



Chapter 8

DOS/Windows Structures, Definitions, and Events

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This chapter contains miscellaneous structures, typedefs, and so on for the NIOS DOS environment.

Note: For all C calls, the registers *ebp*, *esp*, *ebx*, *esi*, and *edi* are preserved. The state of the direction flag is undefined.

DOS/MS Windows Structures

ClientRegStruc

DOS NIOS client register structure.

```
#include <dosvmm.h>

ClientRegStruc struc
    CrsEDI          dd ?
    CrsESI          dd ?
    CrsEBP          dd ?
                    dd ? ; ESP before pushad
    CrsEBX          dd ?
    CrsEDX          dd ?
    CrsECX          dd ?
    CrsEAX          dd ?
                    dd ? ; For compatibility w/ Windows crs
    CrsEIP          dd ?
    CrsCS           dw ?,0
    CrsEFlags       dd ?
    CrsESP          dd ?
    CrsSS           dw ?,0
    CrsES           dw ?,0
    CrsDS           dw ?,0
    CrsFS           dw ?,0
    CrsGS           dw ?,0
    CrsReserved     dd 9 dup (?)
}ClientRegStruc ends;
```

Note: Refer to *Register Aliases and Processor Flag Definitions in the Bit Definitions and Return Codes* section of this chapter.

DosInfoBlock

Exported data structure containing useful information about DOS.

```
#include <dosvmm.h>

DosInfoStruc struc
    DOSMinorVersion        db ?
    DOSMajorVersion        db ?
    DOSNiosPSP             dw ?
    DOSCountryInfo        dd ? ;As returned by DOS
                                ;func 6501h
    DOSUppercaseTable      dd ? ;As returned by DOS
                                ;func 6502h
    DOSFileNameUpperTable dd ? ;As returned by DOS
                                ;func 6504h
    DOSInvalidCharTable   dd ? ;As returned by DOS
                                ;func 6505h
    DOSCollatingTable     dd ? ;As returned by DOS
                                ;func 6506h
    DOSListOfListLinAddr  dd ?
    DOSInDosFlagLinAddr   dd ?
    DOSCritErrFlagLinAddr dd ?
    DOSSmallSDALinAddr    dd ?
    DOSSmallSDALength     dd ? ;Multiple of 4
    DOSInt10ActiveFlag     dd ? ;Will be NULL if not
                                ;supported
    DOSInt13ActiveFlag    dd ? ;Will be NULL if not
                                ;supported
    DOSInt15ActiveFlag    dd ? ;Will be NULL if not
                                ;supported
    DOSInt16ActiveFlag    dd ? ;Will be NULL if not
                                ;supported
    DOSInfoFlags          dd ? ;Various info flags
}DosInfoStruc ends;
```

The DOSInt??ActiveFlag's each point to a UIN8 size flag that is non-zero when the specified V86 interrupt is active.

Possible DOSInfoFlags values

```
DIF_NOVDOS_BIT equ 00000001h ;Set if NOVDOS
DIF_MSXDOS_BIT equ 00000002h ;Set if DR/Novell DOS
```

Int2FInfoStruc

Structure used by **DosRegisterV86Int2F** function.

```
#include <dosvmm.h>
Int2FInfoStruc struc
    I2FLink          dd ?
    I2FHandler       dd ?
    I2FAhValue       db ?
    I2FReserved      db 3 dup (?)
}Int2FInfoStruc ends;
```

NiosWin32EntryPoints

Structure passed to **DeviceIoControl** function when locating the NIOS entry points. This structure is filled out by NIOS on return.

```
typedef struct NiosWin32EntryPointsStruc
    UINT32 Win32NiosMajorVersion;
    UINT32 Win32NiosMinorVersion;
    UINT32 (*Win32NiosFarCall) (
        UINT32 function,
        ...);
    UINT32 (*Win32InvokeCNlmApi) (
        UINT32 nlmApiAddress,
        UINT32 apiParmCount,
        ...);
    void *Win32Reserved0; // For future use
    void *Win32Reserved1; // For future use
}NiosWin32EntryPoints;
```

Functions available through the **Win32NiosFarCall** entry point.

```
#define WIN32_NIOS_BEGIN_USE_API 0x00000000
#define WIN32_NIOS_END_USE_API 0x00000001
#define WIN32_NIOS_COPY_MEM 0x00000002
#define WIN32_NIOS_COPY_STRING 0x00000003
#define WIN32_NIOS_MAP 0x00000004
#define WIN32_NIOS_UNMAP 0x00000005
```

PopupInfoStruc

Structure returned by **DosVidGetPipupInfo** function.

```
#include <dosvmm.h>
typedef struct PopupInfoStruc
    UINT8 *PILineDrawChars;
    UINT8 PIStartCol;
    UINT8 PIStartRow;
    UINT8 PINumCols;
    UINT8 PINumRows;
    UINT8 PIUserSpaceAttr;
    UINT8 PITitleAttr;
    UINT8 PISubtitleAttr;
    UINT8 PIPromptAttr;
    UINT8 PIDisplayType;
}PopupInfo;
```

<i>PIStartCol</i>	Defines the starting column number of the popup's user area.
<i>PIStartRow</i>	Defines the starting row number of the popup's user area.
<i>PINumCols</i>	Defines the number of columns in the popup's user area.
<i>PINumRows</i>	Defines the number of rows in the popup's user area.
<i>PIUserSpaceAttr</i>	Defines the background/foreground attribute used for normal text inside of the popup's user area.
<i>PITitleAttr</i>	Defines the background/foreground attribute used for text in the popup's title.
<i>PISubtitleAttr</i>	Defines the background/foreground attribute used for text in the popup's subtitle.
<i>PIPromptAttr</i>	Defines the background/foreground attribute used for text in the popup's prompt.
<i>PIDisplayType</i>	Specifies the mechanism used to display the popup. See DT_??? definitions below for possible values.

PILineDrawChars Pointer to array of UINT8 characters which contain the characters used for drawing a popup's borders. See the LD_??? definitions below for indices into this array.

DT_??? definitions for PIDisplayType field

```
#define DT_POPUP_USED_BIOS          0x00
        // Used BIOS functions for output
#define DT_POPUP_USED_DIRECT        0x01
        // Direct video memory access
#define DT_POPUP_USED_WIN_MSG_MODE 0x02
        // Used Windows MessageMode services
```

LD_??? indices into PILineDrawChars array

```
#define LD_TOP_LEFT_CORNER          0x00
#define LD_TOP_RIGHT_CORNER         0x01
#define LD_BOT_LEFT_CORNER          0x02
#define LD_BOT_RIGHT_CORNER         0x03
#define LD_VERT_LINE                0x04
#define LD_HORZ_LINE                0x05
```

SDBInfo

Structure used with DosSharedBufGetInfo function.

```
#include <dosvmm.h>

SDBInfo struct
    SDBSize          dd ? ;Size of buffer in bytes
    SDBAddress       dd ? ;Linear address of buffer
    SDBSegment       dd ? ;Paragraph address of buffer
SDBInfo ends
```

VmCbStruc

VM control block structure.

```
#include <dosvmm.h>

VmCbStruc struc
    VMCBStatus       dd ? ;See VXD.INC for def's
    VMCBHighLinAddress dd ?
    VMCBClientRegStruc dd ?
    VMCBVmId         dd ?
VmCbStruc ends
```


WinEventStruc

Structure passed to MS Windows VMM event consumer handlers as the first custom parameter. This defines the register information at the time the event was produced by the Windows VMM.

Consumers can modify this structure to set up return information as needed by the event.

```

WinEventStruc  struc
    WesEFlags      dd      ?
    WesEDI         dd      ?
    WesESI         dd      ?
    WesEBP         dd      ?
                    dd      ?      ; ESP before pushad
    WesEBX         dd      ?
    WesEDX         dd      ?
    WesECX         dd      ?
    WesEAX         dd      ?
WinEventStruc  ends

```

UserCmdStruc

```

#include <cmdcom.h>
typedef struct UserCmdStruc

    struct UserCmdStruc  *UCLink;
    modHandle           UCOwner;
    void                (*UCHandler) (
        struct UserCmdStruc
            *cmdBlock,
            UINT8    *cmdLine,
            UINT32   argCount,
            UINT8    *argVector[]);
    UINT8              *UCText;
    UINT32              UCRReserved;
}UserCmd;

```

UCOwner Contains a pointer to the module handle of the module which registered the command.

UCHandler Function called when the registered command is invoked.

UCText Pointer to length-preceded ASCII string defining the name of the command. It must be uppercase and cannot exceed 10 bytes (including the len and NULL bytes).

UCReserved
Reserved for future use.

Bit Definitions, Return Codes, and Parameters

Nios Win32 DeviceIoControl Parameters

Valid *dwIoControlCode* values when calling the "\\.\NIOs" device through the **Win32 DeviceIoControl** API function.

```
#include <nlmapi.h>
#define WIN32_GET_NIOS_INTERFACE 0xDDDD0000
```

DOS NIOS Int 2Fh Query ID

```
#include <nlmapi.h>

DOS_NIOS_INT2F_ID    equ  0D8C1h
WIN_NIOS_INT2F_ID    equ  0D8C3h
```

Register Aliases

```
CrsAL    equ    byte ptr CrsEAX
CrsAH    equ    byte ptr CrsEAX+1
CrsAX    equ    word ptr CrsEAX
CrsBL    equ    byte ptr CrsEBX
CrsBH    equ    byte ptr CrsEBX+1
CrsBX    equ    word ptr CrsEBX
CrsCL    equ    byte ptr CrsECX
CrsCH    equ    byte ptr CrsECX+1
CrsCX    equ    word ptr CrsECX
CrsDL    equ    byte ptr CrsEDX
CrsDH    equ    byte ptr CrsEDX+1
CrsDX    equ    word ptr CrsEDX
CrsSI    equ    word ptr CrsESI
CrsDI    equ    word ptr CrsEDI
CrsBP    equ    word ptr CrsEBP
CrsSP    equ    word ptr CrsESP
CrsIP    equ    word ptr CrsEIP
CrsFlags equ    word ptr CrsEFlags
```

Processor Flag Definitions

```
EF_CARRY_BIT    equ  00000001h
EF_PARITY_BIT    equ  00000004h
```

```
EF_AUXC_BIT           equ  00000010h
EF_ZERO_BIT           equ  00000040h
EF_SIGN_BIT           equ  00000080h
EF_TRACE_BIT          equ  00000100h
EF_INTERRUPT_BIT      equ  00000200h
EF_DIRECTION_BIT     equ  00000400h
EF_OVERFLOW_BIT       equ  00000800h
EF_IOPL_BITS          equ  00003000h
EF_NESTED_TASK_BIT   equ  00004000h
EF_RESUME_BIT         equ  00010000h
EF_VM_BIT             equ  00020000h
EF_CPUID_BIT          equ  00200000h
```

Max Number of VMs Supported

```
#include <dosvmm.h>
MAX_NUM_VM equ  32
```

DosCreate - File createAttributes

```
CREATE_NORMAL          equ  0h
CREATE_HIDDEN          equ  2h
CREATE_SYSTEM          equ  4h
CREATE_HIDDEN_SYSTEM   equ  6h
```

DosOpen - File openAttributes

OR one of the open modes with one of the sharing modes.

```
#include <dosvmm.h>
```

Open Modes

```
OPEN_READ_ONLY        equ  0
OPEN_WRITE_ONLY        equ  1
OPEN_READ_WRITE        equ  2
```

Sharing Modes

```
OPEN_DENY_ALL          equ  10h
OPEN_DENY_WRITE        equ  20h
OPEN_DENY_READ         equ  30h
OPEN_DENY_NONE         equ  40h
```

DosSeek Type Values

```
SEEK_SET          equ 0
SEEK_CURRENT      equ 1
SEEK_END          equ 2
```

CharOut Macro

Assembly macro used to display a character on the debug terminal if DEBUG is defined. No code is generated if DEBUG is *not* defined. This function preserves all registers.

An NLM that uses this macro must include **NiosDebugCharOut** in the module's linker function import list.

```
#include <nios.inc>
```

Usage: CharOut 'c'

NwEnableLogging Parameter

SYSTEM.INI parameter for Windows v4.x NIOS that tells NIOS to initially enable or disable logging. Logging is performed with the MT_LOG_STATUS message type for printf along with some instances of MT_DEBUG_OUT, MT_DEBUG_TRACE and NiosDprintf, depending on your system setup. It can be controlled at runtime with the NiosEnableLogging api or the ENABLE/DISABLE LOGGING command.

Example:

```
[386enh]  
nwenablelogging=TRUE
```

NwHomeDir Parameter

SYSTEM.INI parameter for Windows v4.x NIOS that tells NIOS where NetWare related files are located. This is typically where the NetWare client modules will be found as well as other associated files. The default path is "C:\", but should be changed as needed. The NIOS NiosGetSystemDirectory API function returns this path.

Example:

```
[386enh]  
nwhomedir=C:\NWCLIENT
```

NwNumV86pages Parameter

SYSTEM.INI parameter for Windows NIOS that configures the number of conventional memory pages reserved by NIOS for NLM usage. By default NIOS allocates 2 pages (8K) for this purpose. The parameter may need to be increased if an NLM fails to load or some function fails due to an inability to allocate conventional (below 1meg) memory.

Example SYSTEM.INI:

```
[386enh]
nwnumV86pages=3
```

DOS/MS Windows Events

Well-Known DOS Task Switcher Event Types

The events described in this section are produced when DOS generates a task switcher callout.

Standard Mode Windows does not issue the "TASK SWITCHER INIT" event, therefore an NLM should hook the "TASK CREATE SESSION" event to be notified when a task switcher loads, otherwise the NLM can check the `DosSwitcherActive` global variable to determine this.

NIOS will refuse a task switch query if the task switcher tries to switch while an NLM is running. Therefore an NLM need not worry about a task switch occurring while it is executing in protected mode or calling Ring 3 code in the context of a nested execution block.

For events that define a success/fail value, which is usually signaled with a zero/non-zero return code, consumer should return `NESL_EVENT_CONSUMED` in case of a fail. If the return value would be zero, the consumer should specify `NESL_EVENT_NOT_CONSUMED` to indicate they are in a state which allows the task switch event to occur.

The custom parameter passed to the consumer event handler is the task switcher session ID for the following events:

- Query Suspend
- Activate Session
- Session Active
- Create Session
- Destroy Session

For all other events this field is not set and should be ignored:

- Switcher Init
- Switcher Terminate

Task switcher events are not normally registered in the system. They will be registered when the first task switcher is loaded and de-registered when the last task switcher is unloaded. Therefore, consumer will NOT receive `NESL_OK` upon register for the event if

no task switcher is loaded at the time. Instead the consumer will receive NESL_CONSUMER_NOT_FOUND.

Define the M-DOS task switcher event service strings NIOS clients may register for event notification as follows:

```
#include <tasksw.h>

NE_TASK_INIT                equ    "TASK SWITCHER INIT",0
NE_TASK_QUERY_SESSION      equ    "TASK QUERY SUSPEND",0
NE_TASK_SUSPEND_SESSION    equ    "TASK SUSPEND SESSION",0
NE_TASK_ACTIVATE_SESSION   equ    "TASK ACTIVATE SESSION",0
NE_TASK_SESSION_ACTIVE     equ    "TASK SESSION ACTIVE",0
NE_TASK_CREATE_SESSION     equ    "TASK CREATE SESSION",0
NE_TASK_DESTROY_SESSION    equ    "TASK DESTROY SESSION",0
NE_TASK_TERMINATE          equ    "TASK SWITCHER TERM",0
```

Define the callback information structure as follows:

```
TaskCallbackInfoStruc      struc
    TASKFlink               dd ? ;Pointer to next callback info
                             ; struct
    TASKFunction            dd ? ;Pointer to notification
                             ; function
    TASKReserved            dd ? ;reserved
    TASKAPIInfoStrucs      dd ? ;Address of zero-terminated
                             ; list of API
TaskCallbackInfoStruc     ends ;info structures
```

WIN16 GETPROCADDR AVAIL

This event is generated during Windows initialization to signal that the **Win16GetProcAddress** service is available. This service is unavailable during a small window of time during Windows initialization. This event has no event data parameter. This event is NOT consumable.

```
NE_WIN16_GETPROCADDR_AVAIL equ    "WIN16 GETPROCADDR AVAIL",0
```

WIN INT2F 1605 INIT

This event is produced on the back end of the Int 2F AX=1605h callout issued by MS Windows during its startup. The first custom parameter passed to a consumer event handler is a pointer to the active **ClientRegStruc**.

If an event consumer wishes to abort MS Windows, it must set CrsCX to a non-zero value and display an error message describing the reason for the MS Windows abort. Also, the handler must consume the event.

Consumers can assume that the CrsCX register coming into the consumer handler will be zero (that is, MS Windows *not* aborted). If MS Windows is aborted after a consumer has processed the event, then the "WIN INT2F 1606 TERM" event will be produced to allow consumers a chance to clean up any MS Windows-specific initialization.

See DOSVMM.INC for more information.

```
NE_WIN_2F_INIT      equ      "WIN INT2F 1605 INIT", 0
NE_WIN_2F_TERM      equ      "WIN INT2F 1606 TERM", 0
```

WIN INT2F 1606 TERM

This event is produced when enhanced-mode Windows issues its Int 2F AX=1606h callout. The first custom parameter passed to a consumer event handler is a pointer to the active **ClientRegStruc**. This event is *not* consumable.

```
NE_WIN_2F_TERM      equ      "WIN INT2F 1606 TERM", 0
```

WIN VXD REAL MODE INIT

This event is produced immediately before VNIOS returns from its real-mode init function. All return values defined for a VxD's return from real-mode initialization are set at this point. A consumer can modify these values if needed.

The first custom parameter passed to the consumer event handler is a pointer to the active **ClientRegStruc**.

```
NE_WIN_REAL_MODE_INIT  equ  "WIN VXD REAL MODE INIT", 0
```

WIN VMM EVENTS

The following events are produced when the MS Windows VMM generates an event callout.

For events that define a success/fail return value, which is usually signaled with the carry flag, consumers should generally consume the event if they return with the carry flag set.

The first custom parameter passed to the consumer event handler is a pointer to a **WinEventStruc**, which defines the registers and flags at the time the MS Windows VMM generated the event. The event handler can modify this structure as needed (for example setting the carry bit in the *WesEFlags* field.)

Note that the Carry flag in the *WesEFlags* will always be clear before the event is produced; therefore consumers do not need to explicitly clear the carry flag.

```

NE_WIN_BEGIN_MSG_MODE    equ    "WIN BEGIN MSG MODE", 0
NE_WIN_BEGIN_PM_APP      equ    "WIN BEGIN PM APP", 0
NE_WIN_CLOSE_VM_NOTIFY   equ    "WIN CLOSE VM NOTIFY", 0
NE_WIN_CREATE_VM         equ    "WIN CREATE VM", 0
NE_WIN_CRIT_REBT_NOTIFY  equ    "WIN CRIT REBOOT NOTIFY", 0
NE_WIN_DEBUG_QUERY       equ    "WIN DEBUG QUERY", 0
NE_WIN_DESTROY_VM        equ    "WIN DESTROY VM", 0
NE_WIN_DEVICE_INIT       equ    "WIN DEVICE INIT", 0
NE_WIN_DEV_REBT_NOTIFY   equ    "WIN DEVICE REBOOT NOTIFY", 0
NE_WIN_END_MSG_MODE      equ    "WIN END MSG MODE", 0
NE_WIN_END_PM_APP        equ    "WIN END PM APP", 0
NE_WIN_INIT_COMPLETE     equ    "WIN INIT COMPLETE", 0
NE_WIN_POWER_EVENT       equ    "WIN POWER EVENT", 0
NE_WIN_QUERY_DESTROY     equ    "WIN QUERY VM DESTROY", 0
NE_WIN_REBT_PROCESSOR    equ    "WIN REBOOT PROCESSOR", 0
NE_WIN_SET_DEVICE_FOCUS  equ    "WIN SET DEVICE FOCUS", 0
NE_WIN_SYS_CRIT_EXIT     equ    "WIN SYS CRIT EXIT", 0
NE_WIN_SYS_CRIT_INIT     equ    "WIN SYS CRIT INIT", 0
NE_WIN_SYS_VM_INIT       equ    "WIN SYS VM INIT", 0
NE_WIN_SYS_VM_TERM       equ    "WIN SYS VM TERM", 0
NE_WIN_SYS_EXIT          equ    "WIN SYS EXIT", 0
NE_WIN_VM_CRIT_INIT      equ    "WIN VM CRIT INIT", 0
NE_WIN_VM_INIT           equ    "WIN VM INIT", 0
NE_WIN_VM_NOT_EXEC       equ    "WIN VM NOT EXEC", 0
NE_WIN_VM_RESUME         equ    "WIN VM RESUME", 0
NE_WIN_VM_SUSPEND        equ    "WIN VM SUSPEND", 0
NE_WIN_VM_TERM           equ    "WIN VM TERM", 0

```

New events for Windows v4.0

NE_WIN_DYNA_DEV_INIT	equ	"WIN DYNA DEV INIT", 0
NE_WIN_DYNA_DEV_EXIT	equ	"WIN DYNA DEV EXIT", 0
NE_WIN_CREATE_THREAD	equ	"WIN CREATE THREAD", 0
NE_WIN_THREAD_INIT	equ	"WIN THREAD INIT", 0
NE_WIN_THREAD_TERM	equ	"WIN THREAD TERM", 0
NE_WIN_THREAD_NOT_EXEC	equ	"WIN THREAD NOT EXEC", 0
NE_WIN_DESTROY_THREAD	equ	"WIN DESTROY THREAD", 0
NE_WIN_PNP_NEW_DEVNODE	equ	"WIN PNP NEW DEVNODE", 0
NE_WIN_W32_DEV_IOCTL	equ	"WIN W32 DEV IOCTL", 0

