRequest : nuint32;
    invalidRequestTypeCount : nuint32;
    beingAbortedCount : nuint32;
    alreadyDoingReallocCount : nuint32;
    deAllocInvalidSlotCount : nuint32;
    deAllocBeingProcessedCount : nuint32;
    deAllocForgedPacketCount : nuint32;
    deAllocStillTransmittingCount : nuint32;
    startStationErrorCount : nuint32;
```

```
invalidSlotCount : uint32;  
beingProcessedCount : uint32;  
forgedPacketCount : uint32;  
stillTransmittingCount : uint32;  
reExecuteRequestCount : uint32;  
invalidSequenceNumCount : uint32;  
duplicateIsBeingSentAlreadyCnt : uint32;  
sentPositiveAcknowledgeCount : uint32;  
sentDuplicateReplyCount : uint32;  
noMemForStationCtrlCount : uint32;  
noAvailableConnsCount : uint32;  
reallocSlotCount : uint32;  
reallocSlotCameTooSoonCount : uint32;  
End;
```

## Fields

### **replyCanceledCount**

Specifies the number of replies that were cancelled because the connection was reallocated while the request was being processed.

### **writeHeldOffCount**

Specifies the number of times that writes were delayed because of a pending TTS(tm) transaction or cache busy condition.

### **writeHeldOffWithDupRequest**

Specifies the number of times that writes were cancelled since a duplicate request was received. (DO EITHER OF THESE REQUESTS GET WRITTEN? HOW ARE THEY PROCESSED- ORIGINAL OR DUPLICATE? HOW CAN THEY GET THEM TO BE PROCESSED?)

### **invalidRequestTypeCount**

Specifies the number of packets received which had an invalid request type or were received after the server was downed.

### **beingAbortedCount**

Specifies the number of packets received for a connection being terminated.

### **alreadyDoingReallocCount**

Specifies the number of times that a connection is requested when a connection already exists.

### **deAllocInvalidSlotCount**

Specifies the number of times an attempt was made to deallocate a connection slot which was not valid.

### **deAllocBeingProcessedCount**

Specifies the number of times the server was deallocated because requests were still being processed.

### **deAllocForgedPacketCount**

Specifies the number of times the server was deallocated because a forged packet was received.

**deAllocStillTransmittingCount**

Specifies the number of times the server was deallocated because information was still being transmitted.

**startStationErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times the server was unable to allocate a connection for any reason.

**invalidSlotCount**

Specifies the number of requests received for an invalid connection slot.

**beingProcessedCount**

Specifies the number of times a duplicate request was received during processing of the first request.

**forgedPacketCount**

Specifies the number of suspicious invalid packets received.

**stillTransmittingCount**

Specifies the number of times a new request is received before a reply to a previous request has been sent.

**reExecuteRequestCount**

Specifies the number of times the requester did not receive the reply and the request had to be reprocessed.

**invalidSequenceNumCount**

Specifies the number of request packets the server received from a connection where the sequence number in the packet did not match the current sequence number or the next sequence number.

**duplicateIsBeingSentAlreadyCnt**

Specifies the number of times a duplicate reply was requested when the reply had already been sent.

**sentPositiveAcknowledgeCount**

Specifies the number of acknowledgments sent by the server (sent when a connection repeats a request being serviced).

**sentDuplicateReplyCount**

Specifies the number of request packets for which the server had to send a duplicate reply (only sent for requests the server cannot process).

**noMemForStationCtrlCount**

Specifies the number of times the server could not allocate memory to expand the connection table for a new connection.

**noAvailableConnsCount**

Specifies the number of times no slots were available in the connection table for a new connection.

**reallocSlotCount**

Specifies the number of times the server reallocated the same slot in the connection table for a client that logged out and relogged in.

**reallocSlotCameTooSoonCount**

Specifies the number of times that a request came from a client to relog in before that client had been completely logged out.

**Remarks**

It is rarely possible to create suspicious packets because of faulty equipment.

If the number specified by the `forgedPacketCount` and `invalidSequenceNumCount` fields are large, it may indicate an attempt to breach network security.

Packets with bad sequence numbers are discarded.

## IPX\_INFO

Returns information about the IPX protocol.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfs.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuInt32    IPXSendPacketCount ;
    nuInt16    IPXMalformPacketCount ;
    nuInt32    IPXGetECBRequestCount ;
    nuInt32    IPXGetECBFailCount ;
    nuInt32    IPXAESEventCount ;
    nuInt16    IPXPostponedAESCount ;
    nuInt16    IPXMaxConfiguredSocketCount ;
    nuInt16    IPXMaxOpenSocketCount ;
    nuInt16    IPXOpenSocketFailCount ;
    nuInt32    IPXListenECBCount ;
    nuInt16    IPXECBCancelFailCount ;
    nuInt16    IPXGetLocalTargetFailCount ;
} IPX_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
IPX_INFO = packed Record
    IPXSendPacketCount : nuInt32;
    IPXMalformPacketCount : nuInt16;
    IPXGetECBRequestCount : nuInt32;
    IPXGetECBFailCount : nuInt32;
    IPXAESEventCount : nuInt32;
    IPXPostponedAESCount : nuInt16;
    IPXMaxConfiguredSocketCount : nuInt16;
    IPXMaxOpenSocketCount : nuInt16;
    IPXOpenSocketFailCount : nuInt16;
    IPXListenECBCount : nuInt32;
    IPXECBCancelFailCount : nuInt16;
    IPXGetLocalTargetFailCount : nuInt16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **IPXSendPacketCount**

Specifies the number of IPX packets sent by the server.

#### **IPXMalformPacketCount**

Specifies the number of IPX packets discarded because they were malformed.

**IPXGetECBRequestCount**

Specifies the number of ECB requests.

**IPXGetECBFailCount**

Specifies the number of times an ECB was requested, but could not be supplied.

**IPXAESEventCount**

Specifies the number of AES events scheduled.

**IPXPostponedAESCount**

Specifies the number of AES events that could not be scheduled, but were placed in a waiting list.

**IPXMaxConfiguredSocketCount**

Specifies the maximum number of sockets that can be open at one time.

**IPXMaxOpenSocketCount**

Specifies the maximum number of sockets open at one time since the server was booted.

**IPXOpenSocketFailCount**

Specifies the number of times a request to open a socket failed.

**IPXListenECBCount**

Specifies the number of ECBs listening for a packet.

**IPXECBCancelFailCount**

Specifies the number of ECB listens that were cancelled.

**IPXGetLocalTargetFailCount**

Specifies the number of times the server failed to find the target.

## KNOWN\_NET\_INFO

Returns information about known networks.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuInt32    netIDNumber ;
    nuInt16    hopsToNet ;
    nuInt16    netStatus ;
    nuInt16    timeToNet ;
} KNOWN_NET_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

KNOWN_NET_INFO = packed Record
    netIDNumber : nuInt32;
    hopsToNet : nuInt16;
    netStatus : nuInt16;
    timeToNet : nuInt16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **netIDNumber**

Specifies the network ID number that is used by the server.

#### **hopsToNet**

Specifies the number of routers to cross to get to the network.

#### **netStatus**

Specifies the status of the network.

#### **timeToNet**

Specifies the number of clock ticks to the network (roundtrip).

## LAN\_COMMON\_INFO

Returns information about traffic on the LAN.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    notSupportedMask ;
    nuint32    totalTxPacketCount ;
    nuint32    totalRxPacketCount ;
    nuint32    noECBAvailableCount ;
    nuint32    packetTxTooBigCount ;
    nuint32    packetTxTooSmallCount ;
    nuint32    packetRxOverflowCount ;
    nuint32    packetRxTooBigCount ;
    nuint32    packetRxTooSmallCount ;
    nuint32    packetTxMiscErrorCount ;
    nuint32    packetRxMiscErrorCount ;
    nuint32    retryTxCount ;
    nuint32    checksumErrorCount ;
    nuint32    hardwareRxMismatchCount ;
    nuint32    reserved [50];
} LAN_COMMON_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

uses calwin32

```
LAN_COMMON_INFO = packed Record
    notSupportedMask : nuint32;
    totalTxPacketCount : nuint32;
    totalRxPacketCount : nuint32;
    noECBAvailableCount : nuint32;
    packetTxTooBigCount : nuint32;
    packetTxTooSmallCount : nuint32;
    packetRxOverflowCount : nuint32;
    packetRxTooBigCount : nuint32;
    packetRxTooSmallCount : nuint32;
    packetTxMiscErrorCount : nuint32;
    packetRxMiscErrorCount : nuint32;
    retryTxCount : nuint32;
    checksumErrorCount : nuint32;
    hardwareRxMismatchCount : nuint32;
    reserved : Array[0..49] Of nuint32;
End;
```

## Fields

### **notSupportedMask**

Specifies a bit mask representing the fields in the statistics table. If the bit is 0, the counter is supported; if it is 1, the counter is not supported.

### **totalTxPacketCount**

Specifies the total number of packets transmitted by the LAN board.

### **totalRxPacketCount**

Specifies the total number of packets that were received by the LAN board.

### **noECBAvailableCount**

Specifies the number of times the LAN board failed to get a receive ECB.

### **packetTxTooBigCount**

Specifies the number of times the send packet was too big for this LAN board to send.

### **packetTxTooSmallCount**

Specifies the number of times the send packet was too small for this LAN board to send.

### **packetRxOverflowCount**

Specifies the number of times the LAN board's receive buffers overflowed.

### **packetRxTooBigCount**

Specifies the number of times this LAN board could not receive a packet because the packet was too big.

### **packetRxTooSmallCount**

Specifies the number of times this LAN board could not receive a packet because the packet was too small.

### **packetTxMiscErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times any kind of transmit error occurred for this LAN board.

### **packetRxMiscErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times any kind of receive error occurred for this LAN board.

### **retryTxCount**

Specifies the number of times the LAN board retried a transmit because of failure.

### **checksumErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times a checksum error occurred for this LAN board.

### **hardwareRxMismatchCount**

Specifies a counter that may be incremented when a packet is received which does not pass length consistency checks.

### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

## LAN\_CONFIG\_INFO

Get network card (LAN card) configuration information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    DriverCFG_MajorVersion ;
    nuint8    DriverCFG_MinorVersion ;
    nuint8    DriverNodeAddress [6];
    nuint16   DriverModeFlags ;
    nuint16   DriverBoardNum ;
    nuint16   DriverBoardInstance ;
    nuint32   DriverMaxSize ;
    nuint32   DriverMaxRecvSize ;
    nuint32   DriverRecvSize ;
    nuint32   reserved1 [3];
    nuint16   DriverCardID ;
    nuint16   DriverMediaID ;
    nuint16   DriverTransportTime ;
    nuint8    DriverReserved [16];
    nuint8    DriverMajorVersion ;
    nuint8    DriverMinorVersion ;
    nuint16   DriverFlags ;
    nuint16   DriverSendRetries ;
    nuint32   DriverLink ;
    nuint16   DriverSharingFlags ;
    nuint16   DriverSlot ;
    nuint16   DriverIOPortsAndLengths [4];
    nuint32   DriverMemDecode0 ;
    nuint16   DriverLength0 ;
    nuint32   DriverMemDecode1 ;
    nuint16   DriverLength1 ;
    nuint8    DriverInterrupt [2];
    nuint8    DriverDMAUsage [2];
    nuint32   Reserved2 [3];
    nuint8    DriverLogicalName [18];
    nuint32   DriverLinearMem [2];
    nuint16   DriverChannelNum ;
    nuint8    DriverIOReserved [6];
} LAN_CONFIG_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
LAN_CONFIG_INFO = packed Record
    DriverCFG_MajorVersion : nuint8;
```

```

DriverCFG_MinorVersion : nuint8;
DriverNodeAddress : Array[0..5] Of nuint8;
DriverModeFlags : nuint16;
DriverBoardNum : nuint16;
DriverBoardInstance : nuint16;
DriverMaxSize : nuint32;
DriverMaxRecvSize : nuint32;
DriverRecvSize : nuint32;
Reserved1 : Array[0..2] Of nuint32;
DriverCardID : nuint16;
DriverMediaID : nuint16;
DriverTransportTime : nuint16;
DriverReserved : Array[0..15] Of nuint8;
DriverMajorVersion : nuint8;
DriverMinorVersion : nuint8;
DriverFlags : nuint16;
DriverSendRetries : nuint16;
DriverLink : nuint32;
DriverSharingFlags : nuint16;
DriverSlot : nuint16;
DriverIOPortsAndLengths : Array[0..3] Of nuint16;
DriverMemDecode0 : nuint32;
DriverLength0 : nuint16;
DriverMemDecode1 : nuint32;
DriverLength1 : nuint16;
DriverInterrupt : Array[0..1] Of nuint8;
DriverDMAUsage : Array[0..1] Of nuint8;
Reserved2 : Array[0..2] Of nuint32;
DriverLogicalName : Array[0..17] Of nuint8;
DriverLinearMem : Array[0..1] Of nuint32;
DriverChannelNum : nuint16;
DriverIOReserved : Array[0..5] Of nuint8;
End;

```

## Fields

### **DriverCFG\_MajorVersion**

Specifies the Novell® defined major version number of the configuration table.

### **DriverCFG\_MinorVersion**

Specifies the Novell defined minor version of the configuration table.

### **DriverNodeAddress**

Specifies the node address of the LAN board.

### **DriverModeFlags**

Specifies the mode supported by the driver:

0x0001 Specifies whether the driver was real or a dummy; set to 1.

0x0002 Specifies if the driver uses DMA.

0x0004 Specifies to routers to pass router table changes when they occur, rather than forwarding all RIP and SAP packets; set only if bit 4 is set.

0x0008 Specifies if the driver supports multicasting.

0x0010 Specifies if the driver can bind with a protocol stack without providing a network number.

0x0030 Specifies if the driver supports raw sends, no prepending any hardware header.

0x0400 Specifies if the HSM can handle fragmented RCBs.

0x2000 Specifies if the HSM can handle promiscuous RCBs.

0xC000 Specifies the driver node address, as follows:

00 Format is unspecified; the node address is assumed to be in the native format of the physical layer.

01 Illegal combination

10 Driver node address is canonical

11 Driver node address is noncanonical

#### **DriverBoardNum**

Specifies the logical board number (1-255) assigned to the LAN board by the LSL(tm) service.

#### **DriverBoardInstance**

Specifies the number of the physical card the logical board is using.

#### **DriverMaxSize**

Specifies the maximum send or receive packet size in bytes the board can handle.

#### **DriverMaxRecvSize**

Specifies the maximum packet size in bytes that the LAN board can receive.

#### **DriverRecvSize**

Specifies the maximum packet size in bytes a protocol stack can send or receive using this board.

#### **reserved1**

Is reserved (pass zero).

#### **DriverCardID**

Specifies the number assigned to the LAN board by IMSP.

#### **DriverMediaID**

Specifies the number identifying the link-level envelope used by the MLID.

#### **DriverTransportTime**

Specifies the time in ticks to transmit a 576-byte packet.

#### **DriverReserved**

Reserved for future use (currently set to zero).

#### **DriverMajorVersion**

Specifies the major version number of the MLID.

#### **DriverMinorVersion**

Specifies the minor version number of the MLID.

### **DriverFlags**

Specifies a bit map showing the architecture supported by the MLID:

---

0x0001	EISA
0x0002	ISA
0x0004	MCA
0x0100	Hub management
0x0600	Multicast filtering and format: 00 LAN medium defaults 01 Illegal combination

---

The following bits are set if the board can share:

---

0x0020	Primary interrupt
0x0040	Secondary interrupt
0x0080	DMA channel 0
0x0100	DMA channel 1

---

The following bits are set if:

---

0x0200	A command line information string to place in AUTOEXEC.NCF is available.
0x0400	To prevent default information from the AUTOEXEC.NCF, this bit overrides the setting of bit 9.

---

### **DriverSendRetries**

Contains the number of times that the MLID retries send events before aborting the send.

### **DriverLink**

Used by the LSL.

### **DriverSharingFlags**

Contains a bit map defining the sharing abilities of the MLID.

### **DriverSlot**

Specifies the slot number of the board if installed in MCA or EISA machine; otherwise it is 0.

### **DriverIOPortsAndLengths**

Each WORD is defined below:

---

Word 1	Primary base I/O port
Word 2	Number of I/O ports beginning with primary base I/O port
Word 3	Secondary base I/O port
Word 4	Number of I/O ports beginning with secondary base I/O port

---

### **DriverMemDecode0**

Specifies the absolute primary memory address that the LAN board uses.

**DriverLength0**

Specifies the amount of memory in paragraphs the board uses starting at `DriverMemDecode0`

**DriverMemDecode1**

Specifies the absolute secondary memory address the board uses.

**DriverLength1**

Specifies the amount of memory in paragraphs the board uses, starting at `DriverMemDecode1`.

**DriverInterrupt**

Specifies the primary interrupt in the first byte; secondary interrupt in the secondary byte. FFh means not used.

**DriverDMAUsage**

Specifies the primary DMA channel used in the board in the first byte; secondary DMA channel in the second byte. FFh means not used.

**Reserved2**

Specifies the logical name of the LAN driver, given at load time.

**DriverLogicalName**

Specifies the logical name of the LAN driver, given at load time.

**DriverLinearMem**

Specifies the addresses of `DriverMemDecode0` and `DriverMemDecode1` in the first and second LONGS.

**DriverChannelNum**

Specifies the multichannel adapters. It holds the channel number of the NIC to use.

**DriverIOReserved**

Reserved for the LSL.

## LSL\_INFO

Get LSL (Link Support Layer) information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    uint32_t    rxBufs ;
    uint32_t    rxBufs75PerCent ;
    uint32_t    rxBufsCheckedOut ;
    uint32_t    rxBufMaxSize ;
    uint32_t    maxPhysicalSize ;
    uint32_t    lastTimeRxBufAllocated ;
    uint32_t    maxNumsOfProtocols ;
    uint32_t    maxNumsOfMediaTypes ;
    uint32_t    totalTXPackets ;
    uint32_t    getECBBfrs ;
    uint32_t    getECBFails ;
    uint32_t    AESEventCounts ;
    uint32_t    postponedEvents ;
    uint32_t    ECBCx1Fails ;
    uint32_t    validBfrsReused ;
    uint32_t    enqueuedSendCount ;
    uint32_t    totalRXPackets ;
    uint32_t    unclaimedPackets ;
    uint8_t    StatisticsTableMajorVersion ;
    uint8_t    StatisticsTableMinorVersion ;
} LSL_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

LSL_INFO = packed Record
    rxBufs : uint32;
    rxBufs75PerCent : uint32;
    rxBufsCheckedOut : uint32;
    rxBufMaxSize : uint32;
    maxPhysicalSize : uint32;
    lastTimeRxBufAllocated : uint32;
    maxNumsOfProtocols : uint32;
    maxNumsOfMediaTypes : uint32;
    totalTXPackets : uint32;
    getECBBfrs : uint32;
    getECBFails : uint32;
    AESEventCounts : uint32;
    postponedEvents : uint32;
    ECBCx1Fails : uint32;
```

```
validBfrsReused : nuInt32;  
enqueuedSendCount : nuInt32;  
totalRXPackets : nuInt32;  
unclaimedPackets : nuInt32;  
StatisticsTableMajorVersion : nuInt8;  
StatisticsTableMinorVersion : nuInt8;  
End;
```

## Fields

### **rxBufs**

Specifies the total number of LSL receive buffers.

### **rxBufs75PerCent**

Specifies the number of LSL receive buffers that must be in use before a warning message is issued that buffers are getting low.

### **rxBufsCheckedOut**

Specifies the number of LSL buffers in use.

### **rxBufMaxSize**

Specifies the size of the data portion of the ECBs in bytes.

### **maxPhysicalSize**

Specifies the total size of the ECB in bytes.

### **lastTimeRxBufAllocated**

Specifies the last time in ticks a buffer was checked out.

### **maxNumsOfProtocols**

Specifies the number of protocol stacks supported by the OS.

### **maxNumsOfMediaTypes**

Specifies the number of frame types supported by the OS.

### **totalTXPackets**

Specifies the number of packet transmit requests.

### **getECBBfrs**

Contains the number of ECBs that were requested.

### **getECBFAILs**

Specifies the number of times an ECB request failed.

### **AESEventCounts**

Specifies the total number of AES events that have been processed.

### **postponedEvents**

Specifies the total number of AES events postponed because of critical sections.

### **ECBCx1FAILs**

Specifies the number of AES cancel requests that failed because the event was not found on the AES list.

**validBfrsReused**

Specifies the number of ECBs in the hold queue that were reused before they were removed from the hold queue.

**enqueuedSendCount**

Specifies the number of send events in the queue that have occurred.

**totalRXPackets**

Specifies the total number of received incoming packets.

**unclaimedPackets**

Specifies the total number of unclaimed incoming packets.

**StatisticsTableMajorVersion**

Contains the major version of the LSL statistics table.

**StatisticsTableMinorVersion**

Contains the minor version of the LSL statistics table.

## MEDIA\_INFO\_DEF

Returns information on the media manager object.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    label [64];
    nuint32   identificationType ;
    nuint32   identificationTimeStamp ;
} MEDIA_INFO_DEF;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

MEDIA_INFO_DEF = packed Record
    mediaLabel : Array[0..63] Of nuint8;
    identificationType : nuint32;
    identificationTimeStamp : nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **label**

Specifies the name of the object.

#### **identificationType**

Specifies the Novell assigned number for the object.

#### **identificationTimeStamp**

Specifies the DOS timestamp of the object.

## MLID\_BOARD\_INFO

Contains information about each Multiple Link Interface Driver (MLID).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Syntax

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    protocolBoardNum;
    nuint16    protocolNumber;
    nuint8     protocolID[6];
    nuint8     protocolName[16];
} MLID_BOARD_INFO;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
Type
MLID_BOARD_INFO = packed Record
    protocolBoardNum : nuint32;
    protocolNumber : nuint16;
    protocolID: Array[0..5] of nuint8;
    protocolName : Array[0..15] of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **protocolBoardNum**

Specifies the board number the protocol is using.

#### **protocolNumber**

Specifies the protocol number.

#### **protocolID**

Specifies the protocol ID.

#### **protocolName**

Specifies the protocol name as a length-preceded string.

### Remarks

`protocolNumber` and `protocolID` can have the following values:

Name & Ethernet Frame Type	Number	ID (from Hi-Lo)					
		Byte 5	Byte 4	Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
IPX: 802.2	0	0xE0	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00

Name & Ethernet Frame Type	Number	ID (from Hi-Lo)					
		Byte 5	Byte 4	Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
IPX: 802.3		0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
IPX: Ethernet II		0x37	0x81	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
IP	1	0x00	0x08	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
ARP	2	0x06	0x08	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00

## NETWARE\_PRODUCT\_VERSION

Returns NetWare product version information (major version, minor version and revision).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwserver.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint16    majorVersion;
    nuint16    minorVersion;
    nuint16    revision;
} NETWARE_PRODUCT_VERSION;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NETWARE_PRODUCT_VERSION = Record
    majorVersion : nuint16;
    minorVersion : nuint16;
    revision : nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **majorVersion**

Specifies the major version number of the NetWare product.

#### **minorVersion**

Specifies the minor version number of the NetWare product.

#### **revision**

Specifies the version revision letter of the NetWare product. The revision letter can be expressed as a number where a = 0, b = 1, and so forth.

## NLM\_INFO

Returns information about an NLM.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    identificationNum ;
    nuint32    flags ;
    nuint32    type ;
    nuint32    parentID ;
    nuint32    majorVersion ;
    nuint32    minorVersion ;
    nuint32    revision ;
    nuint32    year ;
    nuint32    month ;
    nuint32    day ;
    nuint32    allocAvailableBytes ;
    nuint32    allocFreeCount ;
    nuint32    lastGarbageCollection ;
    nuint32    messageLanguage ;
    nuint32    numOfReferencedPublics ;
} NLM_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

uses calwin32

```
NLM_INFO = packed Record
    identificationNum : nuint32;
    flags : nuint32;
    NLMtype : nuint32;
    parentID : nuint32;
    majorVersion : nuint32;
    minorVersion : nuint32;
    revision : nuint32;
    year : nuint32;
    month : nuint32;
    day : nuint32;
    allocAvailableBytes : nuint32;
    allocFreeCount : nuint32;
    lastGarbageCollection : nuint32;
    messageLanguage : nuint32;
    numOfReferencedPublics : nuint32;
End;
```

## Fields

### **identificationNum**

Specifies the number assigned to the NLM when it was loaded.

### **flags**

Specifies a bit mask. Bits are defined as follows:

```
0x0001 = REENTRANT
0x0002 = MULTIPLE
0x0004 = SYNCHRONIZE
0x0008 = PSEUDOPREEMPTION
```

### **type**

Specifies the type:

```
0 = NLM_GENERIC
1 = LAN_DRIVER
2 = DSK_DRIVER
3 = NAM_SPACE
4 = NLM_UTILITY
5 = MIRRORRED_SERVER_LINK
6 = NLM_OS
7 = NLM_PAGED_HIGH_OS
8 = HOST_ADAPTER_MODULE
9 = CUSTOM_DEVICE_MODULE
10 = NLM_FILE_SYSTEM
11 = NLM_REAL_MODE
12 = GHOST_TYPE
13 = SMP_NORMAL_TYPE
14 = NIOS_TYPE_NLM
15 = CIOS_CAD_TYPE
16 = CIOS_CLS_TYPE
20 through 32 = NICI (Novell International Cryptographic
Infrastructure)
```

### **parentID**

Specifies the number of the NLM that caused this NLM to be loaded.

### **majorVersion**

Specifies the major version of the NLM.

### **minorVersion**

Specifies the minor version of the NLM.

### **revision**

Specifies the revision letter of the NLM.

### **year**

Specifies the timestamp of the NLM.

### **month**

Specifies the timestamp of the NLM.

**day**

Specifies the timestamp of the NLM.

**allocAvailableBytes**

Specifies the bytes available for allocation by the NLM.

**allocFreeCount**

Specifies the number of bytes freed that can be reclaimed.

**lastGarbageCollection**

Specifies the last time garbage collection was done for the NLM.

**messageLanguage**

Specifies the number representing the language the NLM uses.

**numOfReferencedPublics**

Specifies the number of external symbols referenced by the NLM.

## NWFSE\_ACCT\_INFO

Returns Server Environment accounting information. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo \(page 145\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    holdTime;
    nuint32    holdAmt;
    nuint32    chargeAmt;
    nuint32    heldConnectTimeInMinutes;
    nuint32    heldRequests;
    nuint8     heldBytesRead[6];
    nuint8     heldBytesWritten[6];
} NWFSE_ACCT_INFO;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_ACCT_INFO = packed RECORD
    holdTime : nuint32;
    holdAmt  : nuint32;
    chargeAmt : nuint32;
    heldConnectTimeInMinutes : nuint32;
    heldRequests : nuint32;
    heldBytesRead : Array[1..6] of nuint8;
    heldBytesWritten : Array[1..6] of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **holdTime**

Specifies the amount of time that the specified amount will be held before being charged to the object's account balance.

#### **holdAmt**

Specifies the amount to be held against an object's account balance.

#### **chargeAmt**

Specifies the amount to be charged to an object's account balance.

#### **heldConnectTimeInMinutes**

Specifies the connect time (in minutes) that is held before being charged to an object's account.

#### **heldRequests**

Specifies the number of requests held for accounting purposes.

**heldBytesRead**

Specifies the number of bytes the user read that have a hold on them for accounting purposes.

**heldBytesWritten**

Specifies the number of bytes the user wrote that have a hold on them for accounting purposes.

**Remarks**

The hold fields are designed to hold information as the server is reserving and calculating how much of the object's account balance will be charged. Once the charge is made against the object's account, the hold fields are cleared.

## NWFSE\_ACTIVE\_CONN\_LIST

Returns the Active Connection List by type. Used by [NWGetActiveConnListByType \(page 47\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint8                    activeConnBitList [512];
} NWFSE_ACTIVE_CONN_LIST;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_ACTIVE_CONN_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    activeConnBitList : Array[0..511] Of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **activeConnBitList**

Indicates active connections. An array of 512 bytes is returned where a bit is set for each active connection. The connection number is determined by its position in the array.

## NWFSE\_ACTIVE\_LAN\_BOARD\_LIST

Returns a list of active LAN boards in the server. Used by [NWGetActiveLANBoardList \(page 49\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfserver.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo:
    nuint16                    reserved ;
    nuint32                    MaxNumOfLANs ;
    nuint32                    LANLoadedCount ;
    nuint32                    boardNums [FSE_MAX_NUM_OF_LANS];
} NWFSE_ACTIVE_LAN_BOARD_LIST;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_ACTIVE_LAN_BOARD_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    MaxNumOfLANs : nuint32;
    LANLoadedCount : nuint32;
    boardNums : Array[0..FSE_MAX_NUM_OF_LANS-1] Of nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **MaxNumOfLANs**

Specifies the maximum number of LAN boards that can be used on the server.

#### **LANLoadedCount**

contains the number of LAN boards returned by this call to [SSGetActiveLANBoardList \(page 484\)](#). To retrieve the rest of the board numbers, call this function again, using the total number of items returned by all previous calls to [SSGetActiveLANBoardList](#) plus 1 as startNumber.

#### **boardNums**

Contains the first LAN board number. The first number is followed by board numbers for each LAN board.

## NWFSE\_ACTIVE\_STACKS

Returns information about active protocol stacks. Used by [NWGetActiveProtocolStacks \(page 51\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo:
    nuint16                    reserved ;
    nuint32                    maxNumOfStacks ;
    nuint32                    stackCount ;
    nuint32                    nextStartNum ;
    STACK_INFO                 stackInfo [FSE_MAX_NUM_OF_STACKINFO];
} NWFSE_ACTIVE_STACKS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_ACTIVE_STACKS = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    maxNumOfStacks : nuint32;
    stackCount : nuint32;
    nextStartNum : nuint32;
    stackInfo : Array[0.. FSE_MAX_NUM_OF_STACKINFO -1] Of STACK_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the `SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO` structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this parameter reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **maxNumOfStacks**

Specifies the total number of protocol stacks.

#### **stackCount**

Specifies the number of `STACK_INFO` ([page 313](#)) structures in the buffer.

#### **nextStartNum**

Is the start number to use on subsequent calls.

**stackInfo**

Contains the first ProtocolStackInfo structure in the buffer. The fields of this structure are defined as follows:

---

<code>stackNumber</code> field	Contains the protocol number.
<code>stackName</code> field	The contains the protocol name.

---

# NWFSE\_AUTH\_INFO

Returns Server Environment authentication information. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo](#) (page 145).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    loginStatus;
    nuint32    loginPrivileges;
} NWFSE_AUTH_INFO;
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
Type
    NWFSE_AUTH_INFO = packed RECORD
        loginStatus      : nuint32;
        loginPrivileges  : nuint32;
    End;
```

## Fields

### loginStatus

Specifies the login status:

Number	Constant
0x00000001	LOGGED_IN
0x00000002	BEING_ABORTED
0x00000010	MAC_STATION
0x00000020	AUTHENTICATED_TEMPORARY
0x00000100	LOGOUT_IN_PROGRESS
0x00000200	INTERNAL_LOGIN
0x00000400	BINDERY_CONNECTION

### loginPrivileges

Specifies the access privileges the logged in user possesses:

- 0x1 Supervisor privileges
- 0x2 Console operator privileges
- 0x4 Auditor privileges

## NWFSE\_CACHE\_INFO

Returns Server Environment cache information. Used by [NWGetCacheInfo \(page 53\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    CACHE_COUNTERS            cacheCounters ;
    CACHE_MEM_COUNTERS        cacheMemCounters ;
    CACHE_TREND_COUNTERS      cacheTrendCounters ;
    CACHE_INFO                 cacheInformation ;
} NWFSE_CACHE_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_CACHE_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    cacheCounters : CACHE_COUNTERS;
    cacheMemCounters : CACHE_MEM_COUNTERS;
    cacheTrendCounters : CACHE_TREND_COUNTERS;
    cacheInformation : CACHE_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Points to SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **cacheCounters**

Points to CACHE\_COUNTERS.

#### **cacheMemCounters**

Points to CACHE\_MEM\_COUNTERS.

#### **cacheTrendCounters**

Points to CACHE\_TREND\_COUNTERS.

#### **cacheInformation**

Points to `CACHE_INFO`.

## NWFSE\_CPU\_INFO

Returns Server Environment CPU information. Used by [NWGetCPUInfo \(page 55\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numOfCPUs ;
    CPU_INFO                  CPUInfo ;
} NWFSE_CPU_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_CPU_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numOfCPUs : nuint32;
    CPUInfo : CPU_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Points to SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass 0).

#### **numOfCPUs**

Specifies the number of CPUs in the server.

#### **CPUInfo**

Points to the CPU\_INFO structure.

## NWFSE\_DIR\_CACHE\_INFO

Returns Directory cache information. Used by [NWGetDirCacheInfo \(page 57\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    DIR_CACHE_INFO            dirCacheInfo ;
} NWFSE_DIR_CACHE_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_DIR_CACHE_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    dirCacheInfo : DIR_CACHE_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **dirCacheInfo**

Contains a [DIR\\_CACHE\\_INFO \(page 186\)](#) structure.

## NWFSE\_FILE\_SERVER\_INFO

Returns file server information. Used by [NWGetFileServerInfo](#) (page 67).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   NCPStationsInUseCount ;
    nuint32                   NCPPeakStationsInUseCount ;
    nuint32                   numOfNCPRequests ;
    nuint32                   serverUtilization ;
    FSE_SERVER_INFO           ServerInfo ;
    FILE_SERVER_COUNTERS      fileServerCounters ;
} NWFSE_FILE_SERVER_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_FILE_SERVER_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    NCPStationsInUseCount : nuint32;
    NCPPeakStationsInUseCount : nuint32;
    numOfNCPRequests : nuint32;
    serverUtilization : nuint32;
    ServerInfo : FSE_SERVER_INFO;
    fileServerCounters : FILE_SERVER_COUNTERS;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Contains console version information and the time elapsed since the server was brought up. For more information, see [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308).

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **NCPStationsInUseCount**

Specifies the number of workstations connected to the server.

#### **NCPPeakStationsInUseCount**

Specifies the maximum number of workstations connected at one time since the server was brought up.

**numOfNCPRequests**

Specifies the number of NCP requests received by the server since it was brought up.

**serverUtilization**

Specifies the current percentage of CPU utilization for the server.

**ServerInfo**

Specifies the NetWare server statistics.

**fileServerCounters**

Specifies the NetWare server statistics.

## NWFSE\_FILE\_SYSTEM\_INFO

Returns NetWare File Systems information. Used by [NWGetNetWareFileSystemsInfo \(page 114\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    FSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO      fileSystemInfo ;
} NWFSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    fileSystemInfo : FSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **fileSystemInfo**

Pointer to [FSE\\_FILE\\_SYSTEM\\_INFO \(page 198\)](#).

# NWFSE\_GARBAGE\_COLLECTION\_INFO

Returns information about failed requests. Used by [NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo](#) (page 81).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   failedAllocRequestCount ;
    nuint32                   numOfAllocs ;
    nuint32                   noMoreMemAvailableCount ;
    nuint32                   numOfGarbageCollections ;
    nuint32                   garbageFoundSomeMem ;
    nuint32                   garbageNumOfChecks ;
} NWFSE_GARBAGE_COLLECTION_INFO;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_GARBAGE_COLLECTION_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    failedAllocRequestCount : nuint32;
    numOfAllocs : nuint32;
    noMoreMemAvailableCount : nuint32;
    numOfGarbageCollections : nuint32;
    garbageFoundSomeMem : nuint32;
    garbageNumOfChecks : nuint32;
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO structure containing the time since the server was brought up.

### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass zero).

### **failedAllocRequestCount**

Specifies the number of memory allocations that failed since the server was brought up.

### **numOfAllocs**

Specifies the number of memory allocations made since the server was brought up.

**noMoreMemAvailableCount**

Specifies the number of times that allocation failed because there was no memory available since the server was brought up.

**numOfGarbageCollections**

Specifies the number of times garbage collection was invoked since the server was brought up.

**garbageFoundSomeMem**

Specifies the number of times garbage collection reclaimed memory since the server was brought up.

**garbageNumOfChecks**

Specifies the number of times garbage collection checked for memory since the server was brought up.

# NWFSE\_GENERAL\_ROUTER\_SAP\_INFO

Returns router and SAP information. Used by [NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo](#) (page 83).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo
    nuint16                    reserved ;
    nuint32                    internalRIPSocket ;
    nuint32                    internalRouterDownFlag ;
    nuint32                    trackOnFlag ;
    nuint32                    externalRouterActiveFlag ;
    nuint32                    internalSAPSocketNumber ;
    nuint32                    replyToNearestServerFlag ;
} NWFSE_GENERAL_ROUTER_SAP_INFO;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_GENERAL_ROUTER_SAP_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    internalRIPSocket : nuint32;
    internalRouterDownFlag : nuint32;
    trackOnFlag : nuint32;
    externalRouterActiveFlag : nuint32;
    internalSAPSocketNumber : nuint32;
    replyToNearestServerFlag : nuint32;
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

### **internalRIPSocket**

Specifies the router socket number.

### **internalRouterDownFlag**

Specifies whether the internal router is up or down.

**trackOnFlag**

Specifies whether router tracking is active (the console operator issued the TRACK ON console command).

**externalRouterActiveFlag**

Specifies whether an external router is active.

**internalSAPSocketNumber**

Specifies the number of the socket that receives SAP packets.

**replyToNearestServerFlag**

Specifies whether the server will respond to GetNearestServer.

## NWFSE\_IPXSPX\_INFO

Returns information about IPX/SPX use on a server. Used by [NWGetIPXSPXInfo \(page 85\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    IPX_INFO                  IPXInfo ;
    SPX_INFO                  SPXInfo ;
} NWFSE_IPXSPX_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_IPXSPX_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    IPXInfo : IPX_INFO;
    SPXInfo : SPX_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **IPXInfo**

Contains a [IPX\\_INFO \(page 208\)](#) structure. This structure is defined in NWSERVST.H.

#### **SPXInfo**

Contains a [SPX\\_INFO \(page 310\)](#) structure. This structure is defined in NWSERVST.H.

## NWFSE\_KNOWN\_NETWORKS\_INFO

Returns information about known networks. Used by [NWGetKnownNetworksInfo \(page 87\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numberOfEntries ;
    KNOWN_NET_INFO           knownNetInfo [51];
} NWFSE_KNOWN_NETWORKS_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

uses calwin32

```
NWFSE_KNOWN_NETWORKS_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numberOfEntries : nuint32;
    knownNetInfo : Array[0..50] Of KNOWN_NET_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Reserved for future use.

#### **numberOfEntries**

Contains the number of entries for which information is returned.

#### **knownNetInfo**

Specifies the first [KNOWN\\_NET\\_INFO \(page 210\)](#) structure.

## NWFSE\_KNOWN\_SERVER\_INFO

Returns server information. Used by [NWGetKnownServersInfo \(page 89\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numberOfEntries ;
    nuint8                    data [512];
} NWFSE_KNOWN_SERVER_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_KNOWN_SERVER_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numberOfEntries : nuint32;
    data : Array[0..511] Of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass 0).

#### **numberOfEntries**

Specifies the number of entries.

#### **data**

Specifies an array containing the following fields: SERVER\_INFO=RECORD network Address: Array[0..3] of BYTE; nodeAddress: Array[0..5] of BYTE; socketAddress: nuint16; HopsToServer: nuint16; ServerName: Array[0..47] of char8; (#0 terminated) END;  
The next field starts immediately after the trailing #0 of the last ServerName field.

## NWFSE\_LAN\_COMMON\_COUNTERS\_INFO

Returns information on LAN common counters. Used by [NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo](#) (page 91).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfs.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint8                    statisticsMajorVersion ;
    nuint8                    statisticsMinorVersion ;
    nuint32                   numberOfGenericCounters ;
    nuint32                   numberOfCounterBlocks ;
    nuint32                   customVariableCount ;
    nuint32                   NextCounterBlock ;
    LAN_COMMON_INFO           LANCommonInfo ;
} NWFSE_LAN_COMMON_COUNTERS_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_LAN_COMMON_COUNTERS_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    statisticsMajorVersion : nuint8;
    statisticsMinorVersion : nuint8;
    numberOfGenericCounters : nuint32;
    numberOfCounterBlocks : nuint32;
    customVariableCount : nuint32;
    NextCounterBlock : nuint32;
    LANCommonInfo : LAN_COMMON_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **statisticsMajorVersion**

Specifies the major version number of the statistics table.

#### **statisticsMinorVersion**

Specifies the minor version number of the statistics table.

#### **numberOfGenericCounters**

Specifies the total number of LAN common counters.

**numberOfCounterBlocks**

Specifies the number of blocks used by LAN common counters by the LAN board.

**customVariableCount**

Specifies the number of custom counters for this LAN board.

**NextCounterBlock**

Specifies the value to be passed in block numbers to the `NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo` function.

**LANCommonInfo**

Points to the `LAN_COMMON_INFO` structure containing information about the LAN board.

**Remarks**

When 0 is returned in the `NextCounterBlock` field, all common counters have been returned.

## NWFSE\_LAN\_CONFIG\_INFO

Returns LAN configuration information. Used by [NWGetLANConfigInfo \(page 93\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    LAN_CONFIG_INFO           LANConfigInfo ;
} NWFSE_LAN_CONFIG_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_LAN_CONFIG_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    LANConfigInfo : LAN_CONFIG_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass 0).

#### **LANConfigInfo**

Contains LAN configuration information.

## NWFSE\_LAN\_CUSTOM\_INFO

Returns information on LAN custom counters. Used by [NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo](#) (page 95).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                    reserved ;
    nuint32                    numCustomVar ;
    nuint8                     customInfo [512];
} NWFSE_LAN_CUSTOM_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_LAN_CUSTOM_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numCustomVar : nuint32;
    customInfo : Array[0..511] Of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass 0).

#### **numCustomVar**

Specifies the value of the custom counter.

#### **customInfo**

Specifies the description of the custom counter.

## NWFSE\_LOADED\_MEDIA\_NUM\_LIST

Returns a list of loaded media numbers. Used by [NWGetLoadedMediaNumList \(page 97\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   maxMediaTypes ;
    nuint32                   mediaListCount ;
    nuint32                   mediaList [FSE_MEDIA_LIST_MAX];
} NWFSE_LOADED_MEDIA_NUM_LIST;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_LOADED_MEDIA_NUM_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    maxMediaTypes : nuint32;
    mediaListCount : nuint32;
    mediaList : Array[0.. FSE_MEDIA_LIST_MAX -1] Of nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass 0).

#### **maxMediaTypes**

Specifies the maximum number of media allowed.

#### **mediaListCount**

Specifies the number of valid IDs returned in the `mediaList` parameter.

#### **mediaList**

Specifies the ID numbers of the returned media.

## NWFSE\_LOCK\_INFO

Returns Server Environment locking information. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo \(page 145\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    logicalLockThreshold;
    nuint8    recordLockThreshold;
    nuint16   fileLockCount;
    nuint16   recordLockCount;
} NWFSE_LOCK_INFO;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_LOCK_INFO = packed RECORD
    logicalLockThreshold : nuint8;
    recordLockThreshold  : nuint8;
    fileLockCount        : nuint16;
    recordLockCount      : nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **logicalLockThreshold**

Specifies the maximum number of logical locks a user can have.

#### **recordLockThreshold**

Specifies the maximum number of record locks the user can have.

#### **fileLockCount**

Specifies the number of files the user locked.

#### **recordLockCount**

Specifies the number of records the user locked.

## NWFSE\_LOGIN\_NAME

Returns the login name of the object. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo](#) (page 145).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    uint32    loginObjectType;
    uint8     loginNameLen;
    puint8    loginName;
} NWFSE_LOGIN_NAME;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

    NWFSE_LOGIN_NAME = packed RECORD
        loginObjectType : uint32;
        loginNameLen : uint8;
        loginName : puint8;
    End;
```

### Fields

#### **loginObjectType**

Specifies the type of the logged in object (user, group, server, etc.).

#### **loginNameLen**

Specifies the length of the login name string.

#### **loginName**

Points to the string containing the name of the logged in object.

## NWFSE\_LOGIN\_TIME

Returns the login time of the object. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo \(page 145\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    loginTime[7];
    nuint32   loginExpirationTime;
} NWFSE_LOGIN_TIME;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
    NWFSE_LOGIN_TIME = packed RECORD
        loginTime : Array[1..7] of nuint8;
        loginExpirationTime : nuint32;
    End;
```

### Fields

#### **loginTime**

Specifies the time the user logged in.

#### **loginExpirationTime**

Specifies the expiration time of the login.

## NWFSE\_LSL\_INFO

Returns LSL information. Used by [NWGetLSLInfo \(page 99\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    LSL_INFO                   LSLInfo ;
} NWFSE_LSL_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_LSL_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    LSLInfo : LSL_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass 0).

#### **LSLInfo**

Points to the LSL\_INFO structure containing the LSL information.

# NWFSE\_LSL\_LOGICAL\_BOARD\_STATS

Returns statistics concerning LSL boards. Used by [NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats \(page 101\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved0 ;
    nuint32                   LogTtlTxPackets ;
    nuint32                   LogTtlRxPackets ;
    nuint32                   LogUnclaimedPackets ;
    nuint32                   reserved1 ;
} NWFSE_LSL_LOGICAL_BOARD_STATS;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_LSL_LOGICAL_BOARD_STATS = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved0 : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    LogTtlTxPackets : nuint32;
    LogTtlRxPackets : nuint32;
    LogUnclaimedPackets : nuint32;
    reserved1 : nuint32;
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

### **reserved0**

Is reserved (pass zero).

### **LogTtlTxPackets**

Specifies the total number of packets transmitted.

### **LogTtlRxPackets**

Specifies the total number of packets received.

### **LogUnclaimedPackets**

Specifies the total number of unclaimed packets.

**reserved1**

Is reserved (pass zero).

## NWFSE\_MEDIA\_MGR\_OBJ\_INFO

Returns information about media manager objects. Used by [NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo \(page 105\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    FSE_MM_OBJ_INFO           fseMMObjInfo ;
} NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    fseMMObjInfo : FSE_MM_OBJ_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVconsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **fseMMObjInfo**

Pointer to [FSE\\_MM\\_OBJ\\_INFO \(page 200\)](#).

## NWFSE\_MEDIA\_MGR\_OBJ\_LIST

Returns the media manager object list and the media manager object children's list. Used by [NWGetMediaMgrObjList \(page 107\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                     reserved ;
    nuint32                     nextStartObjNum ;
    nuint32                     objCount ;
    nuint32                     objs [FSE_MAX_OBJECTS];
} NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_LIST;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    nextStartObjNum : nuint32;
    objCount : nuint32;
    objs : Array[0.. FSE_MAX_OBJECTS -1] Of nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **nextStartObjNum**

Contains the number to be passed as the `startNumber` parameter on the next call. When this field is -1, all information has been processed.

#### **objCount**

Specifies the number of object IDs returned.

#### **objs**

Specifies the list of object IDs.

## NWFSE\_MEDIA\_NAME\_LIST

Returns the media name by using a media number. Used by [NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum \(page 110\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                    reserved ;
} NWFSE_MEDIA_NAME_LIST;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_MEDIA_NAME_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

## NWFSE\_MLID\_BOARD\_INFO

Contains a list of each Multiple Link Interface Driver (MLID) on a specified server. Used by [NWGetMLIDBoardInfo](#) (page 112).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Syntax

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo;
    nuint8                    reserved;
    nuint8                    numberProtocols;
    MLID_BOARD_INFO           MLIDBoardInfo[FSE_MAX_NUM_BOARD_INFO];
} NWFSE_MLID_BOARD_INFO;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
CONST FSE_MAX_NUM_BOARD_INFO = 18;

uses calwin32

NWFSE_MLID_BOARD_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo :SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint8;
    numberProtocols :nuint8;
    LIDBoardInfo : Array[0..(FSE_MAX_NUM_BOARD_INFO-1)] of
        MLID_BOARD_INFO;

End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **numberProtocols**

Specifies the number of protocols bound to the specified board.

#### **MLIDBoardInfo**

Points to MLID\_BOARD\_INFO, which contains information about each MLID.

## NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ADDRESS

Returns the network address information. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo \(page 145\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    uint32_t    addressType;
    uint32_t    addressSize;
    puint8      address;
} NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
Type
    NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS = packed Record
        addressType : uint32;
        addressSize : uint32;
        address : puint8;
    End;
```

### Fields

#### **addressType**

Specifies the type of the network transport address:

- 1 IPX
- 2 IP
- 8 UDP
- 9 TCP

#### **addressSize**

Specifies the size (in bytes) of the buffer allocated for the address and the actual size of the returned address.

#### **address**

Specifies the physical address in binary form.

### Remarks

If the address is an IP address, four bytes of the address are in printable order.

---

**TIP:** The declaration of address types 1 and 2 is different from the standard declaration (found at [Network Address Types](#)).

---

## NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ROUTER\_INFO

Returns information about a specified router on the network. Used by [NWGetNetworkRouterInfo \(page 118\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   NetIDNumber ;
    nuint16                   HopsToNet ;
    nuint16                   NetStatus ;
    nuint16                   TimeToNet ;
} NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTER_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTER_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    NetIDNumber : nuint32;
    HopsToNet : nuint16;
    NetStatus : nuint16;
    TimeToNet : nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass zero).

#### **NetIDNumber**

Specifies the network ID number used by the server.

#### **HopsToNet**

Specifies the number of routers to cross to get to the network.

#### **NetStatus**

Specifies the status of the network.

**TimeToNet**

Specifies the number of clock ticks to the network (roundtrip).

**Remarks**

The `NetStatus` field can have the following values:

0x01 LOCALBIT

0x02 NETSTARTBIT

0x04 NETRELIABLEBIT

0x10 NETWANBIT

## NWFSE\_NETWORK\_ROUTERS\_INFO

Returns information about the routers on a network. Used by [NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo](#) (page 120).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   NumberOfEntries ;
    ROUTERS_INFO              routersInfo [36];
} NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTERS_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_NETWORK_ROUTERS_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    NumberOfEntries : nuint32;
    routersInfo : Array[0..35] Of ROUTERS_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **NumberOfEntries**

Contains the number of [ROUTERS\\_INFO](#) (page 307) structures in the buffer.

#### **routersInfo**

Contains the number of [ROUTERS\\_INFO](#) (page 307) structures in the buffer.

## NWFSE\_NLM\_INFO

Returns information about an NLM running on a server for the current connection. Used by [NWGetNLMInfo \(page 124\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    NLM_INFO                  NLMInfo ;
} NWFSE_NLM_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_NLM_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    NLMInfo : NLM_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **NLMInfo**

Contains an [NLM\\_INFO \(page 225\)](#) structure.

## NWFSE\_NLM\_LOADED\_LIST

Returns a list of NLMs running on a server. Used by [NWGetNLMLoadedList \(page 126\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numberNLMsLoaded ;
    nuint32                   NLMsInList ;
    nuint32                   NLMNums [FSE_NLM_NUMS_RETURNED_MAX];
} NWFSE_NLM_LOADED_LIST;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_NLM_LOADED_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numberNLMsLoaded : nuint32;
    NLMsInList : nuint32;
    NLMNums : Array[0..FSE_NLM_NUMS_RETURNED_MAX-1] Of nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### reserved

Is reserved for future use.

#### numberNLMsLoaded

Specifies the total number of NLMs loaded on the server including hidden NLMs. No information will be returned about hidden NLMs.

#### NLMsInList

Specifies the number of valid NLM IDs returned in NLMNums. A valid NLM is an NLM whose information was placed in the buffer and does not include hidden NLMs.

#### NLMNums

A list containing the numbers assigned to NLMs loaded on the server.

# NWFSE\_NLMS\_RESOURCE\_TAG\_LIST

Returns the NLM's resource tag list. Used by [NWGetNLMSResourceTagList \(page 128\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   totalNumOfResourceTags ;
    nuint32                   packetResourceTags ;
    nuint8                    resourceTagBuf [512];
} NWFSE_NLMS_RESOURCE_TAG_LIST;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_NLMS_RESOURCE_TAG_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    totalNumOfResourceTags : nuint32;
    packetResourceTags : nuint32;
    resourceTagBuf : Array[0..511] Of nuint8;
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

### **totalNumOfResourceTags**

Specifies the total number of resource tags the NLM is using.

### **packetResourceTags**

Specifies the number of resource tags the structure contains.

### **resourceTagBuf**

Contains the [resourceTagBuf \(page 306\)](#) structure.

## NWFSE\_OS\_VERSION\_INFO

Returns operating system version information. Used by [NWGetOSVersionInfo \(page 130\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint8                    OSMajorVersion ;
    nuint8                    OSMinorVersion ;
    nuint8                    OSRevisionNum ;
    nuint8                    accountingVersion ;
    nuint8                    VAPVersion ;
    nuint8                    queueingVersion ;
    nuint8                    securityRestrictionsLevel ;
    nuint8                    bridgingSupport ;
    nuint32                   maxNumOfVolumes ;
    nuint32                   numOfConnSlots ;
    nuint32                   maxLoggedInConns ;
    nuint32                   maxNumOfNameSpaces ;
    nuint32                   maxNumOfLans ;
    nuint32                   maxNumOfMediaTypes ;
    nuint32                   maxNumOfProtocols ;
    nuint32                   maxMaxSubdirTreeDepth ;
    nuint32                   maxNumOfDataStreams ;
    nuint32                   maxNumOfSpoolPrinters ;
    nuint16                   serialNum ;
    nuint16                   applicationNum ;
} NWFSE_OS_VERSION_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_OS_VERSION_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    OSMajorVersion : nuint8;
    OSMinorVersion : nuint8;
    OSRevisionNum : nuint8;
    accountingVersion : nuint8;
    VAPVersion : nuint8;
    queueingVersion : nuint8;
    securityRestrictionsLevel : nuint8;
    bridgingSupport : nuint8;
    maxNumOfVolumes : nuint32;
```

```
numOfConnSlots : uint32;  
maxLoggedInConns : uint32;  
maxNumOfNameSpaces : uint32;  
maxNumOfLans : uint32;  
maxNumOfMediaTypes : uint32;  
maxNumOfProtocols : uint32;  
maxMaxSubdirTreeDepth : uint32;  
maxNumOfDataStreams : uint32;  
maxNumOfSpoolPrinters : uint32;  
serialNum : uint32;  
applicationNum : uint16;  
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

### **reserved**

Reserved.

### **OSMajorVersion**

Specifies the major version number of the OS.

### **OSMinorVersion**

Specifies the minor version number of the OS.

### **OSRevisionNum**

Specifies the version revision letter of the OS.

### **accountingVersion**

Specifies the version of the accounting subsystem.

### **VAPVersion**

Is not used.

### **queueingVersion**

Specifies the queueing version number.

### **securityRestrictionsLevel**

Specifies the security restriction version number.

### **bridgingSupport**

Specifies the internet bridge support version number.

### **maxNumOfVolumes**

Contains the maximum number of volumes that can be simultaneously mounted on the server.

### **numOfConnSlots**

Specifies the maximum number of connections that can be used simultaneously on the server.

**maxLoggedInConns**

Contains the maximum number of connections that can be used simultaneously on the server.

**maxNumOfNameSpaces**

Specifies the maximum number of name spaces that can be simultaneously loaded on the server.

**maxNumOfLans**

Specifies the maximum number of LAN boards that can be used on the server.

**maxNumOfMediaTypes**

Specifies the maximum number of different media types allowed on the server.

**maxNumOfProtocols**

Specifies the maximum number of protocol stacks that can be used on the server.

**maxMaxSubdirTreeDepth**

Specifies the maximum depth of directories that can be used on the server.

**maxNumOfDataStreams**

Specifies the maximum number of data streams that can be used on the server.

**maxNumOfSpoolPrinters**

Specifies the maximum number of spool printers (default queue assignments) that can be used on the server.

**serialNum**

Specifies the serial number of the server.

**applicationNum**

Is included for backward compatibility.

## NWFSE\_PACKET\_BURST\_INFO

Returns packet burst information. Used by [NWGetPacketBurstInfo \(page 132\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {  
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;  
    nuint16                   reserved ;  
    PACKET_BURST_INFO         packetBurstInfo ;  
} NWFSE_PACKET_BURST_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_PACKET_BURST_INFO = packed Record  
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;  
    reserved : nuint16;  
    padding : nuint16;  
    packetBurstInfo : PACKET_BURST_INFO;  
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass zero).

#### **packetBurstInfo**

Specifies the [PACKET\\_BURST\\_INFO](#) structure containing information about packet bursts.

## NWFSE\_PRINT\_INFO

Returns Server Environment printing information. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo \(page 145\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    printFlags;
    nuint8    tabSize
    nuint8    numberCopies;
    nuint8    printToFileFlag;
    nuint8    bannerFileName[14];
    nuint8    targetServerID;
    nuint8    formType;
} NWFSE_PRINT_INFO;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_PRINT_INFO = packed RECORD
    printFlags : nuint8;
    tabSize : nuint8;
    numberCopies : nuint8;
    printToFileFlag : nuint8;
    bannerFileName : Array[1..14] of nuint8;
    targetServerID : nuint8;
    formType : nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **printFlags**

Specifies the print flags:

Value	Constant and Description
0x08	SFormSuppressBit specifies the print service suppresses automatic form feed after the print job is printed.
0x10	SCreateBit
0x20	SDeleteBit
0x40	STabBit
0x80	sBannerPageBit specifies the print service precedes the print job with a banner page.

**tabSize**

Specifies the tab size which is a value between 1 and 18 inclusive (default setting is 0x08).

**numberCopies**

Specifies the number of copies (0 to 255) of the captured file that is printed (default setting is 0x0001). If 0x0000, nothing prints.

**printToFileFlag**

Specifies that the data is sent to a file rather than a printer.

**bannerFileName**

Specifies the name of the banner that is printed when a print job is submitted.

**targetServerID**

Specifies the server ID of the queue server servicing the job. If this field is set to 0xFFFFFFFF, any queue server can service the job. If the specified queue server is not attached to the queue, QMS removes the job from the queue.

**formType**

Specifies the type of form (0 to 255) a user must mount in the printer to print files captured to the LPT device. If the form currently mounted in the printer differs from the form type returned in this field, the NetWare server console displays a message instructing the console operator to mount the correct form. The default form is 0x0000.

## Remarks

The banner specified in `bannerFileName` will be printed only if the user has selected the option to print a banner. If a banner is not specified in `bannerFileName`, a default banner will print that contains the name of the file being printed.

## NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_CUSTOM\_INFO

Returns custom information about protocol stacks. Used by [NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo](#) (page 137).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved0 ;
    nuint32                   customCount ;
    nuint8                    customStruct [512];
} NWFSE_PROTOCOL_CUSTOM_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_PROTOCOL_CUSTOM_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved0 : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    customCount : nuint32;
    customStruct : Array[0.. 512 -1] Of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **customCount**

Contains the number of [NWFSE\\_PROTOCOL\\_CUSTOM\\_INFO](#) (page 280) structures in the buffer.

#### **customStruct**

Specifies the structure with the DWORD value of the custom counter, followed by a length preceded string describing the custom counter.

## NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_ID\_NUMS

Returns the protocol stack numbers using a media number or using a LAN board number. Used by [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                    reserved ;
    nuint32                     stackIDCount ;
    nuint32                     stackIDs [FSE_STACK_IDS_MAX];
} NWFSE_PROTOCOL_ID_NUMS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_PROTOCOL_ID_NUMS = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    stackIDCount : nuint32;
    stackIDs : Array[0.. FSE_STACK_IDS_MAX -1] Of nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **stackIDCount**

Specifies the number of protocol stack ID Number returned in `stackIDs` by [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#).

#### **stackIDs**

Specifies the list of stack ID numbers.

## NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_STK\_CONFIG\_INFO

Returns information about the protocol stack configuration. Used by [NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo \(page 135\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint8                    configMajorVersionNum ;
    nuint8                    configMinorVersionNum ;
    nuint8                    stackMajorVersionNum ;
    nuint8                    stackMinorVersionNum ;
    nuint8                    stackShortName [16];
} NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_CONFIG_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_CONFIG_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    configMajorVersionNum : nuint8;
    configMinorVersionNum : nuint8;
    stackMajorVersionNum : nuint8;
    stackMinorVersionNum : nuint8;
    stackShortName : Array[0..15] Of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **configMajorVersionNum**

Specifies the major version number of the configuration table.

#### **configMinorVersionNum**

Specifies the minor version number of the configuration table.

**stackMajorVersionNum**

Specifies the major version number of the protocol stack.

**stackMinorVersionNum**

Specifies the minor version number of the protocol stack.

**stackShortName**

Specifies the short protocol name; name used to register the stack with the LSL. The first byte is the length of the string followed by the string itself. It is not a null-terminated string.

## NWFSE\_PROTOCOL\_STK\_STATS\_INFO

Returns information about protocol stack statistics. Used by [NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo](#) (page 139).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint8                    statMajorVersionNum ;
    nuint8                    statMinorVersionNum ;
    nuint16                   commonCounters ;
    nuint32                   validCountersMask ;
    nuint32                   totalTxPackets ;
    nuint32                   totalRxPackets ;
    nuint32                   ignoredRxPackets ;
    nuint16                   numCustomCounters ;
} NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_STATS_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_PROTOCOL_STK_STATS_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    statMajorVersionNum : nuint8;
    statMinorVersionNum : nuint8;
    commonCounters : nuint16;
    validCountersMask : nuint32;
    totalTxPackets : nuint32;
    totalRxPackets : nuint32;
    ignoredRxPackets : nuint32;
    numCustomCounters : nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

**statMajorVersionNum**

Specifies the major version number of the statistics table.

**statMinorVersionNum**

Specifies the minor version number of the statistics table.

**commonCounters**

Specifies the number of counters in the fixed portion of the table, current 3.

**validCountersMask**

Specifies which counters are valid, right most bit for the first counter; 0 = Counter is valid, 1 = Counter is invalid

**totalTxPackets**

Contains the total number of packets that were requested to be transmitted.

**totalRxPackets**

Specifies the total number of packets that were requested to be transmitted.

**ignoredRxPackets**

Specifies the number of incoming packets that were ignored by the stack.

**numCustomCounters**

Specifies the number of custom counters for the protocol stack.

## NWFSE\_SERVER\_INFO

Returns server information. Used by [NWGetServerInfo \(page 149\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                    reserved ;
    nuint8                     serverAddress [12];
    nuint16                    hopsToServer ;
} NWFSE_SERVER_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_SERVER_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    serverAddress : Array[0..11] Of nuint8;
    hopsToServer : nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **serverAddress**

contains the node address of the server.

#### **hopsToServer**

Contains the number of hops to the server.

## NWFSE\_SERVER\_SET\_CATEGORIES

Returns information about server set categories. Used by [NWGetServerSetCategories](#) (page 151).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numberOfSetCategories ;
    nuint32                   nextSequenceNumber ;
    nuint8                    categoryName [512];
} NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CATEGORIES;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CATEGORIES = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numberOfSetCategories : nuint32;
    nextSequenceNumber : nuint32;
    categoryName : Array[0..511] Of nuint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO](#) (page 308) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **numberOfSetCategories**

Specifies the total number of set categories supported on the server.

#### **nextSequenceNumber**

Specifies the number to be used for `startNum` on subsequent calls.

#### **categoryName**

Specifies the null-terminated (not length-preceded) string describing the category.

# NWFSE\_SERVER\_SET\_CMDS\_INFO

Returns server set command information. Used by [NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo \(page 153\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numberOfSetCommands ;
    nuint32                   nextSequenceNumber ;
    nuint32                   setCmdType ;
    nuint32                   setCmdCategory ;
    nuint32                   setCmdFlags ;
    nuint8                    setNameAndValueInfo [500];
} NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CMDS_INFO;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_SERVER_SET_CMDS_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numberOfSetCommands : nuint32;
    nextSequenceNumber : nuint32;
    setCmdType : nuint32;
    setCmdCategory : nuint32;
    setCmdFlags : nuint32;
    setNameAndValueInfo : Array[0..499] Of nuint8;
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

### **numberOfSetCommands**

Specifies the total number of set commands for all the categories on the server.

### **nextSequenceNumber**

Specifies the next number to be used for `startNum` on the next call.

### **setCmdType**

Specifies how to interpret the command as follows:

```
0  FSE_TYPE_NUMBER
1  FSE_TYPE_BOOLEAN
2  FSE_TYPE_TICKS
3  FSE_TYPE_BLOCK_SHIFT (512*number)
4  FSE_TYPE_TIME_OFFSET ([+|-]hh:mm:ss converted to seconds )
5  FSE_TYPE_STRING
6  FSE_TYPE_TRIGGER
```

The following show the types of triggers:

```
0x00  FSE_TYPE_TRIGGER_OFF
0x01  FSE_TYPE_TRIGGER_ON
0x10  FSE_TYPE_TRIGGER_PENDING
0x20  FSE_TYPE_TRIGGER_SUCCESS
0x30  FSE_TYPE_TRIGGER_FAILED
```

### **setCmdCategory**

Specifies the category the command belongs to, as follows:

```
0  FSE_COMMUNICATIONS
1  FSE_MEMORY
2  FSE_FILE_CACHE
3  FSE_DIR_CACHE
4  FSE_FILE_SYSTEM
5  FSE_LOCKS
6  FSE_TRANSACTION_TRACKING
7  FSE_DISK
8  FSE_TIME
9  FSE_NCP
10 FSE_MISCELLANEOUS
11 FSE_ERRORS
12 FSE_DIRECTORY_SERVICES
13 FSE_MULTIPROCESSOR
14 FSE_SERVICE_LOCATION_PROTOCOL
```

### **setCmdFlags**

Specifies the ways in which this category may be changed, as follows:

```
0x01  FSE_STARTUP_ONLY
0x02  FSE_HIDE
0x04  FSE_ADVANCED
0x08  FSE_STARTUP_OR_LATER
0x10  FSE_NOT_SECURED_CONSOLE (Can't be performed on secured
                                console)
```

### **setNameAndValueInfo**

Specifies the NULL-terminated string containing the name of the command at index zero, and the value that begins at `strlen(name)+1`. The string is not length-preceded.

## NWFSE\_SERVER\_SRC\_INFO

Returns address information about servers known to a server with a given name. Used by [NWGetServerSourcesInfo \(page 155\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numberOfEntries ;
    SERVERS_SRC_INFO          serverSrcInfo[42];
} NWFSE_SERVER_SRC_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_SERVER_SRC_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numberOfEntries : nuint32;
    serversSrcInfo : Array[0..41] Of SERVERS_SRC_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **numberOfEntries**

Specifies the number of [SERVERS\\_SRC\\_INFOS](#) that were returned by [NWGetServerSourcesInfo \(page 155\)](#).

#### **serverSrcInfo**

Specifies [SERVERS\\_SRC\\_INFO \(page 309\)](#).

## NWFSE\_STATS\_INFO

Returns Server Environment statistical information. Used by [NWGetServerConnInfo](#) (page 145).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    totalBytesRead[6];
    nuint8    totalBytesWritten[6];
    nuint32   totalRequests;
} NWFSE_STATS_INFO;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_STATS_INFO = packed RECORD
    totalBytesRead : Array[1..6] of nuint8;
    totalBytesWritten : Array[1..6] of nuint8;
    totalRequests : nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **totalBytesRead**

Specifies the number of bytes the user read (48-bit value).

#### **totalBytesWritten**

Specifies the number of bytes the user wrote (48-bit value).

#### **totalRequests**

Specifies the number of requests the user sent.

## NWFSE\_USER\_INFO

Returns user information for a given connection. Used by [NWGetUserInfo \(page 157\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    USER_INFO                 userInfo ;
} NWFSE_USER_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_USER_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    userInfo : USER_INFO;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

#### **userInfo**

Contains a [USER\\_INFO \(page 314\)](#) structure for the connection. The UserInformation structure is defined in NWSERVST.H.

## NWFSE\_VOLUME\_INFO\_BY\_LEVEL

Returns volume information when the information level is specified. Used by [NWGetVolumeInfoByLevel \(page 159\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   infoLevel ;
    VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL     volumeInfo ;
} NWFSE_VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL = packed Record
    serverAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    infoLevel : nuint32;
    volumeInfo : VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass zero).

#### **infoLevel**

Specifies the information level to be returned.

If this field is set to 1, the `volInfoDef` field of the [VOLUME\\_INFO\\_BY\\_LEVEL \(page 321\)](#) structure will be used.

If this field is set to 2, the `volInfoDef2` field of the [VOLUME\\_INFO\\_BY\\_LEVEL](#) structure will be used.

#### **volumeInfo**

Points to the [VOLUME\\_INFO\\_BY\\_LEVEL \(page 321\)](#) structure containing the specified volume information.

# NWFSE\_VOLUME\_SEGMENT\_LIST

Returns the volume segment list. Used by [NWGetVolumeSegmentList \(page 161\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO  serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                   reserved ;
    nuint32                   numOfVolumeSegments ;
    VOLUME_SEGMENT            volumeSegment [42];
} NWFSE_VOLUME_SEGMENT_LIST;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

NWFSE_VOLUME_SEGMENT_LIST = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    numOfVolumeSegments : nuint32;
    volumeSegment : Array[0..41] Of VOLUME_SEGMENT;
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

### **reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

### **numOfVolumeSegments**

Specifies the number of volume segments on the volume.

### **volumeSegment**

Specifies the volume information structures for all the volume segments on the volume. Only the number of structures will contain valid data.

## NWFSE\_VOLUME\_SWITCH\_INFO

Returns information about volume switches. Used by [NWGetVolumeSwitchInfo \(page 163\)](#).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo ;
    nuint16                     reserved ;
    nuint32                     totalLFSCounters ;
    nuint32                     CurrentLFSCounters ;
    nuint32                     LFSCounters [128];
} NWFSE_VOLUME_SWITCH_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
NWFSE_VOLUME_SWITCH_INFO = packed Record
    serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo : SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
    reserved : nuint16;
    padding : nuint16;
    totalLFSCounters : nuint32;
    CurrentLFSCounters : nuint32;
    LFSCounters : Array[0..127] Of nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **serverTimeAndVConsoleInfo**

Specifies the [SERVER\\_AND\\_VCONSOLE\\_INFO \(page 308\)](#) structure containing the time since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/8 of a second). When this parameter reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

#### **reserved**

Is reserved (pass zero).

#### **totalLFSCounters**

Specifies the total number of FS counters.

#### **CurrentLFSCounters**

Specifies the current number of FS counters.

#### **LFSCounters**

Specifies the number of LFS counters.

## NW\_GUID

Contains the server's Global Universal Identification (GUID).

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    GUID[16];
} NW_GUID;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
Type
    NW_GUID = Array[0..15] of nuint8;
```

### Fields

#### GUID

Specifies the GUID for the server.

### Remarks

The server's GUID is automatically generated by the OS the first time the server is brought up.

The Ethernet address of a LAN board is part the server's GUID. Once a LAN board is loaded, the GUID contains all zeros until a LAN board is loaded the first time.

The server GUID is kept in the registry so the initial GUID created for the server will be preserved across multiple reboots. If the registry is corrupted or deleted, the startup code will automatically generate a new server GUID as if this was the first time the server was brought up.

## PACKET\_BURST\_INFO

Returns packet burst information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    bigInvalidSlotCount ;
    nuint32    bigForgedPacketCount ;
    nuint32    bigInvalidPacketCount ;
    nuint32    bigStillTransmittingCount ;
    nuint32    stillDoingTheLastRequestCount ;
    nuint32    invalidCtrlRequestCount ;
    nuint32    ctrlInvalidMessageNumCount ;
    nuint32    ctrlBeingTornDownCount ;
    nuint32    bigRepeatTheFileReadCount ;
    nuint32    bigSendExtraCCCount ;
    nuint32    bigReturnAbortMessageCount ;
    nuint32    bigReadInvalidMessageNumCount ;
    nuint32    bigReadDoItOverCount ;
    nuint32    bigReadBeingTornDownCount ;
    nuint32    previousCtrlPacketCount ;
    nuint32    sendHoldOffMessageCount ;
    nuint32    bigReadNoDataAvailableCount ;
    nuint32    bigReadTryingToReadTooMuchCount ;
    nuint32    asyncReadErrorCount ;
    nuint32    bigReadPhysicalReadErrorCount ;
    nuint32    ctrlBadACKFragmentListCount ;
    nuint32    ctrlNoDataReadCount ;
    nuint32    writeDuplicateRequestCount ;
    nuint32    shouldntBeACKingHereCount ;
    nuint32    writeInconsistentPktLengthsCnt ;
    nuint32    firstPacketIsntAWriteCount ;
    nuint32    writeTrashedDuplicateRequestCnt ;
    nuint32    bigWriteInvalidMessageNumCount ;
    nuint32    bigWriteBeingTornDownCount ;
    nuint32    bigWriteBeingAbortedCount ;
    nuint32    zeroACKFragmentCountCount ;
    nuint32    writeCurrentlyTransmittingCount ;
    nuint32    tryingToWriteTooMuchCount ;
    nuint32    writeOutOfMemForCtrlNodesCount ;
    nuint32    writeDidntNeedThisFragmentCount ;
    nuint32    writeTooManyBufsCheckedOutCnt ;
    nuint32    writeTimeOutCount ;
    nuint32    writeGotAnACKCount ;
    nuint32    writeGotAnACKCount1 ;
    nuint32    pollerAbortedTheConnCount ;
    nuint32    maybeHadOutOfOrderWritesCount ;
    nuint32    hadAnOutOfOrderWriteCount ;
}
```

```

nuint32    movedTheACKBitDownCount ;
nuint32    bumpedOutOfOrderWriteCount ;
nuint32    pollerRemovedOldOutOfOrderCount ;
nuint32    writeDidntNeedButRequestACKCnt ;
nuint32    writeTrashedPacketCount ;
nuint32    tooManyACKFragmentsCount ;
nuint32    savedAnOutOfOrderPacketCount ;
nuint32    connBeingAbortedCount ;
} PACKET_BURST_INFO;

```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```

PACKET_BURST_INFO = packed Record
  bigInvalidSlotCount : nuint32;
  bigForgedPacketCount : nuint32;
  bigInvalidPacketCount : nuint32;
  bigStillTransmittingCount : nuint32;
  stillDoingTheLastRequestCount : nuint32;
  invalidCtrlRequestCount : nuint32;
  ctrlInvalidMessageNumCount : nuint32;
  ctrlBeingTornDownCount : nuint32;
  bigRepeatTheFileReadCount : nuint32;
  bigSendExtraCCCount : nuint32;
  bigReturnAbortMessageCount : nuint32;
  bigReadInvalidMessageNumCount : nuint32;
  bigReadDoItOverCount : nuint32;
  bigReadBeingTornDownCount : nuint32;
  previousCtrlPacketCount : nuint32;
  sendHoldOffMessageCount : nuint32;
  bigReadNoDataAvailableCount : nuint32;
  bigReadTryingToReadTooMuchCount : nuint32;
  asyncReadErrorCount : nuint32;
  bigReadPhysicalReadErrorCount : nuint32;
  ctrlBadACKFragmentListCount : nuint32;
  ctrlNoDataReadCount : nuint32;
  writeDuplicateRequestCount : nuint32;
  shouldntBeACKingHereCount : nuint32;
  writeInconsistentPktLengthsCnt : nuint32;
  firstPacketIsntAWriteCount : nuint32;
  writeTrashedDuplicateRequestCnt : nuint32;
  bigWriteInvalidMessageNumCount : nuint32;
  bigWriteBeingTornDownCount : nuint32;
  bigWriteBeingAbortedCount : nuint32;
  zeroACKFragmentCountCount : nuint32;
  writeCurrentlyTransmittingCount : nuint32;
  tryingToWriteTooMuchCount : nuint32;
  writeOutOfMemForCtrlNodesCount : nuint32;
  writeDidntNeedThisFragmentCount : nuint32;
  writeTooManyBufsCheckedOutCnt : nuint32;
  writeTimeOutCount : nuint32;
  writeGotAnACKCount : nuint32;

```

```
writeGotAnACKCount1 : nuint32;
pollerAbortedTheConnCount : nuint32;
maybeHadOutOfOrderWritesCount : nuint32;
hadAnOutOfOrderWriteCount : nuint32;
movedTheACKBitDownCount : nuint32;
bumpedOutOfOrderWriteCount : nuint32;
pollerRemovedOldOutOfOrderCount : nuint32;
writeDidntNeedButRequestACKCnt : nuint32;
writeTrashedPacketCount : nuint32;
tooManyACKFragmentsCount : nuint32;
savedAnOutOfOrderPacketCount : nuint32;
connBeingAbortedCount : nuint32;
End;
```

## Fields

### **bigInvalidSlotCount**

Specifies the number of requests determined not to be packet burst requests. The requests are either not NCP connections, the connection number is greater than available connection slots, or they have an invalid connection structure.

### **bigForgedPacketCount**

Specifies the number of times the station connection ID and unique IDs do not match the server'.

### **bigInvalidPacketCount**

Specifies the number of times the request packet is determined to be invalid.

### **bigStillTransmittingCount**

Specifies the number of times the previous request is still transmitting so the current requests are delayed.

### **stillDoingTheLastRequestCount**

Specifies the number of times the previous request is still being processed and read.

### **invalidCtrlRequestCount**

Specifies the number of times the type of the packet and the packet nature cannot be determined.

### **ctrlInvalidMessageNumCount**

Specifies the number of packets received that do not have a message number corresponding to what is already been sent and what is being inquired about.

### **ctrlBeingTornDownCount**

Specifies the number of times the connection is torn down.

### **bigRepeatTheFileReadCount**

Specifies the number of times an old request had to be reread.

### **bigSendExtraCCCount**

Specifies the number of times the completion code error needed to be resent.

**bigReturnAbortMessageCount**

Specifies the number of times an 'Abort Message' was returned to the server.

**bigReadInvalidMessageNumCount**

Specifies the number of times the message number comparison between the station and server failed.

**bigReadDoItOverCount**

Specifies the number of times a request that had been processed was received again and reprocessed.

**bigReadBeingTornDownCount**

Specifies the number of times the status flag is set to abort so the read is torn down before being processed.

**previousCtrlPacketCount**

Specifies the number of times the server packet ID does not compare to the station's packet ID.

**sendHoldOffMessageCount**

Specifies the number of times the station's request

**bigReadNoDataAvailableCount**

Specifies the number of times nothing was able to be read from the request packet.

**bigReadTryingToReadTooMuchCount**

Specifies the number of times the request packet was greater than 64K so was unreadable.

**asyncReadErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times an error is returned trying to read the data in from the request packet.

**bigReadPhysicalReadErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times a physical read error was encountered while reading the request packet.

**ctrlBadACKFragmentListCount**

Specifies the number of times the fragments making up the packet burst exceeded the maximum fragments allowed.

**ctrlNoDataReadCount**

Specifies the number of times a control packet was received specifying to send more data after the request was thought to be over. The station error confirmed the error that no control data was read.

**writeDuplicateRequestCount**

Specifies the number of times a duplicate write was performed after a duplicate request was processed.

**shouldntBeACKingHereCount**

Specifies the number of times a request was being initialized when a fragment count was found indicating the station still needs to send some fragments.

**writeInconsistentPktLengthsCnt**

Specifies the number of times consistency checking on packet lengths failed.

**firstPacketIsntAWriteCount**

Specifies the number of times the first fragment packet is not a write request.

**writeTrashedDuplicateRequestCnt**

Specifies the number of times a duplicate write request was received without a need to acknowledge receipt of the request so it was trashed.

**bigWriteInvalidMessageNumCount**

Specifies the number of times the message number comparison between the station and the server failed.

**bigWriteBeingTornDownCount**

Specifies the number of times the write is aborted and the connection is torn down.

**bigWriteBeingAbortedCount**

Specifies the number of times the write is aborted and the station is cleared up.

**zeroACKFragmentCountCount**

Specifies the number of times the request needs to be retried so the acknowledge fragment count is zeroed out.

**writeCurrentlyTransmittingCount**

Specifies the number of times data was currently being transmitted so the transmission needed to complete before writing.

**tryingToWriteTooMuchCount**

Specifies the number of times an attempt was made to write a total length greater than 64K.

**writeOutOfMemForCtrlNodesCount**

Is currently unused.

**writeDidntNeedThisFragmentCount**

Specifies the number of times that everything needed is already acquired so the write process is ended.

**writeTooManyBufsCheckedOutCnt**

Specifies the number of times the next packet was received without received the first packet. If the buffer cannot be kept, buffers are not released.

**writeTimeOutCount**

Specifies the number of times the write retry limit was exceeded.

**writeGotAnACKCount**

Specifies the number of times the client is resending part or all of the request back because the request timed out and there are missing pieces.

**writeGotAnACKCount1**

Specifies the number of times the client is resending part or all of the request back because the request timed out and there are missing pieces.

**pollerAbortedTheConnCount**

Specifies the number of times the poller lost track of the connection and the connection was cleared.

**maybeHadOutOfOrderWritesCount**

Specifies the number of times that extra packets for the write came in and needed to be reordered before a write completed.

**hadAnOutOfOrderWriteCount**

Specifies the number of times out of order packets were received and needed to be requested in the right order.

**movedTheACKBitDownCount**

Specifies the number of times out of order packets were reordered and information that was buffered up will not be re-requested by the out of order writes.

**bumpedOutOfOrderWriteCount**

Specifies the number of times packets needing to be reordered could not be reordered. The packets were thrown out and need to be resent.

**pollerRemovedOldOutOfOrderCount**

Specifies the number of times the write received buffers that were removed because they were on the out of order list too long.

**writeDidntNeedButRequestACKCnt**

Specifies the number of times the fragment count was zero indicating no new fragments were expected but the acknowledge bit was checked.

**writeTrashedPacketCount**

Specifies the number of times the cleaning up of additional receive buffers queued up during the execution of an error path.

**tooManyACKFragmentsCount**

Specifies the number of times a fragment placement needed to be adjusted.

**savedAnOutOfOrderPacketCount**

Specifies the number of times an out of order packet was received, saved for several seconds, and the buffer then moved onto the out of order write list.

**connBeingAbortedCount**

Specifies the number of times a station's connection was aborted.

## PHYS\_DSK\_STATS

Returns physical disk statistics.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    systemElapsedTime ;
    nuint8    diskChannel ;
    nuint8    diskRemovable ;
    nuint8    driveType ;
    nuint8    controllerDriveNumber ;
    nuint8    controllerNumber ;
    nuint8    controllerType ;
    nuint32    driveSize ; /*in 4096 byte blocks*/
    nuint16    driveCylinders ;
    nuint8    driveHeads ;
    nuint8    sectorsPerTrack ;
    nuint8    driveDefinition [64];
    nuint16    IOErrorCount ;
    nuint32    hotFixStart ;
    nuint16    hotFixSize ;
    nuint16    hotFixBlockAvailable ;
    nuint8    hotFixDisabled ;
} PHYS_DSK_STATS;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
PHYS_DSK_STATS = packed Record
    systemElapsedTime : nuint32;
    diskChannel : nuint8;
    diskRemovable : nuint8;
    driveType : nuint8;
    controllerDriveNumber : nuint8;
    controllerNumber : nuint8;
    controllerType : nuint8;
    driveSize : nuint32;
    driveCylinders : nuint16;
    driveHeads : nuint8;
    sectorsPerTrack : nuint8;
    driveDefinition : Array[0..63] Of nuint8;
    IOErrorCount : nuint16;
    hotFixStart : nuint32;
    hotFixSize : nuint16;
    hotFixBlockAvailable : nuint16;
```

```
hotFixDisabled : nuint8;  
End;
```

## Fields

### **systemElapsedTime**

Specifies how long the NetWare server has been up. This value is returned in units of approximately 1/18 second and is used to determine the amount of time that has elapsed between consecutive calls. When `systemElapsedTime` reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps back to zero.

### **diskChannel**

Specifies the disk channel to which the disk unit is attached.

### **diskRemovable**

Specifies whether a disk is removable (0 = nonremovable).

### **driveType**

Specifies the type of drive, defined as follows:

```
1   XT  
2   AT  
3   SCSI  
4   disk coprocessor  
5   PS/2 with MFM Controller  
6   PS/2 with ESDI Controller  
7   Convergent Technology SBIC  
50 to 255 Value-Added Disk Drive
```

### **controllerDriveNumber**

Specifies the drive number of the disk unit relative to the controller number.

### **controllerNumber**

Specifies the address on the physical disk channel of the disk controller.

### **controllerType**

Specifies the number identifying the type (make and model) of the disk controller.

### **driveSize**

Specifies the size of the physical drive in blocks (1 block = 4,096 bytes). The drive size does not include the portion of the disk reserved for Hot Fix redirection in the event of media errors.

### **driveCylinders**

Specifies the number of physical cylinders on the drive.

### **driveHeads**

Specifies the number of disk heads on the drive.

### **sectorsPerTrack**

Specifies the number of sectors on each disk track (1 sector = 512 bytes).

### **driveDefinition**

Specifies the make and model of the drive (NULL-terminated string).

**IOErrorCount**

Specifies the number of times I/O errors have occurred on the disk since the server was brought up.

**hotFixStart**

Specifies the first block of the disk Hot Fix Redirection Table. This field is meaningful only with SFT(tm) NetWare Level I or above. The redirection table is used to replace bad disk blocks with usable blocks in the event that a media failure occurs on the disk

**hotFixSize**

Specifies the total number of redirection blocks set aside on the disk for Hot Fix redirection. Some or all of these blocks may be in use. `hotFixSize` is meaningful only with SFT NetWare Level I or above. To determine the number of redirection blocks still available for future use, see `hotFixBlocksAvailable`

**hotFixBlockAvailable**

Specifies the number of redirection blocks that are still available. `hotFixBlockAvailable` is meaningful only on SFT NetWare Level I or above.

**hotFixDisabled**

Specifies whether Hot Fix is enabled or disabled. `hotFixDisabled` is meaningful only with SFT NetWare Level I or above (0 = enabled).

## resourceTagBuf

Returns information about resources used by NLMs on a server.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    number ;
    nuint32    signature ;
    nuint32    count ;
    nuint8     name [] ;
} resourceTagBuf;
```

### Fields

**number**

Contains the number assigned to the resource tag when it was allocated.

**signature**

Contains the signature of the resource tag.

**count**

Contains the number of this kind of tag that has been allocated.

**name**

Contains the name of the resource tag.

## ROUTERS\_INFO

Returns information about the routers on a network.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    nodeAddress [6];
    nuint32   connectedLAN ;
    nuint16   routeHops ;
    nuint16   routeTime ;
} ROUTERS_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

ROUTERS_INFO = packed Record
    nodeAddress : Array[0..5] Of nuint8;
    connectedLAN : nuint32;
    routeHops : nuint16;
    routeTime : nuint16;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **nodeAddress**

Contains the 6-byte network address of the router.

#### **connectedLAN**

Contains the LAN board number of the router.

#### **routeHops**

Contains the number of hops to the network specified by *networkNumber*.

#### **routeTime**

Contains the time (in ticks) to the network specified by *networkNumber*.

# SERVER\_AND\_VCONSOLE\_INFO

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    currentServerTime ;
    nuint8     vconsoleVersion ;
    nuint8     vconsoleRevision ;
} SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO = packed Record
    currentServerTime : nuint32;
    vconsoleVersion : nuint8;
    vconsoleRevision : nuint8
End;
```

## Fields

### **currentServerTime**

Specifies the time in ticks (about 1/18 second) since the server was brought up. When `currentServerTime` reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to 0.

---

**NOTE:** The tick count is derived from the original PC NTSC crystal frequency of 14.317180 MHz divided by 12 which is about 1.193MHz. The PC's 8253/8254 PIT further divides this clock by 65536 to generate an interrupt 18.207 times a second which approximates to one interrupt every 54.925 mS.

---

### **vconsoleVersion**

Specifies the console version number and tracks the packet format.

### **vconsoleRevision**

Specifies the console version revision number and tracks the packet format.

# SERVERS\_SRC\_INFO

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    serverNode [6];
    nuint32   connectedLAN ;
    nuint16   sourceHops ;
} SERVERS_SRC_INFO;
```

## Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

SERVERS_SRC_INFO = packed Record
    serverNode : Array[0.. 6 -1] Of nuint8;
    connectedLAN : nuint32;
    sourceHops : nuint16;
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverNode**

Specifies the node address of the server.

### **connectedLAN**

Specifies the LAN board number of the server.

### **sourceHops**

Specifies the number of hops to the server.

## SPX\_INFO

Returns information about the SPX protocol.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint16    SPXMaxConnsCount ;
    nuint16    SPXMaxUsedConns ;
    nuint16    SPXEstConnReq ;
    nuint16    SPXEstConnFail ;
    nuint16    SPXListenConnectReq ;
    nuint16    SPXListenConnectFail ;
    nuint32    SPXSendCount ;
    nuint32    SPXWindowChokeCount ;
    nuint16    SPXBadSendCount ;
    nuint16    SPXSendFailCount ;
    nuint16    SPXAbortedConn ;
    nuint32    SPXListenPacketCount ;
    nuint16    SPXBadListenCount ;
    nuint32    SPXIncomingPacketCount ;
    nuint16    SPXBadInPacketCount ;
    nuint16    SPXSuppressedPackCount ;
    nuint16    SPXNoSesListenECBCount ;
    nuint16    SPXWatchDogDestSesCount ;
} SPX_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

SPX_INFO = packed Record
    SPXMaxConnsCount : nuint16;
    SPXMaxUsedConns : nuint16;
    SPXEstConnReq : nuint16;
    SPXEstConnFail : nuint16;
    SPXListenConnectReq : nuint16;
    SPXListenConnectFail : nuint16;
    SPXSendCount : nuint32;
    SPXWindowChokeCount : nuint32;
    SPXBadSendCount : nuint16;
    SPXSendFailCount : nuint16;
    SPXAbortedConn : nuint16;
    SPXListenPacketCount : nuint32;
    SPXBadListenCount : nuint16;
    SPXIncomingPacketCount : nuint32;
    SPXBadInPacketCount : nuint16;
    SPXSuppressedPackCount : nuint16;
```

```
    SPXNoSesListenECBCount : nuint16;  
    SPXWatchDogDestSesCount : nuint16;  
End;
```

## Fields

### **SPXMaxConnsCount**

Specifies the maximum number of SPX™ connections allowed on the server.

### **SPXMaxUsedConns**

Specifies the maximum number of SPX connections used at one time since the server was booted.

### **SPXEstConnReq**

Specifies the total number of SPX connections established since the server was booted.

### **SPXEstConnFail**

Specifies the number of times that an attempt to establish an SPX connection failed since the server was booted.

### **SPXListenConnectReq**

Specifies the number of requests to post a listen since the server was booted.

### **SPXListenConnectFail**

Specifies the number of times a request to post a listen failed since the server was booted.

### **SPXSendCount**

Specifies the number of SPX packets sent since the server was booted.

### **SPXWindowChokeCount**

Specifies the value used internally for debugging.

### **SPXBadSendCount**

Specifies the number of bad packets sent since the server was booted.

### **SPXSendFailCount**

Specifies the number of packets sent for which no acknowledgment was received since the server was booted.

### **SPXAbortedConn**

Specifies the number of times a connection was aborted since the server was booted.

### **SPXListenPacketCount**

Specifies the number of times a listen was posted on a socket since the server was booted.

### **SPXBadListenCount**

Specifies the number of times a listen on a socket failed since the server was booted.

### **SPXIncomingPacketCount**

Specifies the number of packets in the queue.

**SPXBadInPacketCount**

Specifies the number of bad SPX packets received since the server was booted.

**SPXSuppressedPackCount**

Specifies the number of times a duplicate SPX packet was received since the server was booted.

**SPXNoSesListenECBCount**

Specifies the number of times a listen was posted on a session that was not established since the server was booted.

**SPXWatchDogDestSesCount**

Specifies the number of times the watchdog destroyed a session since the server was booted.

## STACK\_INFO

Returns information about the stack.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    uint32_t    StackNum ;
    uint8_t    StackShortName [16];
} STACK_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

STACK_INFO = packed Record
    StackNum : uint32;
    StackShortName : Array[0..15] Of uint8;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **StackNum**

Specifies the protocol number.

#### **StackShortName**

Specifies the protocol short name with `StackShortName` being the length, and the rest of the name following. It is not null-terminated.

## USER\_INFO

Returns information about a user connection.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    connNum ;
    nuint32    useCount ;
    nuint8     connServiceType ;
    nuint8     loginTime [7];
    nuint32    status ;
    nuint32    expirationTime ;
    nuint32    objType ;
    nuint8     transactionFlag ;
    nuint8     logicalLockThreshold ;
    nuint8     recordLockThreshold ;
    nuint8     fileWriteFlags ;
    nuint8     fileWriteState ;
    nuint8     filler ;
    nuint16    fileLockCount ;
    nuint16    recordLockCount ;
    nuint8     totalBytesRead [6];
    nuint8     totalBytesWritten [6];
    nuint32    totalRequests ;
    nuint32    heldRequests ;
    nuint8     heldBytesRead [6];
    nuint8     heldBytesWritten [6];
} USER_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

USER_INFO = packed Record
    connNum : nuint32;
    useCount : nuint32;
    connServiceType : nuint8;
    loginTime : Array[0..6] Of nuint8;
    status : nuint32;
    expirationTime : nuint32;
    objType : nuint32;
    transactionFlag : nuint8;
    logicalLockThreshold : nuint8;
    recordLockThreshold : nuint8;
    fileWriteFlags : nuint8;
    fileWriteState : nuint8;
    filler : nuint8;
```

```
fileLockCount : nuint16;  
recordLockCount : nuint16;  
totalBytesRead : Array[0..5] Of nuint8;  
totalBytesWritten : Array[0..5] Of nuint8;  
totalRequests : nuint32;  
heldRequests : nuint32;  
heldBytesRead : Array[0..5] Of nuint8;  
heldBytesWritten : Array[0..5] Of nuint8;  
End;
```

## Fields

### **connNum**

Specifies the connection number of the user.

### **useCount**

Specifies if the connection is in use:

1 Connection is in use

0 Connection is not in use

### **connServiceType**

Specifies the connection type.

### **loginTime**

Specifies the time the user logged in.

### **status**

Specifies the status of the connection.

### **expirationTime**

Specifies the expiration time.

### **objType**

Specifies the object type of the user (usually 0x0100).

### **transactionFlag**

Specifies the transaction tracking information.

### **logicalLockThreshold**

Specifies the maximum number of logical locks a user can have.

### **recordLockThreshold**

Specifies the maximum number of record locks the user can have.

### **fileWriteFlags**

Specifies the writing status (includes active and stop bits):

1 FSE\_WRITE

2 FSE\_WRITE\_ABORTED

**fileWriteState**

Specifies the writing status:

- 0 FSE\_NOT\_WRITING
- 1 FSE\_WRITE\_IN\_PROGRESS
- 2 FSE\_WRITE\_BEING\_STOPPED

**filler**

Is unused.

**fileLockCount**

Specifies the number of files the user locked.

**recordLockCount**

Specifies the number of records the user locked.

**totalBytesRead**

Specifies the number of bytes the user read (48-bit value).

**totalBytesWritten**

Specifies the number of bytes the user wrote (48-bit value).

**totalRequests**

Specifies the number of requests the user sent.

**heldRequests**

Specifies the number of requests held for accounting purposes.

**heldBytesRead**

Specifies the number of bytes the user read that have a hold on them for accounting purposes.

**heldBytesWritten**

Specifies the number of bytes the user wrote that have a hold on them for accounting purposes.

## Remarks

`connServiceType` can have the following values:

- 2 FSE\_NCP\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 3 FSE\_NLM\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 4 FSE\_AFP\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 5 FSE\_FTAM\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 6 FSE\_ANCP\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 7 FSE\_ACP\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 8 FSE\_SMB\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 9 FSE\_WINSOCK\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 10 FSE\_HTTP\_CONNECTION\_TYPE
- 11 FSE\_UDP\_CONNECTION\_TYPE

status can have the following values:

0x00000001 FSE\_LOGGED\_IN  
0x00000002 FSE\_BEING\_ABORTED  
0x00000004 FSE\_AUDITED  
0x00000008 FSE\_NEEDS\_SECURITY\_CHANGE  
0x00000010 FSE\_MAC\_STATION  
0x00000020 FSE\_AUTHENTICATED\_TEMPORARY  
0x00000040 FSE\_AUDIT\_CONNECTION\_RECORDED  
0x00000080 FSE\_DSAUDIT\_CONNECTION\_RECORDED

## VERSION\_INFO

Returns version information about the logical components of a NetWare server.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwserver.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint8    serverName [48];
    nuint8    fileServiceVersion ;
    nuint8    fileServiceSubVersion ;
    nuint16   maximumServiceConnections ;
    nuint16   connectionsInUse ;
    nuint16   maxNumberVolumes ;
    nuint8    revision ;
    nuint8    SFTLevel ;
    nuint8    TTSLevel ;
    nuint16   maxConnectionsEverUsed ;
    nuint8    accountVersion ;
    nuint8    VAPVersion ;
    nuint8    queueVersion ;
    nuint8    printVersion ;
    nuint8    virtualConsoleVersion ;
    nuint8    restrictionLevel ;
    nuint8    internetBridge ;
    nuint8    reserved [60];
} VERSION_INFO;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

VERSION_INFO = packed Record
    serverName : Array[0..47] Of nuint8;
    fileServiceVersion : nuint8;
    fileServiceSubVersion : nuint8;
    maximumServiceConnections : nuint16;
    connectionsInUse : nuint16;
    maxNumberVolumes : nuint16;
    revision : nuint8;
    SFTLevel : nuint8;
    TTSLevel : nuint8;
    maxConnectionsEverUsed : nuint16;
    accountVersion : nuint8;
    VAPVersion : nuint8;
    queueVersion : nuint8;
    printVersion : nuint8;
    virtualConsoleVersion : nuint8;
    restrictionLevel : nuint8;
```

```
internetBridge : nuInt8;  
reserved : Array[0..59] Of nuInt8;  
End;
```

## Fields

### **serverName**

Specifies the name of the queried server.

### **fileServiceVersion**

Specifies the major NetWare version number of the running server.

### **fileServiceSubVersion**

Specifies the minor NetWare version number of the running server.

### **maximumServiceConnections**

Specifies the maximum number of connection slots (licensed or unlicensed) that the server has allocated since it came up, which is not the same as how many connections the server can support.

### **connectionsInUse**

Specifies how many connections are currently using the server at the time of the query.

### **maxNumberVolumes**

Specifies the maximum number of volumes the server supports.

### **revision**

Specifies the revision level of the NetWare version number running on the server.

### **SFTLevel**

Specifies which SFT level the server operating system is using.

### **TTSLevel**

Specifies which TTS level the server operating system is using.

### **maxConnectionsEverUsed**

Specifies the maximum number of licensed connections in use at one time since the server was installed.

### **accountVersion**

Specifies the accounting version number.

### **VAPVersion**

Specifies the VAP version number, which is only used with NetWare versions prior to 3.0.

### **queueVersion**

Specifies the queuing version number.

### **printVersion**

Specifies the Print Server version number.

**virtualConsoleVersion**

Specifies the Virtual Console version number.

**restrictionLevel**

Specifies the Security Restriction version number.

**internetBridge**

Specifies the Internet Bridge support version number.

**reserved**

Is reserved for future use.

**Remarks**

To get product version information (major, minor, and revision), call the [NWGetNetWareProductVersion \(page 116\)](#) function.

# VOLUME\_INFO\_BY\_LEVEL

Returns volume information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

## Structure

```
typedef union
{
    VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF    volInfoDef ;
    VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF2   volInfoDef2 ;
} VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL;
```

## Delphi Syntax

Type

```
VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL = packed RECORD
    case integer of
        1: (volinfoDef : VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF);
        2: (volinfoDef2 : VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF2);
    End;
```

## Fields

### **volInfoDef**

Pointer to [VOLUME\\_INFO\\_BY\\_LEVEL\\_DEF](#) (page 322).

### **volInfoDef2**

Pointer to [VOLUME\\_INFO\\_BY\\_LEVEL\\_DEF2](#) (page 327).

## VOLUME\_INFO\_BY\_LEVEL\_DEF

Returns volumen information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    volumeType ;
    nuint32    statusFlagBits ;
    nuint32    sectorSize ;
    nuint32    sectorsPerCluster ;
    nuint32    volumeSizeInClusters ;
    nuint32    freedClusters ;
    nuint32    subAllocFreeableClusters ;
    nuint32    freeableLimboSectors ;
    nuint32    nonFreeableLimboSectors ;
    nuint32    nonFreeableAvailSubAllocSectors ;
    nuint32    notUsableSubAllocSectors ;
    nuint32    subAllocClusters ;
    nuint32    dataStreamsCount ;
    nuint32    limboDataStreamsCount ;
    nuint32    oldestDeletedFileAgeInTicks ;
    nuint32    compressedDataStreamsCount ;
    nuint32    compressedLimboDataStreamsCount ;
    nuint32    unCompressableDataStreamsCount ;
    nuint32    preCompressedSectors ;
    nuint32    compressedSectors ;
    nuint32    migratedFiles ;
    nuint32    migratedSectors ;
    nuint32    clustersUsedByFAT ;
    nuint32    clustersUsedByDirectories ;
    nuint32    clustersUsedbyExtendedDirs ;
    nuint32    totalDirectoryEntries ;
    nuint32    unusedDirectoryEntries ;
    nuint32    totalExtendedDirectoryExtants ;
    nuint32    unusedExtendedDirectoryExtants ;
    nuint32    extendedAttributesDefined ;
    nuint32    extendedAttributeExtantsUsed ;
    nuint32    directoryServicesObjectID ;
    nuint32    volumeLastModifiedDateAndTime ;
} VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32
```

```
VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF = packed Record
    volumeType : nuint32;
```

```

statusFlagBits : nuint32;
sectorSize : nuint32;
sectorsPerCluster : nuint32;
volumeSizeInClusters : nuint32;
freedClusters : nuint32;
subAllocFreeableClusters : nuint32;
freeableLimboSectors : nuint32;
nonFreeableLimboSectors : nuint32;
nonFreeableAvailSubAllocSectors : nuint32;
notUsableSubAllocSectors : nuint32;
subAllocClusters : nuint32;
dataStreamsCount : nuint32;
limboDataStreamsCount : nuint32;
oldestDeletedFileAgeInTicks : nuint32;
compressedDataStreamsCount : nuint32;
compressedLimboDataStreamsCount : nuint32;
unCompressableDataStreamsCount : nuint32;
preCompressedSectors : nuint32;
compressedSectors : nuint32;
migratedFiles : nuint32;
migratedSectors : nuint2;
clustersUsedByFAT : nunt32;
clustersUsedByDirectories : nuint32;
clustersUsedByExtendedDirs : nuint32;
totalDirectoryEntries : nuint32;
unusedDirectoryEntries : nuint32;
totalExtendedDirectoryExtants : nuint32;
unusedExtendedDirectoryExtants : nuint32;
extendedAttributesDefined : nuint32;
extendedAttributeExtantsUsed : nuint32;
directoryServicesObjectID : nuint32;
volumeLastModifiedDateAndTime : nuint32;
End;

```

## Fields

### **volumeType**

Specifies the defined type of the current volume.

### **statusFlagBits**

Specifies the options that are currently available on the volume.

### **sectorSize**

Specifies the sector size (in bytes).

### **sectorsPerCluster**

Specifies the number of sectors per cluster or block.

### **volumeSizeInClusters**

Specifies the size of the volume (in clusters or blocks).

### **freedClusters**

Specifies the number of clusters or blocks that are currently free for allocation (does not include space that is currently available from deleted or limbo files, nor space that could be reclaimed from the suballocation file system).

**subAllocFreeableClusters**

Specifies the space that can be reclaimed from the suballocation file system.

**freeableLimboSectors**

Specifies the disk space (in clusters or blocks) that can be freed from deleted files.

**nonFreeableLimboSectors**

Specifies the disk space (in clusters or blocks) that is currently in deleted files and is not aged enough to be classified as `freeableLimboClusters`.

**nonFreeableAvailSubAllocSectors**

Specifies the space available to the suballocation file system, but not freeable to return as clusters or blocks.

**notUsableSubAllocSectors**

Specifies the disk space that is wasted by the suballocation file system. These clusters cannot be allocated by the suballocation system or used a regular clusters or blocks.

**subAllocClusters**

Specifies the disk space being used by the suballocation file system.

**dataStreamsCount**

Specifies the number of data streams for real files that have data allocated to them.

**limboDataStreamsCount**

Specifies the number of data streams for deleted files that have data allocated to them.

**oldestDeletedFileAgeInTicks**

Specifies the current age of the oldest file (in ticks).

**compressedDataStreamsCount**

Specifies the number of data streams for compressed real files.

**compressedLimboDataStreamsCount**

Specifies the number of data streams for compressed deleted files.

**unCompressableDataStreamsCount**

Specifies the number of data streams that are not compressable (real and deleted).

**preCompressedSectors**

Specifies the amount of disk space that was allocated to all files before they were compressed (includes "hole" space).

**compressedSectors**

Specifies the amount of disk space that is used by all compressed files.

**migratedFiles**

Specifies the number of migrated files.

**migratedSectors**

Specifies the amount of migrated disk space (in sectors).

**clustersUsedByFAT**

Specifies the amount of disk space (in clusters or blocks) being used by the FAT table.

**clustersUsedByDirectories**

Specifies the amount of disk space (in clusters or blocks) being used by directories.

**clustersUsedbyExtendedDirs**

Specifies the amount of disk space (in clusters or blocks) being used by the extended directory space.

**totalDirectoryEntries**

Specifies the total number of directories that are available on the volume.

**unUsedDirectoryEntries**

Specifies the total number of directory entries that are not in use on the volume.

**totalExtendedDirectoryExtants**

Specifies the amount of extended directory space extants (128 bytes each) that are available on the volume.

**unUsedExtendedDirectoryExtants**

Specifies the amount of extended directory space extants (128 bytes each) that are not in use on the volume.

**extendedAttributesDefined**

Specifies the number of extended attributes that are defined on the volume.

**extendedAttributeExtantsUsed**

Specifies the number of extended directory extants that are used by the extended attributes.

**directoryServicesObjectID**

Specifies the NDS ID for the volume.

**volumeLastModifiedDateAndTime**

Specifies the last time any file or subdirectory on the volume was modified (as tracked by the OS).

## Remarks

volumeType can have the following values:

- 0 VNetWare386
- 1 VNetWare286
- 2 VNetWare386x30
- 3 VNetWare386v31

`statusFlagBits` can have the following values:

- 0x01 SubAllocEnableBit
- 0x02 CompressionEnabledBit
- 0x04 MigrationEnableBit
- 0x08 AuditingEnabledBit
- 0x10 ReadOnlyEnableBit
- 0x20 ImmediatePurgeBit
- 0x80000000 NSSVolumeBit

## VOLUME\_INFO\_BY\_LEVEL\_DEF2

Returns volume information.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    volumeActiveCount ;
    nuint32    volumeUseCount ;
    nuint32    mACRootIDs ;
    nuint32    volumeLastModifiedDateAndTime ;
    nuint32    volumeReferenceCount ;
    nuint32    compressionLowerLimit ;
    nuint32    outstandingIOs ;
    nuint32    outstandingCompressionIOs ;
    nuint32    compressionIOsLimit ;
} VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF2;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF2 = packed Record
    volumeActiveCount : nuint32;
    volumeUseCount : nuint32;
    mACRootIDs : nuint32;
    volumeLastModifiedDateAndTime : nuint32;
    volumeReferenceCount : nuint32;
    compressionLowerLimit : nuint32;
    outstandingIOs : nuint32;
    outstandingCompressionIOs : nuint32;
    compressionIOsLimit : nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **volumeActiveCount**

Specifies a per-volume count that indicates the volume currently has operations in progress that need to be completed before other actions (such as dismounting a volume) can be initiated.

#### **volumeUseCount**

Specifies a per-volume count that is incremented before directory cache requests and other writes to the directory can begin. This field is decremented when such operations complete.

#### **mACRootIDs**

Specifies the Directory Numbers of the Macintosh roots.

**volumeLastModifiedDateAndTime**

Specifies the last date and time that any subdirectory on the volume was modified.

**volumeReferenceCount**

Specifies the last modified reference count. This field is increment every time that MarkDirectoryChanged is called on the volume.

**compressionLowerLimit**

Specifies a value used to determine if a file will be smaller once it is compressed. On a volume with suballocation enabled, this value is set to 512; otherwise, it is determined (in part) by the defined block size of the volume.

**outstandingIOs**

Specifies the number of IO operations that are still in progress and have not yet completed.

**outstandingCompressionIOs**

Specifies the number of compression-related IO operations that are still in progress and have not yet completed.

**compressionIOsLimit**

Specifies a per-volume count of the number of IO operations that can be dedicated to compression as opposed to the number of regular reading and writing operations.

## VOLUME\_SEGMENT

Returns information about the segments in a volume.

**Service:** Server Environment

**Defined In:** nwfse.h

### Structure

```
typedef struct
{
    nuint32    volumeSegmentDeviceNum ;
    nuint32    volumeSegmentOffset ;
    nuint32    volumeSegmentSize ;
} VOLUME_SEGMENT;
```

### Delphi Structure

```
uses calwin32

VOLUME_SEGMENT = packed Record
    volumeSegmentDeviceNum : nuint32;
    volumeSegmentOffset : nuint32;
    volumeSegmentSize : nuint32;
End;
```

### Fields

#### **volumeSegmentDeviceNum**

Specifies the device the segment is located on.

#### **volumeSegmentOffset**

Specifies the offset of the segment in bytes.

#### **volumeSegmentSize**

Specifies the segment size in bytes.



# Server Management Concepts

# 4

Server management allows you to manage server functions from the workstation. From the workstation you can

- Add a name space to a volume
- Mount and dismount volumes
- Execute an NCF file on a server
- Load and unload NLMs
- Modify SET command values



# Server Management Tasks

# 5

This section describes the common tasks associated with Server Management.

## 5.1 Managing Volumes

- 1 To mount a volume using either a volume name or a volume number, call [NWSMMountVolume \(page 349\)](#).
- 2 To dismount a volume using a volume name, call [NWSMDismountVolumeByName \(page 338\)](#).
- 3 To dismount a volume using a volume number, call [NWSMDismountVolumeByNumber \(page 340\)](#).

## 5.2 Managing a Volume's Name Space

- 1 To add a specified name space to a volume on a server, call [NWSMAddNSToVolume \(page 336\)](#).

## 5.3 Managing NCF Files

- 1 To execute a selected NCF file on a specified server, call [NWSMExecuteNCFFile \(page 342\)](#).

## 5.4 Managing NLMs

- 1 To load a selected NLM on a server, call [NWSMLoadNLM \(page 344\)](#).
- 2 To unload a selected NLM on a server, call [NWSMUnloadNLM \(page 355\)](#).

## 5.5 Managing SET Values

- 1 To change a SET integer value, call [NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue \(page 351\)](#).
- 2 To change a SET string value, call [NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue \(page 353\)](#).



# Server Management Functions

# 6

This documentation alphabetically lists the server management functions and describes their purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values.

- “NWSMAddNSToVolume” on page 336
- “NWSMDismountVolumeByName” on page 338
- “NWSMDismountVolumeByNumber” on page 340
- “NWSMExecuteNCFFile” on page 342
- “NWSMLoadNLM” on page 344
- “NWSMLoadNLM2” on page 346
- “NWSMMountVolume” on page 349
- “NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue” on page 351
- “NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue” on page 353
- “NWSMUnloadNLM” on page 355

## NWSMAddNSToVolume

Adds a specified name space to a mounted volume on a server

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMAddNSToVolume
    (NWCONN_HANDLE    connHandle,
     nuInt16          volNumber,
     nuInt8           namspc);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMAddNSToVolume
    (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
     volNumber  : nuInt16;
     namspc    : nuInt8
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

**volNumber**

(IN) Specifies the volume number on which the name space will be loaded.

**namspc**

(IN) Specifies the name space to load on the volume.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x00BF	No add name space string given

---

---

0x0205	Unable to add specified name space to a volume
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8998	VOLUME_DOES_NOT_EXIST
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have console operator rights at the minimum to call `NWSMAddNSToVolume`.

`namspc` values cannot be ORed; they may be added on each call. `namspc` values follow:

NW\_NS\_MAC  
NW\_NS\_NFS  
NW\_NS\_FTAM  
NW\_NS\_OS2

Execute `ADD NAME SPACE` only once for each non-DOS naming convention you want to store on a volume.

Before you can add a name space to a volume, the volume and the name space module must both be loaded. See the [NWSMLoadNLM \(page 344\)](#) function.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 135 5 Add Name Space To Volume

## See Also

[NWSMLoadNLM \(page 344\)](#)

# NWSMDismountVolumeByName

Dismounts a volume on a selected server

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

## Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMDismountVolumeByName (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *volumeName);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMDismountVolumeByName
  (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   volumeName : pnstr8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

### **volumeName**

(IN) Points to the NULL-terminated name of the NetWare volume to dismount.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x00BF	Invalid volumeName string passed
0x0204	Unable to dismount specified volume name
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x8998	VOLUME_DOES_NOT_EXIST
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have console operator rights at the minimum to call `NWSMDismountVolumeByName`.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 4 Dismount Volume

## See Also

[NWSMMountVolume \(page 349\)](#)

# NWSMDismountVolumeByNumber

Dismounts a volume on a selected server

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

## Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMDismountVolumeByNumber
    (NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
     uint16              volumeNumber);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMDismountVolumeByNumber
    (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
     volumeNumber : uint16
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

### **volumeNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number of the NetWare volume to dismount.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x00BF	Invalid volumeName string passed
0x0204	Unable to dismount specified volume name
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x8998	VOLUME_DOES_NOT_EXIST
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have console operator rights at the minimum to call `NWSMDismountVolumeByNumber`.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 4 Dismount Volume

## See Also

[NWSMMountVolume \(page 349\)](#)

## NWSMExecuteNCFFile

Executes a selected NCF file on a specified server

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMExecuteNCFFile (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *NCFFilename);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMExecuteNCFFile
  (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   NCFFilename : pnstr8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

#### **NCFFilename**

(IN) Points to the NULL-terminated name of the file to execute.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x009E	No Path and Name field supplied
0x0207	Unable to execute NCF file
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x8993	INVALID_FILENAME
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have console operator rights at the minimum to call `NWSMExecuteNCFFile`.

`fileName` may include a volume and path in the following format:

```
{VOLUME NAME:}{PATH\...|file name}
```

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 7 Execute NCF File

## NWSMLoadNLM

Loads a selected NLM on a server

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMLoadNLM (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *loadCommand);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMLoadNLM
    (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    loadCommand : pnstr8
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

#### **loadCommand**

(IN) Points to the load command for the NLM. It must be NULL terminated; maximum length is 482 bytes.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x0202	Unable to load specified module
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x88FB      ERR\_NCP\_NOT\_SUPPORTED

0x899E      INVALID\_FILENAME

---

## Remarks

You must be logged in with the connection specified by `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have supervisor rights to call `NWSMLoadNLM`.

`loadCommand` can be any string that is valid for the `LOAD` command on the console (except it does not include the actual "LOAD" command). It contains the NLM name (including the path if it is not in the server path), and command line parameters if any.

The `LOAD` command has the following format:

```
{VOLUME NAME:}{PATH\...}NLMname{.ext}{parameters}
```

`NWSMLoadNLM` does not support UNC paths.

The NLM does not have to include the extensions. `.NLM` will be assumed if the extensions are not included.

The server console `LOAD` command is documented in the NetWare server utilities documentation.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 1 Load A NLM

## See Also

[NWSMUnloadNLM \(page 355\)](#)

## NWSMLoadNLM2

Loads a selected NLM on a server

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMLoadNLM2 (
    NWCONN_HANDLE   connHandle,
    pustr8           *loadCommand,
    puint32          *loadNLMReturnCode);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMLoadNLM2
  (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   loadCommand : pustr8
   loadNLMReturnCode : puint32
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

#### **loadCommand**

(IN) Points to the load command for the NLM. It must be NULL terminated; maximum length is 482 bytes.

#### **loadNLMReturnCode**

(OUT) Points to nuint32 variable which contains a return code from the loading NLM procedure in servers when the return code from NWSMLoadNLM2 is 0x0202. See the Remarks section for possible values.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x0202	Unable to load specified module
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x88FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED
0x899E	INVALID_FILENAME

---

## Remarks

You must be logged in with the connection specified by `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have a minimum of console operator rights to call `NWSMLoadNLM2`.

`loadCommand` can be any string that is valid for the `LOAD` command on the console (except it does not include the actual "LOAD" command). It contains the NLM name (including the path if it is not in the server path), and command line parameters if any.

The `LOAD` command has the following format:

```
{VOLUME NAME:}{PATH\...}NLMname{.ext}{parameters}
```

`NWSMLoadNLM2` does not support UNC paths.

`NWSMLoadNLM2` is an enhancement version of `NWSMLoadNLM`. It provides extra information to explain why the function cannot load an NLM.

The following values are possibilities when the `loadNLMReturnCode` is 0x0202:

LOAD_COULD_NOT_FIND_FILE	1
LOAD_ERROR_READING_FILE	2
LOAD_NOT_NLM_FILE_FORMAT	3
LOAD_WRONG_NLM_FILE_VERSION	4
LOAD_REENTRANT_INITIALIZE_FAILURE	5
LOAD_CAN_NOT_LOAD_MULTIPLE_COPIES	6
LOAD_ALREADY_IN_PROGRESS	7
LOAD_NOT_ENOUGH_MEMORY	8
LOAD_INITIALIZE_FAILURE	9
LOAD_INCONSISTENT_FILE_FORMAT	10
LOAD_CAN_NOT_LOAD_AT_STARTUP	11
LOAD_AUTO_LOAD_MODULES_NOT_LOADED	12
LOAD_UNRESOLVED_EXTERNAL	13
LOAD_PUBLIC_ALREADY_DEFINED	14
LOAD_XDC_DATA_ERROR	15
LOAD_NOT_OS_DOMAIN	16

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 1 Load A NLM

## See Also

[NWSMLoadNLM \(page 344\)](#), [NWSMUnloadNLM \(page 355\)](#)

## NWSMMountVolume

Mounts a volume on a selected server

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMMountVolume (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *volumeName,
    puint32             volumeNumber);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMMountVolume
  (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   volumeName : pnstr8;
   volumeNumber : puint32
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### connHandle

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

#### volumeName

(IN) Points to the name of the NetWare volume to mount (must be NULL terminated).

#### volumeNumber

(OUT) Points to the number of the volume.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x00BF	Invalid volumeName string passed

---

---

0x0203	VOLUME_ALREADY_MOUNTED
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED
0x8998	VOLUME_DOES_NOT_EXIST

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have console operator rights at the minimum to call `NWSMMountVolume`.

If upon mounting a volume, an error occurs, and if the set parameters are such that `VREPAIR` will automatically execute, `VREPAIR` will execute and `NWSMMountVolume` will not return until `VREPAIR` has completed. The volume is then mounted.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 3 Mount Volume

## See Also

[NWSMDismountVolumeByName \(page 338\)](#), [NWSMDismountVolumeByNumber \(page 340\)](#)

## NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue

Changes the current value of a set command (that takes in integer values) on a specified server

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *setCommandName,
    nuint32             cmdValue;
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue
  (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   setCommandName : pnstr8;
   cmdValue : nuint32
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

#### **setCommandName**

(IN) Points to the set parameter name. It must be NULL terminated.

#### **cmdValue**

(IN) Specifies the new value for the set command parameter.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x008C	Invalid type flag value

---

---

0x00BF	No <code>setCommandName</code> string
0x0206	Unable to set the command
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have console operator rights at the minimum to call `NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue`.

The server console SET command is documented in the NetWare server utilities documentation. The SET values OFF/ON are treated as the integers 0 (zero) and 1 respectively; they are not treated as strings.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 6 Set Command Value

## See Also

[NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo \(page 153\)](#), [NWGetServerSetCategories \(page 151\)](#), [NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue \(page 353\)](#)

## NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue

Changes the current values of a set command (that takes in string values) on a specified server

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *setCommandName,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *cmdValue);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue
  (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   setCommandName : pnstr8;
   cmdValue : pnstr8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **connHandle**

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

#### **setCommandName**

(IN) Points to the parameter command name. It must be NULL terminated.

#### **cmdValue**

(IN) Points to the new value for the set command parameter. It must be NULL terminated.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x008C	Invalid type flag value

---

---

0x00BF	No <code>setCommandName</code> string
0x0206	Unable to set the command
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have console operator rights at the minimum to call `NWSMSetDynamicCmdStrValue`.

The server console SET command is documented in the NetWare server utilities documentation. The SET values OFF/ON are treated as the integers 0 (zero) and 1 respectively; they are not treated as strings.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 6 Set Command Value

## See Also

[NWGetServerSetCommandsInfo \(page 153\)](#), [NWGetServerSetCategories \(page 151\)](#), [NWSMSetDynamicCmdIntValue \(page 351\)](#)

## NWSMUnloadNLM

Unloads a selected NLM on a server

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Server Management

### Syntax

```
#include <nwsm.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

N_EXTERN_LIBRARY NWCCODE NWSMUnloadNLM (
    NWCONN_HANDLE      connHandle,
    const nstr8 N_FAR  *NLMName);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWSMUnloadNLM
    (connHandle : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    NLMName : pnstr8
    ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### connHandle

(IN) Specifies the server connection handle which is being managed.

#### NLMName

(IN) Points to the name of the NLM to be unloaded (NULL-terminated with a maximum length of 482 bytes).

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(NDK: Connection, Message, and NCP Extensions\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESS
0x009E	Bad file name or no file name given
0x0202	Unable to unload specified module
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FB	ERR_NCP_NOT_SUPPORTED
0x899E	INVALID_FILENAME

---

## Remarks

You must be logged into `connHandle`, be permanently authenticated, and have supervisor rights to call `NWSMUnloadNLM`.

The `NLMName` parameter can be any string that is valid for the `UNLOAD` command on the console (except it does not include the actual "UNLOAD" command) and contains the NLM name.

The `NLMName` parameter has the following format:

```
NLMname{.ext}
```

`NWSMUnloadNLM` does not support UNC paths.

The NLM does not have to include the extensions. `.NLM` will be assumed if the extension is not included.

The server console `UNLOAD` command is documented in the NetWare server utilities documentation.

---

**NOTE:** `NWSMUnloadNLM` can return `SUCCESS` without unloading the specified NLM application if the NLM also has dependencies loaded. The return of `SUCCESS` signifies only that the server successfully processed the RPC.

---

## NCP Calls

0x2222 131 2 Unload A NLM

## See Also

[NWSMLoadNLM \(page 344\)](#)

This section provides an overview of TTS services, its functions, and features.

## 7.1 TTS Introduction

The Transaction Tracking System™ (TTS™) software allows NetWare® servers to track transactions and ensure file integrity by backing out of or erasing interrupted or partially completed transactions. For example, the server can back out of a transaction if your application terminates unexpectedly while a transaction is in progress.

A transaction can include any series of requests that affect transactional files. TTS can monitor from 1 to 200 transactions at a time. The maximum number (50 to 200) is configurable.

TTS can track only one transaction at a time for each session. If a session sends several transactions to a server rapidly, TTS queues the transactions and services them one at a time. TTS lets you begin and end transactions, monitor TTS status, and access TTS information.

## 7.2 Implicit Transaction Tracking

Implicit transaction tracking requires no coding on your part. If TTS is installed and enabled on a NetWare® server, transaction tracking applies to any logical or physical record lock you place on a transactional file. If the workstation's connection is disrupted before the records are unlocked, TTS backs out of the transaction and restores the records to their original state.

For related information, see [Section 7.3, “Explicit Transaction Tracking,” on page 357](#).

## 7.3 Explicit Transaction Tracking

Explicit transaction tracking uses TTS. To signal an explicit transaction, bracket file update sequences with a pair of TTS functions.

- [NWTTSBeginTransaction \(page 371\)](#) signals the beginning of a transaction.
- [NWTTSEndTransaction \(page 373\)](#) signals the end of a transaction.

TTS tracks all transactional files accessed between these two functions and automatically places a physical lock on transactional files that you write to during this time. As with implicit tracking, if your connection is disrupted, TTS backs out of any modified files. You can force TTS to back out of the transaction by calling [NWTTSAbortTransaction \(page 369\)](#).

TTS affects only transactional files. To make a file transactional, set the file's transaction bit. This bit is a file attribute and can be modified using the File System service. (See [Directory Entry Attributes](#) in Volume Management. )

For related information, see [Section 7.2, “Implicit Transaction Tracking,” on page 357](#).

## 7.4 Transaction Tracking Process

A typical transaction scenario is a banking database application that writes a debit to one account, a credit to another account, and a note to a log. The dependencies among the three operations make it extremely important that they are performed as a single transaction.

If any one of the operations fails, the integrity of the other operations is undermined. TTS ensures data integrity under circumstances such as these. Below is a description of how TTS responds to a request to write to a transactional file.

1. TTS stores the new data in cache memory. The file itself remains unchanged.
2. TTS scans the target file on the server hard disk, finds the data to be changed (old data), and copies the old data to cache memory. TTS also records the name and directory path of the target file and the location and length of the old data (record) within the file. The target file on the server hard disk is still unchanged.
3. TTS writes the old data in cache memory to a transaction work file on the server hard disk. The transaction work file resides at the root level of a volume on the server. The file is flagged system and hidden. The target file on the server hard disk is still unchanged.
4. TTS finally writes the new data in cache memory to the target file on the server hard disk.

TTS repeats these steps for each write within a transaction. The transaction work file grows to accommodate the old data for each write. If the transaction is interrupted, TTS writes the contents of the transaction work file to the target file, thereby restoring the file to its pre-transaction state.

## 7.5 Implicit Tracking Threshold

TTS lets you read and modify the implicit tracking threshold. This is the number of logical and physical locks your application can set before implicit tracking takes effect. The default threshold is 0, meaning that whenever you place a logical or physical lock on a transactional file, the file will be tracked. A threshold of 0xFF means that implicit transactions for the associated lock type have been completed.

There are two reasons to modify the threshold value:

- If your application is performing explicit transactions but also locking records you don't want to track, you can turn off implicit transactions.
- If your application always keeps one or more records locked, raising the threshold prevents these records from being tracked.

## 7.6 TTS Transaction Functions

These functions perform transaction tracking.

Function	Header	Comment
<code>NWTTSAbortTransaction</code>	<code>nwttts.h</code>	Aborts all transactions, explicit or implicit. When this function returns successfully, all transactions have been successfully backed out of.
<code>NWTTSTBeginTransaction</code>	<code>nwttts.h</code>	Begins an explicit transaction.

Function	Header	Comment
<b>NWTTSEndTransaction</b>	nwttts.h	Ends an explicit transaction and returns a transaction reference number.

## 7.7 TTS Status and File Control Functions

These functions check and modify the status of TTS on a NetWare® server and access the TTS transaction bit flags associated with transactional files.

Function	Header	Comment
<b>NWDisableTTS</b>	nwttts.h	Disables transaction tracking on a server.
<b>NWEnableTTS</b>	nwttts.h	Enables transaction tracking on a server.
<b>NWTTSGetControlFlags</b>	nwttts.h	Returns the transaction bits for files flagged as transactional.
<b>NWTTSTsAvailable</b>	nwttts.h	Verifies that the server supports transaction tracking.
<b>NWTTSSetControlFlags</b>	nwttts.h	Enables or disables automatic record locking when writing to transactional files.
<b>NWTTSTransactionStatus</b>	nwttts.h	Verifies whether a transaction has been written to disk.

## 7.8 TTS Threshold Functions

These functions read and modify the connection and process thresholds affecting implicit transaction tracking.

Function	Header	Comment
<b>NWTTSGetConnectionThresholds</b>	nwttts.h	Returns the number of logical and physical record locks allowed before implicit transactions begin.
<b>NWTTSGetProcessThresholds</b>	nwttts.h	Returns the number of explicit physical and logical record locks allowed before implicit locking begins.
<b>NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds</b>	nwttts.h	Informs a server of how many explicit physical and logical record locks to permit before invoking implicit transactions.
<b>NWTTSSetProcessThresholds</b>	nwttts.h	Sets the number of logical and physical locks to perform before implicit locking begins.



This section describes *a task* associated with TTS services.

## 8.1 Enabling TTS

When TTS is disabled, NDS operations which require modifying the database on that server are also disabled.

- 1 At the console prompt of the server, type ENABLE TTS.

---

**NOTE:** If TTS was disabled because volume SYS: was full, log onto the server and delete unnecessary files from volume SYS:, then type ENABLE TTS at the console.

---



# TTS Functions

# 9

This documentation alphabetically lists the TTS functions and describes their purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values.

- [“NWDisableTTS” on page 364](#)
- [“NWEnableTTS” on page 366](#)
- [“NWGetTTSStats \(obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99\)” on page 368](#)
- [“NWTTSAbortTransaction” on page 369](#)
- [“NWTTSBeginTransaction” on page 371](#)
- [“NWTTSEndTransaction” on page 373](#)
- [“NWTTSGetConnectionThresholds” on page 375](#)
- [“NWTTSGetControlFlags” on page 377](#)
- [“NWTTSGetProcessThresholds” on page 379](#)
- [“NWTTSIsAvailable” on page 381](#)
- [“NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds” on page 383](#)
- [“NWTTSSetControlFlags” on page 385](#)
- [“NWTTSSetProcessThresholds” on page 387](#)
- [“NWTTSTransactionStatus” on page 389](#)

## NWDisableTTS

Disables transaction tracking on a NetWare® server

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwtts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWDisableTTS (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWDisableTTS
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

## Remarks

Transaction Tracking is always enabled on 4.x servers due to NDS™ requirements; therefore, enabling or disabling transaction tracking is only supported on 3.x servers.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 207 Disable Transaction Tracking

## NWEnableTTS

Enables transaction tracking on a NetWare server

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwtts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWEnableTTS (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWEnableTTS
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY
0x89C6	NO_CONSOLE_PRIVILEGES

---

## Remarks

Transaction Tracking is always enabled on 4.x servers due to NDS requirements; therefore, enabling or disabling transaction tracking is only supported on 3.x servers.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 23 208 Enable Transaction Tracking

## **NWGetTTStats (obsolete-moved from .h file 6/99)**

Was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## NWTTSAbortTransaction

Aborts all transactions, explicit and implicit

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwtts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSAbortTransaction (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWTTSAbortTransaction
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FE	DIRECTORY_LOCKED
0x89FE	Transaction Restart
0x89FF	LOCK_ERROR

---

## Remarks

When NWTTSAbortTransaction is complete, all transactions will have been successfully backed out.

If a transaction is aborted, all Writes made since the beginning of a transaction are cancelled, and all files are returned to the state they were in before the transaction began.

NWTTSAbortTransaction releases the following record locks:

- Physical record locks generated by the NetWare server when an application tried to write an unlocked record.
- Physical or logical locks not released because of a file Write.

0x89FE indicates more than the threshold number of logical or physical records are still locked by the application. However, the transaction is finished and any locks being held are released. When this happens, the NetWare server automatically starts a new implicit transaction.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 3 TTS Abort Transaction

## See Also

[NWTTSBeginTransaction \(page 371\)](#), [NWTTSEndTransaction \(page 373\)](#)

# NWTTSTBeginTransaction

Begins an explicit transaction

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

## Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSTBeginTransaction (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWTTSTBeginTransaction
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	Successful
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

NWTTSTBeginTransaction tracks all transactional files currently open, and those opened during the transaction.

When data is written to a transaction file during a transaction, the NetWare server automatically generates a physical record lock for the region being written. If a lock already exists, no additional lock is generated. This automatic locking can be disabled by calling `NWTTSSetControlFlags`.

Any closing and unlocking of transaction files is delayed until either `NWTTSEndTransaction` or `NWTTSAbortTransaction` is executed. Logical and physical records are not unlocked until the end of the transaction if file writes are performed while the lock is in force.

## **NCP Calls**

0x2222 34 1 TTS Begin Transaction

## **See Also**

[NWTTSAbortTransaction \(page 369\)](#), [NWTTSEndTransaction \(page 373\)](#),  
[NWTTSSetControlFlags \(page 385\)](#)

## NWTTSEndTransaction

Ends an explicit transaction and returns a transaction reference number

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSEndTransaction (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    puint32 transactionNum);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWTTSEndTransaction
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   transactionNum : puint32
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**transactionNum**

(OUT) Points to the transaction reference number for the transaction being ended (optional).

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	Successful
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x89FE	Transaction Restart
0x89FF	LOCK_ERROR

---

## Remarks

The transaction number is used to verify a successful transaction completion to disk.

The transaction is not necessarily written to disk when the reference number is returned. A client must call `NWTTSTransactionStatus` to verify a transaction has been written to disk. If the NetWare server fails before all updates contained within the transaction have been written to disk, the transaction is backed out when the NetWare server is rebooted.

If transaction tracking is disabled, `transactionNum` can still determine when the transaction has been completely written to disk. Since `transactionNum` is optional, substitute NULL if no return values are desired.

`NWTTSEndTransaction` releases all physical record locks generated by the NetWare server when a Write is made to an unlocked record. In addition, physical or logical locks that were not released due to a file Write are unlocked at this time.

0x89FE indicates more than the threshold number of logical or physical records are still locked by the application. However, the transaction is finished and any locks being held are released. In this case, the NetWare server automatically starts a new implicit transaction.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 2 TTS End Transaction

## See Also

[NWTTSAbortTransaction \(page 369\)](#), [NWTTSTBeginTransaction \(page 371\)](#),  
[NWTTSTransactionStatus \(page 389\)](#)

## NWTTSGetConnectionThresholds

Returns the number of logical and physical record locks allowed before implicit transactions begin

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSGetConnectionThresholds (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    puint8 logicalLockLevel,
    puint8 physicalLockLevel);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWTTSGetConnectionThresholds
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   logicalLockLevel : puint8;
   physicalLockLevel : puint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **logicalLockLevel**

(OUT) Points to the number of logical record locks allowed before implicit transactions begin (0 to 255, optional).

#### **physicalLockLevel**

(OUT) Points to the number of physical record locks allowed before implicit transactions begin (0 to 255, optional).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	Successful
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

Both `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` and `NWGetConnectionThresholds` are useful for applications changing the implicit application thresholds that later want to restore them. For example, `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` can get the number of logical and physical locks, and `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` can perform one of the following:

- Turn off implicit transactions. (Applications using only explicit transactions, but sometimes generating unnecessary implicit transactions, need to turn off all implicit transactions.)
- Set implicit thresholds for applications always keeping one or more records locked.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0. 0xFF means implicit transactions for the lock type have been completed.

Both `physicalLockLevel` and `logicalLockLevel` are optional parameters. Substitute NULL if these parameters are not to be returned. However, all parameter positions must be filled.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 7 TTS Get Workstation Threshold

## See Also

[NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds \(page 383\)](#)

## NWTTSGetControlFlags

Returns the transaction bits for files flagged as transactional

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSGetControlFlags (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    puint8 controlFlags);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWTTSGetControlFlags
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   controlFlags : puint8
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**controlFlags**

(OUT) Points to Transaction Tracking Control flags.

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

Transaction tracking control flags are only valid for files flagged as TTS. Bits 1 to 7 in `controlFlags` are reserved; bit 0 is defined below:

0x00 Automatic record locking is disabled

0x01 Automatic record locking is enabled

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 9 TTS Get Transaction Bits

## See Also

[NWTTSSetControlFlags \(page 385\)](#)

## NWTTSGetProcessThresholds

Returns the number of explicit physical and logical record locks allowed before implicit locking begins

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwtts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSGetProcessThresholds (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    puint8         logicalLockLevel,
    puint8         physicalLockLevel);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWTTSGetProcessThresholds
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   logicalLockLevel : puint8;
   physicalLockLevel : puint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **logicalLockLevel**

(OUT) Points to the number of explicit logical record locks allowed before implicit transactions begin (0 to 255, optional).

#### **physicalLockLevel**

(OUT) Points to the number of explicit physical record locks allowed before implicit transactions begin (0 to 255, optional).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

NWTTGetProcessThresholds and NWTTSetProcessThresholds are useful for applications changing the implicit process thresholds that later want to restore them. For example, NWTTGetProcessThresholds can query an application for the number of logical and physical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins, and NWTTSetProcessThresholds can perform one of the following:

- Turn off implicit transactions. (Applications intending to use only explicit transactions, but sometimes generate unnecessary implicit transactions, need to turn off all implicit transactions.)
- Set implicit thresholds for applications always keeping one or more records locked.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0. 0xFF means no implicit transactions are allowed for the lock type.

Thresholds returned by NWTTGetProcessThresholds are valid for the requesting application only. When the application terminates, the connection thresholds are restored.

Both `physicalLockLevel` and `logicalLockLevel` are optional parameters. Substitute NULL if these parameters are not to be returned. However, all parameter positions must be filled.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 5 TTS Get Application Threshold

## See Also

[NWTTSetProcessThresholds \(page 387\)](#)

## NWTTSTsAvailable

Verifies the NetWare server supports transaction tracking

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

## Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>
```

```
NWCCODE N_API NWTTSTsAvailable (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32
```

```
Function NWTTSTsAvailable
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE
) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	Transaction Tracking is Unavailable
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x89FD	Transaction Tracking is Disabled
0x89FF	Transaction Tracking is Available

---

## Remarks

0x0000 does not indicate successful completion of NWTTSIsAvailable. Instead, 0x0000 indicates TTS is unavailable. The successful completion code is 0x89FF, TTS is available.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 0 TTS Is Available

## NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds

Sets the number of explicit physical and logical record locks to permit before invoking implicit transactions

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint8         logicalLockLevel,
    nuint8         physicalLockLevel);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   logicalLockLevel : nuint8;
   physicalLockLevel : nuint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **logicalLockLevel**

(IN) Specifies the number of logical record locks to allow before implicit transactions begin (0 to 255).

#### **physicalLockLevel**

(IN) Specifies the number of physical record locks to allow before implicit transactions begin (0 to 255).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

The return values are in effect for all applications, not just ones calling `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds`.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0. 0xFF means no implicit transactions for the lock type can be performed.

`NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` and `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` are useful for applications changing the implicit application thresholds that later want to restore them.

For example, `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` can obtain the current number of logical and physical locks, and `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` can perform one of the following:

- Turn off implicit transactions. (Applications using only explicit transactions, but sometimes generate unnecessary implicit transactions, need to turn off all implicit transactions.)
- Set implicit thresholds for applications always keeping one or more records locked.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 8 TTS Set Workstation Thresholds

## See Also

[NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds \(page 375\)](#)

# NWTTSSetControlFlags

Enables or disables automatic record locking on Writes to transactional files

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

## Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API  NWTTSSetControlFlags (
    NWCONN_HANDLE  conn,
    nuint8         controlFlags);
```

## Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32

Function NWTTSSetControlFlags
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   controlFlags : nuint8
) : NWCCODE;
```

## Parameters

### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

### **controlFlags**

(IN) Specifies the Transaction Tracking control flags.

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

## Remarks

NWTTSSetControlFlags allows a client to set the transaction bits in `controlFlag`.

Transaction tracking control flags are only valid for files flagged as transactional. Only bit 0 is used currently. Flag definitions follow:

```
0x00 Automatic record locking is disabled
0x01 Automatic record locking is enabled
```

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 10 TTS Set Transaction Bits

## NWTTSSetProcessThresholds

Sets the number of logical and physical locks to perform before implicit locking begins

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwttts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSSetProcessThresholds (
    NWCONN_HANDLE conn,
    nuint8         logicalLockLevel,
    nuint8         physicalLockLevel);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWTTSSetProcessThresholds
  (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
   logicalLockLevel : nuint8;
   physicalLockLevel : nuint8
  ) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

#### **conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

#### **logicalLockLevel**

(IN) Specifies the number of logical record locks to allow before implicit transactions begin (0-255).

#### **physicalLockLevel**

(IN) Specifies the number of physical record locks to allow before implicit transactions begin (0-255).

## Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values \(Return Values for C\)](#) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION
0x8996	SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY

---

## Remarks

The thresholds set by `NWTTSSetProcessThresholds` are valid for the requesting application only. When the application terminates, the default workstation thresholds are restored.

`NWTTSSetProcessThresholds` either turns off implicit transactions or allows applications always keeping one or more records locked to work. Applications intending to use only explicit transactions, but sometimes generating unnecessary implicit transactions, can call `NWTTSSetProcessThresholds` to turn off all implicit transactions.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0 unless the number has been changed by calling `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds`. 0xFF means no implicit transactions for the lock type are performed.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 6 TTS Set Application Thresholds

## See Also

[NWTTSSetProcessThresholds \(page 379\)](#)

## NWTTSTransactionStatus

Verifies whether a transaction has been written to disk

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.11, 3.12, 3.2, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM, Windows NT, Windows 95, Windows 98

**Library:** Cross-Platform NetWare Calls (CAL\*.\*)

**Service:** Transaction Tracking System (TTS)

### Syntax

```
#include <nwtts.h>
or
#include <nwcalls.h>

NWCCODE N_API NWTTSTransactionStatus (
    NWCONN_HANDLE    conn,
    nuint32          transactionNum);
```

### Delphi Syntax

```
uses calwin32;

Function NWTTSTransactionStatus
    (conn : NWCONN_HANDLE;
    transactionNum : nuint32
) : NWCCODE;
```

### Parameters

**conn**

(IN) Specifies the NetWare server connection handle.

**transactionNum**

(IN) Specifies the transaction reference number (obtained from NWTTSEndTransaction).

### Return Values

These are common return values; see [Return Values](#) (*Return Values for C*) for more information.

---

0x0000	SUCCESSFUL
0x8801	INVALID_CONNECTION
0x890A	NLM_INVALID_CONNECTION

---

---

0x89FF	Transaction not written to disk
--------	---------------------------------

---

## Remarks

NWTTSTransactionStatus can be called even if NWTTSEndTransaction returns TTS\_DISABLED.

Applications should not wait for transactions to be written to disk unless it is absolutely necessary. Because the NetWare server caches algorithms, it may be up to five seconds before they are actually written. Transactions are written to disk in the order in which they terminate.

## NCP Calls

0x2222 34 4 TTS Transaction Status

## See Also

[NWTTSEndTransaction \(page 373\)](#)

# Server-Based Server Environment Concepts

# 10

This documentation describes Server-Based Server Environment concepts, its functions, and features.

Server Environment allows you to control various server operations and gather statistics about server operation. The functions can be divided into two categories: functions related to the FCONSOLE utility, and statistical information functions.

## 10.1 Prerequisites

A knowledge of underlying NetWare® subsystems may be helpful or necessary to interpret information returned by many of these functions. For example, interpreting connection task information requires a general knowledge of file system record locks and semaphores.

Many of these functions return restricted information, so they require Console Operator (or, in some cases, Supervisor) rights.

## 10.2 Potential Uses

The statistical functions return a wide variety of information that can be used in many ways, such as performance analysis and configuration reporting NLM applications. Among other possibilities, applications could identify system overloads, hardware failures, and potential bottlenecks.

## 10.3 Server-Based Server Environment Functions

The functions beginning with *SS* are all new functions available for NetWare 4.x which provide statistical information. The other functions are used for controlling the server and gathering statistical information. FCONSOLE provides a good example of the kinds of information provided by these functions.

The FCONSOLE server control functions allow you to

- Enable or disable transaction tracking
- Prohibit or allow users to log in
- Set the server time and date
- Broadcast messages to a group of workstations
- Clear a connection
- Down the server.
- Check whether a connection has console operator rights

The FCONSOLE functions also return many types of information, including

- NetWare version running on a server

- The remaining disk space for an object
- Semaphore information
- File usage and task information
- Disk cache statistics
- Disk utilization information
- LAN driver information
- Information about logical and physical records

The statistical information functions return many types of information, including

- Active connections for a server
- LAN and LSL information
- CPU information
- Cache information
- IPX and SPX information
- Information about known networks and servers
- File system information
- NLM information
- Packet Burst information
- User information
- Volume information

There is some overlap in the types of information returned by the FCONSOLE functions and the newer statistical information functions. The functions with an asterisk in the following table are new in NetWare 4.x.

---

**NOTE:** To safeguard the server from unauthorized tampering, most functions in this section require Console Operator rights and some require Supervisor rights.

---

CheckConsolePrivileges	Determines whether the current connection has console operator rights
CheckNetWareVersion	Verifies compatibility of an application with the version of the NetWare® OS running on a server
ClearConnectionNumber	Clears a logical connection from a server
DisableFileServerLogin	Disables all logins to a server
DisableTransactionTracking	Disables transaction tracking on a server
DownFileServer	Brings the server down
EnableFileServerLogin	Enables logins to the server
EnableTransactionTracking	Enables transaction tracking on the server
GetBinderyObjectDiskSpaceLeft	Returns an objects remaining disk space

---

---

GetConnectionSemaphores*	Returns information about a connections open semaphores
GetConnectionsOpenFiles*	Returns information about a connections open files
GetConnectionsTaskInformation*	Returns information about a connections active tasks
GetConnectionsUsageStats*	Returns information about a connections usage
GetConnectionsUsingFile*	Returns information about connections using a given file
GetDiskCacheStats*	Returns information about disk caching on a server
GetDiskChannelStats*	Returns information about a servers disk channels
GetDriveMappingTable*	Returns information about drive mappings for a server
GetFileServerDateAndTime	Returns the date and time of the server
GetFileServerDescriptionStrings	Returns the name of the company that distributed this copy of NetWare
GetFileServerLANIOStats*	Returns information about packets sent and received by a server
GetFileServerLoginStatus	Determines whether logins are disabled or enabled on a server
GetFileServerMiscInformation*	Returns bindery and memory statistics for a server
GetFileServerName	Returns the name of a server
GetFileSystemStats*	Returns file system statistics for a server
GetLanDriverConfigInfo*	Returns configuration information for the LAN drivers installed on a server
GetLogicalRecordInformation*	Returns information about a logical record
GetLogicalRecordsByConnection*	Returns the logical records that a connection has logged with a server
GetPathFromDirectoryEntry*	Accesses a file path listed in a servers directory entry table (DET)
GetPhysicalDiskStats*	Returns information about a physical disk
GetPhysicalRecordLocksByFile*	Returns physical records that are locked in a file
GetPhysRecLockByConnectAndFile*	Returns a connections physical record locks within a file
GetSemaphoreInformation*	Returns information about a semaphore
GetServerInformation	Returns information about a server

---

---

SendConsoleBroadcast	Sends a message to a list of connections
SetFileServerDateAndTime	Sets the date and time of the server
SSGetActiveConnListByType*	Returns a list of active connections
SSGetActiveLANBoardList*	Returns information about the active LAN boards on a server
SSGetActiveProtocolStacks*	Returns protocol information for a server
SSGetCacheInfo*	Returns information about a servers cache buffers
SSGetCPUInfo*	Returns information about a servers CPU
SSGetDirCacheInfo*	Returns information about directory caching on a server
SSGetFileServerInfo*	Returns information about a server
SSGetFileSystemInfo*	Returns information about a servers file system
SSGetGarbageCollectionInfo*	Returns information about garbage collection on a server
SSGetIPXSPXInfo*	Returns information about IPX™/SPX™ use on a server
SSGetKnownNetworksInfo*	Returns information about the networks known to a server
SSGetKnownServersInfo*	Returns information about the servers known to a given server
SSGetLANCommonCounters*	Returns LAN common counters
SSGetLANConfiguration*	Returns information about LAN drivers on a server
SSGetLANCustomCounters*	Returns custom counters defined for a LAN driver
SSGetLoadedMediaNumberList*	Returns a list of media loaded on a server
SSGetLSLInfo*	Returns information about an LSL™ board
SSGetLSLLogicalBoardStats*	Returns information about LSL logical boards
SSGetMediaManagerObjChildList*	Returns a list of child objects for a given media manager object
SSGetMediaManagerObjInfo*	Returns media manager information
SSGetMediaManagerObjList*	Returns a list of media manager objects
SSGetMediaNameByNumber*	Returns a media name for a given media number
SSGetNetRouterInfo*	Returns information about network routing on a server
SSGetNetworkRoutersInfo*	Returns information about the routers on a network

---

---

SSGetNLMInfo*	Returns information about an NLM™ running on a server
SSGetNLMLoadedList*	Returns a list of NLM applications loaded on a server
SSGetNLMResourceTagList*	Returns information about resources used by NLM applications on a server
SSGetOSVersionInfo*	Returns information about the OS version running on a server
SSGetPacketBurstInfo*	Returns Packet Burst™ information for a server
SSGetProtocolConfiguration*	Returns configuration information about the protocols on a server
SSGetProtocolCustomInfo*	Returns custom information about a protocol stack
SSGetProtocolNumbersByLANBoard*	Returns a list of protocols for a given LAN board
SSGetProtocolNumbersByMedia*	Returns a list of protocols for a given media
SSGetProtocolStatistics*	Returns protocol statistics for a server
SSGetRouterAndSAPInfo*	Returns router and SAP information for a server
SSGetServerInfo*	Returns address and routing information for a server
SSGetServerSourcesInfo*	Returns server addresses known to a server with a given name
SSGetUserInfo*	Returns user information for a given connection
SSGetVolumeSegmentList*	Returns a list of volume segments for a given volume on a server
SSGetVolumeSwitchInfo*	Returns counts for volume access functions

---



# Server-Based Server Environment Functions

# 11

This documentation alphabetically lists the server-based server environment functions and describes their purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values.

## 11.1 A\*-GetD\* Functions

Click on any function name in the table of contents to view the purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values for that function.

- [“CheckConsolePrivileges” on page 398](#)
- [“CheckNetWareVersion” on page 400](#)
- [“ClearConnectionNumber” on page 402](#)
- [“DisableFileServerLogin” on page 404](#)
- [“DisableTransactionTracking” on page 406](#)
- [“DownFileServer” on page 408](#)
- [“EnableFileServerLogin” on page 410](#)
- [“EnableTransactionTracking” on page 412](#)
- [“GetBinderyObjectDiskSpaceLeft” on page 414](#)
- [“GetConnectionSemaphores” on page 417](#)
- [“GetConnectionsOpenFiles” on page 420](#)
- [“GetConnectionsTaskInformation” on page 424](#)
- [“GetConnectionsUsageStats \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 428](#)
- [“GetConnectionsUsingFile” on page 429](#)
- [“GetDiskCacheStats \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 433](#)
- [“GetDiskChannelStats \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 434](#)
- [“GetDiskUtilization” on page 435](#)
- [“GetDriveMappingTable \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 438](#)

## CheckConsolePrivileges

Determines whether the object on the current connection is a console operator (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWCheckConsolePrivileges` (page 32))

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int CheckConsolePrivileges (void);
```

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

### Remarks

This function determines whether the object on the current connection has console operator rights. If the function returns 0, the object has console operator rights.

### See Also

[Bindery Concepts](#)

### CheckConsolePrivileges Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode;
    printf ("\n\n");
    ccode = CheckConsolePrivileges ();
    if (ccode == 0)
        printf ("You HAVE console Operator rights.\n");
}
```

```
else
    if (ccode == 198)
        printf ("You DO NOT have console Operator rights.\n");
}
```

## CheckNetWareVersion

Verifies compatibility between an application and the version of NetWare® running on the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWCCGetConnInfo`)

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int CheckNetWareVersion (
    WORD    majorVersion,
    WORD    minorVersion,
    WORD    revisionNumber,
    WORD    minimumSFTlevel,
    WORD    minimumTTSlevel);
```

## Parameters

### **majorVersion**

(IN) Specifies the minimum major version number that is compatible.

### **minorVersion**

(IN) Specifies the minimum minor version number that is compatible.

### **revisionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the minimum revision number that is compatible.

### **minimumSFTlevel**

(IN) Specifies the minimum System Fault Tolerant™ (SFT™) level that is compatible.

### **minimumTTSlevel**

(IN) Specifies the minimum Transaction Tracking System™ (TTS™) level that is compatible.

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	COMPATIBLE
1	(0x01)	VERSION_NUMBER_TOO_LOW

Decimal	Hex	Constant
2	(0x02)	SFT_LEVEL_TOO_LOW The version number is compatible, but the SFT level is too low.
3	(0x03)	TTS_LEVEL_TOO_LOW The version number is compatible, but the TTS level is too low.

## Remarks

Versions of NetWare are identified by major version number, minor version number, and (if applicable) revision number. The revision number is displayed as a letter (0=a, 1=b, and so on) to the user. For example, if a version number were 2.10a, 2 would be the major version number, 10 would be the minor version number, and 0 would be the revision number.

## CheckNetWareVersion Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    i;
    WORD   mv, msv, mr, msft, mtts;
    printf("min verSion, min subversion, min rev, min SFT, min TTS\n");
    scanf ("%d, %d, %d, %d, %d", &mv, &msv, &mr, &msft, &mtts);
    i = CheckNetWareVersion (mv, msv, mr, msft, mtts);
    printf ("return is %d\n",i);
}
```

## ClearConnectionNumber

Clears a logical connection from the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWClearConnectionNumber`)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int ClearConnectionNumber (
    WORD    connectionNumber);
```

## Parameters

### **connectionNumber**

(IN) Contains the identification number that the server assigns to a requesting workstation when the workstation attaches to the server.

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

## Remarks

The first time a workstation attaches to a server, the server assigns it the first unused connection number in the File Server Connection Table. When a workstation detaches from a server, the server marks its connection number unused but reserves it in anticipation of reattachment. A reserved logical connection number is not reassigned to another workstation until it is the first unused connection number and the attaching workstation does not have a connection number reserved.

The server has room for 250 logical connections. The File Server Connection Table maintains the addresses of the workstations attached to the server.

This function blocks when successful.

This function closes a connection's open files and releases a connection's file locks. On a TTS server, this function causes a connection's transactions to be aborted.

When a requesting workstation clears its own connection, it can no longer communicate with the server.

The requesting workstation must have security equivalence to Supervisor rights.

## ClearConnectionNumber Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode;
    WORD   connectionNumber;
    printf ("\n\n");
    printf ("Enter connection number to be cleared: ");
    scanf ("%u", &connectionNumber);
    ccode = ClearConnectionNumber (connectionNumber);
    if (ccode == 198)
        printf ("\n\nNO CONSOLE RIGHTS\n");
    else if (ccode == 0)
        printf ("\n\nSUCCESSFULLY cleared connection number. %u\n",
                connectionNumber);
    else
        printf ("\nccode = %d\n", ccode);
}
```

## DisableFileServerLogin

Disables all logins to a server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWDisableFileServerLogin](#) (page 36))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int DisableFileServerLogin (void);
```

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

## Remarks

The `DisableFileServerLogin` function allows a console operator to restrict new accesses to the server during a crucial period of time such as before shutting down the server. (See also: `DISABLE LOGIN` console command.) If the workstation from which this call is made loses its connection to the server and no other logged objects have console Operator rights, logins can be reenabled by downing the server and rebooting, or by entering the `ENABLE LOGIN` command at the server console. The requesting workstation must have console Operator rights.

## See Also

[EnableFileServerLogin](#) (page 410), [GetFileServerLoginStatus](#) (page 445)

## DisableFileServerLogin Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode;
```

```
char  serverName[48];
WORD  connID;
printf ("\n\n");
ccode = DisableFileServerLogin ();
if (ccode == 198)
    printf ("Console Operator rights required for this
utility\n");
else if (ccode == 0)
{
    connID = GetDefaultConnectionID ();
    GetFileServerName (connID, serverName);
    printf ("SUCCESSFUL\n\n");
    printf ("Disabled all new accesses to %s\n", serverName);
}
else
    printf ("Completion Code = %d\n", ccode);
}
```

## DisableTransactionTracking

Disables transaction tracking on the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWDisableTTS](#) (page 364))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int DisableTransactionTracking (void);
```

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

### Remarks

DisableTransactionTracking is usually used to disable transaction tracking temporarily. This function has no effect if TTS is not installed on the server.

Transaction tracking is also disabled by the server when the transaction volume is full.

The requesting workstation must have console Operator rights. (See also: DISABLE TTS console command.)

### See Also

[EnableTransactionTracking](#) (page 412)

### DisableTransactionTracking Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int ccode;
```

```
ccode = DisableTransactionTracking ();
if (ccode == 0)
    printf ("Successfully disabled TRANSACTION TRACKING...\n");
else
    printf ("ccode = %d\n", ccode);
}
```

## DownFileServer

Brings the server down (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWDownFileServer](#) (page 38))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int DownFileServer (
    int forceFlag);
```

## Parameters

### **forceFlag**

(IN) Indicates whether the server should be forced down even if files are open (0 = Server does not go down if there are open files).

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS
255	(0xFF)	ERR_OPEN_FILES

## Remarks

The requesting workstation must have security equivalence to Supervisor rights.

## DownFileServer Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <nwconio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>
```

```

main()
{
    int    ccode;
    int    forceFlag;
    char   ans;
    printf ("\n\n");
    printf ("Down the server while files are open??\n");
    printf ("Y/N: ");
    ans = (char)getch();
    ans = toupper (ans);
    if (ans == 'Y')
        forceFlag = 1;
    if (ans == 'N')
        forceFlag = 0;
    else
    {
        printf ("INVALID CHOICE");
        exit (-1);
    }
    ccode = DownFileServer (forceFlag);
    switch (ccode)
    {
        case 0:
            printf ("SUCCESSFULLY downed the server...");
            break;

        case 198:
            printf ("WARNING!          WARNING!          WARNING!\n\n");
            printf ("Console Operator rights required for this
                utility\n");
            break;

        case 255:
            printf ("There are open files on the server!\n");
            break;

        default:
            printf ("Error %d in DownFileServer\n", ccode);
    }
}

```

## EnableFileServerLogin

Enables logins to the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWEnableFileServerLogin](#) (page 40))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int EnableFileServerLogin (void);
```

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

## Remarks

Server logins are disabled to restrict new accesses to a server during a crucial period of time (such as just before a server is shut down).

The requesting workstation must have console Operator rights. (See also: [ENABLE LOGIN](#) console command.)

## See Also

[DisableFileServerLogin](#) (page 404), [GetFileServerLoginStatus](#) (page 445)

## EnableFileServerLogin Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode;
    char  serverName[48];
```

```
WORD    connID;
printf ("\n\n");
ccode = EnableFileServerLogin ();
if (ccode == 198)
    printf("Console Operator rights required for utility. \n");
else
    if (ccode == 0)
    {
        connID = GetDefaultConnectionID ();
        GetFileServerName (connID, serverName);
        printf ("SUCCESSFUL\n\n");
        printf ("Enabled logins to %s\n", serverName);
    }
else
    printf ("Completion Code = %d\n", ccode);
}
```

## EnableTransactionTracking

Enables transaction tracking on the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWEnableTTS](#) (page 366))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int EnableTransactionTracking (void);
```

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

### Remarks

Transaction tracking might have been disabled explicitly calling `DisableTransactionTracking` or automatically by the server because the transaction volume is full. After freeing space on the transaction volume by deleting unneeded files, the operator can use this function to enable transaction tracking.

This function has no effect if TTS is not installed on the server.

The requesting workstation must have console Operator rights. (See also: `ENABLE TTS` console command.)

### See Also

[DisableTransactionTracking](#) (page 406)

### EnableTransactionTracking Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
```

```
{
  int  ccode;
  printf ("\n\n");
  ccode = EnableTransactionTracking ();
  if (ccode == 0)
    printf ("SUCCESSFULLY enabled TRANSACTION TRACKING.\n");
  else
    printf ("ccode = %d\n", ccode);
}
```

## GetBinderyObjectDiskSpaceLeft

Returns an object's remaining disk space (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWGetObjectDiskSpaceLeft`)

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int GetBinderyObjectDiskSpaceLeft (
    WORD    fileServerID,
    long    objectID,
    long    *systemElapsedTime,
    long    *unusedDiskBlocks,
    BYTE    *restrictionEnforced);
```

### Parameters

**fileServerID**

(IN) Specifies the connection ID of the server for which to get information.

**objectID**

(IN) Specifies the ID of the object for which to return information.

**systemElapsedTime**

(OUT) Specifies the time elapsed since the server was brought up.

**unusedDiskBlocks**

(OUT) Specifies the number of 4K blocks the object has left.

**restrictionEnforced**

(OUT) Indicates the limitations placed on disk resources; 0 indicates maximum disk space is enforced for the object by the server.

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS

Decimal	Hex	Constant
198	(0XC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

## Remarks

This function allows the requesting workstation to get remaining disk space for its own logged object.

The `objectID` parameter is a 4-byte identification number assigned to an object by the server. It uniquely identifies the object within the NetWare Directory.

The `systemElapsedTime` parameter indicates the time that has elapsed since the server was brought up. It is returned in units of approximately 1/18th of a second. This field can be used to determine the amount of time that has elapsed between consecutive calls. When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps back to zero.

The `unusedDiskBlocks` parameter indicates the number of remaining 4K blocks the object can allocate. The `unusedDiskBlocks` available to a user are not related to how much free disk space is actually available.

The `restrictionsEnforced` parameter indicates the limitations placed on disk resources (0x00 = enforced, 0xFF = not enforced). For disk resource limitation to be active, it must be selected as an option during network installation. If it is not selected as an option, it is not enforced by the server.

Console Operator rights are required to get remaining disk space for other objects.

## See Also

[GetDefaultFileServerID](#)

## GetBinderyObjectDiskSpaceLeft Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode, restrictionEnforced;
    int    days, hours, minutes, seconds;
    char   serverName[48];
    WORD   fileServerID, oldConnID;
    long   objectID, systemElapsedTime, unusedDiskBlocks;
    float  tmpTime;
    printf ("Enter server name: ");
    scanf ("%s", serverName);
    GetfileServerID (serverName, &fileServerID);
    oldConnID = GetPreferredConnectionID ();
    SetPreferredConnectionID (fileServerID);

    /*- Replace "JDOE" with the user name you want -*/
    GetBinderyObjectID ("JDOE", OT_USER, &objectID);
```

```

ccode = GetBinderyObjectDiskSpaceLeft(fileServerID, objectID,
    &systemElapsedTime, &unusedDiskBlocks, &restrictionEnforced);
if (ccode == 0)
{
    tmpTime = ((( (float)(systemElapsedTime))/18)/60)/60)/24);
    days = (int)tmpTime;
    tmpTime = (tmpTime - days) * 24;
    hours = (int)tmpTime;
    tmpTime = (tmpTime - hours) * 60;
    minutes = (int)tmpTime;
    tmpTime = (tmpTime - minutes) * 60;
    seconds = (int)tmpTime;
    printf ("\n\n\n");
    printf ("Connection ID      %u\n", fileServerID);
    printf ("Object ID                %08lX\n", objectID);
    printf ("Elapsed Time             %d DAYS %d HOURS ", days, hours);
    printf ("%d MINUTES %d SECONDS\n", minutes, seconds);
    printf ("Unused Disk Blocks       %08lX\n", unusedDiskBlocks);
    printf ("Restriction Enforced??   %d\n", restrictionEnforced);
}
else
    printf ("Error %d in GetBinderyObjectDiskSpaceLeft\n", ccode);
SetPreferredConnectionID (oldConnID);
}

```

## GetConnectionSemaphores

Returns information about a connection's open semaphores (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWScanSemaphoresByConn](#) in Single and Intra-File Management)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>
```

```
T_RC GetConnectionSemaphores (  
    WORD            connectionNumber,  
    int             *lastRecord,  
    int             *lastTask,  
    int             structSize,  
    CONN_SEMAPHORE *connectionSemaphore,  
    void            *buffer,  
    int             bufferSize);
```

### Parameters

**connectionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the connection number to return information for.

**lastRecord**

(IN/OUT) Points to the next major record (set to 0 for the first call).

**lastTask**

(IN/OUT) Points to the task number within the logical connection that has the semaphore open ( set to 0 for the first call).

**structSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the CONN\_SEMAPHORE structure.

**connectionSemaphore**

(OUT) Points to a structure that contains information about the connection's open semaphores.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer that is used during processing. If this function is called iteratively, `buffer` should be reused.

**bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. The buffer should be at least `ENVSERV_BUFFER1_SIZE` bytes.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns information about the open semaphores for the connection specified by `connectionNumber`. The requesting connection must have console operator rights.

To call this function iteratively, an application must set `lastRecord` and `lastTask` to zero on the first call. The function changes `lastRecord` to point to the next major record, if any. If `lastRecord` and `lastTask` are returned as zero, there is no more information to receive.

The `structSize` parameter is the size of `CONN_SEMAPHORE`, which should be at least the size of `CONN_SEMAPHORE_386` plus two bytes (for the `WORD`, `unionType`). The connection type (386 server) can be determined by calling `CheckNetWareVersion`.

`GetConnectionSemaphores` returns different information depending on whether the connection is to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. The `CONN_SEMAPHORE` structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_SEMAPHORE
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        CONN_SEMAPHORE_386 con386;
    }u;
}CONN_SEMAPHORE;
```

The `unionType` field indicates the type of information (386) that is returned. If the connection is to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server, `unionType` is `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` and a `CONN_SEMAPHORE_386` structure is returned. Both structures are defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_SEMAPHORE_386
{
    WORD    openCount;
    WORD    semaphoreValue;
    WORD    taskNumber;
    BYTE    nameLength;
    BYTE    semaphoreName[255];
} CONN_SEMAPHORE_386;
```

The first `structSize` bytes are copied into the structure.

The `openCount` field contains the number of logical connections that have this semaphore open.

The `semaphoreValue` field contains the current value of the semaphore. A negative value is usually interpreted as the number of processes waiting for the service represented by the semaphore.

The `taskNumber` field contains the task number within the logical connection that has the semaphore open.

The `semaphoreName` field contains a length-preceded string representing the semaphore name.

## GetConnectionsOpenFiles

Returns information about the files that a connection has open (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWScanOpenFilesByConn2](#))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>
```

```
T_RC GetConnectionsOpenFiles (  
    WORD            connectionNumber,  
    int             *lastRecord,  
    int             *lastTask,  
    int             structSize,  
    CONN_OPEN_FILES *openFiles,  
    void            *buffer,  
    int             bufferSize);
```

### Parameters

**connectionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the connection number to return information for.

**lastRecord**

(IN/OUT) The function sets this parameter to point to the next major record (must be set to 0 for the first call).

**lastTask**

(IN/OUT) The function sets this parameter to point to the task number within the logical connection that has the semaphore open (must be set to 0 for the first call).

**structSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the CONN\_OPEN\_FILES structure.

**openFiles**

(OUT) Points to a structure that contains information about files that the connection has open.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer that is used during processing. If this function is called iteratively, `buffer` should be reused.

**bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. The buffer should be at least `ENVSERV_BUFFER1_SIZE` bytes.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns information about the open files of the connection specified by `connectionNumber`. The requesting connection must have console operator rights.

To call this function iteratively, an application must set `lastRecord` and `lastTask` to zero on the first call. The function changes `lastRecord` to point to the next major record, if any. If `lastRecord` and `lastTask` are returned as zero, there is no more information to receive.

The `structSize` parameter is the size of `CONN_OPEN_FILES`, which should be at least the size of `CONN_OPEN_FILES_386` plus two bytes (for the `WORD`, `unionType`). The connection type (386 server) can be determined by calling `CheckNetWareVersion`.

`GetConnectionsOpenFiles` returns different information depending on whether the connection is to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. The `CONN_OPEN_FILES` structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_OPEN_FILES
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        CONN_OPEN_FILES_386 con386;
    }u;
} CONN_OPEN_FILES;
```

The `unionType` field indicates the type of information (386) that is returned. If the connection is to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server, `unionType` is `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` and a `CONN_OPEN_FILES_386` structure is returned. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_OPEN_FILES_386
{
    WORD    taskNumber;
    BYTE    lockType;
    BYTE    accessControl;
    BYTE    lockFlag;
    BYTE    volumeNumber;
    LONG    parentDirEntry;
    LONG    dirEntry;
    BYTE    forkCount;
    BYTE    nameSpace;
    BYTE    nameLength;
    BYTE    fileName[256];
}CONN_OPEN_FILES_386;
```

The first `structSize` bytes are copied to the structure.

The `taskNumber` field indicates the task number that has the file open.

The `lockType` field contains bit flags indicating the type of file lock as follows:

- 0 Locked
- 1 Open Shareable
- 2 Logged
- 3 Open Normal
- 6 TTS Holding Lock
- 7 Transaction Flag Set For This File

The `accessControl` field contains bit flags indicating the connection's access rights for the file as follows:

- 0 Open for read by this connection
- 1 Open for write by this connection
- 2 Deny read requests by other connections
- 3 Deny write requests by other connections
- 4 File detached
- 5 TTS holding detach
- 6 TTS holding open

The `lockFlag` field contains a flag indicating the type of lock on the file as follows:

Decimal	Hex	Description
0	0x00	Not locked
254	0xFE	Locked by a file lock
255	0xFF	Locked by Begin Share File Set

The `volumeNumber` field identifies the file's volume in a Volume Table on the server. The Volume Table contains information about each volume on the server.

The `dirEntry` field indicates the file path that is relative to this directory. This value is not a directory handle.

The `fileName` field contains an ASCII string representing the file's name.

`CONN_OPEN_FILES_386` contains an additional four fields.

The `parentDirEntry` field contains the file path relative to the parent directory.

The `forkCount` field contains the index assigned (by Novell®) to the non-primary data stream associated with the file (for example, the resource fork of a Macintosh file).

The `nameSpace` field contains a number indicating the name space of the file. The name spaces currently available are:

0	DOS
1	MACINTOSH

---

2	NFS
3	FTAM
4	OS2
5	NT

---

The `nameLength` field contains the length of `fileName`.

The `fileName` field contains the file name.

## GetConnectionsTaskInformation

Returns information about a connection's active tasks (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWGetTaskInformationByConn`)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Synta

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>
```

```
T_RC GetConnectionsTaskInformation (  
    WORD      connectionNumber,  
    void      **connectionTaskInfo,  
    void      *buffer,  
    int       bufferSize);
```

## Parameters

### **connectionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the connection number to return information for.

### **connectionTaskInfo**

(OUT) Points to a structure containing task information for the connection.

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer that receives `CONN_SEMAPHORE_386`.

### **bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. The buffer should be at least `ENVSERV_BUFFER1_SIZE` bytes.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns information about the active tasks for the connection identified by `connectionNumber`.

The `connectionTaskInfo` parameter receives a pointer to one or more structures. The structure(s) is `CONN_TASK_INFO_386` depending on whether the connection is to a 3.x (or above)

server. If the structure is `CONN_TASK_INFO_386`, its `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386`. These structures are defined in `NWENVVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_TASK_INFO_386
{
    WORD    unionType;
    BYTE    lockStatus;
    union
    {
        struct
        {
            WORD    taskNumber;
            LONG    beginAddress;
            LONG    endAddress;
            WORD    volumeNumber;
            LONG    parentID;
            LONG    directoryEntry;
            BYTE    forkCount;
            BYTE    nameSpace;
            BYTE    nameLength;
            BYTE    name;
        }LockStatus1;
        struct
        {
            WORD    taskNumber;
            WORD    volumeNumber;
            LONG    parentID;
            LONG    directoryEntry;
            BYTE    forkCount;
            BYTE    nameSpace;
            BYTE    nameLength;
            BYTE    name;
        }LockStatus2;
        struct
        {
            WORD    taskNumber;
            BYTE    nameLength;
            BYTE    name;
        }LockStatus3Or4;
    }waitRecord;
}CONN_TASK_INFO_386;
```

The `lockStatus` field receives one of the following values:

---

0	Normal (connection free to run)
1	Connection waiting on physical record lock
2	Connection waiting on file lock
3	Connection waiting on logical record lock
4	Connection waiting on semaphore

---

This field indicates which of the following structures ( LockStatus1, LockStatus2, or LockStatus3Or4) is filled out. If lockStatus is 0, none of these structures is filled out.

The taskNumber, nameLength, and name fields are returned for all lock status types (except 0).

The taskNumber field contains the task number.

The nameLength field contains length of name.

The name field contains the name of the file that is locked.

LockStatus1 and LockStatus2 also contain volumeNumber and directoryEntry fields.

The volumeNumber field contains the volume number of the volume containing the file.

The directoryEntry field contains the directory entry of the file.

For the CONN\_TASK\_INFO\_386 structure, the LockStatus1 and LockStatus2 structures also contain parentID, forkCount, and nameSpace fields.

The parentID field contains the directory entry for the parent directory.

The forkCount field contains the index assigned (by Novell) to the non-primary data stream associated with the file (for example, the resource fork of a Macintosh file).

The nameSpace field contains a number indicating the name space of the file. The five name spaces that are currently available are:

---

0	DOS
1	MACINTOSH
2	NFS
3	FTAM
4	OS2
5	NT

---

The LockStatus1 structure also contains beginAddress and endAddress fields, which contain the starting address and the ending address of the locked region in the file, respectively.

Directly following the waitRecord is a byte indicating the number of active tasks for the connection. For each active task a structure follows. This structure is CONN\_TASK\_PAIRS\_386 (for a connection to a NetWare 3.x or above server). This structure is defined in NWENVRN1.H as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_TASK_PAIRS_386
{
    WORD    task;
    BYTE    taskStatus;
}CONN_TASK_PAIRS_386;
```

The task field contains the task number.

The taskStatus field contains the state of task:

---

<b>Decimal</b>	<b>Hex</b>	<b>State and Description</b>
1	0x01	TState_TTSEXPLICIT: Indicates a TTS explicit transaction is in progress.
2	0x02	TState_TTSIMPLICIT: Indicates a TTS implicit transaction is in progress.
4	0x04	TState_FileSetLock: Indicates a Shared file set lock is in progress.

---

## **GetConnectionsUsageStats (obsolete 4/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## GetConnectionsUsingFile

Returns all logical connections using a file (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWScanConnectionsUsingFile](#) in Multiple and Inter-File Management)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>

T_RC GetConnectionsUsingFile (
    int      requestSize,
    void     *request,
    void     *buffer,
    int      bufferSize);
```

### Parameters

**requestSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the request buffer.

**request**

(IN) Points to a buffer containing the request structure.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives the response structure.

**bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the buffer that receives the response structure. The buffer should be at least `ENVSERV_BUFFER1_SIZE` bytes.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function uses a different request structure depending on whether the request is made to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. You must determine the type of server that the request is sent to and put the correct request structure into the `request` buffer. If the wrong structure is submitted, this function returns `EFAILURE`.

The `buffer` receives the response structure.

The request buffer contains a `CONN_USING_FILE_REQUEST` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_USING_FILE_REQUEST
{
    WORD    unionType;
    WORD    reserved1;
    BYTE    reserved2;
    union
    {
        CONN_USING_FILE_REQ_386 req386;
    };
}CONN_USING_FILE_REQUEST;
```

The `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` (for a NetWare 3.x or above server).

The union field contains the request structure for the server type that you want information for.

*NetWare 3.x (or above) Server:* The request structure you send to NetWare 3.x (or above) servers is `CONN_USING_FILE_REQ_386`, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_USING_FILE_REQ_386
{
    BYTE    forkType;
    BYTE    volume;
    LONG    directoryID;
    WORD    nextRecord;
}CONN_USING_FILE_REQ_386;
```

The `forkType` field contains the index assigned (by Novell) to the non-primary data stream associated with the file (for example, the resource fork of a Macintosh file).

The `volume` field contains the volume that the file is on.

The `directoryID` field contains the directory handle of the directory that contains the file.

The `nextRecord` field identifies the first record to retrieve data for. This field must be set to 0 for the first call to this function. On subsequent calls, it should be given the value returned in the `nextRequestRecord` field of the reply structure.

The buffer receives a `CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        struct CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY_386 rep386;
    };
}CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY;
```

The `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` (for a NetWare 3.x or above server).

The union field contains the reply structure for the server type that you want information for.

*NetWare 3.x (or above) Server:* The `buffer` receives a `CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY_386` structure followed by `CONN_USING_FILE_RECORD_386` structures. The `CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY_386` structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY_386
{
    WORD    nextRequestRecord;
    WORD    useCount;
    WORD    openCount;
    WORD    openForReadCount;
    WORD    openForWriteCount;
    WORD    denyReadCount;
    WORD    denyWriteCount;
    BYTE    locked;
    BYTE    forkCount;
    WORD    numberOfRecords; /* connection records follow */
}CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY_386;
```

The `nextRequestRecord` field contains a value to be passed in the `nextRecord` field of `CONN_USING_FILE_REQ_386` for the next call to this function. This field contains 0 when the last record is retrieved and no more calls to this function need to be made.

In addition, this structure has a `forkCount` field, which contains the index assigned (by Novell) to the non-primary data stream associated with the file (for example, the resource fork of a Macintosh file).

The reply structure is followed by a number of structures, one for each connection using the file.

*NetWare 3.x (or above) Server:* The `CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY_386` structure is followed by a number of `CONN_USING_FILE_RECORD_386` structures, one for each connection using the file. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_USING_FILE_RECORD_386
{
    WORD    connectionNumber;
    WORD    taskNumber;
    BYTE    lockType;
    BYTE    accessFlags;
    BYTE    lockStatus;
}CONN_USING_FILE_RECORD_386;
```

The `connectionNumber` field contains the connection number using the file.

The `taskNumber` field contains the connection's task number that is using the file.

The `lockType` field contains bit flags indicating the file's lock information, as shown below:

- 0 Locked
- 1 Open Shareable
- 2 Logged
- 3 Open Normal
- 6 TTS Holding Lock
- 7 Transaction Flag Set For This File

The `accessFlags` field contains bit flags indicating the connection/task's access rights for the file, as shown below:

- 0 Open for read by this connection
- 1 Open for write by this connection
- 2 Deny read requests by other connections
- 3 Deny write requests by other connections
- 4 File detached
- 5 TTS holding detach
- 6 TTS holding open

The `lockStatus` field contains a flag indicating the type of lock, if any, on the file, as follows:

Decimal	Hex	Description
0	0x00	Not locked
254	0xFE	Locked by a file lock
255	0xFF	Locked by Begin Share File Set

## **GetDiskCacheStats (obsolete 4/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## **GetDiskChannelStats (obsolete 4/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## GetDiskUtilization

Returns the disk usage of an object on a volume (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWGetDiskUtilization](#) in Volume Management)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>
```

```
int GetDiskUtilization (  
    long    objectID,  
    BYTE    volumeNumber,  
    LONG    *usedDirectories,  
    LONG    *usedFiles,  
    LONG    *usedBlocks);
```

## Parameters

### **objectID**

(IN) Specifies the unique ID of the object.

### **volumeNumber**

(IN) Specifies the volume for which statistics are requested (0-based).

### **usedDirectories**

(OUT) Receives the number of directories owned by the object.

### **usedFiles**

(OUT) Receives the number of files created by the object.

### **usedBlocks**

(OUT) Receives the number of disk blocks used by the object.

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
152	(0x98)	ERR_VOLUME_DOES_NOT_EXIST

Decimal	Hex	Constant
242	(0xF2)	ERR_NO_OBJECT_READ_PRIVILEGE

## Remarks

This function returns the disk usage of an object by passing the object ID.

The `volumeNumber` parameter identifies the volume in a volume table on the server. The volume table contains information about each volume on the server.

The `objectID` parameter is 4-byte identification number assigned to an object by the server. It uniquely identifies the object within the NetWare Directory.

To determine the number of bytes an object is using on a volume, use the following equation:

$$\text{bytes used} = \text{usedBlocks} \\ * \text{sectors/block} * \text{bytes/sector}$$

Current network implementations allocate eight 512-byte sectors per block (4 KB per block).

This function requires Read privileges at the object level.

## See Also

[GetVolumeInformation](#) (NetWare SDK)

## GetDiskUtilization Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode, volumeNumber;
    LONG   objectID, usedDirectories, usedFiles, usedBlocks;
    WORD   objType;
    char   objName[48], volName[16];
    printf ("\n\n");
    printf ("Enter object's name: ");
    scanf ("%s", objName);
    printf ("\nEnter object's type: ");
    scanf ("%d", &objType);
    ccode = GetBinderyObjectID (objName, objType, &objectID);
    printf ("\nEnter volume name:  ");
    scanf ("%s", volName);
    ccode = GetVolumeNumber (volName, &volumeNumber);
    ccode = GetDiskUtilization (objectID, *((BYTE *)volumeNumber),
        &usedDirectories, &usedFiles, &usedBlocks);
    if (ccode)
    {
        if (ccode == 152)
            printf ("\n\nVOLUME DOES NOT EXIST\n");
    }
}
```

```

else if (ccode == 242)
printf ("\n\nNO OBJECT READ PRIVILEGE\n");
else
printf ("\n\nccode = %d\n", ccode);
}
else
{
printf ("\n\n\nSUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED\n\n\n");
printf ("Object ID...                %08lX\n", objectID);
printf ("Volume Number...                %d\n", volumeNumber);
printf ("Directories Used...              %u\n", usedDirectories);
printf ("Files Used...                    %u\n", usedFiles);
printf ("Blocks Used...                   %u\n", usedBlocks);
}
}

```

## **GetDriveMappingTable (obsolete 4/99)**

was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## 11.2 GetF\*-TTS\* Functions

Click on any function name in the table of contents to view the purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values for that function.

- [“GetFileServerDateAndTime” on page 440](#)
- [“GetFileServerDescriptionStrings” on page 442](#)
- [“GetFileServerLANIOStats \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 444](#)
- [“GetFileServerLoginStatus” on page 445](#)
- [“GetFileServerMiscInformation \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 447](#)
- [“GetFileServerName” on page 448](#)
- [“GetFileSystemStats \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 450](#)
- [“GetLANDriverConfigInfo \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 451](#)
- [“GetLogicalRecordInformation” on page 452](#)
- [“GetLogicalRecordsByConnection” on page 455](#)
- [“GetPathFromDirectoryEntry” on page 457](#)
- [“GetPhysicalDiskStats \(obsolete 4/99\)” on page 459](#)
- [“GetPhysicalRecordLocksByFile” on page 460](#)
- [“GetPhysRecLockByConnectAndFile” on page 464](#)
- [“GetSemaphoreInformation” on page 467](#)
- [“GetServerInformation” on page 470](#)
- [“GetServerMemorySize” on page 474](#)
- [“GetServerUtilization” on page 475](#)
- [“SendConsoleBroadcast” on page 476](#)
- [“SetFileServerDateAndTime” on page 478](#)
- [“TTSGetStats \(Obsolete-moved from .h file 4/99\)” on page 480](#)

## GetFileServerDateAndTime

Returns the date and time of the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWGetFileServerDateAndTime](#) (page 61))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

void GetFileServerDateAndTime (
    BYTE    *dateAndTime);
```

### Parameters

**dateAndTime**

(OUT) Receives the server's date and time (7 bytes).

### Remarks

The `dateAndTime` parameter returns information in the following format:

Byte	Contents	Values	Explanation
0	Year	80 to 179	80-99 correspond to the years 1980-1999. 100-179 correspond to the years 2000-2079.
1	Month	1 to 12	
2	Day	1 to 31	
3	Hour	0 to 23	
4	Minute	0 to 59	
5	Second	0 to 59	
6	Day	(0 to 6)	A value of 0 = Sunday, 1 = Monday, 2 = Tuesday, etc.

The date and time are not synchronized across the network (between servers) unless time synchronization is active.

## See Also

GetClockStatus (NetWare SDK), [SetFileServerDateAndTime \(page 478\)](#)

## GetFileServerDateAndTime Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nwtypes.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    rc;
    char   d[7];
    GetFileServerDateAndTime(d);
    printf("year = %d\n",d[0]);
    printf("month = %d\n",d[1]);
    printf("day = %d\n",d[2]);
    printf("hour = %d\n",d[3]);
    printf("minute = %d\n",d[4]);
    printf("second = %d\n",d[5]);
    printf("weekday = %d\n",d[6]);
}
```

## GetFileServerDescriptionStrings

Returns the name of the company that distributed this copy of NetWare (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWGetFileServerDescription` (page 63))

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int GetFileServerDescriptionStrings (
    char    *companyName,
    char    *revision,
    char    *revisionDate,
    char    *copyrightNotice);
```

### Parameters

**companyName**

(OUT) Receives a string containing the name of the company (80 characters, including the NULL terminator).

**revision**

(OUT) Receives a string containing the NetWare version and revision (80 characters, including the NULL terminator).

**revisionDate**

(OUT) Receives a string containing the revision date in the form MM/DD/YY (up to 24 characters, including the NULL terminator).

**copyrightNotice**

(OUT) Receives a string containing the copyright notice (maximum 80 characters, including the NULL terminator).

### Return Values

---

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS

---

## Remarks

The `companyName`, `revision`, `revisionDate`, and `copyrightNotice` parameters return information about this copy of NetWare.

## See Also

[GetServerInformation \(page 470\)](#)

## GetFileServerDescriptionStrings Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode;
    char   companyName[80], revision[80];
    char   revisionDate[24], copyrightNotice[80];
    ccode = GetFileServerDescriptionStrings (companyName, revision,
                                             revisionDate, copyrightNotice);
    if (ccode == 0)
    {
        printf ("\n\n\n");
        printf ("%s\n", companyName);
        printf ("%s\n", revision);
        printf ("%s\n", revisionDate);
        printf ("%s\n", copyrightNotice);
    }
}
```

## **GetFileServerLANIOStats (obsolete 4/99)**

Was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

# GetFileServerLoginStatus

Returns the server's login status (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) ( *NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWGetFileServerLoginStatus](#) (page 73))

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int GetFileServerLoginStatus (
    int *loginEnabledFlag);
```

## Parameters

**loginEnabledFlag**

(OUT) Receives a flag indicating the status of the server's login state (0 = Login is disabled).

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

## Remarks

The login status indicates whether logins are enabled or disabled.

Server logins can be disabled with the `DisableFileServerLogin` function so that new accesses to a server are restricted during a crucial period of time (before taking a server down). The `EnableFileServerLogin` function re-enables logins.

The requesting workstation must have console Operator rights.

## See Also

[DisableFileServerLogin](#) (page 404), [EnableFileServerLogin](#) (page 410)

## GetFileServerLoginStatus Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    ccode, loginEnabledFlag;
    ccode = GetFileServerLoginStatus (&loginEnabledFlag);
    if (ccode)
    {
        printf ("ccode = %d\n", ccode);
        exit (-1);
    }
    else
        if (loginEnabledFlag)
            printf ("Login is enabled.\n");
        else
            printf ("Login is disabled.\n");
    }
}
```

## **GetFileServerMiscInformation (obsolete 4/99)**

Was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## GetFileServerName

Returns the name of a server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWGetFileServerVersionInfo](#) (page 76) or [NWCCGetConnInfo](#))

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

void GetFileServerName (
    WORD    fileServerID,
    char    *fileServerName);
```

## Parameters

### **fileServerID**

(IN) Contains the connection ID for which `fileServerName` is returned; if this number is 0, the name of the server is returned.

### **fileServerName**

(OUT) Receives name of the server (maximum 48 characters).

## Return Values

This function returns no value. If an error occurs, `NetWareErrno` is set to:

Decimal	Hex	Constant
115	(0x73)	ERR_BAD_CONNECTION_ID

## Remarks

This function returns the name of a server by passing the `fileServerID`. If `fileServerID` is invalid, `fileServerName` is NULL.

Passing the `fileServerID` (server number) of any logged in remote server returns the name of that server. If `fileServerID` is 0, the name of the local server is returned.

## See Also

[GetFileServerID](#), [GetServerInformation](#) (page 470)

## GetFileServerName Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    WORD    fileServerID;
    char    fileServerName[48];
    printf ("\n\n");
    printf ("Enter Connection ID: ");
    scanf ("%u", &fileServerID);
    GetFileServerName (fileServerID, fileServerName);
    printf ("Connection ID is: %u\n", fileServerID);
    printf ("Server Name is: %s\n", fileServerName);
}
```

## **GetFileSystemStats (obsolete 4/99)**

Was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## **GetLANDriverConfigInfo (obsolete 4/99)**

Was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## GetLogicalRecordInformation

Returns information about a logical record (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWScanLogicalLocksByName](#) in Single and Intra-File Management)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>

T_RC GetLogicalRecordInformation (
    int      requestSize,
    void     *request,
    void     *buffer,
    int      bufferSize);
```

### Parameters

**requestSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the request buffer.

**request**

(IN) Points to a buffer containing the request structure.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives the response structure.

**bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the buffer that receives the response structure. This buffer must be at least ENVSERV\_BUFFER1\_SIZE bytes.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

The `request` buffer contains a `CONN_USING_FILE_REQUEST` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct LOGICAL_RECORD_REQUEST
{
```

```

WORD    reserved1;
BYTE    reserved2;
WORD    nextRecord;
BYTE    nameLength;
BYTE    name[255];
}LOGICAL_RECORD_REQUEST;

```

The `nextRecord` field identifies the first record to be processed by this function. This field must be set to 0 for the first call to this function. On subsequent calls, it must be set to the value returned in the `nextRequestRecord` field of the reply structure.

The `nameLength` field contains the length of `name`.

The `name` field contains the name of the logical record that you want information about.

The `buffer` parameter receives the response structure, `LOGICAL_RECORD_INFO`, which is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct LOGICAL_RECORD_INFO
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        LOGICAL_RECORD_INFO_386 lr386;
    }u;
}LOGICAL_RECORD_INFO;

```

The `unionType` field indicates the type of information (386) that is returned. If the connection is to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server, `unionType` is `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` and a `LOGICAL_RECORD_INFO_386` structure is returned. Both structures are defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct LOGICAL_RECORD_INFO_386
{
    WORD    useCount;
    WORD    shareableLockCount;
    BYTE    locked;
    WORD    nextRequestRecord;
    WORD    numberOfRecords;
}LOGICAL_RECORD_INFO_386;

```

The `useCount` field contains the number of logical connections that have the logical record logged.

The `shareableLockCount` field contains the number of logical connections that have a shareable lock on the logical record.

The `locked` field indicates whether the logical record is locked exclusively (0 = not locked exclusively).

The `nextRequestRecord` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. This value is passed in the `nextRecord` field of the request function on the next call to this function. When 0 is returned in this field, there are no more records to be processed.

The `numberOfRecords` field contains the number of structures that follow in the buffer (`LOGICAL_RECORD_386` structures). This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct LOGICAL_RECORD_386
{
    WORD    connectionNumber;
    WORD    taskNumber;
    BYTE    lockStatus;
}LOGICAL_RECORD_386;
```

The `connectionNumber` field contains the connection number of the connection using the record.

The `taskNumber` field contains the number of the task within the connection that is using the record.

The `lockStatus` field contains the bit flags that indicate the record's lock status, as follows:

- 0 Locked
- 1 Open Shareable
- 2 Logged
- 3 Open Normal
- 6 TTS Holding Lock
- 7 Transaction Flag Set For This File

## GetLogicalRecordsByConnection

Returns the logical records that a connection has logged with a server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWScanLogicalLocksByConn](#) (in Single and Intra-File Management))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>

T_RC GetLogicalRecordsByConnection (
    WORD    connectionNumber,
    WORD    nextRecord,
    void    *buffer,
    int     bufferSize);
```

### Parameters

**connectionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the connection number to return information for.

**nextRecord**

(IN) Specifies the first record to process. This parameter must be set to 0 for the first call to this function. On subsequent calls, it must be set to the value returned in the `nextRequest` field of the reply structure.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives the reply structure.

**bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the buffer that receives the reply structure. This buffer must be at least `ENVSERV_BUFFER1_SIZE` bytes.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns information about logical records that a given connection has logged with a server.

This function returns a `CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD` structure in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD_386 lr386;
    }u;
}CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD;
```

The `unionType` field indicates the type of information (386) that is returned. If the connection is to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server, `unionType` is `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` and a `CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD_386` structure is returned. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD_386
{
    WORD    nextRequest;
    WORD    numberOfRecords;
}CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD_386;
```

The `nextRequestRecord` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. This value is passed in the `nextRecord` parameter for the next call. When this field is 0, there are no more records to be processed.

The `numberOfRecords` field contains the number of structures that follow in the buffer (`LOGICAL_RECORD_BLOCK_386`). This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD_BLOCK_386
{
    WORD    taskNumber;
    BYTE    lockStatus;
    BYTE    lockNameLength;
    BYTE    lockName;        /* 1st byte - more follow */
}CONN_LOGICAL_RECORD_BLOCK_386;
```

The `taskNumber` field contains the number of the task within the connection that has the record logged.

The `lockStatus` field contains the bit flags indicating the record's lock status as follows:

- 0 Locked
- 1 Open Shareable
- 2 Logged
- 3 Open Normal
- 6 TTS Holding Lock
- 7 Transaction Flag Set For This File

The `lockNameLength` field contains the length of `lockName`.

The `lockName` field contains the name of the lock.

## GetPathFromDirectoryEntry

Accesses a file path listed in a server's Directory Entry Table (DET) (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*).)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>

int GetPathFromDirectoryEntry (
    BYTE    volumeNumber,
    WORD    directoryEntry,
    BYTE    *pathLength,
    char    *path);
```

### Parameters

**volumeNumber**

(IN) Specifies the volume number of the volume containing the directory from which the file path is accessed.

**directoryEntry**

(IN) Specifies the offset into the Directory Entry Table of the file path to be accessed.

**pathLength**

(OUT) Receives the length of path.

**path**

(OUT) Receives the file path of the directory (ASCIIZ string).

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

An application must call `GetConnectionsOpenFiles` to get the offset into the server's DET of the file path to be accessed before calling `GetPathFromDirectoryEntry`.

## See Also

[GetConnectionsOpenFiles \(page 420\)](#)

## **GetPhysicalDiskStats (obsolete 4/99)**

Was last documented in Release 15 for NetWare 2.x only.

## GetPhysicalRecordLocksByFile

Returns physical records that are locked in a file (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWScanPhysicalLocksByFile](#) (Single and Intra-File Management

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>

T_RC GetPhysicalRecordLocksByFile (
    int     requestSize,
    void    *request,
    void    *buffer,
    int     *bufferSize);
```

### Parameters

**requestSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the request buffer.

**request**

(IN) Points to a buffer containing the request structure.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives the response structure.

**bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the buffer that receives the response structure. This buffer must be at least ENVSERV\_BUFFER1\_SIZE bytes.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function uses a different request structure depending on whether the request is made to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. You must determine the type of server that the request is sent to and put the correct request structure into the `request` buffer. If the wrong structure is submitted, this function returns EFAILURE.

The `buffer` parameter receives the response structure.

The request buffer contains a `FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_REQUEST` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_REQUEST
{
    WORD    unionType;
    WORD    reserved1;
    BYTE    reserved2;
    union
    {
        FILE_PHYSICAL_REQUEST_386 pr386;
    }u;
} FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_REQUEST;
```

The `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` (for a NetWare 3.x or above server).

The union field contains the request structure for the server type that you want information for.

*NetWare 3.x (or above) Server:* The request for a NetWare 3.x (or above) server contains a `FILE_PHYSICAL_REQUEST_386` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct FILE_PHYSICAL_REQUEST_386
{
    BYTE    forkType;
    BYTE    volume;
    LONG    directoryID;
    WORD    next;
}FILE_PHYSICAL_REQUEST_386;
```

The `forkType` field contains the index assigned (by Novell) to the non-primary data stream associated with the file (for example, the resource fork of a Macintosh file).

The `volume` field contains the volume number of the file to return information for.

The `directoryID` field contains the directory ID number of the file.

The `next` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. It must be set to 0 on the first call to this function. On subsequent calls, it must be set to the value returned in the `nextRequest` field of the reply structure.

The `buffer` receives a `FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_LOCK` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_LOCK
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_LOCK_386 pr386;
    }u;
}FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_LOCK;
```

The `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` (for a NetWare 3.x or above server).

The union field contains the reply structure for the server type that you want information for. The reply structure is `FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_LOCK_386` for a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_LOCK_386
{
    WORD    nextRequest;
    WORD    numberOfLocks;
}FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_LOCK_386;
```

The `nextRequest` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. On subsequent calls to this function, this value is passed in the `lastRecord` field of the request structure. When 0 is returned in this field, all records have been processed.

The `numberOfLocks` field contains the number of lock information structures which follow in the buffer. If information for a NetWare 3.x (or above) server is requested, `FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_386` structures follow. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_386
{
    WORD    loggedCount;
    WORD    shareLockCount;
    LONG    recordStart;
    LONG    recordEnd;
    WORD    connectionNumber;
    WORD    taskNumber;
    BYTE    lockType;
}FILE_PHYSICAL_RECORD_386;
```

The `loggedCount` field contains the number of physical record locks.

The `shareLockCount` field contains the number of tasks that have the record locked shareable.

The `recordStart` field contains the starting byte offset of the physical record lock within the file.

The `recordEnd` field contains the ending byte offset of the physical record lock within the file.

The `connectionNumber` field contains the number of the connection that has the record locked exclusively.

The `taskNumber` field contains the task number of the task within the connection that has the record locked exclusively.

The `lockType` field contains a flag indicating the type of lock, if any, on the file, as shown below:

Decimal	Hex	Description
0	0x00	Not locked
254	0xFE	Locked by a file lock
255	0xFF	Locked by Begin Share File Set

The requesting connection must have console operator rights.

## See Also

[GetPhysRecLockByConnectAndFile \(page 464\)](#)

## GetPhysRecLockByConnectAndFile

Returns a logical connection's physical record locks within a file (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWScanPhysicalLocksByConnFile](#) (Single and Intra-File Management))

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>
```

```
T_RC GetPhysRecLockByConnectAndFile (  
    int     requestSize,  
    void    *request,  
    void    *buffer,  
    int     *bufferSize);
```

### Parameters

**requestSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the request buffer.

**request**

(IN) Points to a buffer containing the request structure.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives the response structure.

**bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the buffer that receives the response structure. This buffer must be at least `ENVSERV_BUFFER1_SIZE` bytes.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function uses a different request structure depending on whether the request is made to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. You must determine the type of server that the request is sent to and put the correct request structure into the `request` buffer. If the wrong structure is submitted, this function returns `EFAILURE`.

The `buffer` parameter receives the response structure.

The request buffer contains a `CONN_LOCK_REQUEST` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_LOCK_REQUEST
{
    WORD    unionType;
    WORD    reserved1;
    BYTE    reserved2;
    union
    {
        CONN_LOCK_REQUEST_386 lr386;
    }u;
}CONN_LOCK_REQUEST;
```

The `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` (for a NetWare 3.x or above server).

The union field contains the request structure for the server type that you want information for.

*NetWare 3.x (or above) Server:* The request for a NetWare 3.x (or above) server contains a `CONN_LOCK_REQUEST_386` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_LOCK_REQUEST_386
{
    WORD    connectionNumber;
    BYTE    forkType;
    BYTE    volume;
    LONG    directoryID;
    WORD    next;
}CONN_LOCK_REQUEST_386;
```

The `connectionNumber` field contains the connection number to obtain information for.

The `forkType` field contains the index assigned (by Novell) to the nonprimary data stream associated with the file (for example, the resource fork of a Macintosh file).

The `volume` field contains the number of the volume that contains the file.

The `directoryID` field contains the ID number of the directory that contains the file.

The `next` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. On the first call, this field must be set to 0. On subsequent calls, it must be set to the value returned in the `nextRecord` field of the reply structure.

The `buffer` receives a `CONN_RECORD_LOCKS` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_RECORD_LOCKS
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        CONN_RECORD_LOCKS_386 r1386;
    }u;
}CONN_RECORD_LOCKS;
```

The `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` (for a NetWare 3.x or above server).

The `union` field contains the reply structure for the server type that you want information for. The reply structure is `CONN_RECORD_LOCKS_386` for a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_RECORD_LOCKS_386
{
    WORD    nextRecord;
    WORD    numberOfLocks;          /* record locks follow */
}CONN_RECORD_LOCKS_386;
```

The `nextRecord` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. This value is passed to the next call in `next` (for NetWare 3.x) field of the request structure. When 0 is returned in this field, all records have been processed.

The `numberOfLocks` field contains the number of lock information structures which follow in the buffer. If information for a NetWare 3.x (or above) server is requested, `CONN_LOCK_RECORD_386` structures follow. These structures are defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CONN_LOCK_RECORD_386
{
    WORD    taskNumber;
    BYTE    lockFlag;
    LONG    recordStart;
    LONG    recordEnd;
}CONN_LOCK_RECORD_386;
```

The `taskNumber` field contains the task number of the task within the connection that has the record locked exclusively.

The `lockFlag` field contains the bit flags indicating the record's lock status as follows:

- 0 Locked
- 1 Open Shareable
- 2 Logged
- 3 Open Normal
- 6 TTS Holding Lock
- 7 Transaction Flag Set For This File

The `recordStart` field contains the byte offset of the physical record lock within the file.

The `recordEnd` field contains the byte offset of the physical record lock within the file.

The requesting connection must have console operator rights.

## See Also

[GetPhysicalRecordLocksByFile \(page 460\)](#)

## GetSemaphoreInformation

Returns information about a semaphore (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions) and call [NWExamineSemaphore](#) in Single and Intra-File Management)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn1.h>

T_RC GetSemaphoreInformation (
    int    requestSize,
    void   *request,
    void   *buffer,
    int    *bufferSize);
```

## Parameters

### **requestSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the request buffer.

### **request**

(IN) Points to a buffer containing the request structure.

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives the response structure.

### **bufferSize**

(IN) Specifies the size of the buffer that receives the response structure. This buffer must be at least `ENVSERV_BUFFER1_SIZE` bytes.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function uses a different request structure depending on whether the request is made to a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. You must determine the type of server that the request is sent to and put the correct request structure into the `request` buffer. If the wrong structure is submitted, this function returns `EFAILURE`.

The `buffer` parameter receives the response structure.

The `request` buffer contains a `SEMAPHORE_INFO_REQUEST` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct SEMAPHORE_INFO_REQUEST
{
    WORD    reserved1;
    BYTE    reserved2;
    WORD    nextRecord;
    BYTE    nameLength;
    BYTE    name[255];
}SEMAPHORE_INFO_REQUEST;
```

The `nextRecord` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. This field must be set to 0 on the first call to this function. On subsequent calls, it must be set to the value returned in the `nextRequest` field of the reply structure.

The `nameLength` field contains the length of `name`.

The `name` field contains the name of the semaphore to obtain information for.

The `buffer` receives a `SEMAPHORE_INFO` structure, defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct SEMAPHORE_INFO
{
    WORD    unionType;
    union
    {
        SEMAPHORE_INFO_386 si386;
    }u;
}SEMAPHORE_INFO;
```

The `unionType` field contains `ENVSERV_CONN_TYPE_386` (for a NetWare 3.x or above server).

The `union` field contains the reply structure for the server type that you want information for. The reply structure is `SEMAPHORE_INFO_386` for a NetWare 3.x (or above) server. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct SEMAPHORE_INFO_386
{
    WORD    nextRequest;
    WORD    openCount;
    WORD    semaphoreValue;
    WORD    numberOfRecords;
}SEMAPHORE_INFO_386;
```

The `nextRequest` field identifies the next record to be processed by this function. This value is passed in the `nextRecord` field of the request structure on the next call to this function. When 0 is returned in this field, all records have been processed.

The `openCount` field contains the number of logical connections that have this semaphore open.

The `semaphoreValue` field contains the current value of the semaphore. A negative value is usually interpreted as the number of objects waiting for the service represented by the semaphore. A

positive value is usually interpreted as the number of free resources available in the resource pool governed by the semaphore.

The `numberOfRecords` field contains the number of semaphore information records that follow in the reply buffer. These records are `SEMAPHORE_INFO_RECORD_386` structures for NetWare 3.x (or above) servers. This structure is defined in `NWENVRN1.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct SEMAPHORE_INFO_RECORD_386
{
    WORD    connectionNumber;
    WORD    taskNumber;
}SEMAPHORE_INFO_RECORD_386;
```

The `connectionNumber` field contains the connection number of the connection using the semaphore.

The `taskNumber` field contains the task number of the task within the connection that is using the semaphore.

## GetServerInformation

Returns information about the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) ( *NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWGetFileServerVersionInfo](#) (page 76))

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int GetServerInformation (
    int          structSize,
    FILE_SERV_INFO *serverInfo);
```

## Parameters

### **structSize**

(IN) Specifies the number of bytes to return in `serverInfo`.

### **serverInfo**

(OUT) Receives the statistics of the server (maximum 128 bytes).

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS

## Remarks

This function allows the user to retrieve all or part of the information about the server where the current connection is logged in. The function returns up to `structSize` bytes in `serverInfo`.

The `FILE_SERV_INFO` structure that `serverInfo` points to has the following definition:

```
{
    char    serverName[48];
    BYTE    netwareVersion;
    BYTE    netwareSubVersion;
    WORD    maxConnectionsSupported;
    WORD    connectionsInUse;
```

```

WORD    maxVolumesSupported;
BYTE    revisionLevel;
BYTE    SFTLevel;
BYTE    TTSLevel;
WORD    peakConnectionsUsed;
BYTE    accountingVersion;
BYTE    VAPversion;
BYTE    queingVersion;
BYTE    printServerVersion;
BYTE    virtualConsoleVersion;
BYTE    securityRestrictionLevel;
BYTE    internetBridgeSupport;
BYTE    reserved[60];
BYTE    CLibMajorVersion;
BYTE    CLibMinorVersion;
BYTE    CLibRevision;
} FILE_SERV_INFO;

```

`netwareVersion` and `netwareSubVersion` contain the NetWare service (or OS) version information, not the NetWare product version. To get these values, type `version` on the server and look at the returned Server Version value. The following table lists common NetWare products and their corresponding values:

NetWare Product	<code>netwareVersion</code> value	<code>netwareSubVersion</code> value
NetWare 4.11	4	11
NetWare 5.1	5	0
NetWare 6	5	60

The following fields in this structure contain different information depending on the version of CLIB used in calling the function, whether the call is made to a local or remote server, and the version of the server that is queried:

- `maxConnectionsSupported`
- `connectionsInUse`
- `peakConnectionsUsed`

The following describes the contents of the `maxConnectionsSupported` field under different circumstances.

Calling a remote pre-4.0 server	Contains the size of the workstation connection table, which corresponds to the number of workstation connections the server supports (for example, 250 for 250-User NetWare).
Calling the local pre-4.0 server	Contains the same value as <code>maxConnectionsSupported</code> when calling a remote pre-4.0 server (above) <b>plus</b> the number of NLM connections that the server supports. If the number of NLM connections supports is 100, then a 250-user server would give a value of 350 in this field.

---

Calling a 4.x server, local or remote	<p>Contains the maximum number of connections (licensed and unlicensed) that have been simultaneously attached, or are currently attached to the server. This value does not decrease. For example, if 15 workstations have been simultaneously logged in, but only three workstations are logged in when <code>GetServerInformation</code> is called, <code>maxConnectionsSupported</code> will contain a value of 15.</p> <p><code>maxConnectionsSupported</code> does not contain the maximum number of licensed connections that are possible for the 4.x server. This is because 4.x servers use licensing technology to manage users and now allow an unlimited amount of unlicensed connections. Therefore, this value is not a static value.</p>
---------------------------------------	--

---

The following describes the contents of the `connectionsInUse` field under different circumstances.

---

Calling a pre-4.0 server, local or remote	<p>Contains the number of workstation connections currently attached to the server. The number does not include internal NLM connections, nor does it reflect whether the connections are logged-in (licensed) or not.</p>
Calling a 4.x server, local or remote	<p>Contains the number of licensed workstation or internal NLM connections currently attached to the server. The number does not include connections which are not licensed.</p>

---

The following describes the contents of the `peakConnectionsUsed` field under different circumstances.

---

Calling a pre-4.0 server, local or remote	<p>Contains the maximum number of workstation connections that are simultaneously attached to the server. The number does not include internal NLM connections, nor does it reflect whether the connections are logged-in (licensed) or not.</p>
Calling a 4.x server, local or remote	<p>Contains the maximum number of licensed workstation or internal NLM connections that are simultaneously attached to the server. The number does not include connections which are not licensed.</p>

---

The connection licensing of 4.x brought on a fundamental change in the meaning of the above fields. CLIB version 4.0 and later supports additional "statistical service" functions to provide NetWare 4.x specific information about connections. (See the "SS" functions, such as `SSGetActiveConnListByType`, `SSGetFileServerInfo`, `SSGetOSVersionInfo`, `SSGetUserInfo`). `SSGetOSVersionInfo` returns a `maxNumOfConn` field, which is the size of the connection table, and another field `maxNumOfUsers`, which is the maximum number of licensed connections except on NetWare versions using Novell Licensing Services (NLS).

Using these functions in combination with the information returned from `GetServerInformation` should give you all you need to know about the connections on NetWare 4.x servers, with the following important exception.

---

**IMPORTANT:** Under the NetWare 5.x or 6.x OS or any other NetWare version that uses Novell Licensing Services (NLS), the `maxNumOfUsers` value returned by `SSGetOSVersionInfo` is not always equal to the maximum number of licensed connections. For this reason, Novell strongly discourages tying the value of `maxNumOfUsers` to the licensing of any product.

---

## See Also

[GetFileServerDescriptionStrings \(page 442\)](#)

## GetServerInformation Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int          ccode, structSize;
    FILE_SERV_INFO  sbuf;
    printf ("\n\n");
    structSize = 128;
    ccode = GetServerInformation (structSize, &sbuf);
    if (ccode == 0)
    {
        printf ("ServerName: %s\n", sbuf.serverName);
        printf ("NetwareVersion: %d\n", sbuf.netwareVersion);
        printf ("NetwareSubVersion: %d\n", sbuf.netwareSubVersion);
        printf ("Max Connections Supported: %d\n",
            sbuf.maxConnectionsSupported);
        printf ("Connections In Use:%d\n", sbuf.connectionsInUse);
        printf ("Max Volumes Supported: %d\n",
            sbuf.maxVolumesSupported);
        printf ("Revision Level: %d\n", sbuf.revisionLevel);
        printf ("SFT Level: %d\n", sbuf.SFTLevel);
        printf ("TTS Level: %d\n", sbuf.TTSLevel);
        printf ("Peak Connections Used: %d\n",
            sbuf.peakConnectionsUsed);
        printf ("Accounting Version: %d\n", sbuf.accountingVersion);
        printf ("VAP Version: %d\n", sbuf.VAPversion);
        printf ("Queing version: %d\n", sbuf.queingVersion);
        printf ("Print Server Version: %d\n",
            sbuf.printServerVersion);
        printf ("Virtual Console Version: %d\n",
            sbuf.virtualConsoleVersion);
        printf ("Security Restriction Level: %d\n",
            sbuf.securityRestrictionLevel);
        printf ("Internet Bridge Support: %d\n",
            sbuf.internetBridgeSupport);
        printf ("CLIB Major Version: %d\n", sbuf.CLibMajorVersion);
        printf ("CLIB Minor Version: %d\n", sbuf.CLibMinorVersion);
        printf ("CLIB Revision: %d\n", sbuf.CLibRevision);
    }
    else
        printf ("ccode = %d\n", ccode);
}
```

## GetServerMemorySize

Returns the amount of memory (RAM) on the server. (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*).

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** N/A

**NetWare Server:** 3.12E, 3.2, 4.01C, 4.1

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

LONG GetServerMemorySize (void);
```

### Return Values

The amount of memory (in bytes) known to the NetWare server, or EFAILURE.

### Remarks

GetServerMemorySize returns EFAILURE if it is called in the MS Engine of an SFT III server.

### GetServerMemorySize Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>
#include <process.h>
#include <conio.h>

main()
{
    printf("Server memory: %i\n",
        GetServerMemorySize());
}
```

## GetServerUtilization

Returns the server utilization value that can be seen from MONITOR.NLM

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** N/A

**NetWare Server:** 3.12E, 3.2, 4.01C, 4.1

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

LONG GetServerUtilization (void);
```

### Return Values

The utilization value as computed by MONITOR.NLM.

### Remarks

The utilization of a NetWare server is a value that can be used to make a measurement of how busy a server is. This value is computed based upon how many processes running idle loops have run on the server. The value returned by GetServerUtilization is a measurement at a single instance in time.

Since the value returned by GetServerUtilization is the utilization at a single instance in time, determining a complete picture of a server's utilization cannot be determined by one call to GetServerUtilization. A more meaningful measurement of how the server is being utilized is determined by computing an average value of the utilization and determining the deviation from the average.

### GetServerUtilization Example

```
<include stdlib.h>
<include nwenvrn.h>
<include process.h>
<include conio.h>

void main(void)
{
    while(TRUE)
    {
        printf("\nUtilization: %i\n",
            GetServerUtilization());
        ThreadSwitchWithDelay();
    }
}
```

## SendConsoleBroadcast

Sends a message to a list of connections (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWSendConsoleBroadcast`)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int SendConsoleBroadcast (
    char    *message,
    WORD    connectionCount,
    WORD    *connectionList);
```

### Parameters

**message**

(IN) Specifies the string containing the message to send (maximum 60 characters, including the NULL terminator).

**connectionCount**

(IN) Specifies the number of logical connections in the `connectionList` (0 = broadcast to all workstations).

**connectionList**

(IN) Contains a list of logical connection numbers to receive the message.

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

### Remarks

Messages do not reach a workstation that has disabled broadcasts.

The requesting workstation must have console Operator rights.

## See Also

[SendBroadcastMessage](#)

## SendConsoleBroadcast Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int    i, ccode;
    char   message[60];
    WORD   connectionList[100];
    WORD   connectionCount;
    char   buf[4];
    printf ("\n\n");
    printf ("Enter number of messages to send:  ");
    gets (buf);
    connectionCount = (WORD) atoi (buf);
    for (i=0; i<connectionCount; i++)
    {
        printf ("\nEnter connection number %d: ", i+1);
        gets (buf);
        connectionList[i] = (WORD) atoi (buf);
    }
    printf ("\nEnter message to be sent:\n");
    printf ("--> ");
    gets (message);
    ccode = SendConsoleBroadcast (message,
                                  connectionCount,
                                  connectionList);

    if (ccode == 0)
        printf("--- SUCCESSFUL ---\n\n");
    if (ccode == 198)
        printf("--- NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS ---\n\n");
}
```

## SetFileServerDateAndTime

Sets the date and time of the server (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) ( *NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWSetFileServerDateAndTime](#) (page 171))

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

int SetFileServerDateAndTime (
    WORD    year,
    WORD    month,
    WORD    day,
    WORD    hour,
    WORD    minute,
    WORD    second);
```

## Parameters

### date and time

(IN) These parameters set the server's date and time.

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
198	(0xC6)	ERR_NO_CONSOLE_RIGHTS

## Remarks

The date and time parameters accept information in the following format:

Decimal	Corresponds To	Values	Explanation
0	Year	0 to 179	0-79 and 100-179 correspond to the years 2000-2079. 80-99 correspond to the years 1980-1999.
1	Month	1 to 12	

Decimal	Corresponds To	Values	Explanation
2	Day	1 to 31	
3	Hour	0 to 23	
4	Minute	0 to 59	
5	Second	0 to 59	
6	Day	0 to 6	A value of 0 = Sunday, 1 = Monday, 2 = Tuesday, and so on

If an invalid value, such as 250 for the month, is specified, an error will not be returned. The server will be set to an undefined but valid date and time.

The date and time are not synchronized across the network (between servers).

The requesting workstation must have console Operator or Supervisor rights.

---

**NOTE:** If you are running time synchronization (NetWare 4.x) this function behaves differently depending on the server whose time you change:

---

If you change the time of the Reference Server, the time for the network is eventually changed.

If you change the time of a Primary Server, its time is eventually synchronized to the network time.

If you change the time of a Secondary Server, its time is eventually synchronized to the network time.

## See Also

[GetFileServerDateAndTime \(page 440\)](#)

## SetFileServerDateAndTime Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nwtypes.h>
#include <nlm\nit\nwenvrn.h>

main()
{
    int rc;
    WORD year, month, day, hour, minute, second;
    printf("enter year, month, day, hour, minute, second:\n");
    scanf("%hu,%hu,%hu,%hu,%hu,%hu", &year, &month, &day, &hour,
        &minute, &second);
    rc = SetFileServerDateAndTime(year, month, day, hour,
        minute, second);
    printf("rc = %d",rc);
}
```

## **TTSGetStats (Obsolete-moved from .h file 4/99)**

Obsolete—last documented in Release 15 of the Limited Support NetWare SDK.

## 11.3 SSGetA\*-SSGetK\* Functions

Click on any function name in the table of contents to view the purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values for that function.

- [“SSGetActiveConnListByType” on page 482](#)
- [“SSGetActiveLANBoardList” on page 484](#)
- [“SSGetActiveProtocolStacks” on page 486](#)
- [“SSGetCacheInfo” on page 488](#)
- [“SSGetCPUInfo” on page 491](#)
- [“SSGetDirCacheInfo” on page 494](#)
- [“SSGetFileServerInfo” on page 497](#)
- [“SSGetFileSystemInfo” on page 501](#)
- [“SSGetGarbageCollectionInfo” on page 503](#)
- [“SSGetIPXSPXInfo” on page 505](#)
- [“SSGetKnownNetworksInfo” on page 509](#)
- [“SSGetKnownServersInfo” on page 511](#)

## SSGetActiveConnListByType

Returns a list of active connection numbers of a given connection type. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetActiveConnListByType \(page 47\)](#).

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetActiveConnListByType (
    LONG    startConnNumber,
    LONG    connType,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startConnNumber**

(IN) Specifies the connection number to start with.

**connType**

(IN) Specifies the type of connection to return information for.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of connections.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetActiveConnListByTypeStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare® errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a connection list of all connections of a given type on the currently connected server. The `connType` parameter can have one of the following values:

---

1	(Included for CLIB backwards compatibility)
2	NCP_CONNECTION_TYPE

---

---

3	NLM_CONNECTION_TYPE
4	AFP_CONNECTION_TYPE
5	FTAM_CONNECTION_TYPE
6	ANCP_CONNECTION_TYPE

---

This function returns a `GetActiveConnListByTypeStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetActiveConnListByTypeStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    BYTE    ActiveConnBitList[512];
}GetActiveConnListByTypeStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `ActiveConnBitList` field indicates active connections. An array of 512 bytes is returned where a bit is set for each active connection. The connection number is determined by its position in the array.

## SSGetActiveLANBoardList

Returns information about the active LAN boards on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetActiveLANBoardList \(page 49\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetActiveLANBoardList (  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number of LAN board to start with.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of LAN boards.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetActiveLANBoardListStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetActiveLANBoardListStructure  
{  
    LONG    currentServerTime;  
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD    reserved;  
    LONG    maxNumOfLANs;  
    LONG    itemCount;
```

```
    LONG    boardNumbers;  
}GetActiveLANBoardListStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `maxNumOfLANs` field contains the total number of LAN boards.

The `itemsCount` field contains the number of LAN boards returned by this call to `SSGetActiveLANBoardList`. To retrieve the rest of the board numbers, call this function again, using the total number of items returned by all previous calls to `SSGetActiveLANBoardList` plus 1 as `startNumber`.

The `boardNumbers` field contains the first LAN board number. This number is followed in the buffer by board numbers for each LAN board.

## SSGetActiveProtocolStacks

Returns protocol stack information. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetActiveProtocolStacks \(page 51\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetActiveProtocolStacks (
    LONG    startNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

#### **startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number to start with if this function is being called iteratively. On the first call, this parameter should be 0. On subsequent calls, use the number of stacks retrieved.

#### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives protocol stack information.

#### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetActiveProtocolStackStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetActiveProtocolStackStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    maxNumberOfStacks;
```

```
    LONG    stackCount;
    ProtocolStackInfo stackInfo;
}GetActiveProtocolStackStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `numberOfSegments` field contains the number of volume segments on the volume.

The `maxNumberOfStacks` field contains the total number of protocol stacks.

The `stackCount` field contains the number of `ProtocolStackInfo` structures in the buffer.

The `stackInfo` field contains the first `ProtocolStackInfo` structure in the buffer.

The `ProtocolStackInfo` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct ProtocolStackInfo
{
    LONG    stackNumber;
    BYTE    stackName[16];
}ProtocolStackInfo;
```

The `stackNumber` field contains the protocol number.

The `stackName` field contains a length-preceded string that represents the name of the protocol stack.

## SSGetCacheInfo

Returns information about a server's cache buffers. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetCacheInfo \(page 53\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetCacheInfo (  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

## Parameters

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives cache buffer information structures.

### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetCacheInfoStructure`.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns cache buffer information for the current connection.

This function returns the `GetCacheInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetCacheInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG                currentServerTime;  
    BYTE                VConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE                VConsoleRevision;  
    WORD                reserved;  
    LONG                CacheCnters[26];  
    CacheMemoryCounters MemoryCnters;  
    CacheTrendCounters  TrendCnters;  
    CacheInformation    CacheInfo;  
}GetCacheInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `VConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `VConsoleVersion` and `VConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `VConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `CacheCntrs` field contains an array of counters that are used by Novell® for debugging.

The `MemoryCntrs`, `TrendCntrs`, and `CacheInfo` fields contain structures which hold cache buffer information.

The `CacheMemoryCounters` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    OriginalNumberOfCacheBuffers;
    LONG    CurrentNumberOfCacheBuffers;
    LONG    CacheDirtyBlockThreshold;
    LONG    debugCounters[7];
} CacheMemoryCounters;
```

The `OriginalNumberOfCacheBuffers` field contains the number of cache buffers that existed when the server was brought up.

The `CurrentNumberOfCacheBuffers` field contains the number of cache buffers presently on the server.

The `CacheDirtyBlockThreshold` field contains the maximum number of cache blocks allowed to be dirty simultaneously.

The `debugCounters` field contains an array of counters that are used by Novell for debugging.

The `CacheTrendCounters` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    NumOfCacheChecks;
    LONG    NumOfCacheHits;
    LONG    debugCounters[7];
    LONG    LRUSittingTime;
} CacheTrendCounters;
```

The `NumOfCacheChecks` field contains the total number of times any block in the cache was looked at since the server was brought up.

The `NumOfCacheHits` field contains the number of times cache requests were serviced from existing cache blocks.

The `debugCounters` field contains an array of counters that are used by Novell for debugging.

The `LRUSittingTime` field contains the time in ticks that the oldest cache block has been available (sitting in the LRU list).

The `CacheInformation` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    MaximumByteCount;
```

```

LONG    MinimumNumberOfCacheBuffers;
LONG    MinimumCacheReportThreshold;
LONG    AllocateWaitingCount;
LONG    NDirtyBlocks;
LONG    CacheDirtyWaitTime;
LONG    CacheMaximumConcurrentWrites;
LONG    MaximumDirtyTime;
LONG    NumberOfDirectoryCacheBuffers;
BYTE    CacheByteToBlockShiftFactor;
} CacheInformation;

```

The `MaximumByteCount` field contains the maximum length (in bytes) of a cache block.

The `MinimumNumberOfCacheBuffers` field contains the minimum number of cache buffers allowed on the server. This number can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 20 to 1000; the default value is 20.

The `MinimumCacheReportThreshold` field contains the number of cache buffers used for the report threshold. When the cache buffers reach a number equal to the minimum number of cache buffers plus this report threshold, the server sends an alarm message warning that cache buffers are getting low. This number can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 0 to 1000; the default value is 20.

The `AllocateWaitingCount` field contains the number of processes waiting to allocate a cache block.

The `NDirtyBlocks` field contains the number of dirty blocks waiting to write to disk.

The `CacheDirtyWaitTime` field contains the maximum wait before a write request is written to disk. This value can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 0.1 seconds to 10 seconds; the default value is 3.3 seconds.

The `CacheMaximumConcurrentWrites` field contains the maximum number of write requests for changed file data that can be put in the elevator before the disk head begins a sweep across the disk. This value can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 10 to 100; the default value is 50.

The `MaximumDirtyTime` field contains the longest time (in ticks) that a dirty block has waited before it was written to disk since the server was brought up.

The `NumberOfDirectoryCacheBuffers` field contains the number of directory cache buffers on the server.

The `CacheByteToBlockShiftFactor` field contains the factor used to determine the block size. Block size is calculated by the following equation, where  $n$  is the shift factor:

$$\text{block size} = 2^n \text{ bytes}$$

## SSGetCPUInfo

Returns information about the server CPU. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetCPUInfo \(page 55\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetCPUInfo (  
    LONG    CPUNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

## Parameters

### CPUNumber

(IN) Specifies the number of the CPU to obtain information for (currently this number is always 0).

### buffer

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives CPU information.

### bufferLen

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns a `GetCPUInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetCPUInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG        currentServerTime;  
    BYTE        vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE        vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD        reserved;  
    CPUInformation CPUInfo;
```

```

    BYTE          variableStringsStart;
}GetCPUInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `CPUInfo` field contains a `CPUInformation` structure.

The `variableStringsStart` field contains the CPU string, the NPX present string, and the Bus string.

The `CPUInfo` field contains a `CPUInformation` structure. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct {
    LONG    numberOfCPUs;
    LONG    PageTableOwnerFlag;
    LONG    CPUType;
    LONG    CoProcessorFlag;
    LONG    BusType;
    LONG    IOEngineFlag;
    LONG    FSEngineFlag;
    LONG    NonDedFlag;
} CPUInformation;

```

The `numberOfCPUs` field contains the number of registered CPUs in the server.

The `PageTableOwnerFlag` field indicates whether the NetWare OS owns the page table. Values for this flag include the following:

- 0-The NetWare OS owns the page tables
- 1-The NetWare OS does not own the page tables (currently, only when running with OS/2)

The `CPUType` field contains the CPU type.

The `CoProcessorFlag` field indicates whether a coprocessor is present.

The `BusType` field indicates the type of bus used:

---

0x01	microchannel
0x02	EISA
0x04	PCI
0x08	PCMCIA
0x10	ISA

---

More than one of the bit field can be set. Thus, for example, if PCI and ISA are both supported, the value in the `BusType` field is 0x14 (decimal 20).

The `IOEngineFlag` field indicates whether the IO engine is installed (TRUE = installed).

The `FSEngineFlag` field indicates whether the file system engine is installed (TRUE = installed).

The `NonDedFlag` currently is not supported. In the future, this field will indicate whether the CPU is dedicated to the NetWare OS. This flag is set when the CPU is nondedicated (currently, only when running OS/2).

The `PageTableOwnerFlag`, defined above, can be used to determine whether an NLM™ application is running under NetWare for OS/2 because this flag is 0 only under those circumstances.

## SSGetDirCacheInfo

Returns information about the directory cache of a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetDirCacheInfo \(page 57\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetDirCacheInfo (  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives directory cache information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetDirCacheInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns information for the current connection. A `GetDirCacheInfoStructure` is returned in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetDirCacheInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG                currentServerTime;  
    BYTE                vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE                vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD                reserved;  
    DirectoryCacheInformation  dirCacheInfo;  
}GetDirCacheInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `dirCacheInfo` field contains a `DirectoryCacheInformation` structure.

The `DirectoryCacheInformation` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    MinimumTimeSinceFileDelete;
    LONG    AbsMinimumTimeSinceFileDelete;
    LONG    MinimumNumberOfDirCacheBuffers;
    LONG    MaximumNumberOfDirCacheBuffers;
    LONG    NumberOfDirectoryCacheBuffers;
    LONG    DCMinimumNonReferencedTime;
    LONG    DCWaitTimeBeforeNewBuffer;
    LONG    DCMaximumConcurrentWrites;
    LONG    DCDirtyWaitTime;
    LONG    debugCounters[4];
    LONG    PercentOfVolumeUsedByDirs;
} DirectoryCacheInformation;
```

The `MinimumTimeSinceFileDelete` field contains the minimum time (in ticks) between the deletion of a file and when it can be purged.

The `AbsMinimumTimeSinceFileDelete` field contains the minimum time (in ticks) between the deletion of a file and when it can be purged when the system has no available blocks.

The `MinimumNumberOfDirCacheBuffers` field contains the minimum number of directory cache buffers that can be allocated on the server. This number can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 10 to 2000; the default value is 20.

The `MaximumNumberOfDirCacheBuffers` field contains the maximum number of directory cache buffers that can be allocated on the server. This number can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 20 to 4000; the default value is 500.

The `NumberOfDirectoryCacheBuffers` field contains the current number of directory cache buffers on the server.

The `DCMinimumNonReferencedTime` field contains the time (in ticks) that must elapse between the last reference of a directory buffer and the time it is reused. This value can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 1 second to 5 minutes; the default value is 5.5 seconds.

The `DCWaitTimeBeforeNewBuffer` field contains the time (in ticks) that must elapse before an additional directory cache buffer is allocated. This value can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 0.5 seconds to 2 minutes; the default value is 2.2 seconds.

The `DCMaximumConcurrentWrites` field contains the maximum number of write requests from directory cache buffers that can be put in the elevator before they are written to disk. This value can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 5 to 50; the default value is 10.

The `DCDirtyWaitTime` field contains the maximum time (in ticks) that the server can wait before writing dirty cache buffers to disk. This value can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 0 to 10 seconds; the default value is 0.5 seconds.

The `debugCounters` field contains an array of counters used by Novell for debugging.

The `PercentOfVolumeUsedByDirs` field contains the maximum percentage of a volume that can be used by directories. This value can be set using the SET console command. Supported values are 5 to 50; the default value is 13.

## SSGetFileServerInfo

Returns information about a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetFileServerInfo \(page 67\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetFileServerInfo (  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives server information structures.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetFileServerInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns server information for the current connection.

---

**NOTE:** Prior to NetWare 5.1 SP 6 and NetWare 6 SP 3, the `SSGetFileServerInfo` function required the IPX protocol stack to be loaded on the server. With these service packs, IP-only servers return all information except the IPX-specific information. These fields (`NCPStaInUseCnt`, `NCPPeakStaInUse`, and `numOfNCPReqs`) always return 0.

---

This function returns the `GetFileServerInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetFileServerInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG            currentServerTime;  
    BYTE            vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE            vConsoleRevision;
```

```

WORD                reserved;
LONG                NCPStaInUseCnt;
LONG                NCPPeakStaInUse;
LONG                numOfNCPReqs;
LONG                serverUtilization;
ServerInformation  serverInfo;
FSCounters         fileServerCounters;
}GetFileServerInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `NCPStaInUseCnt` field contains the number of workstations connected to the server.

The `NCPPeakStaInUse` field contains the maximum number of workstations connected at one time since the server was brought up.

The `numOfNCPReqs` field contains the number of NCP™ requests received by the server since it was brought up.

The `serverUtilization` field contains the current percentage of CPU utilization for the server.

The `serverInfo` and `fileServerCounters` fields contain server statistics.

The `ServerInformation` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct {
    LONG    ReplyCanceledCount;
    LONG    WriteHeldOffCount;
    LONG    reserved1;
    LONG    InvalidRequestTypeCount;
    LONG    BeingAbortedCount;
    LONG    AlreadyDoingReAllocateCount;
    LONG    reserved2[3];
    LONG    DeAllocateStillTransmittingCount;
    LONG    StartStationErrorCount;
    LONG    InvalidSlotCount;
    LONG    BeingProcessedCount;
    LONG    ForgedPacketCount;
    LONG    StillTransmittingCount;
    LONG    ReExecuteRequestCount;
    LONG    InvalidSequenceNumberCount;
    LONG    DuplicateIsBeingSentAlreadyCount;
    LONG    SentPositiveAcknowledgeCount;
    LONG    SentADuplicateReplyCount;
    LONG    NoMemoryForStationControlCount;
    LONG    NoAvailableConnectionsCount;
    LONG    ReAllocateSlotCount;
    LONG    ReAllocateSlotCameTooSoonCount;
} ServerInformation;

```

The `ReplyCanceledCount` field contains the number of replies that were cancelled because the connection was reallocated while the request was being processed.

The `WriteHeldOffCount` field contains the number of times that writes were delayed because of a pending TTS™ transaction or cache busy condition.

The `InvalidRequestTypeCount` field contains the number of packets received which had an invalid request type or were received after the server was downed.

The `BeingAbortedCount` field contains the number of packets received for a connection that was being terminated.

The `AlreadyDoingReAllocateCount` field contains the number of times that a connection is requested when a connection already exists.

The `DeAllocateInvalidSlotCount` field contains the number of times an attempt was made to deallocate a connection slot which was not valid.

The `StartStationErrorCount` field contains the number of times the server was unable to allocate a connection for whatever reason.

The `InvalidSlotCount` field contains the number of requests received for an invalid connection slot.

The `BeingProcessedCount` field contains the number of times a duplicate request was received during processing of the first request.

The `ForgedPacketCount` field contains the number of suspicious invalid packets received. It is rarely possible to create such packets because of faulty equipment. If this number is large, it might indicate an attempt to breach network security.

The `StillTransmittingCount` field contains the number of times a new request is received before a reply to a previous request has been sent.

The `ReExecuteRequestCount` field contains the number of times the requester did not receive the reply and the request had to be reprocessed.

The `InvalidSequenceNumberCount` field contains the number of request packets the server received from a connection where the sequence number in the packet did not match the current sequence number or the next sequence number. (Packets with bad sequence numbers are discarded). If this number is large, it might indicate an attempt to breach network security.

The `DuplicateIsBeingSentAlreadyCount` field contains the number of times a duplicate reply was requested when the reply had already been sent.

The `SentPositiveAcknowledgeCount` field contains the number of acknowledgments sent by the server. An acknowledgment is sent when a connection repeats a request that is being serviced.

The `SentADuplicateReplyCount` field contains the number of request packets for which the server had to send a duplicate reply. (Duplicate replies are only sent for requests the server cannot process.)

The `NoMemoryForStationControlCount` field contains the number of times that the server could not allocate memory to expand the connection table for a new connection.

The `NoAvailableConnectionsCount` field contains the number of times there were no slots available in the connection table for a new connection.

The `ReAllocateSlotCount` field contains the number of times the server reallocated the same slot in the connection table for a client that logged out and then re-logged in.

The `ReAllocateSlotCameTooSoonCount` field contains the number of times that a request came from a client to re-log in before that client had been completely logged out.

The `FSCounters` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    WORD    TooManyHops;
    WORD    UnknownNetwork;
    WORD    NoSpaceForService;
    WORD    NoRecieveBuffers;
    WORD    NotMyNetwork;
    LONG    NetBIOSProgatedCount;
    LONG    TotalPacketsServiced;
    LONG    TotalPacketsRouted;
} FSCounters;
```

The `TooManyHops` field contains the number of packets that were discarded because they had passed through more than 16 bridges without reaching their destination.

The `UnknownNetwork` field contains the number of packets that were discarded because their destination network was unknown to the server.

The `NoSpaceForService` field is always set to 0 (currently).

The `NoRecieveBuffers` field contains the number of times a packet was discarded because there were no buffers to receive it.

The `NotMyNetwork` field contains the number of packets received that were not destined for the server.

The `NetBIOSPropagatedCount` field contains the number of NetBIOS packets received that were sent forward.

The `TotalPacketsServiced` field contains the total packets received by the server.

The `TotalPacketsRouted` field contains the number of all packets forwarded by the server.

## SSGetFileSystemInfo

Returns information about a server's file system.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetFileSystemInfo (  
    LONG    fileSystemID,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

#### **fileSystemID**

(IN) Specifies the ID number of the file system for which to return information. Currently this value is always 1 (for 386).

#### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives file system information.

#### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetFileSystemInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns file system information for the file system specified by `fileSystemID`. Although none of the information currently returned by this function is useful to a developer, this function has been included in the documentation for future use.

This function returns a `GetFileSystemInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetFileSystemInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG    currentServerTime;  
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
```

```
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD    reserved;  
    LONG    debugCounters[13];  
}GetFileSystemInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `debugCounters` field contains an array of counters that deal with the background FAT update process. These counters are used by Novell for debugging.

## SSGetGarbageCollectionInfo

Returns information about garbage collection on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetGarbageCollectionInfo \(page 81\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetGarbageCollectionInfo (
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives garbage collection information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetGarbageCollInfoStruc`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetGarbageCollInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetGarbageCollInfoStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    failedAllocReqCount;
    LONG    numberOfAllocs;
    LONG    noMoreMemAvlCnt;
    LONG    numOfGarbageColl;
    LONG    foundSomeMem;
```

```
    LONG    numOfChecks;  
}GetGarbageCollInfoStruc;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `failedAllocReqCount` field contains the number of times memory allocation failed since the server was brought up.

The `numberOfAllocs` field contains the number of memory allocations made since the server was brought up.

The `noMoreMemAvlCnt` field contains the number of times that allocation failed because there was no memory available since the server was brought up.

The `numOfGarbageColl` field contains the number of times garbage collection was invoked since the server was brought up.

The `foundSomeMem` field contains the number of times garbage collection reclaimed memory.

The `numOfChecks` field contains the number of times garbage collection checked for memory since the server was brought up.

## SSGetIPXSPXInfo

Returns information about IPX™ / SPX™ use on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetIPXSPXInfo \(page 85\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetIPXSPXInfo (  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

## Parameters

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives IPX and SPX information.

### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetIPXSPXInfoStructure`.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns a `GetIPXSPXInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetIPXSPXInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG            currentServerTime;  
    BYTE            vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE            vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD            reserved;  
    IPXInformation  IPXInfo;  
    SPXInformation  SPXInfo;  
}GetIPXSPXInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `IPXInfo` field contains a `IPXInformation` structure. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    IpxSendPacketCount;
    WORD    IpxMalformPacketCount;
    LONG    IpxGetECBRequestCount;
    LONG    IpxGetECBFailCount;
    LONG    IpxAESEventCount;
    WORD    IpxPostponedAESCount;
    WORD    IpxMaxConfiguredSocketCount;
    WORD    IpxMaxOpenSocketCount;
    WORD    IpxOpensocketFailCount;
    LONG    IpxListenECBCount;
    WORD    IpxECBCancelFailCount;
    WORD    IpxGetLocalTargetFailCount;
} IPXInformation;
```

The `IpxSendPacketCount` field contains the number of IPX packets sent by the server.

The `IpxMalformPacketCount` field contains the number of IPX packets discarded because they were malformed.

The `IpxGetECBRequestCount` field contains the number of ECB requests.

The `IpxGetECBFailCount` field contains the number of times an ECB was requested but could not be supplied.

The `IpxAESEventCount` field contains the number of AES events scheduled.

The `IpxPostponedAESCount` field contains the number of AES events that could not be scheduled and were placed in a waiting list.

The `IpxMaxConfiguredSocketCount` field contains the maximum number of sockets that can be open at one time.

The `IpxMaxOpenSocketCount` field contains the maximum number of sockets open at one time since the server was brought up.

The `IpxOpensocketFailCount` field contains the number of times a request to open a socket failed.

The `IpxListenECBCount` field contains the number of ECBs listening for a packet.

The `IpxECBCancelFailCount` field contains the number of ECB listens that were cancelled.

The `IpxGetLocalTargetFailCount` field contains the number of times that the server failed to find the target.

The `SPXInfo` field contains a `SPXInformation` structure. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct {
    WORD    SpxMaxConnectionsCount;
    WORD    SpxMaxUsedConnections;
    WORD    SpxEstConnectionReq;
    WORD    SpxEstConnectionFail;
    WORD    SpxListenConnectReq;
    WORD    SpxListenConnectFail;
    LONG    SpxSendCount;
    LONG    SpxWindowChokeCount;
    WORD    SpxBadSendCount;
    WORD    SpxSendFailCount;
    WORD    SpxAbortedConnection;
    LONG    SpxListenPacketCount;
    WORD    SpxBadListenCount;
    LONG    SpxIncomingPacketCount;
    WORD    SpxBadInPacketCnt;
    WORD    SpxSuppressedPackCnt;
    WORD    SpxNoSesListenECBCnt;
    WORD    SpxWatchDogDestSesCnt;
} SPXInformation;

```

The `SpxMaxConnectionsCount` field contains the maximum number of SPX connections allowed on the server.

The `SpxMaxUsedConnections` field contains the maximum number of SPX connections used at one time since the server was brought up.

The `SpxEstConnectionReq` field contains total number of SPX connections established since the server was brought up.

The `SpxEstConnectionFail` field contains number of times that an attempt to establish an SPX connection failed since the server was brought up.

The `SpxListenConnectReq` field contains the number of requests to post a listen since the server was brought up.

The `SpxListenConnectFail` field contains the number of times a request to post a listen failed since the server was brought up.

The `SpxSendCount` field contains the number of SPX packets sent since the server was brought up.

The `SpxWindowChokeCount` field contains a value used internally for debugging.

The `SpxBadSendCount` field contains the number of bad packets sent since the server was brought up.

The `SpxSendFailCount` field contains the number of packets sent for which no acknowledgment was received since the server was brought up.

The `SpxAbortedConnection` field contains the number of times a connection was aborted since the server was brought up.

The `SpxListenPacketCount` field contains the number of times a listen was posted on a socket since the server was brought up.

The `SpxBadListenCount` field contains the number of times a listen on a socket failed for whatever reason (for example, it was cancelled) since the server was brought up.

The `SpxIncomingPacketCount` field contains the number of packets in the queue.

The `SpxBadInPacketCnt` field contains the number of bad SPX packets received since the server was brought up.

The `SpxSuppressedPackCnt` field contains the number of times a duplicate SPX packet was received.

The `SpxNoSesListenECBCnt` field contains the number of times a listen was posted on a session that was not established since the server was brought up.

The `SpxWatchDogDestSesCnt` field contains the number of times the watchdog destroyed a session since the server was brought up.

## SSGetKnownNetworksInfo

Returns information about known networks. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetKnownNetworksInfo \(page 87\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetKnownNetworksInfo (  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number to start with.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a information about known networks.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetKnownNetworksStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetKnownNetworksStructure  
{  
    LONG                currentServerTime;  
    BYTE                vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE                vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD                reserved;  
    LONG                numberOfEntries;
```

```
    KnownNetworksStructure info;  
}GetKnownNetworksStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `numberOfEntries` field contains the number of structures in the buffer

The `info` field contains the first `KnownNetworkStructure`.

The `KnownNetworkStructure` is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct KnownNetworksStructure  
{  
    LONG    netIDNumber;  
    WORD    hopsToNet;  
    WORD    netStatus;  
    WORD    timeToNet;  
}KnownNetworksStructure;
```

The `netIDNumber` field contains the network ID number.

The `hopsToNet` field contains the number of hops to the network from the server.

The `netStatus` field indicates the status of the network.

The `timeToNet` field contains the time in ticks to the network (round-trip).

## SSGetKnownServersInfo

Returns information about known servers. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetKnownServersInfo \(page 89\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetKnownServersInfo (  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    LONG    serverType,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number of the server to start with.

**serverType**

(IN) Specifies the type of server to return information for.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a information about protocol configuration of the server.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetKnownServerInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetKnownServersInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG    currentServerTime;
```

```

    BYTE                vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE                vConsoleRevision;
    WORD               reserved;
    LONG              numberOfEntries;
    KnownServerStructure info;
}GetKnownServersInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `numberOfEntries` field contains the number of structures in the buffer.

The `info` field contains the first `KnownServerStructure` in the buffer. More follow.

```

typedef struct KnownServerStructure
{
    BYTE    serverAddress[12];
    WORD    hopCount;
    BYTE    name;
}KnownServerStructure;

```

The `serverAddress` field contains the node address of the known server.

The `hopCount` field contains the number of hops to the server.

The `name` field contains the first byte of the server name.

## 11.4 SSGetL\*-SSGetN\* Functions

Click on any function name in the table of contents to view the purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values for that function.

- [“SSGetLANCommonCounters” on page 514](#)
- [“SSGetLANConfiguration” on page 517](#)
- [“SSGetLANCustomCounters” on page 524](#)
- [“SSGetLoadedMediaNumberList” on page 526](#)
- [“SSGetLSLInfo” on page 528](#)
- [“SSGetLSSLLogicalBoardStats” on page 531](#)
- [“SSGetMediaManagerObjChildList” on page 533](#)
- [“SSGetMediaManagerObjInfo” on page 536](#)
- [“SSGetMediaManagerObjList” on page 541](#)
- [“SSGetMediaNameByNumber” on page 543](#)
- [“SSGetNetRouterInfo” on page 545](#)
- [“SSGetNetworkRoutersInfo” on page 547](#)
- [“SSGetNLMInfo” on page 549](#)
- [“SSGetNLMLoadedList” on page 553](#)
- [“SSGetNLMResourceTagList” on page 555](#)

## SSGetLANCommonCounters

Returns common statistics for a LAN board. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo \(page 91\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetLANCommonCounters (
    LONG    boardNumber,
    LONG    blockNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**boardNumber**

(IN) Specifies the board number of the LAN board for which you want information.

**blockNumber**

(IN) Specifies the block number to start with. On the first call to this function this value should be 0. On subsequent calls this value should be the value that is returned in the `nextCntBlock` field of the `GetLANCommonCountersStructure` returned by this function.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a `GetLANCommonCountersStructure`.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetLANCommonCountersStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetLANCommonCountersStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct GetLANCommonCountersStructure
{
    LONG          currentServerTime;
    BYTE          vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE          vConsoleRevision;
    BYTE          statMajorVersion;
    BYTE          statMinorVersion;
    LONG          totalCommonCnts;
    LONG          totalCntBlocks;
    LONG          customCounters;
    LONG          nextCntBlock;
    CommonLANStructure  info;
}GetLANCommonCountersStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `statMajorVersion` field contains the major version number of the generic portion of the statistics table (defined by Novell).

The `statMinorVersion` field contains the minor version number of the generic portion of the statistics table (defined by Novell).

The `totalCommonCnts` field contains the number of LAN common counters.

The `totalCntBlocks` field contains the total number of blocks used by LAN common counters for the specified LAN board.

The `customCounters` field contains the number of LAN custom counters.

The `nextCntBlock` field contains the value to be passed in `blockNumber` on the next call to this function. When 0 is returned in this field, all common counters have been returned.

The `info` field contains a `CommonLANStructure`.

The `CommonLANStructure` is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct CommonLANStructure
{
    LONG    notSupportedMask;
    LONG    TotalTxPacketCount;
    LONG    TotalRxPacketCount;
    LONG    NoECBAvailableCount;
    LONG    PacketTxTooBigCount;
    LONG    PacketTxTooSmallCount;
    LONG    PacketRxOverflowCount;
    LONG    PacketRxTooBigCount;
    LONG    PacketRxTooSmallCount;
    LONG    PacketTxMiscErrorCount;
    LONG    PacketRxMiscErrorCount;
}

```

```
    LONG    RetryTxCount;  
    LONG    ChecksumErrorCount;  
    LONG    HardwareRxMismatchCount;  
}CommonLANStructure;
```

The `notSupportedMask` field indicates if the counter is supported. If the bit is 0, the counter is supported; if it is 1, the counter is not supported.

The `TotalTxPacketCount` field contains the total number of packets transmitted by the LAN board.

The `TotalRxPacketCount` field contains the total number of packets that were received by the LAN board.

The `NoECBAvailableCount` field contains the number of times the LAN board failed to get a receive ECB.

The `PacketTxTooBigCount` field contains the number of times the send packet was too big for this LAN board to send.

The `PacketTxTooSmallCount` field contains the number of times the send packet was too small for this LAN board to send.

The `PacketRxOverflowCount` field contains the number of times the LAN board's receive buffers overflowed.

The `PacketRxTooBigCount` field contains the number of times this LAN board could not receive a packet because the packet was too big.

The `PacketRxTooSmallCount` field contains the number of times this LAN board could not receive a packet because the packet was too small.

The `PacketTxMiscErrorCount` field contains the number of times any kind of transmit error occurred for the LAN board.

The `PacketRxMiscErrorCount` field contains the number of times any kind of receive error occurred for the LAN board.

The `RetryTxCount` field contains the number of times the LAN board retried a transmit because of failure.

The `ChecksumErrorCount` field contains the number of times a checksum error occurred for the LAN board.

The `HardwareRxMismatchCount` field contains a counter which can be incremented when a packet is received which does not pass length consistency checks (currently used only by the Ethernet TSU).

## SSGetLANConfiguration

Returns information about the configuration of LAN drivers on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetLANConfigInfo \(page 93\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetLANConfiguration (  
    LONG    boardNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

#### **boardNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number (1-255) of the logical LAN board to obtain information for. The value must not be zero.

#### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a LAN driver configuration information.

#### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetLANConfigInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetLANConfigInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetLANConfigInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG                currentServerTime;  
    BYTE                vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE                vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD                reserved;
```

```

    DriverConfigStructure  LANConfig;
}GetLANConfigInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `LANConfig` field contains a `DriverConfigStructure`.

The `DriverConfigStructure` is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct {
    BYTE    DriverCFG_MajorVersion;
    BYTE    DriverCFG_MinorVersion;
    BYTE    DriverNodeAddress[6];
    WORD    DriverModeFlags;
    WORD    DriverBoardNumber;
    WORD    DriverBoardInstance;
    LONG    DriverMaximumSize;
    LONG    DriverMaxRecvSize;
    LONG    DriverRecvSize;
    LONG    DriverCardName;
    LONG    DriverShortName;
    LONG    DriverMediaType;
    WORD    DriverCardID;
    WORD    DriverMediaID;
    WORD    DriverTransportTime;
    BYTE    DriverReserved[16];
    BYTE    DriverMajorVersion;
    BYTE    DriverMinorVersion;
    WORD    DriverFlags;
    WORD    DriverSendRetries;
    LONG    DriverLink;
    WORD    DriverSharingFlags;
    WORD    DriverSlot;
    WORD    DriverIOPortsAndLengths[4];
    LONG    DriverMemoryDecode0;
    WORD    DriverLength0;
    LONG    DriverMemoryDecode1;
    WORD    DriverLength1;
    BYTE    DriverInterrupt[2];
    BYTE    DriverDMAUsage[2];
    LONG    DriverResourceTag;
    LONG    DriverConfig;
    LONG    DriverCommandString;
    BYTE    DriverLogicalName[18];
    LONG    DriverLinearMemory[2];
    WORD    DriverChannelNumber;
    BYTE    DriverIOReserved[6];
} DriverConfigStructure;

```

The `DriverCFG_MajorVersion` field contains the Novell defined major version number of the configuration table.

The `DriverCFG_MinorVersion` field contains the Novell defined minor version of the configuration table.

The `DriverNodeAddress` field contains the node address of the LAN board.

The `DriverModeFlags` field contains the modes supported by the driver. The bits are defined as follows:

---

0	Set to 1. At one time this bit indicated whether the driver was a real or dummy driver.
1	Set if the driver uses DMA. However, the buffers are not guaranteed to be on a 64K boundary.
2	Set only if bit 4 is set. This bit tells routers to only pass router table changes when they occur, rather than forwarding all RIP and SAP packets.
3	Set if the driver supports multicasting.
4	"Point-to-point bit": Set if the driver can bind with a protocol stack without providing a network number.
6	Set if the driver supports raw sends. If the LSL hands a "raw" packet to an MLID, the MLID should send the packet without prepending any hardware header (the protocol stack prepares the packet).
10	Set if the HSM can handle fragmented RCBs.
13	Set if the HSM can handle promiscuous RCBs.
14-15	Bits 14 and 15 combine to describe the <code>DriverNodeAddress</code> (see the following table).

---

Bits 14 and 15 in `DriverModeFlags` describe the format of `DriverNodeAddress`. The combinations are as follow:

---

00	Format is unspecified-The node address is assumed to be in the physical layer's native format
01	This is an illegal combination and should not occur
10	<code>DriverNodeAddress</code> is canonical
11	<code>DriverNodeAddress</code> is non-canonical

---

The `DriverBoardNumber` field contains the logical board number (1 - 255) assigned to the LAN board by the Link Support Layer™ (LSL™) software.

---

**WARNING:** If the value of `DriverBoardNumber` is zero at the time `SSGetLANConfuguration` is called, the function never returns.

---

The `DriverBoardInstance` field contains the number of the physical card that the logical board is using. If a driver is driving one physical card, all the logical boards using this card would have a value of 1 in this field. If a second physical card is added, all the logical boards using the second physical card would have a value of 2 in this field.

The `DriverMaximumSize` field contains the maximum send or receive packet size (in bytes) that the LAN board can transmit or receive.

The `DriverMaxRecvSize` field contains the maximum packet size (or best size) in bytes that the LAN board can receive.

The `DriverRecvSize` field contains the maximum packet size (in bytes) a protocol stack can send or receive using this board.

The `DriverCardName` field contains a pointer to a length-preceded, zero-terminated ASCII description string that is contained in the OSDATA segment and is similar to the description string in the definition table. For example, "NE2000 ETHERNET Driver".

The `DriverShortName` field contains a pointer to a length-preceded, zero-terminated ASCII string that describes the LAN board in eight bytes or less, such as "NE2000".

The `DriverMediaType` field contains a pointer to a length-preceded, zero-terminated string that describes the frame type of the Multiple Link Interface Driver™ (MLID™) software (for example, "ETHERNET\_802.3"). The Independent Manufacturer Support Program (IMSP) assigns strings for the frame type. The following table summarizes frame types currently defined by Novell with their corresponding protocol ID numbers for IPX.

Frame ID	Frame Type String	Protocol ID on IPX/SPX	Description
0	VIRTUAL_LAN	00h	For use where no Frame ID/MAC envelope is necessary
1	LOCALTALK	00h	Apple LocalTalk* frame
2	ETHERNET_II	8137h	Ethernet using a DEC* Ethernet II envelope
3	ETHERNET_802.2	E0h	Ethernet (802.3) using an 802.2 envelope
4	TOKEN-RING	E0h	Token ring (802.5) using an 802.2 envelope
5	ETHERNET_802.3	00h	IPX 802.3 raw encapsulation
6	802.4	N/A	Token-passing bus envelope
7	NOVELL_PCN2	1111h	Novell's IBM* PC Network II envelope
8	GNET	E0h	Gateway's GNET frame envelope
9	PRONET-10	N/A	Proteon's* ProNET* I/O frame envelope
10	ETHERNET_SNAP	8137h	Ethernet (802.3) using an 802.2 envelope with SNAP
11	TOKEN-RING_SNAP	8137h	Token ring (802.5) using an 802.2 envelope with SNAP
12	LANPAC_II	N/A	Racore's frame envelope
13	ISDN	N/A	Integrated Services Digital Network
14	NOVELL_RX-NET	FAh	Novell's ArcNet 68™ envelope
15	IBM_PCN2_802.2	E0h	IBM PCN2 using 802.2 envelope
16	IBM_PCN2_SNAP	8137h	IBM PCN2 using 802.2 with SNAP envelope

Frame ID	Frame Type String	Protocol ID on IPX/SPX	Description
17	OMNINET/4	N/A	Corvus's frame envelope
18	3270_COAXA	N/A	Harris Adacom's frame envelope
19	IP	N/A	IP Tunnel frame envelope
20	FDDI_802.2	E0h	FDDI (802.7) using an 802.2 envelope
21	IVDLAN_802.9	N/A	Commtext, Inc.'s frame envelope
22	DATAOCO_OSI	N/A	Dataco's frame envelope
23	FDDI_SNAP	8137h	FDDI (802.7) using 802.2 with a SNAP envelope
24	IBM_SDLC	N/A	SDLC tunnel envelope
25	PCO_FDDITP	N/A	PC Office frame envelope
26	WAIDNET	N/A	Hypercommunications
27	SLIP	N/A	Novell frame envelope
28	PPP	N/A	Novell frame envelope

The `DriverCardID` field contains the number assigned to the LAN board by the IMSP.

The `DriverMediaID` field contains a number identifying the link-level envelope (frame ID) used by the MLID. The above table lists defined ID numbers.

The `DriverTransportTime` field contains the time (in ticks) that it takes for the LAN board to transmit a 576-byte packet.

The `DriverReserved` field is reserved for future use (currently set to 0).

The `DriverMajorVersion` field contains the major version number of the MLID.

The `DriverMinorVersion` field contains the minor version number of the MLID.

The `DriverFlags` field contains a bit map indicating the architecture supported by the MLID:

0 Supports an EISA board

1 Supports an ISA board

2 Supports an MCA board

8 Supports HUB management

9-10 Bits 9 and 10 combine to indicate different support mechanisms for multicast filtering and multicast formats (see the following table)

Bits 9 and 10 in `DriverFlags` indicate different support mechanisms for multicast filtering and format. The combinations are as follow:

00	The method used for group addressing support defaults to that of the LAN medium. For example, for Ethernet it is the Hash Table; for Token Ring it is the Functional Address.
01	This is an illegal combination and should not occur

---

10	Group addressing is supported by a specialized adapter, but the Topology Specific Module™ (TSM™) software should filter the addresses.
11	Group addressing is supported by a specialized adapter, and TSM checking is not required.

---

The `DriverSendRetries` field contains the number of times that the MLID retries send events before aborting the send.

The `DriverLink` field is used by the LSL.

The `DriverSharingFlags` field contains a bit map defining the sharing abilities of the MLID:

- 0 Set if the LAN board is currently shut down
- 1 Set if the LAN board can share the primary I/O port
- 2 Set if the LAN board can share the secondary I/O port
- 3 Set if the LAN board can share the primary memory range
- 4 Set if the LAN board can share the secondary memory range
- 5 Set if the LAN board can share the primary interrupt
- 6 Set if the LAN board can share the secondary interrupt
- 7 Set if the LAN board can share DMA channel 0
- 8 Set if the LAN board can share DMA channel 1
- 9 Set if there is a command line information string to place in the AUTOEXEC.NCF file, which is the string that `DriverCommandString` points to
- 10 This bit is set to prevent default information from being placed into the AUTOEXEC.NCF file when option information is entered on the command line. Setting this bit overrides the setting of bit 9.

The `DriverSlot` field contains the slot number where the LAN board is installed if the board is running in an MCA or EISA machine. Otherwise, this field is 0.

The `DriverIOPortsAndLengths` field contains I/O port information as follows:

---

1st WORD	The primary base I/O port for the LAN board
2nd WORD	The number of I/O ports beginning with the primary base I/O port
3rd WORD	The secondary base I/O port for the LAN board
4th WORD	The number of I/O ports beginning with the secondary base I/O port

---

The `DriverMemoryDecode0` field contains the absolute primary memory address that the LAN board uses (if not used, this field is 0).

The `DriverLength0` field contains the amount of memory (in paragraphs) that the LAN board uses, starting at `DriverMemoryDecode0` (if not used, this field is 0).

The `DriverMemoryDecode1` field contains the absolute secondary memory address that the LAN board uses (if not used, this field is 0).

The `DriverLength1` field contains the amount of memory (in paragraphs) that the LAN board uses, starting at `DriverMemoryDecode0` (if not used, this field is 0).

The first byte in the `DriverInterrupt` field contains the primary interrupt vector number. The second byte in this field contains the secondary interrupt vector number. FFh = not used.

The first byte in the `DriverDMAUsage` field contains the primary DMA channel used by the LAN board. The second byte in this field contains the secondary DMA channel used by the LAN board. FFh = not used.

The `DriverResourceTag` field contains a pointer to the `IOResourceTag` obtained by the driver.

The `DriverConfig` field contains a pointer to the LSL copy of the configuration structure (used by the LSL).

The `DriverCommandString` field contains a long pointer to a new or additional command line string if the driver needs to append something to the command line or replace the default command line in the `AUTOEXEC.NCF` file. If the driver does not use this option, this field is 0.

The `DriverLogicalName` field contains the logical name of the LAN driver (given at load time).

The `DriverLinearMemory` field contains the addresses of `DriverMemoryDecode0` and `DriverMemoryDecode1`. The first LONG contains the linear address of `DriverMemoryDecode0`. The second LONG contains the linear address of `DriverMemoryDecode1`.

The `DriverChannelNumber` field is used for multichannel adapters. It holds the channel number of the NIC to use. The channel number can be specified when a driver is loaded using the "channel=#" keyword (where # is any number greater than 0).

The `DriverIOReserved` field is reserved for the LSL.

## SSGetLANCustomCounters

Returns custom statistics for a LAN board. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetLANCustomCountersInfo \(page 95\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetLANCustomCounters (
    LONG    boardNumber,
    LONG    startNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**boardNumber**

(IN) Specifies the board number of the LAN board to return counters for.

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the custom counter number to start with.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives information about LAN custom counters.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

LAN custom counters can keep track of such things as the number of raw sends and fatal retransmissions. Each counter has a string describing the counter and a value associated with the counter.

The `startNumber` parameter is the starting counter number that is returned on this call to `SSGetLANCustomCounters`. On the first call to this function, `startNumber` should be 0. For subsequent calls, it should be the number of the next counter that has not been retrieved (therefore,

you must keep track of how many counters have been returned). When FALSE is returned in the `moreflag` field of the `GetCustomCountersInfoStructure`, all custom counters have been retrieved.

This function returns a `GetLANConfigInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetCustomCountersInfoStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    moreflag;
    LONG    numberOfCustomCounters;
    BYTE    startOfCustomCounters;
}GetCustomCountersInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `moreflag` field indicates whether there are more custom counters that can be retrieved by further calls to this function. If TRUE is returned, there are more counters; if FALSE is returned, there are no more counters.

The `numberOfCustomCounters` field contains the number of custom counters used by the LAN driver.

The `startOfCustomCounters` field contains the first byte of a number of `CustomCountersInfo` structures in the buffer.

The `CustomCountersInfo` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct CustomCountersInfo
{
    LONG    value;
    BYTE    stringLength;
    BYTE    stringStart;
}CustomCountersInfo;
```

The `value` field contains the value of the custom counter.

The `stringLength` field contains the length of the string that starts with `stringStart`. If the `stringLength` is zero, there is no string following.

The `stringStart` field contains the first byte of a string that describes the custom counter.

## SSGetLoadedMediaNumberList

Returns a list of loaded media numbers. (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWGetLoadedMediaNumList](#) (page 97).)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
#include <nwmediam.h>

LONG  SSGetLoadedMediaNumberList (
    BYTE   *buffer,
    LONG   bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of LAN boards.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetMediaNumberListStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetMediaNumberListStructure
{
    LONG   currentServerTime;
    BYTE   vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE   vConsoleRevision;
    WORD   reserved;
    LONG   maxNumberOfMedia;
    LONG   mediaListCount;
    LONG   mediaList;
}GetMediaNumberListStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `maxNumberOfMedia` field contains the maximum number of media allowed.

The `mediaListCount` field contains the number of media in `mediaList`.

The `mediaList` field contains the first media item in the list. More media follow.

## SSGetLSLInfo

Returns information about the LSL. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetLSLInfo \(page 99\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetLSLInfo (  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

## Parameters

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of LAN boards.

### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetLSLInfoStructure`.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns a `GetLSLInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetLSLInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG            currentServerTime;  
    BYTE            vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE            vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD            reserved;  
    LSLInformation  LSLInfo;  
}GetLSLInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `LSLInfo` field contains an `LSLInformation` structure.

The `LSLInformation` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    RxBufs;
    LONG    RxBufs75PerCent;
    LONG    RxBufsCheckedOut;
    LONG    RxBufMaxSize;
    LONG    MaxPhysicalSize;
    LONG    LastTimeRxBufAllocated;
    LONG    MaxNumbersOfProtocols;
    LONG    MaxNumbersOfMediaTypes;
    LONG    TotalTXPackets;
    LONG    GetECBBfrs;
    LONG    GetECBFAILs;
    LONG    AESEventCounts;
    LONG    PostponedEvents;
    LONG    ECBCx1Fails;
    LONG    ValidBfrsReused;
    LONG    EnqueuedSendCnt;
    LONG    TotalRXPackets;
    LONG    UnclaimedPackets;
    BYTE    StatisticsTableMajorVersion;
    BYTE    StatisticsTableMinorVersion;
} LSLInformation;
```

The `RxBufs` field contains the total number of LSL receive buffers.

The `RxBufs75PerCent` field contains the number of LSL receive buffers that must be in use before a warning message is issued that buffers are getting low.

The `RxBufsCheckedOut` field contains the number of LSL buffers in use.

The `RxBufMaxSize` field contains the size of the data portion of the ECBs in bytes.

The `MaxPhysicalSize` field contains the total size of the ECB in bytes.

The `LastTimeRxBufAllocated` field contains the last time (in ticks since the server was brought up) a buffer was checked out.

The `MaxNumbersOfProtocols` field contains the number of protocol stacks supported by the OS.

The `MaxNumbersOfMediaTypes` field contains the number of frame types supported by the OS.

The `TotalTXPackets` field contains the number of packet transmit requests.

The `GetECBBfrs` field contains the number of ECBs that were requested.

The `GetECBFAILs` field contains the number of times an ECB request failed.

The `AESEventCounts` field contains the total number of AES events that have been processed.

The `PostponedEvents` field contains the total number of AES events postponed because of critical sections.

The `ECBCx1Fails` field contains the number of AES cancel requests that failed because the event was not found on the AES list.

The `ValidBfrsReused` field contains the number of ECBs in the hold queue that were reused before they were removed from the hold queue.

The `EnqueuedSendCnt` field contains the number of send events in the queue that have occurred.

The `TotalRXPackets` field contains the total number of received incoming packets.

The `UnclaimedPackets` field contains the total number of unclaimed incoming packets.

The `StatisticsTableMajorVersion` field contains the major version of the LSL statistics table.

The `StatisticsTableMinorVersion` field contains the minor version of the LSL statistics table.

## SSGetLSLLogicalBoardStats

Returns information about LSL logical boards. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetLSLLogicalBoardStats \(page 101\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetLSLLogicalBoardStats (
    LONG    boardNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**boardNumber**

(IN) Specifies the board number to return information for.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a LSL board information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetLSLBoardStatsStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetLSLInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetLSLBoardStatsStructure
{
    LONG        currentServerTime;
    BYTE        vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE        vConsoleRevision;
    WORD        reserved;
    LogicalBoard boardStats;
}GetLSLBoardStatsStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `boardStats` field contains an `LogicalBoard` structure.

The `LogicalBoard` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    LogTtlTxPackets;
    LONG    LogTtlRxPackets;
    LONG    LogUnclaimedPackets;
    LONG    reserved;
} LogicalBoard;
```

The `LogTtlTxPackets` field contains the total number of packets transmitted.

The `LogTtlRxPackets` field contains the total number of packets received.

The `LogUnclaimedPackets` field contains the total number of unclaimed packets.

## SSGetMediaManagerObjChildList

Returns a list of children belonging to a given media manager parent object. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetMediaMgrObjChildrenList \(page 103\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetMediaManagerObjChildList (  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    LONG    objType,  
    LONG    parentObjNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

#### **startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number to start with. This parameter should be 0 on the first call to this function. On subsequent calls, `startNumber` should be the value returned in the `nextStartNumber` field of the `GetMMChildListStructure`.

#### **objType**

(IN) Specifies the type of object to return information for.

#### **parentObjectNumber**

(IN) Specifies the object number of the media manager object for which you want a list of children.

#### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which retruns a `GetMMObjectChildListStructure`.

#### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

The `objType` parameter specifies the media manager database type:

---

0	ADAPTER_OBJECT
1	CHANGER_OBJECT
2	RDEVICE_OBJECT
2	DEVICE_OBJECT
3	MDEVICE_OBJECT
4	RMECIA_OBJECT
4	MEDIA_OBJECT
5	PARTITION_OBJECT
6	SLOT_OBJECT
7	HOTFIX_OBJECT
8	MIRROR_OBJECT
9	PARITY_OBJECT
10	VOLUME_SEG_OBJECT
11	VOLUME_OBJECT
12	CLONE_OBJECT
13	FMEDIA_OBJECT
14	UNKNOWN_OBJECT

---

`SSGetMediaManagerObjChildList` returns a `GetMMObjectChildListStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetMMObjectChildListStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    nextStartNum;
    LONG    objectCount;
    LONG    objects;
}GetMMObjectChildListStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `nextStartNum` field contains the number to pass as the `startNumber` parameter on the next call to this function. When this field is 0, all information has been processed by this function.

The `objectCount` field contains the number of child objects that are in the buffer.

The `objects` field contains the ID number of the first media manager child object. More ID numbers follow.

## SSGetMediaManagerObjInfo

Returns information about media manager objects. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetMediaMgrObjInfo \(page 105\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetMediaManagerObjInfo (
    LONG    objNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**objNumber**

(IN) Specifies the object number of the media manager object that you want information for.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives information about the media manager object identified by `objNumber`.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetMManagerObjInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetMManagerObjInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetMManagerObjInfoStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
```

```

    struct CopyOfGenericInfoDef info;
}GetMManagerObjInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `info` field contains a `CopyOfGenericInfoDef` structure.

The `CopyOfGenericInfoDef` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

struct CopyOfGenericInfoDef
{
    struct CopyOfPMStructure    mediaInfo;
    LONG    mediatype;
    LONG    cartridgetype;
    LONG    unitsize;
    LONG    blocksize;
    LONG    capacity;
    LONG    preferredunitsize;
    BYTE    name[64];
    LONG    type;
    LONG    status;
    LONG    functionmask;
    LONG    controlmask;
    LONG    parentcount;
    LONG    siblingcount;
    LONG    childcount;
    LONG    specificinfosize;
    LONG    objectuniqueid;
    LONG    mediaslot;
};

```

The `mediaInfo` field contains a `CopyOfPMStructure`.

The `mediatype` field contains the device type of the object:

---

0	Hard disk
1	CD-ROM
2	WORM device
3	Tape device
4	Magneto-Optical (MO) device

---

The `cartridgetype` field indicates the type of cartridge or magazine that the device can use. The defined types follow:

---

0x00000000	fixed media
------------	-------------

---

---

0x00000001	5.25 floppy
0x00000002	3.5 floppy
0x00000003	5.25 optical
0x00000004	3.5 optical
0x00000005	0.5 tape
0x00000006	0.25 tape
0x00000007	8 mm tape
0x00000008	4 mm tape
0x00000009	Bernoulli disk

---

The `unitsize` field contains the current transfer unit size (in bytes) for the device.

The `blocksize` field contains the size of a block for the device (in bytes).

The `capacity` field contains the capacity of the device (in blocks).

The `preferredunitsize` field contains the preferred transfer unit size (512 bytes to 1K) for the device.

The `name` field contains a length-preceded string representing the name of the object.

The `type` field contains the media manager database type:

---

0	ADAPTER_OBJECT
1	CHANGER_OBJECT
2	RDEVICE_OBJECT
2	DEVICE_OBJECT
3	MDEVICE_OBJECT
4	RMECIA_OBJECT
4	MEDIA_OBJECT
5	PARTITION_OBJECT
6	SLOT_OBJECT
7	HOTFIX_OBJECT
8	MIRROR_OBJECT
9	PARITY_OBJECT
10	VOLUME_SEG_OBJECT
11	VOLUME_OBJECT
12	CLONE_OBJECT
13	FMEDIA_OBJECT
14	UNKNOWN_OBJECT

---

The `status` field contains the status mask for the object:

---

0x00000001	OBJECT_ACTIVATED
0x00000002	OBJECT_PHANTOM
0x00000004	OBJECT_ASSIGNABLE
0x00000008	OBJECT_ASSIGNED
0x00000010	OBJECT_RESERVED
0x00000020	OBJECT_BEING_IDENTIFIED
0x00010000	OBJECT_IN_DEVICE
0x00020000	OBJECT_IN_MAGAZINE
0x00040000	OBJECT_IN_CHANGER
0x00080000	OBJECT_LOADABLE
0x00080000	OBJECT_BEING_LOADED
0x01000000	OBJECT_DEVICE_LOCK
0x02000000	OBJECT_CHANGER_LOCK
0x04000000	OBJECT_REMIRRORING
0x08000000	OBJECT_SELECTED

---

The `functionmask` field indicates the access functions supported on the device:

- 0 Random read
- 1 Random write
- 2 Random write once
- 3 Sequential read
- 4 Sequential write
- 5 Reset end of media
- 6 Single file marks
- 7 Multi-file marks
- 8 Single set marks
- 9 Multi-set marks
- 10 Relative data blocks
- 11 Direct data blocks
- 12 Position partition
- 13 Position media

The `controlmask` field indicates the type of control functions that can be issued to the device:

- 0 Activate/deactivate
- 1 Mount/dismount
- 2 Select/unselect
- 3 Lock/unlock
- 4 Eject

## 5 Move media

The `parentcount` field contains the number of parent objects for the device (usually 1).

The `siblingcount` field contains the number of sibling objects for the device (objects with common dependencies).

The `childcount` field contains the number of child objects for the device (objects that depend on the device).

The `specificinfosize` field contains the size of the data structures that are returned.

The `objectuniqueid` field contains the number which identifies the device in the media manager database.

The `mediaslot` field contains the number of the slot that the device occupies.

`CopyOfPMStructure` is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
struct CopyOfPMStructure
{
    BYTE    f1[64];
    LONG    f2;
    LONG    f3;
};
```

The `f1` field contains the label of the object.

The `f2` field contains the Novell assigned number for the object.

The `f3` field contains the DOS timestamp of the object.

## SSGetMediaManagerObjList

Returns a list of media manager objects. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetMediaMgrObjList \(page 107\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetMediaManagerObjList (  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    LONG    objType,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

#### **startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number to start with. This parameter should be -1 for the first call to this function. On subsequent calls, `startNumber` should be the value returned in the `nextStartNum` field of the `GetMMObjectListsStructure`.

#### **objType**

(IN) Specifies the type of object to return information for.

#### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of media manager objects.

#### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

The `objType` parameter specifies the media manager database type:

---

0	ADAPTER_OBJECT
1	CHANGER_OBJECT

---

---

2	RDEVICE_OBJECT
2	DEVICE_OBJECT
3	MDEVICE_OBJECT
4	RMECIA_OBJECT
4	MEDIA_OBJECT
5	PARTITION_OBJECT
6	SLOT_OBJECT
7	HOTFIX_OBJECT
8	MIRROR_OBJECT
9	PARITY_OBJECT
10	VOLUME_SEG_OBJECT
11	VOLUME_OBJECT
12	CLONE_OBJECT
13	FMEDIA_OBJECT
14	UNKNOWN_OBJECT

---

This function returns a `GetMMObjectListsStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetMMObjectListsStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    nextStartNum;
    LONG    objectCount;
    LONG    objects;
}GetMMObjectListsStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `nextStartNum` field contains the number to be passed as the `startNumber` parameter on the next call to this function. When this field is -1, all information has been processed.

The `objectCount` field contains the number of media manager objects in the buffer.

The `objects` field contains the ID number of the first media manager object. More ID numbers follow.

## SSGetMediaNameByNumber

Returns a media name for a given media number. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetMediaNameByMediaNum \(page 110\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetMediaNameByNumber (  
    LONG    mediaNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**mediaNumber**

(IN) Specifies the ID number of the media for which you want a name.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives the media name.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetMediaNameByNumberStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetMediaNameByNumberStructure  
{  
    LONG    currentServerTime;  
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD    reserved;  
    BYTE    mediaNameLength;
```

```
    BYTE    mediaName;  
}GetMediaNameByNumberStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `mediaNameLength` field contains the length of the media name.

The `mediaName` structure contains the first byte of the media name.

## SSGetNetRouterInfo

Returns information about network routing on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetNetworkRouterInfo \(page 118\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetNetRouterInfo (  
    LONG    networkNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**networkNumber**

(IN) Specifies the network to return information for.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives routing information for the server.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetNetRouterInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetNetRouterInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetNetRouterInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG    currentServerTime;  
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD    reserved;  
    LONG    netIDNumber;  
    WORD    hopsToNet;
```

```
    WORD    netStatus;  
    WORD    timeToNet;  
}GetNetRouterInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `netIDNumber` field contains the network ID number.

The `hopsToNet` field contains the number of hops to the network.

The `netStatus` field indicates the status of the network.

The `timeToNet` field contains the number of ticks to the network (round-trip).

## SSGetNetworkRoutersInfo

Returns information about the routers on a network. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetNetworkRoutersInfo \(page 120\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetNetworkRoutersInfo (  
    LONG    networkNumber,  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**networkNumber**

(IN) Specifies the network number to return router information for.

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number to start with.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a information about routers on a network.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetNetworkRoutersInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetNetworkRoutersInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG                currentServerTime;  
    BYTE                vConsoleVersion;
```

```

    BYTE          vConsoleRevision;
    WORD          reserved;
    LONG          numberOfEntries;
    RoutersInfoStructure info;
}GetNetworkRoutersInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `numberOfEntries` field contains the number of `RoutersInfoStructure` structures in the buffer.

The `info` field contains the first `RoutersInfoStructure`. More follow.

The `RoutersInfoStructure` is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct RoutersInfoStructure
{
    BYTE    node[6];
    LONG    connectedLAN;
    WORD    hopsToNetCount;
    WORD    timeToNet;
}RoutersInfoStructure;

```

The `node` field contains the 6-byte network address of the router.

The `connectedLAN` field contains the LAN board number of the router.

The `hopsToNetCount` field contains the number of hops to the network specified by `networkNumber`.

The `timeToNet` field contains the time (in ticks) to the network specified by `networkNumber`.

## SSGetNLMInfo

Returns information about an NLM running on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetNLMInfo \(page 124\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetNLMInfo (  
    LONG     NLMNumber,  
    BYTE     *buffer,  
    LONG     bufferLen);
```

## Parameters

### **NLMNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number assigned to the NLM by the OS when the NLM was loaded.

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives NLM information.

### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns information for the current connection. The `NLMNumber` parameter is the number assigned to that NLM by the OS when it is loaded. This number can be obtained by calling `SSGetNLMLoadedList`.

This function returns a `GetNLMInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetNLMInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG     currentServerTime;  
    BYTE     vConsoleVersion;
```

```

    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    NLMInformation    NLMInfo;
    BYTE    startOfLStrings;
}GetNLMInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `NLMInfo` field contains an `NLMInformation` structure.

The `startOfLStrings` field contains the first byte of three length-preceded strings (the strings can be 0 bytes long). The strings represent the filename, name, and copyright of the NLM.

The `NLMInformation` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct {
    LONG    nlmIdentificationNumber;
    LONG    nlmFlags;
    LONG    nlmType;
    LONG    nlmParentID;
    LONG    nlmMajorVersion;
    LONG    nlmMinorVersion;
    LONG    nlmRevision;
    LONG    nlmYear;
    LONG    nlmMonth;
    LONG    nlmDay;
    LONG    nlmAllocAvailBytes;
    LONG    nlmAllocFreeCount;
    LONG    nlmLastGarbCollect;
    LONG    nlmMessageLanguage;
    LONG    nlmNumberOfReferencedPublics;
} NLMInformation;

```

The `nlmIdentificationNumber` field contains the number assigned to the NLM when it was loaded.

The `nlmFlags` field contains a bit mask with a combination of the following:

---

0x0001	REENTRANT: The module is reentrant. That is, if the NLM is loaded twice, the actual code in the server's memory is reused.
0x0002	MULTIPLE: The module can be loaded more than once by a LOAD console command.
0x0004	SYNCHRONIZE: This NLM option causes the load process to go to sleep until the NLM calls <code>SynchronizeStart</code> . This prevents any other console commands from being processed (particularly LOAD commands) while the NLM is being loaded.
0x0008	PSEUDOPREEMPTION: This option requests that the OS force the NLM to relinquish control if the NLM does not do so on its own often enough.

---

The `nlmType` field contains a number indicating the NLM type:

Number	Extension	Description
0	.NLM	Generic NLM (default value)
1	.LAN	LAN driver
2	.DSK	Disk driver
3	.NAM	Name space support module
4	.NLM	Utility or support program
5	.MSL	Mirrored Server Link™ (MSL™)
6	.NLM	OS NLM
7	.NLM	Paged high OS NLM
8	.HAM	Host Adapter Module (works with Custom Device Module)
9	.CDM	Custom Device Module (works with Host Adapter Module)
10	.NLM	OS Reserved
11	.NLM	OS Reserved
12	.NLM	OS Reserved
13		SMP normal
14		NIOS
15	.CAD	CIOS CAD
16	.CLS	CIOS CLS
20 through 32		Reserved for NICI (Novell International Cryptographic Infrastructure)

The `nlmParentID` field contains the number assigned to the NLM that caused this NLM to be loaded.

The `nlmMajorVersion` field contains the major version number of the NLM.

The `nlmMinorVersion` field contains the minor version number of the NLM.

The `nlmRevision` field contains the revision letter of the NLM.

The `nlmYear`, `nlmMonth`, and `nlmDay` fields contain the year, month, and day that the NLM was created on.

The `nlmAllocAvailBytes`, `nlmAllocFreeCount`, and `nlmLastGarbCollect` field contain garbage collection information. The `nlmAllocAvailBytes` contains the bytes available for allocation by the NLM. The `nlmAllocFreeCount` contain the number of bytes freed that can be reclaimed. The `nlmLastGarbCollect` field contains the last time garbage collection was done for the NLM (expressed in ticks since the server was brought up).

The `nlmMessageLanguage` field contains the number representing the language that the NLM uses.

The `nlmNumberOfReferencedPublics` field contains the number of external symbols referenced by the NLM.

## SSGetNLMLoadedList

Returns a list of NLM applications running on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetNLMLoadedList \(page 126\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetNLMLoadedList (  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the NLM number to start with.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives NLM information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a list of NLM applications for the current connection. The list is returned in a `GetNLMLoadedListStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetNLMLoadedListStructure  
{  
    LONG    currentServerTime;  
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD    reserved;  
    LONG    NLMLoadedCount;  
    LONG    NLMCount;
```

```
    LONG    NLMNumbers;  
}GetNLMLoadedListStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `NLMLoadedCount` field contains the number of NLM applications loaded on the server. This number might indicate NLM applications that you cannot get information for, such as the loader. Therefore, the total number of NLM applications you receive information about after iterative calls to this function might be less than the `NLMLoadedCount`.

The `NLMCount` field contains the number of NLM applications listed in the buffer.

The `NLMNumbers` field contains the numbers assigned to NLM applications loaded on the server.

## SSGetNLMResourceTagList

Returns information about resources used by NLM applications on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetNLMsResourceTagList \(page 128\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetNLMResourceTagList (
    LONG     NLMNumber,
    LONG     startNumber,
    BYTE     *buffer,
    LONG     bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**NLMNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number assigned to the NLM by the OS when the NLM was loaded

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the resource tag to start with.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a resource tag information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetNLMResourceTagList` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetNLMResourceTagList
{
    LONG     currentServerTime;
    BYTE     vConsoleVersion;
```

```

    BYTE          vConsoleRevision;
    WORD          reserved;
    LONG          totalNumOfRTags;
    LONG          currentNumOfRTags;
    RTagStructure RTagStart;
}GetNLMResourceTagList;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `totalNumOfRTags` field contains the total number of resource tags that the NLM is using.

The `currentNumOfRTags` field contains the number of resource tags that the buffer contains. If additional tags are used by the NLM that did not fit in the buffer, call this function again, using the next number as the `startNumber`.

The `RTagStart` field contains an `RTagStructure`. This is the first `RTagStructure` in the buffer. More structures follow, one for each resource tag used on the server.

`RTagStructure` is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct RTagStructure
{
    LONG    rTagNumber;
    LONG    signature;
    LONG    count;
    BYTE    name;
}RTagStructure;

```

The `rTagNumber` field contains the number assigned to the resource tag when it was allocated.

The `signature` field contains the signature of the resource tag.

The `count` field contains the number of this kind of tag that has been allocated.

The `name` field contains the name of the resource tag. It is null terminated string of unknown size.

## 11.5 SSGetO\*-SSGetV\* Functions

Click on any function name in the table of contents to view the purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values for that function.

- [“SSGetOSVersionInfo” on page 558](#)
- [“SSGetPacketBurstInfo” on page 561](#)
- [“SSGetProtocolConfiguration” on page 564](#)
- [“SSGetProtocolCustomInfo” on page 567](#)
- [“SSGetProtocolNumbersByLANBoard” on page 569](#)
- [“SSGetProtocolNumbersByMedia” on page 571](#)
- [“SSGetProtocolStatistics” on page 574](#)
- [“SSGetRouterAndSAPInfo” on page 576](#)
- [“SSGetServerInfo” on page 578](#)
- [“SSGetServerSourcesInfo” on page 580](#)
- [“SSGetUserInfo” on page 582](#)
- [“SSGetVolumeSegmentList” on page 586](#)
- [“SSGetVolumeSwitchInfo” on page 588](#)

## SSGetOSVersionInfo

Returns information about the NetWare OS version running on the server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetOSVersionInfo \(page 130\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetOSVersionInfo (
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives OS version information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetOSVersionInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetOSVersionInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetOSVersionInfoStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    BYTE    OSMajorVersion;
    BYTE    OSMinorVersion;
    BYTE    OSRevision;
    BYTE    accountVersion;
    BYTE    VAPVersion;
    BYTE    queueingVersion;
```

```

BYTE    securityRestLvl;
BYTE    bridgingSupport;
LONG    maxNumOfVol;
LONG    maxNumOfConn;
LONG    maxNumOfUsers;
LONG    maxNumOfnameSpaces;
LONG    maxNumOfLANS;
LONG    maxNumOfMedias;
LONG    maxNumOfStacks;
LONG    maxDirDepth;
LONG    maxDataStreams;
LONG    maxNumOfSpoolPr;
LONG    serverSerialNumber;
WORD    serverApplicationNumber;
}GetOSVersionInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `OSMajorVersion` field contains the major version number of the OS.

The `OSMinorVersion` field contains the minor version number of the OS.

The `OSRevision` field contains the version revision letter of the OS.

The `accountVersion` field contains the version of the accounting subsystem.

The `VAPVersion` field is not used.

The `queueingVersion` field contains the Queuing version number.

The `securityRestLvl` field contains the Security Restriction version number.

The `bridgingSupport` field contains the Internet Bridge support version number.

The `maxNumOfVol` field contains the maximum number of volumes that can be simultaneously mounted on the server. Versions 4.10 and higher return 255 in this field. 0-63 are physical volumes and 64-255 are logical volumes.

The `maxNumOfConn` field contains the maximum number of connections that can be used simultaneously on the server.

The `maxNumOfUsers` field contains the maximum number of simultaneous users allowed on the server.

The `maxNumOfnameSpaces` field contains the maximum number of name spaces that can be simultaneously loaded on a server.

The `maxNumOfLANS` field contains the maximum number of LAN boards that can be used on the server.

The `maxNumOfMedias` field contains the maximum number of different media types allowed on the server.

The `maxNumOfStacks` field contains the maximum number of protocol stacks that can be used in the server.

The `maxDirDepth` field contains the maximum depth of directories that can be used on the server.

The `maxDataStreams` field contains the maximum number of data streams that can be used on the server.

The `maxNumOfSpoolPr` field contains the maximum number of spool printers that can be used on the server.

The `serverSerialNumber` field contains the serial number of the server.

The `serverApplicationNumber` field is included for backward compatibility.

## SSGetPacketBurstInfo

Returns Packet Burst™ information. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetPacketBurstInfo \(page 132\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetPacketBurstInfo (  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives Packet Burst information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetPacketBurstInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetPacketBurstInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetPacketBurstInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG                currentServerTime;  
    BYTE                vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE                vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD                reserved;  
    PacketBurstInformation packetBurstInfo;  
}GetPacketBurstInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `packetBurstInfo` field contains a `PacketBurstInformation` structure. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct {
    LONG    BigInvalidSlotCount;
    LONG    BigForgedPacketCount;
    LONG    BigInvalidPacketCount;
    LONG    BigStillTransmittingCount;
    LONG    StillDoingTheLastRequestCount;
    LONG    InvalidControlRequestCount;
    LONG    ControlInvalidMessageNumberCount;
    LONG    ControlBeingTornDownCount;
    LONG    BigRepeatTheFileReadCount;
    LONG    BigSendExtraCCCount;
    LONG    BigReturnAbortMessageCount;
    LONG    BigReadInvalidMessageNumberCount;
    LONG    BigReadDoItOverCount;
    LONG    BigReadBeingTornDownCount;
    LONG    PreviousControlPacketCount;
    LONG    SendHoldOffMessageCount;
    LONG    BigReadNoDataAvailableCount;
    LONG    BigReadTryingToReadTooMuchCount;
    LONG    ASyncReadErrorCount;
    LONG    BigReadPhysicalReadErrorCount;
    LONG    ControlBadACKFragmentListCount;
    LONG    ControlNoDataReadCount;
    LONG    WriteDuplicateRequestCount;
    LONG    ShouldntBeACKingHereCount;
    LONG    WriteInconsistentPacketLengthsCount;
    LONG    FirstPacketIsntAWriteCount;
    LONG    WriteTrashedDuplicateRequestCount;
    LONG    BigWriteInvalidMessageNumberCount;
    LONG    BigWriteBeingTornDownCount;
    LONG    BigWriteBeingAbortedCount;
    LONG    ZeroACKFragmentCountCount;
    LONG    WriteCurrentlyTransmittingCount;
    LONG    TryingToWriteTooMuchCount;
    LONG    WriteOutOfMemoryForControlNodesCount;
    LONG    WriteDidntNeedThisFragmentCount;
    LONG    WriteTooManyBuffersCheckedOutCount;
    LONG    WriteTimeOutCount;
    LONG    WriteGotAnACKCount;
    LONG    WriteGotAnACKCount1;
    LONG    PollerAbortedTheConnectionCount;
    LONG    MaybeHadOutOfOrderWritesCount;
    LONG    HadAnOutOfOrderWriteCount;
    LONG    MovedTheACKBitDownCount;
    LONG    BumpedOutOfOrderWriteCount;
    LONG    PollerRemovedOldOutOfOrderCount;
```

```
LONG    WriteDidntNeedButRequestedACKCount;  
LONG    WriteTrashedPacketCount;  
LONG    TooManyACKFragmentsCount;  
LONG    SavedAnOutOfOrderPacketCount;  
LONG    ConnectionBeingAbortedCount;  
} PacketBurstInformation;
```

Descriptions of the fields in this structure are not available as of this edition.

## SSGetProtocolConfiguration

Returns configuration information about the protocols on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetProtocolStackConfigInfo \(page 135\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetProtocolConfiguration (
    LONG    startNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startNumber**

(IN) Indicates the number to start with.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a information about protocol configuration of the server.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetProtocolConfigStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetProtocolConfigStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    BYTE    configMajorVersion;
```

```

    BYTE    configMinorVerstion;
    BYTE    stackMajorVersion;
    BYTE    stackMinorVersion;
    BYTE    shortName[16];
    BYTE    fullNameLength;
    BYTE    fullName;
}GetProtocolConfigStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `configMajorVersion` field contains the major version number of the configuration table.

The `configMinorVerstion` field contains the minor version number of the configuration table.

The `stackMajorVersion` field contains the major version number of the protocol stack.

The `stackMinorVersion` field contains the minor version number of the protocol stack.

The `shortName` field contains the short protocol name (used to register the stack with the LSL):

---

VIRTUAL_LAN	For use where no Frame ID/MAC envelope is necessary
LOCALTALK	Apple LocalTalk frame
ETHERNET_II	Ethernet using a DEC Ethernet II envelope
ETHERNET_802.2	Ethernet (802.3) using an 802.2 envelope
TOKEN-RING	Token ring (802.5) using an 802.2 envelope
ETHERNET_802.3	IPX 802.3 raw encapsulation
802.4	Token-passing bus envelope
NOVELL_PCN2	Novell's IBM PC Network II envelope
GNET	Gateway's GNET frame envelope
PRONET-10	Proteon's ProNET I/O frame envelope
ETHERNET_SNAP	Ethernet (802.3) using an 802.2 envelope with SNAP
TOKEN-RING_SNAP	Token ring (802.5) using an 802.2 envelope with SNAP
LANPAC_II	Racore's frame envelope
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
NOVELL_RX-NET	Novell's ArcNet 68 envelope
IBM_PCN2_802.2	IBM PCN2 using 802.2 envelope
IBM_PCN2_SNAP	IBM PCN2 using 802.2 with SNAP envelope
OMNINET/4	Corvus's frame envelope

---

---

3270_COAXA	Harris Adacom's frame envelope
IP	IP Tunnel frame envelope
FDDI_802.2	FDDI (802.7) using an 802.2 envelope
IVDLAN_802.9	Commtext, Inc.'s frame envelope
DATAACO_OSI	Dataco's frame envelope
FDDI_SNAP	FDDI (802.7) using 802.2 with a SNAP envelope
IBM_SDLC	SDLC tunnel envelope
PCO_FDDITP	PC Office frame envelope
WAIDNET	Hypercommunications
SLIP	Novell frame envelope
PPP	Novell frame envelope

---

The `fullNameLength` field contains the length of the full name.

The `fullName` field contains the first byte of the full name.

## SSGetProtocolCustomInfo

Returns custom information about a protocol stack on a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetProtocolStackCustomInfo \(page 137\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetProtocolCustomInfo (
    LONG     stackNumber,
    LONG     customStartNumber,
    BYTE     *buffer,
    LONG     bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**stackNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number of the protocol stack that you want information for.

**customStartNumber**

(IN) Specifies the custom information structure to start with. For the first call to this function, `customStartNumber` should be 0. On subsequent calls, it should be the next custom information structure that has not been retrieved. All information has been retrieved when no more information is returned by this function.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives custom information about the protocol stack.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetProtocolCustomInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct GetProtocolCustomInfoStructure
{
    LONG                currentServerTime;
    BYTE                vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE                vConsoleRevision;
    WORD                reserved;
    LONG                customCount;
    ProtocolCustomInfo info;
}GetProtocolCustomInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `customCount` field contains the number of `ProtocolCustomInfo` structures in the buffer.

The `info` field contains the first `ProtocolCustomInfo` structure. More structures follow.

The `ProtocolCustomInfo` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct ProtocolCustomInfo
{
    LONG    value;
    BYTE    length;
    BYTE    customData;
}ProtocolCustomInfo;

```

The `value` field contains the value of the custom counter.

The `length` field contains the length of `customData`.

The `customData` field contains the first byte of a string describing the custom counter. The length of the string is `length`.

## SSGetProtocolNumbersByLANBoard

Returns a list of protocol stack ID numbers for a given LAN board. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByLANBrdNum \(page 141\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetProtocolNumbersByLANBoard (
    LONG    LANBoardNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

#### **LANBoardNumber**

(IN) Specifies the ID number of the LAN board for which you want a list of protocols.

#### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of protocols.

#### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetProtocolByBoardStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetProtocolByBoardStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    stackIDCount;
```

```
    LONG    stackID;  
}GetProtocolByBoardStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `stackIDCount` field contains the number of protocol stack ID numbers in the buffer.

The `stackID` field contains the first protocol stack ID number in the buffer. More numbers follow.

## SSGetProtocolNumbersByMedia

Returns a list of protocol stack ID numbers for a given media. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetProtocolStkNumsByMediaNum \(page 143\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetProtocolNumbersByMedia (  
    LONG    mediaNumber,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**mediaNumber**

(IN) Specifies the media number (frame number) for which you want protocol stack information.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of protocols.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a list of protocol stack ID numbers for a given media. The `mediaNumber` is the frame ID number of the media:

---

0	For use where no Frame ID/MAC envelope is necessary
1	Apple LocalTalk frame
2	Ethernet using a DEC Ethernet II envelope
3	Ethernet (802.3) using an 802.2 envelope

---

---

4	Token ring (802.5) using an 802.2 envelope
5	IPX 802.3 raw encapsulation
6	Token-passing bus envelope
7	Novell's IBM PC Network II envelope
8	Gateway's GNET frame envelope
9	Proteon's ProNET I/O frame envelope
10	Ethernet (802.3) using an 802.2 envelope with SNAP
11	Token ring (802.5) using an 802.2 envelope with SNAP
12	Racore's frame envelope
13	Integrated Services Digital Network
14	Novell's ArcNet 68 envelope
15	IBM PCN2 using 802.2 envelope
16	IBM PCN2 using 802.2 with SNAP envelope
17	Corvus's frame envelope
18	Harris Adacom's frame envelope
19	IP Tunnel frame envelope
20	FDDI (802.7) using an 802.2 envelope
21	Commtext, Inc.'s frame envelope
22	Dataco's frame envelope
23	FDDI (802.7) using 802.2 with a SNAP envelope
24	SDLC tunnel envelope
25	PC Office frame envelope
26	Hypercommunications
27	Novell frame envelope

---

This function returns a `GetProtocolByMediaStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetProtocolByMediaStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    stackIDCount;
    LONG    stackID;
}GetProtocolByMediaStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `stackIDCount` field contains the number of protocol stack ID numbers in the buffer.

The `stackID` field contains the first protocol stack ID number in the buffer. More numbers follow.

## SSGetProtocolStatistics

Returns protocol statistics for a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetProtocolStackStatsInfo \(page 139\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetProtocolStatistics (
    LONG    stackNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**stackNumber**

(IN) Specifies the stack number of the protocol stack for which you want information.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives protocol statistics.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetProtocolStatsStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetProtocolStatsStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetProtocolStatsStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    BYTE    StatMajorVersion;
    BYTE    StatMinorVersion;
```

```
WORD    GenericCounters;  
LONG    ValidCntsMask;  
LONG    TotalTxPackets;  
LONG    TotalRxPackets;  
LONG    IgnoredRxPackets;  
WORD    NumberOfCustomCounters;  
}GetProtocolStatsStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `StatMajorVersion` field contains the major version number of the statistics table.

The `StatMinorVersion` field contains the minor version number of the statistics table.

The `GenericCounters` field contains the number of counters in the fixed portion of the table. It is always set to 3.

The `ValidCntsMask` field contains a bit mask indicating which counters are valid (starting with right-most representing the first counter). If the bit is 0, the counter is valid; if it is 1, the counter is not valid.

The `TotalTxPackets` field contains the total number of packets that were requested to be transmitted.

The `TotalRxPackets` field contains the total number of packets that were received.

The `IgnoredRxPackets` field contains the number of incoming packets that were ignored by the stack.

The `NumberOfCustomCounters` field contains the number of custom counters for the protocol stack.

## SSGetRouterAndSAPInfo

Returns router and SAP information. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetGeneralRouterAndSAPInfo \(page 83\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetRouterAndSAPInfo (  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives router and SAP information for a server.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be the size of `GetRouterAndSAPInfoStructure`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetRouterAndSAPInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetRouterAndSAPInfoStructure  
{  
    LONG    currentServerTime;  
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;  
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;  
    WORD    reserved;  
    LONG    RIPSocketNumber;  
    LONG    routerDownFlag;  
    LONG    trackOnFlag;  
    LONG    extRouterActiveFlag;  
    LONG    SAPSocketNumber;
```

```
    LONG    rpyNearestServerFlag;  
}GetRouterAndSAPInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `RIPSocketNumber` field contains the router socket number.

The `routerDownFlag` field indicates whether the internal router is up or down.

The `trackOnFlag` field indicates whether router tracking is active (the console operator issued the TRACK ON console command).

The `extRouterActiveFlag` field indicates whether an external router is active.

The `SAPSocketNumber` field contains the number of the socket that receives SAP packets.

The `rpyNearestServerFlag` field indicates whether the server responds to `GetNearestServer`.

## SSGetServerInfo

Returns information about a server. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetServerInfo \(page 149\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetServerInfo (
    LONG     serverType,
    BYTE     nameLength,
    BYTE     *name,
    BYTE     *buffer,
    LONG     bufferLen);
```

## Parameters

### **serverType**

(IN) Specifies the server type. This *must* be 0x400.

### **nameLength**

(IN) Specifies the length of the server name ( *name*).

### **name**

(IN) Points to the name of the server.

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a information about the server.

### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of *buffer*. This should be the size of *GetServerInfoStructure*.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns a *GetServerInfoStructure* in *buffer*. This structure is defined in *NWSERVST.H* as follows:

```
typedef struct GetServerInfoStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    BYTE    serverAddress[12];
    WORD    hopsToServer;
}GetServerInfoStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `serverAddress` field contains the node address of the server.

The `hopsToServer` field contains the number of hops to the server.

The value of the `serverType` parameter must be 0x0400.

## SSGetServerSourcesInfo

Returns address information about servers known to a server with a given name. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetServerSourcesInfo \(page 155\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>
```

```
LONG SSGetServerSourcesInfo (  
    LONG    startNumber,  
    LONG    serverType,  
    BYTE    nameLength,  
    BYTE    *name,  
    BYTE    *buffer,  
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startNumber**

(IN) Indicates the number to start with.

**serverType**

(IN) Specifies the type of server to obtain information for.

**nameLength**

(IN) Specifies the length of the server name ( *name*).

**name**

(IN) Points to the name of the server.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a information about protocol configuration of the server.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of *buffer*. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns a `GetServerSourcesStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetServerSourcesStructure
{
    LONG          currentServerTime;
    BYTE          vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE          vConsoleRevision;
    WORD          reserved;
    LONG          numberOfEntries;
    ServerSourceInfoStructure info;
}GetServerSourcesStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches `0xFFFFFFFF`, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `numberOfEntries` field contains the number of structures in the buffer.

The `info` field contains the first `ServerSourceInfoStructure`. More follow.

```
typedef struct ServerSourceInfoStructure
{
    BYTE  serverNode[6];
    LONG  connectLAN;
    WORD  hopCount;
}ServerSourceInfoStructure;
```

The `serverNode` field contains the node address of a server.

The `connectLAN` field contains the LAN board number of the server.

The `hopCount` field contains the number of hops to the server.

## SSGetUserInfo

Returns user information for a given connection. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetUserInfo \(page 157\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

## Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetUserInfo (
    LONG    connectionNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

## Parameters

### **connectionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the connection number that you want user information for. The user for the connection must be logged in (licensed) for the server to return any information about the user.

### **buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives user information.

### **bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

## Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

## Remarks

This function returns a `GetUserInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetUserInfoStructure
{
    LONG            currentServerTime;
    BYTE            vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE            vConsoleRevision;
```

```

WORD            reserved;
UserInformation  userInfo;
BYTE            userNameLen;
BYTE            username;
}GetUserInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `userInfo` field contains a `UserInformation` structure for the connection.

The `userNameLen` field contains the length of the `username` field.

The `username` field contains the name of the user.

The `UserInformation` structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```

typedef struct {
    LONG    connectionNumber;
    LONG    useCount;
    BYTE    connectionServiceType;
    BYTE    loginTime[7];
    LONG    status;
    LONG    expirationTime;
    LONG    objectType;
    BYTE    transactionFlag;
    BYTE    logicalLockThreshold;
    BYTE    recordLockThreshold;
    BYTE    fileWriteFlags;
    BYTE    fileWriteState;
    BYTE    filler;
    WORD    fileLockCount;
    WORD    recordLockCount;
    BYTE    totalBytesRead[6];
    BYTE    totalBytesWritten[6];
    LONG    totalRequests;
    LONG    heldRequests;
    BYTE    heldBytesRead[6];
    BYTE    heldBytesWritten[6];
} UserInformation;

```

The `connectionNumber` field contains the connection number of the user.

The `useCount` field contains 1 if the connection is in use, or 0 if the connection is not in use.

The `connectionServiceType` field contains the connection type:

---

1	(Included for CLIB backwards compatibility)
2	NCP_CONNECTION_TYPE

---

---

3	NLM_CONNECTION_TYPE
4	AFP_CONNECTION_TYPE
5	FTAM_CONNECTION_TYPE
6	ANCP_CONNECTION_TYPE

---

The `loginTime` field contains the time that the user logged in.

The `status` field contains the status of the connection:

---

0x00000001	LOGGED_IN
0x00000002	BEING_ABORTED
0x00000004	AUDITED
0x00000008	NEEDS_SECURITY_CHANGE
0x00000010	MAC_STATION
0x00000020	AUTHENTICATED_TEMPORARY
0x00000040	AUDIT_CONNECTION_RECORDED
0x00000080	DSAUDIT_CONNECTION_RECORDED

---

The `expirationTime` field contains the time before the authentication expires (in ticks). If this value is 0, there is no expiration time.

The `objectType` field contains the type of the user.

The `transactionFlag` field contains transaction tracking information

The `logicalLockThreshold` field contains the maximum number of logical locks the user can have.

The `recordLockThreshold` field contains maximum number of record locks the user can have.

The `fileWriteFlags` field contains a flag indicating the writing status as follows:

---

1	Writing
2	Write aborted

---

The `fileWriteState` field indicates the writing status:

---

0	not writing
1	write in progress
2	write being stopped

---

The `filler` field is unused.

The `fileLockCount` field contains the number of files the user has locked.

The `recordLockCount` field contains the number of records the user has locked.

The `totalBytesRead` field contains the number of bytes the user has read (48-bit value).

The `totalBytesWritten` field contains the number of bytes the user has written (48-bit value).

The `totalRequests` field contains the number of requests the user has sent.

The `heldRequests` field contains the number of requests held for accounting purposes.

The `heldBytesRead` field contains the number of bytes the user has read that have a hold on them for accounting purposes.

The `heldBytesWritten` field contains the number of bytes the user has written that have a hold on them

## SSGetVolumeSegmentList

Returns a list of volume segments for a given volume. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetVolumeSegmentList \(page 161\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetVolumeSegmentList (
    LONG    volumeNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**volumeNumber**

(IN) Specifies the volume number of the volume that you want information for.

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives a list of volume segments.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetVolumeSegmentListStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetVolumeSegmentListStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    numberOfSegments;
```

```
    VolumeSegmentStructure    segment;  
}GetVolumeSegmentListStructure;
```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `numberOfSegments` field contains the number of volume segments on the volume.

The `segment` field contains the `VolumeSegmentStructure` for the first volume segment. More of these structures follow in the buffer, one for each volume segment.

The `VolumeSegmentStructure` is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct VolumeSegmentStructure  
{  
    LONG    segmentDevice;  
    LONG    segmentOffset;  
    LONG    segmentSize;  
}VolumeSegmentStructure;
```

The `segmentDevice` field identifies the device that the segment is located on.

The `segmentOffset` field contains the offset of the segment in bytes.

The `segmentSize` field contains the segment size in bytes.

## SSGetVolumeSwitchInfo

Returns information about the number of times various code paths have been taken in the NetWare OS. For cross-platform functionality, use [NWGetVolumeSwitchInfo \(page 163\)](#) instead.

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based Server Environment

### Syntax

```
#include <nit\nwservst.h>

LONG SSGetVolumeSwitchInfo (
    LONG    startNumber,
    BYTE    *buffer,
    LONG    bufferLen);
```

### Parameters

**startNumber**

(IN) Specifies the number of the counter to start with. (This parameter is included for the future, when there might be more counters than can be retrieved by one call to this function.)

**buffer**

(IN/OUT) Points to a buffer which receives volume switch information.

**bufferLen**

(IN) Specifies the size of `buffer`. This should be `SS_DEFAULT_BUFFER_SIZE`.

### Return Values

ESUCCESS or NetWare errors.

### Remarks

This function returns a `GetVolumeSwitchInfoStructure` in `buffer`. This structure is defined in `NWSERVST.H` as follows:

```
typedef struct GetVolumeSwitchInfoStructure
{
    LONG    currentServerTime;
    BYTE    vConsoleVersion;
    BYTE    vConsoleRevision;
    WORD    reserved;
    LONG    totalLFSCounters;
```

```

    LONG    currentLFSCounters;
    LONG    counters;
}GetVolumeSwitchInfoStructure;

```

The `currentServerTime` field contains the time elapsed since the server was brought up. This time is returned in ticks (approximately 1/18 of a second). When this field reaches 0xFFFFFFFF, it wraps to zero.

The `vConsoleVersion` field contains the console version number. `vConsoleVersion` and `vConsoleRevision` track packet format.

The `vConsoleRevision` field contains the console version revision number.

The `totalLFSCounters` field contains the total number of LFS counters.

The `currentLFSCounters` field contains the number of LFS counters returned by this call to `SSGetVolumeSwitchInfo`.

The `counters` field contains the first LFS counter. This counter is followed by others.

You might want to define a structure to retrieve the LFS counters. However, an example structure (`LFSCountersStructure`) is included in `NWSERVST.H` so that the fields can be identified. In the future this structure might grow beyond a size that can be retrieved with a single call to a function. The `LFSCountersStructure` is defined as follows:

```

typedef struct LFSCountersStructure
{
    LONG    ReadFile;
    LONG    WriteFile;
    LONG    DeleteFile;
    LONG    RenMove;
    LONG    OpenFile;
    LONG    CreateFile;
    LONG    CreateAndOpenFile;
    LONG    CloseFile;
    LONG    ScanDeleteFile;
    LONG    SalvageFile;
    LONG    PurgeFile;
    LONG    MigrateFile;
    LONG    DeMigrateFile;
    LONG    CreateDir;
    LONG    DeleteDir;
    LONG    DirectoryScans;
    LONG    MapPathToDirNum;
    LONG    ModifyDirEntry;
    LONG    GetAccessRights;
    LONG    GetAccessRightsFromIDs;
    LONG    MapDirNumToPath;
    LONG    GetEntryFromPathStrBase;
    LONG    GetOtherNSEntry;
    LONG    GetExtDirInfo;
    LONG    GetParentDirNum;
    LONG    AddTrusteeR;
    LONG    ScanTrusteeR;
    LONG    DelTrusteeR;
}

```

LONG PurgeTrust;  
LONG FindNextTrustRef;  
LONG ScanUserRestNodes;  
LONG AddUserRest;  
LONG DeleteUserRest;  
LONG RtnDirSpaceRest;  
LONG GetActualAvailDskSp;  
LONG CntOwnedFilesAndDirs;  
LONG MigFileInfo;  
LONG VolMigInfo;  
LONG ReadMigFileData;  
LONG GetVolusageStats;  
LONG GetActualVolUsageStats;  
LONG GetDirUsageStats;  
LONG NMFileReadsCount;  
LONG NMFileWritesCount;  
LONG MapPathToDirectoryNumberOrPhantom;  
LONG StationHasAccessRightsGrantedBelow;  
LONG GetDataStreamLengthsFromPathStringBase;  
LONG CheckAndGetDirectoryEntry;  
LONG GetDeletedEntry;  
LONG GetOriginalNameSpace;  
LONG GetActualFileSize;  
LONG VerifyNameSpaceNumber;  
LONG VerifyDataStreamNumber;  
LONG CheckVolumeNumber;  
LONG CommitFile;  
LONG VMGetDirectoryEntry;  
LONG CreatedMFileEntry;  
LONG RenameNameSpaceEntry;  
LONG LogFile;  
LONG ReleaseFile;  
LONG ClearFile;  
LONG SetVolumeFlag;  
LONG ClearVolumeFlag;  
LONG GetOriginalInfo;  
LONG CreateMigratedDir;  
LONG F3OpenCreate;  
LONG F3InitFileSearch;  
LONG F3ContinueFileSearch;  
LONG F3RenameFile;  
LONG F3ScanForTrustees;  
LONG F3ObtainFileInfo;  
LONG F3ModifyInfo;  
LONG F3EraseFile;  
LONG F3SetDirHandle;  
LONG F3AddTrustees;  
LONG F3DeleteTrustees;  
LONG F3AllocDirHandle;  
LONG F3ScanSalvagedFiles;  
LONG F3RecoverSalvagedFiles;  
LONG F3PurgeSalvageableFile;  
LONG F3GetNSSpecificInfo;  
LONG F3ModifyNSSpecificInfo;

```
LONG    F3SearchSet;  
LONG    F3GetDirBase;  
LONG    F3QueryNameSpaceInfo;  
LONG    F3GetNameSpaceList;  
LONG    F3GetHugeInfo;  
LONG    F3SetHugeInfo;  
LONG    F3GetFullPathString;  
LONG    F3GetEffectiveDirectoryRights;  
LONG    ParseTree;  
}LFSCountersStructure;
```

Each field in this structure indicates the number of times a given OS code path is taken.



This documentation provides an overview of Server-Based TTS Services concepts, its functions, and features

The NetWare® Transaction Tracking System (TTS) feature ensures data integrity on files that otherwise would be corrupted when updates on the files are interrupted by such things as hardware failures or power outages. A transaction is defined as a set of one or more operations that must be completed together to maintain file and database integrity. TTS guarantees that all writes within a transaction are completed or none are completed.

A banking database application frequently performs a transaction that includes three writes to database files: a debit to one account, a credit to another account, and a note to a log. The application must complete all three writes to maintain database integrity. However, hardware or power failure can interrupt such a transaction, causing database corruption.

Servers running NetWare 3.x and above can track transactions and ensure file integrity by backing out (or erasing) interrupted or partially completed transactions. TTS tracks only transactions to transactional files. A file becomes transactional when the file's transactional extended file attribute is set.

## 12.1 Transaction Process

The following steps describe how TTS tracks each write within a transaction:

1. An application writes new data to a file on a server.
2. The server stores the new data in cache memory. The target file on the server's hard disk remains unchanged.
3. The server scans the target file on the server's hard disk, finds the data to be changed (old data), and copies the old data to cache memory. The server also records the name and directory path of the target file and the location and length of the old data (record) within the file. The target file on the server's hard disk remains unchanged.
4. The server writes the old data in cache memory to a transaction work file on the server's hard disk. The transaction work file resides at the root level of the SYS volume on the server. The file is flagged System and Hidden. The target file on the server's hard disk remains unchanged.
5. The server writes the new data in cache memory to the target file on the server's hard disk. The target file is now changed.

The server repeats these steps for each write within a transaction. The transaction work file grows to accommodate the old data for each write. If the transaction is interrupted, the server writes the contents of the transaction work file to the target file, thereby restoring the file to pretransaction condition. In effect, the server backs out the transaction.

A server can monitor from 1 to 10,000 transactions. The maximum value is configurable and can be set from 1 to 10,000. A server can track only one transaction at a time for each unique connection number/task number pair.

## 12.2 Transaction Tracking

Transactions are divided into two categories:

- “Implicit Transaction Tracking” on page 594
- “Explicit Transaction Tracking” on page 595

Implicit transaction tracking requires no coding on the part of an application developer. If TTS is enabled on a server, TTS tracks all transactions to all transactional files (including transactions made by NetWare to Bindery files).

Explicit transaction tracking requires applications to make TTS calls and allows applications to neatly bracket file update sequences with locking and TTS calls. An application would most likely use logical or physical record locks with TTS functions. Almost all applications should work correctly with TTS implicit or explicit transactions, or be easily adapted to do so. However, the following TTS record locking features could adversely affect certain applications:

- Physical and logical record locks remain in force until the end of the transaction.
- Records unlocked in the middle of a transaction are usually held until the transaction completes.
- The server automatically generates a physical lock when a record is written if the record is not yet locked.

---

**NOTE:** Transactions are tracked and evaluated by connection number and task number. Therefore, in order for transactions on a file to be monitored, the thread must have its connection and task numbers set to the same connection and task numbers that were used to open the file. (Remember, setting the connection and task number for one thread changes the connection and task numbers for all of the threads that belong to the same thread group.)

---

### 12.2.1 Implicit Transaction Tracking

Implicit transaction tracking is designed to work transparently with existing multiuser software that uses record locking (physical or logical). All the user must do is flag the multiuser database files as transactional; everything else is automatic. However, implicit transactions are not guaranteed to work with all multiuser applications. For example, applications that do not synchronize file updates exclusively with record locks and applications that synchronize updates improperly might not work.

Applications that always keep one or more records locked should set lock thresholds:

- Application thresholds are valid only until the next end-of-job on the current connection. When the next end-of-job occurs (normally when a workstation application ends), the application thresholds are set to the current workstation thresholds. This is meaningful only in a client-server NLM application that uses the clients connection number for transactions. Application thresholds can be set using `TTSSetApplicationThresholds`.
- Workstation thresholds are valid not only for the requesting application but for all applications at the requesting workstation and all NLM applications using the same connection number as the callers current connection number. The threshold values are not reset when the application terminates (that is, when an end-of-job occurs). Workstation thresholds can be set using `TTSSetWorkstationThresholds`. Workstation users normally execute `SETTTS.EXE` to set workstation thresholds.

## 12.2.2 Explicit Transaction Tracking

Explicit transaction tracking has an advantage over implicit transaction tracking in that it allows applications to determine precisely when updates within the transaction are written to disk.

In addition, `TTSBeginTransaction` and `TTSEndTransaction` within the application allow the developer to identify the beginning and end-of-file update sequences. Identifying the beginning and end-of-file update sequences makes it easier for applications to group file updates and practice correct record locking practices. Correct record locking practices include locking and unlocking records as a group to avoid deadlock, and not leaving records locked exclusively while waiting for keyboard input.

## 12.3 Record Locking

Record locking provides security and data protection during transactions. If a record is not locked by an application but is written to during a transaction, the server physically locks that record automatically. This physical lock remains in force until the transaction is completed. Physically locking written records is an added protection that prevents other NLM applications and workstations from examining or modifying them while they are being Changed. The server usually holds logical and physical record locks on a file until the end of the transaction, even if the file is unlocked by an NLM before the transaction is completed.

For example, if an NLM requests an unlock before a transaction is completed, it receives an `ESUCCESS` completion code indicating that the records are unlocked; however, the lock is actually held until the transaction is complete. The one exception to this is a file that is not updated while the lock is in force. A request to unlock such a record is honored.

The server delays record unlocking because the data controlled by the locks could still be changed by a transaction backout. Thus, the server guarantees that other NLM applications and workstations do not see data that is being changed until those changes are final. If multiple stations attempt to change a file, only the first station is allowed to make the change. Usually, multiuser software synchronizes the records and prevents other NLM applications and workstations from examining records that are being changed.

If an NLM or workstation attempts to read from or write to a record that is physically locked by the server, the NLM or workstation gets a locked error. This means that applications that use logical record locks can potentially get unexpected physical lock errors. However, because unlocking logical records is also delayed during a file write, unexpected errors should never occur if the logical record synchronization is correct. The logical record locks keep other workstations away from the physically locked records.

It is important to point out that in a environment that is not TTS it is valid to unlock some updated records in the middle of a transaction if they have been completely updated. In a TTS environment, however, those records cannot be unlocked because they can still be changed-not by the application but by a transaction backout.

## 12.4 Transaction Backouts

Transactions are backed out because of system failures resulting from hardware problems and power outages at a workstation or the server. But backouts also occur because of problems with applications running on a workstation, or because of user intervention at a workstation:

- [“Causes of Transaction Backout” on page 596](#)

- “Solutions for Transaction Backout” on page 596

## 12.4.1 Causes of Transaction Backout

Some common causes for a transaction backout are listed below:

- An application terminates while a transaction is in progress (a begin transaction with no end transaction). For example, the user may enter a Ctrl+C.
- After terminating, a workstation application leaves records locked.
- There has been no activity from a station for 15 minutes. If a server does not receive packets from one of the workstations listed in its File Server ID Table for more than 5 minutes, it sends a watchdog packet to that station. If the station does not respond, the server continues to send a packet every minute for 15 minutes.
- After 15 minutes, if the workstation still does not respond, the server logs it out. Usually lack of response from a workstation indicates a power failure, software hang, a problem with an intermediate network route, and so on.
- A station reattaches to the same server after rebooting and reloading the shell. If the station attaches to a different server after a reboot, the server watchdog process reinitializes the station after 5 minutes.
- A CLEAR STATION or a DOWN command is issued at the server system console.
- The server crashes due to a hardware, software, or power problem.

## 12.4.2 Solutions for Transaction Backout

The following are some general suggestions of how to recover when a workstation or server that goes down and therefore backs out a transaction.

### Workstation

When a workstation goes down in the middle of a transaction, the user may not know exactly which transaction was completed and which was backed out. However, unless the application is multitasking, it should have only one transaction active at the time of the crash. Even if a workstation goes down, transactions that were completed but not yet written to disk are written to disk and not backed out.

If the station goes down and transactions were backed out, the user must ensure that the last transaction was completed, or if it was not completed, do it over again. The transaction could be partially completed if the application incorrectly used several transactions per operation. The following message appears at the server console if transactions were backed out:

```
Transaction being backed out for station ##.
```

This message is given at the server console if a transaction is backed out for any reason other than a TTSAabortTransaction from the application. Note that if the station had several tasks active, several messages are given. The DOWN server console command can force several of these messages to be issued.

If a workstation goes down and cannot be brought back up, the user should issue a CLEAR STATION command at the server console. Besides affecting TTS, the downed station keeps its records locked, which may affect other stations. If the CLEAR STATION command is not issued, the server watchdog process clears out the station after 15 minutes.

## Server

Unlike the workstation, if the server goes down before transactions have been written to the disk, it backs out any incomplete transactions when it is rebooted. If your server does go down and files are backed out, a message is issued at the server console indicating the number of transactions that need to be backed out.

This message appears when the server is being brought up (while the affected volumes are being mounted). The transaction tracking software has detected that some of the transactions were not completed before the server went down. You should not see this message *unless the server went down abnormally*.

After bringing up a server that went down, the user is responsible for determining which updates were completed and which were backed out and need to be repeated. A good practice is to verify that the last few changes were actually made. Remember that most transactions should be committed to disk within 3 to 5 seconds of being completed. However, any operation completed within 10 seconds of a failure should be examined. After the server is brought up, a good practice is to have the workstation operators review their last operation. If it is not completed, they should also review the next to last operation, and so on.

If TTSTransactionStatus is used by the application, the user has a better idea of when transactions were actually completed. However, the fact that the application thought that a transaction was not completed does not mean that it was not. The transaction could have been completed between the last time the application checked and the time the server crashed.

## 12.5 Disable/Enable Transaction Tracking

Transaction tracking can be disabled or enabled from the server console with the commands Disable Transactions and Enable Transactions. However, even when transaction tracking is disabled, tracking occurs in a partial way:

- TTSTBeginTransaction and TTSEndTransaction still denote transactions and work correctly.
- TTSTransactionStatus still returns the correct status.

If TTS is disabled, the only loss to explicit and implicit transaction calls is the capability of backing out incomplete transactions. For example, if a server or workstation fails while transaction tracking is disabled, you cannot back out because the backout information was not saved, and the database could be corrupted.

When transaction tracking is re-enabled at the system console, backout capability is provided only to new transactions. Transactions that are in progress when transaction tracking is reenabled do not have backout, and the possibility of file corruption still exists until these unprotected transactions are completed and written to disk. It is important to note that a transaction can be backed out if the workstation or NLM does not write to a transaction file after transactions are disabled. If a workstation or NLM does a write after transactions are disabled, the transaction is invalidated and any previous backout information for that transaction is ignored.

### 12.5.1 Disable Transactions

Disable Transactions is a server console command that turns off TTSs backout capability. Any transactions written after transactions have been disabled cannot be backed out. A transaction that has not written anything since transactions were disabled can still be backed out while transactions are disabled. Normally, this command is used only for testing.

## 12.5.2 Enable Transactions

Enable Transactions is a server console command that re-enables TTS. Any previous transaction backout information is erased, except those that were active at the time transactions were disabled and did not write anything. (These transactions are not erased and can still be backed out.)

## 12.6 Functions

The following table lists the Transaction Tracking System Functions

---

TTSAbortTransaction	Aborts explicit and implicit transactions
TTSBeginTransaction	Begins an explicit transaction
TSEndTransaction	Ends an explicit or implicit transaction and returns a transaction reference number
TTSGetApplicationThresholds	Returns the current connections application thresholds for implicit transactions
TTSGetWorkstationThresholds	Returns the current connections workstation thresholds for implicit transactions
TTSIsAvailable	Verifies whether the default server supports transaction tracking
TTSSetApplicationThresholds	Sets the current connections application thresholds for implicit transactions
TTSSetWorkstationThresholds	Sets the current connections workstation thresholds for implicit transactions
TTSTransactionStatus	Verifies whether a transaction has been written to disk

---

# Server-Based TTS Functions

# 13

This documentation alphabetically lists the Server-Based TTS functions and describes their purpose, syntax, parameters, and return values.

- [“TTSAbortTransaction” on page 600](#)
- [“TTSBeginTransaction” on page 602](#)
- [“TTSEndTransaction” on page 604](#)
- [“TTSGetApplicationThresholds” on page 606](#)
- [“TTSGetWorkstationThresholds” on page 608](#)
- [“TTSIsAvailable” on page 610](#)
- [“TTSSetApplicationThresholds” on page 611](#)
- [“TTSSetWorkstationThresholds” on page 613](#)
- [“TTSTransactionStatus” on page 615](#)

## TTSAbortTransaction

Aborts explicit transactions (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWTTSAbortTransaction](#) (page 369).)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

## Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSAbortTransaction (void);
```

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
253	(0xFD)	ERR_TTS_DISABLED Transaction could not be ended because the Transaction Tracking System™ (TTS™) is disabled.
254	(0xFE)	ERR_TRANSACTION_ENDS_RECORDS_LOCKED Transaction was ended abnormally, but records were left locked.
255	(0xFF)	ERR_NO_EXPLICIT_TRANSACTION_ACTIVE

## Remarks

When this function returns, the transaction has been successfully backed out. When a transaction is backed out, any writes to the file are aborted, and the file is returned to the state it was in before the transaction began.

This function releases the following physical record locks:

- Physical record locks generated by TTS when a write operation is performed on a nonlocked record
- Physical record locks that are not yet released because of a file write

For explicit transactions, the transaction is backed out, and any locks being held are released.

If implicit transactions are enabled and the number of logical or physical records still locked by the application exceeds the threshold, this function returns a value of 0xFE. In this case, the transaction is backed out, and the server automatically starts a new implicit transaction.

## See Also

[TTSTBeginTransaction \(page 602\)](#), [TTSEndTransaction \(page 604\)](#), [TTSTIsAvailable \(page 610\)](#),  
[TTSTTransactionStatus \(page 615\)](#)

# TTSBeginTransaction

Begins an explicit transaction (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call [NWTTSBeginTransaction](#) (page 371).)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

## Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSBeginTransaction (void);
```

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
150	(0x96)	ERR_SERVER_OUT_OF_MEMORY
254	(0xFE)	ERR_IMPLICIT_TRANSACTION_ACTIVE Converted to an explicit transaction.
255	(0xFF)	ERR_EXPLICIT_TRANSACTION_ACTIVE

## Remarks

After TTSBeginTransaction is called, TTS tracks all files that are marked transactional and are currently open as well as transactional files that are opened during the transaction. When an application writes to a transaction file, the server automatically generates a physical record lock for that file. If the record is already locked, the server does not generate an additional lock.

Transaction files are not closed and unlocked until a TTSEndTransaction or TTSAbortTransaction is executed.

If transaction files are updated, logical and physical record locks are held until the end of the transaction. If a transaction file is not updated, any logical or physical lock on that file can be released at any time.

---

**NOTE:** Transactions are tracked and evaluated by connection number and task number. Therefore, in order for transactions on a file to be monitored, the thread must have its connection and task numbers set to the same connection and task numbers that were used to open the file. (Remember,

setting the connection and task number for one thread changes the connection and task numbers for all of the threads that belong to the same thread group.)

---

## See Also

[TTSAbortTransaction \(page 600\)](#), [TTSEndTransaction \(page 604\)](#), [TTSIsAvailable \(page 610\)](#), [TTSTransactionStatus \(page 615\)](#)

## TTSEndTransaction

Ends an explicit transaction and returns a transaction reference number (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWTTSEndTransaction` (page 373).)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

### Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSEndTransaction (
    long *transactionNumber);
```

### Parameters

**transactionNumber**

(OUT) Receives the transaction reference number of the ended transaction.

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
253	(0xFD)	ERR_TTS_DISABLED Transaction could not be ended because TTS is disabled.
254	(0xFE)	ERR_TRANSACTION_ENDS_RECORDS_LOCKED Transaction was ended abnormally, but records were left locked. This error is only for implicit transactions.
255	(0xFF)	ERR_EXPLICIT_TRANSACTION_ACTIVE

### Remarks

A transaction is not necessarily completed to disk when this function returns. If the server fails before all transaction updates are written to disk, the transaction is backed out when the server is rebooted.

TTSTransactionStatus verifies a successful transaction completion to disk; or, if transaction tracking is disabled, the reference number can be used to determine when the transaction is completely written to disk.

This function releases the following physical record locks:

- Physical record locks generated by TTS when a write operation is performed on a nonlocked record
- Physical or logical locks that have not yet been released because of a transaction

For explicit transactions, the transaction is completed and any locks being held are released.

If implicit transactions are enabled and the number of logical or physical records still locked by the application exceeds the threshold, this function returns a value of 0xFE. In this case, the server automatically starts a new implicit transaction. However, the explicit transaction is still completed and any locks being held are released.

## See Also

[TTSAAbortTransaction \(page 600\)](#), [TTSTBeginTransaction \(page 602\)](#), [TTSTIsAvailable \(page 610\)](#), [TTSTTransactionStatus \(page 615\)](#)

## TTSGetApplicationThresholds

Returns the current connection's application thresholds for implicit transactions (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWTTSGetConnectionThresholds` (page 375).)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

### Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSGetApplicationThresholds (
    BYTE    *logicalRecordLockThreshold,
    BYTE    *physicalRecordLockThreshold);
```

### Parameters

#### **logicalRecordLockThreshold**

(OUT) Receives the number of logical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins (0 to 255).

#### **physicalRecordLockThreshold**

(OUT) Receives the number of physical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins (0 to 255).

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
NetWare® Error		UNSUCCESSFUL

### Remarks

This function allows an application to get the number of logical and physical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins for the current connection.

This function and the `TTSSetApplicationThresholds` function are useful for applications that change the implicit application thresholds and later want to restore them.

For example, `TTSGetApplicationThresholds` can query an application for the number of logical and physical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins.

`TTSSetApplicationThresholds` can then do one of the following:

- Turn off implicit transactions.
- Set implicit thresholds for applications that always keep one or more records locked.

Applications that intend to use only explicit transactions, but sometimes generate unnecessary implicit transactions, would need to turn off all implicit transactions.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0. A threshold of 0xFF means there are not implicit transactions for that lock type.

The thresholds returned by this function are valid for the requesting application only. When the application terminates, the workstation thresholds are restored. This is only meaningful in a client-server NLM™ application that uses the client's connection number for transactions. Whenever the client's workstation generates an end-of-job (normally when a workstation application ends), the TTS application thresholds are reset to the TTS workstation thresholds.

## See Also

[TTSGetWorkstationThresholds \(page 608\)](#), [TTSSetApplicationThresholds \(page 611\)](#), [TTSSetWorkstationThresholds \(page 613\)](#)

# TTSGetWorkstationThresholds

Returns the current connection's workstation thresholds for implicit transactions

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

## Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSGetWorkstationThresholds (
    BYTE    *logicalRecordLockThreshold,
    BYTE    *physicalRecordLockThreshold);
```

## Parameters

### logicalRecordLockThreshold

(OUT) Specifies the number of logical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins (0 to 255).

### physicalRecordLockThreshold

(OUT) Specifies the number of physical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins (0 to 255).

## Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
NetWare Error		UNSUCCESSFUL

## Remarks

This function allows an application to get the number of logical and physical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins for the current connection.

This function and TTSSetWorkstationThresholds are useful for applications that want to set the thresholds semi-permanently (until the next time TTSSetWorkstationThresholds is called).

For example, TTSGetWorkstationThresholds can get the number of logical and physical locks, and TTSSetWorkstationThresholds can do one of the following:

- Turn off implicit transactions.

- Set implicit thresholds for applications that always keep one or more records locked.

Applications that use only explicit transactions, but sometimes generate unnecessary implicit transactions, can turn off all implicit transactions.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0. A threshold of 0xFF means there are no implicit transactions for that lock type.

The threshold values set by `TTSSetWorkstationThresholds` are not reset when a workstation application terminates (that is, when an end-of-job occurs). In other words, all applications on the requesting workstation share these same thresholds.

Workstation users normally execute `SETTTS.EXE` to set workstation thresholds.

## See Also

[TTSSetWorkstationThresholds \(page 613\)](#)

## TTSIsAvailable

Reports whether the server has transaction tracking enabled (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call call `NWTTSIsAvailable` (page 381).)

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

## Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSIsAvailable (void);
```

## Return Values

---

Decimal	Hex	Constant
1	(0x01)	TTS_AVAILABLE
253	(0xFD)	ERR_TTS_DISABLED: TTS is available but is presently disabled.

---

## Remarks

The NetWare 3.x and 4.x OS always supports TTS, but TTS can be disabled.

## TTSSetApplicationThresholds

Sets the current connection's application thresholds for implicit transactions (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call and call `NWTTSSetConnectionThresholds` (page 383).)

**Local Servers:** nonblocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

### Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSSetApplicationThresholds (
    BYTE    logicalRecordLockThreshold,
    BYTE    physicalRecordLockThreshold);
```

### Parameters

#### **logicalRecordLockThreshold**

(IN) Specifies the maximum number of logical locks that can be held without starting a transaction.

#### **physicalRecordLockThreshold**

(IN) Specifies the maximum number of physical locks that can be held without starting a transaction.

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
NetWare Error		UNSUCCESSFUL

### Remarks

The thresholds set by this function are valid only until the next end-of-job on the current connection. When the next end-of-job occurs, the application thresholds are set to the current workstation thresholds.

This function is useful for either turning off implicit transactions or allowing applications to work that always keep one or more records locked. For example, applications that use only explicit

transactions, but sometimes generate unnecessary implicit transactions, can use this function to turn off all implicit transactions.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0. A threshold of 0xFF means there are no implicit transactions for that lock type.

The thresholds set by this function are valid for the requesting application only. When the application terminates, the workstation thresholds are restored. This is only meaningful in a client-server NLM that uses the client's connection number for transactions. Whenever the client's workstation generates an end-of-job (normally when a workstation application ends), the TTS application thresholds are reset to the TTS workstation thresholds.

## **See Also**

[TTSGetApplicationThresholds \(page 606\)](#)

## TTSSetWorkstationThresholds

Sets the current connection's workstation thresholds for implicit transactions

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

### Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nttts.h>
```

```
int TTSSetWorkstationThresholds (  
    BYTE    logicalRecordLockThreshold,  
    BYTE    physicalRecordLockThreshold);
```

### Parameters

#### **logicalRecordLockThreshold**

(IN) Specifies the number of logical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins (0 to 255).

#### **physicalRecordLockThreshold**

(IN) Specifies the number of physical record locks allowed before an implicit transaction begins (0 to 255).

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
NetWare Error		UNSUCCESSFUL

### Remarks

The thresholds set by this function are valid not only for the requesting application, but for all applications at the requesting workstation and for all NLM applications using the same connection number as the caller's current connection number. This function is useful for either turning off implicit transactions or allowing applications to work that always keep one or more records locked.

For example, applications that intend to use only explicit transactions but which sometimes generate unnecessary implicit transactions can use this function to turn off all implicit transactions.

The default threshold for logical and physical locks is 0. A threshold of 0xFF means there are no implicit transactions for that lock type.

The threshold values set by this function are not reset when a workstation application terminates. In other words, all applications on the requesting workstation share these thresholds.

Workstation users normally execute SETTTS.EXE to set workstation thresholds.

## **See Also**

[TTSGetWorkstationThresholds \(page 608\)](#)

## TTSTransactionStatus

Verifies whether a transaction has been written to disk (For cross-platform functionality, see [Developing NLMs with Cross-Platform Functions](#) (*NDK: NLM Development Concepts, Tools, and Functions*) and call `NWTTSTransactionStatus` (page 389).)

**Local Servers:** blocking

**Remote Servers:** blocking

**NetWare Server:** 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x

**Platform:** NLM

**Service:** Server-Based TTS

### Syntax

```
#include <\nlm\nit\nwtts.h>

int TTSTransactionStatus (
    long  transactionNumber);
```

### Parameters

**transactionNumber**

(IN) Specifies the transaction reference number returned from the `TTSEndTransaction` function.

### Return Values

Decimal	Hex	Constant
0	(0x00)	ESUCCESS
255	(0xFF)	TRANSACTION_NOT_YET_WRITTEN

### Remarks

This function verifies whether a transaction has been written to disk, even if `TTSEndTransaction` returned `ERR_TTS_DISABLED`.

This function uses the `transactionNumber` parameter that contains a number assigned and used by the NetWare operating system to track each transaction. The `transactionNumber` is obtained through a call to `TTSEndTransaction`.

Because of the server caching algorithms, it can be 3 to 5 seconds or longer before transactions are actually written. Transactions are completed to disk in the order in which they are ended.

## See Also

[TTSEndTransaction](#) (page 604)

# Revision History

The following table outlines all the changes that have been made to the Server Management documentation (in reverse chronological order).

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October 5, 2005	Transitioned to revised Novell documentation standards.
March 2, 2005	Fixed legal information.
June 9, 2004	Added some information to <a href="#">VERSION_INFO (page 318)</a> .
July 30, 2003	Fixed the Delphi syntax for <a href="#">NWFSE_MLID_BOARD_INFO (page 265)</a> .
June 2003	Added information to <a href="#">SSGetMediaManagerObjChildList (page 533)</a> . Added NLM Type information to <a href="#">NLM_INFO (page 225)</a> and <a href="#">SSGetNLMInfo (page 549)</a> . Removed the obsolete label from the SS... functions. Changed references to Pascal to Delphi. Modified the Delphi syntax for NWFSE... structures to add padding.
October 2002	Modified the Pascal syntax in the structures.  Marked all SS... functions as obsolete. Added additional information to <a href="#">SSGetFileServerInfo (page 497)</a> and <a href="#">SSGetUserInfo (page 582)</a> .
September 2002	Added Ethernet frame information to the <a href="#">MLID_BOARD_INFO (page 222)</a> structure and tick information to the <a href="#">SERVER_AND_VCONSOLE_INFO (page 308)</a> structure.
May 2002	Added information about the CPU Num in <a href="#">NWGetCPUInfo (page 55)</a> and the Pentium Pro value for CPUTypeFlag in <a href="#">CPU_INFO (page 184)</a> .
February 2002	Added information about the netWareVersion and netwareSubVersion values to <a href="#">GetServerInformation (page 470)</a> .  Updated links.
October 2001	Updated Pascal syntaxes for <a href="#">NWEnumNetAddresses (page 42)</a> , <a href="#">NWGetMLIDBoardInfo (page 112)</a> , <a href="#">NWEnumNetAddresses (page 42)</a> , <a href="#">NWGetServerConnInfo (page 145)</a> , <a href="#">MLID_BOARD_INFO (page 222)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_ACCT_INFO (page 228)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_AUTH_INFO (page 235)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_LOCK_INFO (page 255)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_LOGIN_NAME (page 256)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_LOGIN_TIME (page 257)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS (page 266)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_MLID_BOARD_INFO (page 265)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_PRINT_INFO (page 278)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_STATS_INFO (page 291)</a> , and <a href="#">VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL (page 321)</a> .  Fixed typographical errors.
September 2001	Added NetWare 6.0 support to documentation.  Updated <a href="#">NWGetServerConnInfo (page 145)</a> , <a href="#">SSGetMediaManagerObjList (page 541)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_AUTH_INFO (page 235)</a> , <a href="#">NWFSE_MEDIA_MGR_OBJ_LIST (page 262)</a> , and <a href="#">NWFSE_PRINT_INFO (page 278)</a> .  Fixed typographical errors.  Added descriptions to graphics.

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June 2001	Updated tables and fixed typographical errors.
February 2001	<p>Corrected #include syntax entry by adding nit\ in front of the nwservst.h file reference for all SGet... functions in the <a href="#">Chapter 11, "Server-Based Server Environment Functions," on page 397</a>. Added Delphi (Pascal) syntax to functions where missing.</p> <p>Changed the referenced structure in <a href="#">NWGetLANCommonCountersInfo (page 91)</a> to <a href="#">NWFSE_LAN_COMMON_COUNTERS_INFO (page 250)</a>.</p> <p>Added a note to <a href="#">NWFSE_NETWORK_ADDRESS (page 266)</a> about the declaration of address types 1 and 2 being different from the standard NDS declaration of network address types.</p>
July 2000	<p>Added documentation on the new function <a href="#">NWGetNetWareProductVersion (page 116)</a> and the associated structure <a href="#">NETWARE_PRODUCT_VERSION (page 224)</a>. Also, updated documentation for the two functions: <a href="#">NWGetFileServerVersionInfo (page 76)</a> and <a href="#">NWGetOSVersionInfo (page 130)</a>.</p>
May 2000	<p>Changed numberOfRecords of CONN_USING_FILE_REPLY_386 in <a href="#">GetConnectionsUsingFile (page 429)</a> from a BYTE to a WORD per the updated nlm/nit/nwenvrn1.h file.</p> <p>Changed some field descriptions in <a href="#">FSE_MM_OBJ_INFO (page 200)</a>.</p>
March 2000	<p>Added field definitions for <a href="#">FSE_FILE_SYSTEM_INFO (page 198)</a>, <a href="#">VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF (page 322)</a>, and <a href="#">VOLUME_INFO_BY_LEVEL_DEF2 (page 327)</a>.</p> <p>Moved <a href="#">Server-Based Auditing Concepts</a>, <a href="#">Bindery-Based Accounting Concepts</a> and <a href="#">Bindery-Based Accounting Functions</a> to Network Management.</p> <p>Changed fourth possible value of retInfoMask in <a href="#">NWGetServerConnInfo (page 145)</a> to CONN_INFO_LOGIN_NAME_MASK. Also, changed the third parameter of <a href="#">NWFSE_LOGIN_NAME (page 256)</a> to be a pointer.</p> <p>Added statement to <a href="#">NWGetServerConnInfo (page 145)</a> about having to allocate memory for networkAddress or the server might abend.</p>
January 2000	<p>Updated the Remarks section of <a href="#">NWGetNLMLoadedList (page 126)</a> to indicate the correct starting value of startNum.</p> <p>Changed the corresponding cross-platform function for <a href="#">GetServerInformation (page 470)</a> to <a href="#">NWGetFileServerVersionInfo (page 76)</a>.</p> <p>Changed Return Values for <a href="#">TTSIsAvailable (page 610)</a>.</p>
November 1999	<p>Added library information to each function.</p> <p>Added Remarks statements in <a href="#">NWGetMLIDBoardInfo (page 112)</a> about the limit of one protocol per board in NetWare 4.x and that 0x89FF is returned if no protocols are bound to the specified board.</p> <p>Added possible protocol names, numbers, and IDs for <a href="#">MLID_BOARD_INFO (page 222)</a>.</p>

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- September 1999    Removed NetWare 3.x as a supported platform from [NWSMLoadNLM \(page 344\)](#) and [NWSMUnloadNLM \(page 355\)](#). These functions use NCP 131 1 and 131 2, which work only on NetWare 4.x and above.
- Removed 0x009E as a return value for [NWSMLoadNLM \(page 344\)](#).
- Changed `serverType` to an IN parameter in [NWGetKnownServersInfo \(page 89\)](#).
- Changed `lastRecord` and `lastTask` to be IN/OUT parameters in [GetConnectionSemaphores \(page 417\)](#).
- Changed the `addressType` values of [NWFSE\\_NETWORK\\_ADDRESS \(page 266\)](#) to 1 IPX, 2 IP, 8 UDP, and 9 TCP.
- July 1999        Removed `NW_FS_INFO` and `NW_DYNAMIC_MEM` structures, which were used only by `NWGetFilServerMiscInfo` (2.x only function).
- June 1999        Added [NWGenerateGUIDs \(page 45\)](#).
- Added [NWGetMLIDBoardInfo \(page 112\)](#) and related [NWFSE\\_MLID\\_BOARD\\_INFO \(page 265\)](#) and [MLID\\_BOARD\\_INFO \(page 222\)](#) structures.
- Added [NWEnumNetAddresses \(page 42\)](#) and related [NW\\_GUID \(page 296\)](#) structure.
- Added [NWGetServerConnInfo \(page 145\)](#) and related [NWFSE\\_ACCT\\_INFO \(page 228\)](#), [NWFSE\\_AUTH\\_INFO \(page 235\)](#), [NWFSE\\_LOCK\\_INFO \(page 255\)](#), [NWFSE\\_LOGIN\\_NAME \(page 256\)](#), [NWFSE\\_LOGIN\\_TIME \(page 257\)](#), [NWFSE\\_NETWORK\\_ADDRESS \(page 266\)](#), [NWFSE\\_PRINT\\_INFO \(page 278\)](#), and [NWFSE\\_STATS\\_INFO \(page 291\)](#) structures.
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