Appendix 4A ConnMan API

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CONNAuthenticate

Description Authenticates a *connHandle* without using an *authHandle*.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNAuthenticate (

UINT32 processGroupID, UINT32 processId, CONN HANDLE connHandle, UINT32 authFlags, UINT32 DIST *authSvcld, SPECT DATA DIST *userName, SPECT DATA DIST *password, SPECT DATA DIST *domainName. **VOID DIST** *pAuthSpecInfo)

Input processGroupID Calling function's group ID.

processID Calling function's process ID.

connHandle The connection to authenticate.

authFlags Determines whether the password should be

prompted for from a secure ring-0 environment.

Possible values for this field are: CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT_NONE CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT

authSvcId The unique ID of the authentication service to

use in creating this authentication handle. Must

be one of these values:

AUTH_SVC_BINDERY_ID AUTH_SVC_NDS_ID AUTH_SVC_PNW_ID

userName Pointer to the user name to use in

authenticating the connection. The

SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled in (the *Data* buffer must contain the user name

and the length field must be correct).

password A collection of bytes representing the password.

It is specified in a SPECT_DATA structure by filling out the length field of the string type and pointing the *Data* field at the password buffer.

domainName Pointer to the domain name where the

authentication credentials are valid so they can be used in authenticating the connection. The SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled out (that is, the *Data* buffer must contain the domain name and the *Length* field must be correct).

pAuthSpecInfo Pointer to any specific information required

by the authentication service. The first DWORD of this pointer should contain the number of bytes of this buffer that contain

information.

Output None.

Remarks This function authenticates a connection without first creating an

authentication handle. It therefore requires that all of the information that is needed to authenticate a connection be

explicitly passed in.

This function determines if the *connHandle* has previously been authenticated. If it has, the function returns an error. If it hasn't been authenticated, the function will call down to the authentication multiplexor to authenticate the connection using the given

authentication information.

This function will not pass back the authentication handle that has

been created.

See also CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo

CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

Description Authenticates a *connHandle* using an *authHandle*.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNAuthenticateWithHandle (
AUTH_HANDLE authHandle,
CONN_HANDLE connHandle)

Input authHandle The authentication handle to use when

authenticating this connection.

connHandle The connection to authenticate.

Output None.

Remarks This function determines if the *connHandle* has previously been

authenticated. If it has, it will return an error. If it hasn't, it will call

down to the authentication multiplexor to authenticate the

connection with the specified authentication handle.

See also CONNAuthenticate

CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo CONNChangePassword CONNVerifyPassword

CONNChangePassword

Description Synchronizes a password change across a domain (consisting of

several bindery servers, and/or several trees). The caller specifies whether this function uses a dialog box requesting the old and new

passwords (allowing for greater security to be built into

applications).

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNChangePassword (

UINT32 authHandle, UINT32 authFlags, SPECT_DATA DIST *oldPassword, SPECT_DATA DIST *newPassword)

Input authHandle Authentication handle to set the password for.

flags Controls whether a secure prompting for the

password is made from ring-0. The flags may

have one of the following values:

CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT_NONE CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT_NEW CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT_OLD CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT_BOTH

oldPassword Old password, stored in SPECT DATA

structure. It must be correctly initialized. If the password is to be prompted for from ring 0, this

parameter should be set to NULL.

newPassword New password, stored in SPECT_DATA

structure. It must be correctly initialized. If the password is to be prompted for from ring 0, this

parameter should be set to NULL.

Output None.

See also CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo CONNVerifyPassword

CONNClose

Description Closes the connection with the specified *connHandle*. This call is

made when the caller that has previously opened the connection

has finished using it.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNClose (

UINT32 processGroupID, UINT32 processId, CONN_HANDLE connHandle,

UINT32 flags)

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID.

processID Calling function's process ID.

connHandle The connection handle to be closed.

flags LONG_LIVED_CONNECTION. This connection

was opened as a long-lived connection, and

should now be terminated even if other

applications are using it.

SHORT_LIVED_CONNECTION. The connection

was opened as a short-lived connection, and

should be terminated only if no other

applications are using it.

Output None.

Remarks After all open handles to a connection are closed, the connection is

either destroyed or else placed upon a list of disposable

connections for later reference. If a connection is to be destroyed, the appropriate **SESSDisconnect** routine is called to destroy the

connection.

If other processes are still using this connection, simply decrement

the *in-use* count and leave the connection alone.

Any connection that is placed on the disposable list may be either

reopened in the future (if a connection open request matching the disposed connection is received), or else destroyed (if an algorithm determines that reusing old disposable connections is a more efficient use of memory than allocating new memory for a new connection).

If other processes are still have this connection open, the *in-use* count is simply decremented to reflect that this process has closed the connection.

See also

CONNOpenByAddress CONNOpenByName CONNOpenPreferred CONNOpenByReference

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle

Description Creates an authentication handle.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle (

UINT32 processGroupID,

UINT32 processId,
UINT32 authFlags,
UINT32 DIST *authSvcId,
SPECT_DATA DIST *userName,
SPECT_DATA DIST *password,
SPECT_DATA DIST *domainName,
VOID DIST *pAuthSpecInfo,
AUTH HANDLE DIST *authHandle)

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID

processID The process identifier to associate with the

connection.

authFlags Determines whether to prompt for a password

from a secure ring-0 environment. Possible values for this field include the following: CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT_NONE

CONN PASSWD PROMPT

authSvcId The unique ID of the authentication service to

use to create this authentication handle. It must

be one of the following values:
AUTH_SVC_BINDERY_ID
AUTH_SVC_NDS_ID
AUTH_SVC_PNW_ID

userName Pointer to the username to use in creating the

authentication handle. The SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled out (that is, the *Data* buffer must contain the user name and the

Length field must be correct).

password A collection of bytes representing the password.

It is specified in a SPECT_DATA structure by filling out the *Length* field of the string type and pointing the *Data* field at the password buffer.

domainName Pointer to the domain name where the

authentication credentials are valid. The credentials are used to authenticate the connection. The SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled out (that is, the *Data* buffer must contain the domain name and the *Length* field

must be correct).

pAuthSpecInfo Pointer to any specific information required

by the authentication service. The first DWORD of this pointer should contain the number of bytes of this buffer containing

information.

Output authHandle The created authentication handle is returned

here.

Remarks All necessary information is supplied as parameters to the call. The

authentication service is called (through the AuthMux) to perform

the actual creation of the authentication handle.

See also CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate CONNUnauthenticate

CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo CONNChangePassword CONNVerifyPassword

CONNDecInfo

Description Decrements a *connHandle* counter.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNDecInfo (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle, UINT32 infold)

Input connHandle The connection handle of the desired connection.

infold Specifies the connection information which should

be changed. It can be the following:

CONN_ENTRY_RESOURCE_COUNT

Output None.

Remarks This function is reserved for system NLMs that are tracking

resources. It allows them to decrement the connection's resource

count to indicate that the connection is no longer in use.

See also CONNIncInfo

CONNDestroy Authentication Handle

Description Destroys an authentication handle.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle (AUTH HANDLE authHandle)

Input authHandle The authentication handle to destroy.

Output None.

Remarks This function finds all connection handles that use the specified

authentication handle and then calls down to the authentication multiplexor to unauthenticate those connections. After they have all been unauthenticated, a call to the authentication multiplexor

will destroy the authentication handle.

See also CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo CONNChangePassword CONNVerifyPassword

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo

Description Returns information on a given authentication handle.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo (

AUTH_HANDLE authHandle,
UINT32 DIST *authSvcId,
SPECT_DATA DIST *userName,
SPECT_DATA DIST *domainName,
VOID DIST *pAuthSpecInfo)

Input authHandle Authentication handle for which to return

information.

Output authSvcId Unique ID of the authentication service used to

create this authentication handle. It must be one of

the following values:

AUTH_SVC_BINDERY_ID AUTH_SVC_NDS_ID AUTH_SVC_PNW_ID

userName Pointer to the buffer containing the user name used

in creating this authentication handle. The SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled out (that is, the *Data* buffer must have sufficient size to receive the username and the *Length* field must be

filled in when this function is called).

domainName Pointer to the buffer containing the domain name

used in creating this authentication handle. The SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled out (that is, the *Data* buffer must have sufficient size to receive the domainName and the *Length* field must

be filled in when this function is called).

pAuthSpecInfo

Pointer to any specific information set by the authentication service. The first DWORD of this pointer should contain the number of bytes of buffer space available to store returned information.

Remarks

This call returns the same information about an authentication handle as **CONNScanAuthenticationHandles**, but can be used to identify information specific to a given authentication handle without scanning until that authentication handle is identified.

See also

CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNChangePassword CONNVerifyPassword

CONNGetDefaultConnection

Description Return the default connection handle associated with a process and

process group.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNGetDefaultConnection (UINT32 processGroupID,

UINT32 processld,

CONN_HANDLE DIST *connHandle)

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID.

processID Process identifiers to associate with the

connection.

Output connHandle The connection handle to associate with the

specified process identifiers.

See also CONNSetDefaultConnection

CONNGetNumConnections

Description Returns the number of currently allocated connection entries. The

value returned reflects the total number of connections possible,

including those currently in use.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNGetNumConnections (

UINT32 DIST *numberOfEntries)

Input None.

Output numberOfEntries The number of connection entries that have

been allocated.

Remarks ConnMan will return the number of connection entries which are

currently allocated. Some of these connections may be private and

thus would not be visible to all processes.

Because the connection table is dynamically extensible at run-time, the call should not hold on to this value The number of connection entries which have been allocated is a dynamic value and will change over time; the caller should not assume that the value

returned will remain the same.

See also None.

CONNGetStructure

Description Returns structure-type connection information for a given

connection handle. The caller must allocate enough space to receive

a copy of the information.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNGetStructure (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle, UINT32 infold, UINT32 infoLen, VOID DIST *infoPtr)

Input connHandle

Connection handle

infold The connection parameter, which can be one of the

following:

Value	Data type	Meaning
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR	TRAN_ADDR_TYPE	Transport address
CONN_ENTRY_DOMAIN_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Connection domain name
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Connection server name
CONN_ENTRY_SERVICE_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Connection service name
CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_ALL	CONN_INFO_TYPE	Return the whole structure

All of these items may be queried by calls external to the client.

infoLen Length of output buffer into which to return information.

If the structure is a TRAN_ADDR_TYPE, the *infoLen* field should be the size of that structure.

If the structure is a SPECT_DATA, the *infoLen* field should be the size of a SPECT_DATA structure. In addition, the name field of the structure should already be filled in with a pointer to a buffer of size SPECT_DATA. *Length*.

This buffer will receive the name value of the SPECT_DATA field, which can be predetermined by calling **CONNQueryStringLength**. If this value is less

than required to copy the *Data* field, an error will be returned after copying the portion which will fit into the *infoPtr* buffer.

For example, pretend that the caller wants to get the value of the server name for a connection.

Step 1. Determine the size of buffer needed to store the name by calling **CONNQueryStringLength**, thus:

```
CONNQueryStringLength (connHandle,
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_NAME, &nameLength);
```

Step 2. Allocate space for the name.

```
serverName.Data = NIOSShortTermAlloc
(modHandle, nameLength);
serverName.Length = nameLength;
serverName.DataType = SPECT_DATA_ASCII;
serverName.CountryCode = 0;
serverName.LocalCodePage = 0;
```

Step 3. Get the name itself with **CONNGetStructure**.

```
CONNGetStructure(connHandle,
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_NAME, sizeof
(SPECT_DATA_TYPE), &serverName);
```

If the *infold* is CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_ALL, then the *infoLen* parameter should be the size of the CONN_INFO_TYPE. This structure size does not reflect the size of the variable string *Data* parameters of the SPECT_DATA entries. These pointers should be pre-initialized to buffers which are sized correctly to receive the variable length string.

CONNQueryStringLength can be used to pre-determine the correct size. If any of these SPECT_DATA buffers are too small, an error will be returned.

Output

infoPtr

Pointer to the buffer into which to receive information.

If the structure requested is a SPECT_DATA structure, it must have a valid pointer already in the *Data* field that has enough room to hold the name.

Remarks

The caller can get one piece of the connection information structure or the whole structure. Some of the entries in the structure are pointers. The caller must fill in the pointer to a valid data area that is large enough for the Requester to copy the information into. If the caller specifies CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_ALL and doesn't want all the SPECT_DATA information strings, a NULL can be passed in for the particular field that is not desired.

An error is returned if the output buffer is too small to receive the requested information.

See also

CONNGetValue CONNSetStructure CONNSetValue CONNScanInfo

CONNGetValue

Description Returns specific *value* (as opposed to structure) connection

information for the given connection handle.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNGetValue (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle,

UINT32 infold, VOID DIST *infoPtr)

Input connHandle Connection handle.

infold Type of information to be returned can be one of

the following:

*A	vail Value	Data type	Meaning
А	CONN_ENTRY_VERSION	UINT32	Version of CONN_INFO struct
Α	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_USER_ID	UINT32	Id of user authenticated as
Α	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SVC_ID	UINT32	Id of authentication module:
			AUTH_SVC_BINDERY_ID
			AUTH_SVC_NDS_ID
			AUTH_SVC_PNW_ID
Α	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_HANDLE	UINT32	Authentication Handle
I	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Pointer to auth-specific info
Α	CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SVC_ID	UINT32	Session Protocol Provider Id:
			NCP_SESSION_ID
			SMB_SESSION_ID
I	CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Pointer - Session-specific info
A	CONN_ENTRY_NAME_SVC_ID	UINT32	Id of name service provider:
			NAME_SVC_BINDERY_ID
			NAME_SVC_NDS_ID
			NAME_SVC_PNW_ID
A	CONN_ENTRY_MAX_IO	UINT32	Maximum IO for connection
A	CONN_ENTRY_MAX_RW_IO	UINT32	Maximum read/write IO
A	CONN_ENTRY_ROUND_TRIP	UINT32	Round trip time in milliseconds
A	CONN_ENTRY_SECURITY	UINT32	Security mode in effect
			Bit definitions:
			CFG_CRC
			CFG_MD4
_			CFG_CRYPT
A	CONN_ENTRY_LICENSE	UINT32	License state of connection ??
I	CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR_OBJ		Pointer to the tran addr object
Ι	CONN_ENTRY_NCP_HOOK_RTNS	UINT32	Pointer to NCP hook routines

Α	CONN_ENTRY_SFT_LEVEL	UINT32	Current sft level
Α	CONN_ENTRY_TTS_LEVEL	UINT32	Current tts level
Α	CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_CONN_NUM	UINT32	Server connection number
Α	CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_VERSION	UINT32	Server version
Α	CONN_ENTRY_PERM	BIT	Permanent flag for connection
Α	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH	BIT	Authenticated state
Α	CONN_ENTRY_ANCHOR	BIT	Anchor state for connection
Α	CONN_ENTRY_SUSPENDED	BIT	Suspended state for condition
Α	CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_SVC_ID	UINT32	Transport Service Id
Α	CONN_ENTRY_ORDER_NUM	UINT32	Connection order number
Α	CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_ALL	CONN_ENT	RY_INFO
Α	CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_NONE	n/a	

^{*}A Available to all calling functions

Output infoPtr Pointer to the buffer which should receive the data. All

bit fields are a UINT32 type. (Zero if clear, else set)

See also CONNGetStructure

CONNSetStructure CONNSetValue CONNScanInfo

I Available to internal client NLMs only (that is, no external function should ever need to access these items).

CONNIncInfo

Description Increments a *connHandle* counter.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNIncInfo (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle,

UINT32 infold)

Input connHandle The connection handle of the desired connection.

infold Connection information which should be changed. It

can be the following:

CONN_ENTRY_RESOURCE_COUNT

Output None.

Remarks This function is reserved for system NLMs that are tracking

resources. It allows them to increment a connection's resource

count to indicate that the connection is in use.

See also CONNDecInfo

CONNOpenByAddress

Description Calls the specified session protocol module to establish a

connection with the remote entity specified by the transport

address.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNOpenByAddress (

UINT32 processGroupId, UINT32 processId,

UINT32 flags,

UINT32 sessionSvcld,

TRAN_ADDR_TYPE DIST *tranAddr,

CONN_HANDLE DIST *repConnHandle)

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID.

processID Calling function's process ID.

flags LONG_LIVED_CONNECTION. The connection

should last past the termination of the calling

process.

SHORT_LIVED_CONNECTION. The connection should not remain past the termination of the calling process.

sessionSvcId NCP_SESSION_ID

SMB_SESSION_ID WILD_SESSION_ID

Can be used alone or ORed with another *sessionSvcId*. If it is ORed with another ID, the other session service will be tried first. If that fails or if only a wild card is specified, the remaining session services will be tried

according to their load order.

tranAddr The destination transport address, correctly

formatted for the transport type specified in this

structure.

Output repConnHandle A pointer to the connection handle to be

returned. This connection handle may be used for all requests directed to this connection.

Remarks

If a connection already exists that matches the input processGroupID, processId, sessionSvcId, and tranAddr, then the in-use count of the already-established connection is incremented and a handle to that connection handle is returned.

ConnMan will either return the connection handle of an existing connection or else will call the **SESSConnectByAddress** routine of the corresponding session protocol module to establish a new connection to the remote entity. This will bind the connection both to a specific session protocol module and to a specific transport protocol module, thus allowing high-level API requests (such as **FileOpen**) to be multiplexed to the correct session protocol module (for example, NCP). Also, low-level API requests (such as **SendPacket**) used by session protocols will be multiplexed to the correct transport protocol module (such as IPX).

See also

CONNOpenByName CONNOpenPreferred CONNOpenByReference CONNClose

CONNOpenByName

Description Resolves a given name to a transport address/session protocol

pair. The appropriate session protocol is then called to establish a

connection using the transport address.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNOpenByName (

UINT32 processGroupID, UINT32 processld, UINT32 flags, SPECT DATA DIST *name, UINT32 nameSvcld. SPECT DATA DIST *objectType,

UINT32 tranSvcld,

*repConnHandle) CONN HANDLE DIST

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID.

> processID Calling function's process ID.

flags LONG LIVED CONNECTION. The connection

should remain past the termination of the calling

process

SHORT LIVED CONNECTION. The connection should not remain past the termination of the calling process

Pointer to the user-readable name to resolve to name

a connection. The string must be NULL-

terminated and a maximum of 512 characters. If this string is Unicode, then the string has a maximum of 1024 bytes, and the SPECT DATA

fields must be correctly filled out.

nameSvcId Desired name service ID.

NAME_SVC_BINDERY_ID NAME_SVC_NDS_ID NAME_SVC_PNW_ID SVC_ID_WILDCARD

Can be by itself or ORed with another nameSvcld. If it is ORed, the other name service will be tried first. If that name service fails or if only a wild card is specified, the remaining name services will be tried in the order specified in the

NET.CFG protocol order.

objectType Address of desired object type. This will be

one of the OBJECT_TYPE identifiers found in CLIENT32.H, but must be placed into a

SPECT_DATA structure.

tranSvcId Desired transport ID.

TRAN_ID_IPX TRAN_ID_UDP

TRAN ID WILDCARD See explanation above.

Output repConnHandle A pointer to the connection handle to be

returned. This connection handle may be used for all requests directed to this connection.

Remarks If a connection already exists which matches the input

processGroupID, processID, name, nameSvcId, objectType, and tranSvcId, the in-use count of the already-established connection is

incremented and a handle to that connection is returned.

ConnMan will either return the connection handle of an existing

connection with a matching name or else will call

NAMEResolveToAddress to resolve the name to a transport

address and session protocol.

ConnMan will use this address and session protocol to open a connection. Opening a connection will either return an existing connection handle or will call the corresponding session protocol module to establish a new connection to the remote entity. This will bind the connection both to a specific session protocol module and to a specific transport protocol module.

After the connection is established, high-level API requests (such as **FileOpen**) can be multiplexed to the correct session protocol module (such as NCP); low-level API requests (such as

SendPacket) can be multiplexed to the correct transport protocol

module (such as IPX).

See also CONNOpenByAddress

CONNOpenByName CONNOpenPreferred CONNOpenByReference

CONNClose

CONNOpenByReference

Description Opens a *connHandle* for a connection reference specified by the

connReference parameter. (This reference was returned from a call

to CONNScanInfo.)

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNOpenByReference (

UINT32 processGroupID, UINT32 processld, UINT32 flags,

connReference. UINT32 CONN HANDLE DIST *repConnHandle)

processGroupID Process group ID to associate with new Input

connection.

processID Process ID to associate with new connection.

flags LONG LIVED CONNECTION. The connection

should remain past the termination of the calling

process.

SHORT LIVED CONNECTION. The connection

should not remain past the termination of the

calling process.

Output repConnHandle A pointer to the connection handle to be

returned. This connection handle may be used

for all requests directed to this connection.

Remarks connReference refers to an existing connection which was found by

> scanning connections for specific information. If the input parameters processGroupID and processId specify a private

connection, then a new connection will be established to the remote entity; otherwise, the *in-use* count of the connection associated with the reference handle is incremented and a connection handle to

that connection is returned.

Any connection that is returned will be bound to a specific session protocol module and to a specific transport protocol module, thus

allowing high-level API requests (such as **FileOpen**) to be multiplexed to the correct session protocol module (for example, NCP), and low-level API requests (such as **SendPacket**) to be multiplexed to the correct transport protocol module (for example, IPX).

See also

CONNOpenByAddress CONNOpenByName CONNOpenPreferred CONNOpenByReference CONNClose

CONNScanInfo

CONNOpenPreferred

Description Returns a *connHandle* to the preferred connection defined in the

NET.CFG configuration file. The connection will be made to either

the preferred server or to the preferred tree.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNOpenPreferred (

UINT32 processGroupld,
UINT32 processId,
UINT32 flags,
UINT32 blST *nameSvcld,
UINT32 tranSvcld,
CONN_HANDLE DIST *repConnHandle)

Input processGroupID Process group ID to associate with new

connection.

processID Process ID to associate with new connection.

flags LONG LIVED CONNECTION. The connection

should remain past the termination of the calling

process

SHORT_LIVED_CONNECTION. The connection should not remain past the termination of the calling process

nameSvcId NAME_SVC_BINDERY_ID

NAME_SVC_NDS_ID NAME_SVC_PNW_ID SVC_ID_WILDCARD.

Can be used by itself or ORed with another nameSvcld. If ORed with another ID, then the other name service will be tried first. If that fails or if only a wild card is specified, the remaining name services will be tried in the order specified in the NET.CFG protocol

order.

tranSvcId TRAN ID IPX

TRAN ID UDP

TRAN_ID_WILDCARD.

Can be used by itself or ORed with another

tranSvcId. If ORed with another ID, then the other transport service will be tried first. If that fails or if only a wild card is specified, the remaining transport services will be tried according to their load order.

Output

repConnHandle

A pointer to the connection handle being returned. This connection handle may be used for all subsequent requests directed to this connection.

Remarks

The algorithm used in this routine is as follows:

If a preferred name has been set:

- 1. Determine the preferred name by calling **NAMEGetPreferred**.
- 2. Resolve this name to an address using **NAMEResolveToAddress**.
- 3. Open a connection using the address, and receive back a connection handle.

If no preferred name has been set, or the preferred name cannot be resolved to an address:

 Call NAMEGetInitialConnection to return any connection that can be found. Any connection that is returned will be bound to to a specific session protocol module and to a specific transport protocol module. See also

CONNOpenByAddress CONNOpenByName CONNOpenPreferred CONNOpenByReference CONNClose

CONNQueryStringLength

Description Returns the length of the variable portion of a SPECT_DATA item.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNQueryStringLength (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle, UINT32 infold, UINT32 DIST *stringLen)

Input connHandle The connection handle.

infold The SPECT_DATA item, which can be one of the

following:

Value Meaning

CONN_ENTRY_DOMAIN_NAME Connection domain name CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_NAME Connection server name Service type name

All of these items may be queried by calls external

to the client.

Output stringLen Length of output buffer required to store the variable

portion of a SPECT_DATA object.

Remarks This call will be made just prior to making a **CONNGetStructure**

call, and will determine the correct size of buffer that will allow it

to return all of the requested data.

See also CONNGetStructure

CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

Description Scans through authentication handles, determining which

authentications exist within the caller's scope.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNScanAuthenticationHandles (

UINT32 processID, UINT32 processId, UINT32 DIST *scanHandle. AUTH HANDLE DIST *authHandle, **UINT32 DIST** *authSvcId, SPECT DATA DIST *userName, SPECT DATA DIST *domainName, **VOID DIST** *pAuthSpecInfo)

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID.

processID Calling function's process ID.

scanHandle Address of the handle to be used to retrieve the

next authentication handle. This value should initially be set to zero. The output value of scanHandle will be the next handle to use on

subsequent calls to this function.

Output authSvcId Unique ID of the authentication service used to

create this authentication handle. It will be either

AUTH_SVC_BINDERY_ID,

AUTH SVC NDS ID, or AUTH SVC PNW ID.

userName Pointer to the buffer in which to return the user

name used in creating this authentication handle. The SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled out (that is, the *Data* buffer must have sufficient size to receive the username and

the Length field must be filled in when this

function is called).

domainName Pointer to the buffer to return the domain name

used in creating this authentication handle. The SPECT_DATA fields must be correctly filled out (that is, the *Data* buffer must have sufficient size

to receive the domainName and the *Length* field must be filled in when this function is called).

pAuthSpecInfo

Pointer to any specific information set by the authentication service. The first DWORD of this pointer should contain the number of bytes of buffer space available to store returned information.

See also

CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo CONNChangePassword CONNVerifyPassword

CONNScanInfo

Description Returns connection information for multiple connections. It will

return either one piece or the full structure of connection

information for one connection at time.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNScanInfo (

UINT32 processGroupID, UINT32 processId, UINT32 DIST *scanReference, UINT32 scanInfold, VOID DIST *scanMatchPtr,

VOID DIST *scanMatchPtr,
UINT32 scanFlags,
UINT32 retInfold,
UINT32 retInfoLen,
VOID DIST *retInfoPtr,
UINT32 DIST *connReference)

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID.

processID Calling function's process ID.

scanReference The reference to be used on the next

iteration of the scan. This value should be initially set to zero. The output of this parameter will be used in subsequent calls

to this function.

scanInfold Specifies which connection information is to be

scanned for. (Caller cannot specify matching the

entire CONN_INFO_STRUCT).

The following table shows all available

connection information.

Value D	ata type	Meaning
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_USER_ID	UINT32	Id of user authenticated
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SVC_ID	UINT32	Id of authentication module
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_HANDLE	UINT32	Authentication Handle
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Pointer to auth specific info
CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SVC_ID	UINT32	Session Protocol Provider Id
CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Pointer - Session specific info
CONN_ENTRY_NAME_SVC_ID	UINT32	Id of name service provider
CONN_ENTRY_MAX_IO	UINT32	Maximum IO for connection
CONN_ENTRY_MAX_RW_IO	UINT32	Maximum read/write IO
CONN_ENTRY_ROUND_TRIP	UINT32	Round trip time in milliseconds
CONN_ENTRY_SECURITY	UINT32	Security mode in effect
CONN_ENTRY_LICENSE	UINT32	License state of connection
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR_OBJ	UINT32	Pointer to the tran addr object
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_SVC_ID	UINT32	Id of transport service provider
CONN_ENTRY_NCP_HOOK_RTNS	UINT32	Pointer to NCP hook routines
CONN_ENTRY_SFT_LEVEL	UINT32	Current sft level
CONN_ENTRY_TTS_LEVEL	UINT32	Current tts level
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_CONN_NU	M UINT32	Server connection number
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_VERSION	UINT32	Server version
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR	TRAN_ADDR_TYPE	Transport address
CONN_ENTRY_DOMAIN_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Domain for connection
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Server name for connection
CONN_ENTRY_SERVICE_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Service type name for connection
CONN_ENTRY_PERM	BIT	Permanent flag for connection
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH	BIT	Authenticated state
CONN_ENTRY_ANCHOR	BIT	Anchor state for connection
CONN_ENTRY_SUSPENDED	BIT	Suspended state for condition

scanMatchPtr Points to data that matches the data type defined by scanInfold as to value to match. If scanInfold defines a data member that is a pointer, then scanMatchPtr is a pointer to that data structure.

scanFlags

Determines whether to return connection information for connections that do match the scan criteria or which do not match the scan criteria. The permitted values include:

MATCH_EQUALS "Equal to" type lookup MATCH_NOT_EQUALS "Not equal to" type

lookup

retInfold Specifies which type of connection information

should be returned. Acceptable values are the same

as for *scanInfold* except that the whole

CONN_INFO_STRUCT can be returned (using CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_ALL) and no return information can be requested (using CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_NONE).

Supported *retInfold* types include the following:

Value	Data type	Meaning
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_USER_ID	UINT32	ID of user
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SVC_ID	UINT32	ID of authentication module
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_HANDLE	UINT32	Authentication Handle
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Pointer to auth specific info
CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SVC_ID	UINT32	Session Protocol Provider Id
CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Pointer - Session specific info
CONN_ENTRY_NAME_SVC_ID	UINT32	Id of name service provider
CONN_ENTRY_MAX_IO	UINT32	Maximum IO for connection
CONN_ENTRY_MAX_RW_IO	UINT32	Maximum read/write IO
CONN_ENTRY_ROUND_TRIP	UINT32	Round trip time in milliseconds
CONN_ENTRY_SECURITY	UINT32	Security mode in effect
CONN_ENTRY_LICENSE	UINT32	License state of connection
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR_OBJ	UINT32	Pointer to the tran addr object
CONN_ENTRY_USER_CTX_PTR	UINT32	Pointer to user context pointer
CONN_ENTRY_NCP_HOOK_RTNS	UINT32	Pointer to NCP hook routines
CONN_ENTRY_SFT_LEVEL	UINT32	Current sft level
CONN_ENTRY_TTS_LEVEL	UINT32	Current tts level
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_CONN_NUM	UINT32	Server connection number
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_VERSION	UINT32	Server version
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR TR	AN_ADDR_TYPE	Transport address
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_SVC_ID	UINT32	Transport service provider ID
CONN_ENTRY_DOMAIN_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Domain for connection
CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Server name for connection
CONN_ENTRY_SERVICE_NAME	SPECT_DATA	Service type name for connection
CONN_ENTRY_ERROR	BIT	Error condition of connection
CONN_ENTRY_PERM	BIT	Permanent flag for connection
CONN_ENTRY_AUTH	BIT	Authenticated state
CONN_ENTRY_ANCHOR	BIT	Anchor state for connection
CONN_ENTRY_SUSPENDED	BIT	Suspended state for condition
CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_ALL CON	N_INFO_TYPE	Structure defining all info
CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_NONE		No return Info requested

retInfoLen

Length of output buffer into which to return information. This field is valid only if *retInfold* requests a structure.

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Output

retInfoPtr

Pointer to buffer into which to receive information. If the caller is requesting only one piece of information, then this is a pointer to a buffer of the type of information being requested.

If the return type is SPECT_DATA, the size of the Data buffer must be indicated in the SPECT_DATA. Length field.

If the return type is CONN_INFO_TYPE, all of the SPECT_DATA fields and all of the fields specifying maximum buffer sizes must be initialized before making this call. For iterative scans, this function will copy the value contained in the max name length field (that is, connMaxDomainNameLen, connMaxServerNameLen, connMaxServiceNameLen) into the appropriate SPECT_DATA.Length field (that is, if connMaxServerNameLen is set to 9, this routine will copy that value into the connServer Data.Length field before copying the server name. This will allow for iterative calls without the caller resetting any fields.)

connReference

Connection reference associated with the information that is being returned. The caller can use this connection reference to open the connection and get an actual connection handle (see **CONNOpenByReference** function description) if it needs to perform any processing on this connection.

Remarks

This call scans for connections based on any piece of connection information contained in the CONN_INFO_TYPE structure. This allows the caller to look up all connection table entries matching any of the Get-/Set-Entry values in the connection table.

This lookup method can be time-consuming since the size of the connection table is not pre-determined, and the procedure must cycle through the entries one at a time while checking the appropriate information. Consequently, this procedure is designed for versatility rather than speed.

To understand how this call works, imagine that the caller wants to scan for all connections in the NDS tree "NOVELL_INC." The call

would be made with the following parameters:

processGroupID = current process group id processId = current process id scanReference = 0 (initially) scanInfoId = CONN_ENTRY_DOMAIN_NAME scanMatchPtr = SPECT_DATA "NOVELL_INC" scanFlags = MATCH_EQUALS retInfoId = CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_NONE retInfoLen = 0 retInfoPtr = NULL connReference = 0

See also

CONNGetStructure CONNGetValue CONNSetStructure CONNSetValue

CONNSetDefaultConnection

Description Associates a connection handle with a process and process group.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNSetDefaultConnection (

UINT32 processGroupID, UINT32 processId,

CONN_HANDLE connHandle)

Input processGroupID Calling function's process group ID.

processID Calling function's process ID.

connHandle The connection handle to associate with the

specified process identifiers.

Output None.

See also CONNGetDefaultConnection

CONNSetPassword

Description Synchronizes a password change across a domain (several bindery

servers, and/or several trees). The caller specifies whether a dialog box requests the old and new passwords (allowing for greater

security to be built into applications).

Syntax UINTXX

CONNSetPassword

AUTH_HANDLE authHandle, UINT32 flags, SPECT_DATA DIST *password)

Input authHandle Authentication handle to set the password for.

flags Controls whether a secure prompting for the

password is made from ring 0. The flags may have

one of the following values:

CONN PASSWD_PROMPT_NONE

CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT

password Password, stored in SPECT_DATA structure. It

must be correctly initialized. If the password is to be prompted for from ring 0, this parameter should be

set to NULL.

Output None.

See also CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo CONNVerifyPassword

CONNSetStructure

Description Sets a specific connection structure for the given connection handle.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNSetStructure (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle, UINT32 infold, UINT32 infoLen, VOID DIST *infoPtr)

Input connHandle Connection Handle.

infold Connection parameter, which can be one of the

following:

Value	Data type	Meaning
CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR CONN_ENTRY_DOMAIN_NAME CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_NAME CONN_ENTRY_SERVICE_NAME	_	Transport address Connection's Domain name Connection's Server name Connection's Service name

Note: These structures should only be set by client

internal NLMs!

infoLen Length of input buffer from which to take

information. If *infold* is a SPECT_DATA structure, *infoLen* should be the size of the SPECT_DATA structure and the *Data* field of the SPECT_DATA structure should point to a valid Data string. The *Length* field of the SPECT_DATA structure should accurately indicate the length of the *Data* field of that structure. (See the example listed with

CONNGetStructure.)

If the *infold* is CONN_ENTRY_RETURN_ALL, the *infoLen* parameter should be the size of the CONN_INFO_STRUCT. All SPECT_DATA Data pointers should be initialized to a valid *Data* string

and all SPECT_DATA lengths should be initialized to the length of the buffer associated with the

to the length of the buffer associated with the

SPECT_DATA Data pointer.

infoPtr Pointer to the buffer from which to set information

into the connEntry.

Remarks Note: This call should be used only by CLIENT INTERNAL NLMs!!

See also CONNGetStructure

CONNGetValue CONNSetValue CONNScanInfo

CONNSetValue

Description Sets specific connection entry information for the given connection

handle.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNSetValue (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle, UINT32 infold, UINT32 infoValue)

Input connHandle Connection handle for which the value should be

set.

infold Connection parameter, which can be one of the

following:

Avail Value		Datatype	Meaning
I	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_USER_ID CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SVC_ID	UINT32 UINT32	ID of user ID of authentication module: AUTH_SVC_BINDERY_ID AUTH_SVC_NDS_ID AUTH_SVC_PNW_ID
I	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_HANDLE	UINT32	Authentication Handle
I	CONN_ENTRY_AUTH_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Ptr to auth-specific information
I	CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SVC_ID	UINT32	Session Protocol Provider ID: NCP_SESSION_ID SMB_SESSION_ID
I	CONN_ENTRY_SESS_SPEC_PTR	UINT32	Ptr to session-specific information
Ι	CONN_ENTRY_NAME_SVC_ID	UINT32	ID of name service provider: NAME_SVC_BINDERY_ID NAME_SVC_NDS_ID NAME_SVC_PNW_ID
I	CONN_ENTRY_MAX_IO	UINT32	Maximum IO for connection
I	CONN_ENTRY_MAX_RW_IO	UINT32	Maximum read/write IO
I	CONN_ENTRY_ROUND_TRIP	UINT32	Round trip time in milliseconds
I	CONN_ENTRY_SECURITY	UINT32	Security mode in effect Bit definitions: CFG_CRC CFG_MD4 CFG_CRYPT
I	CONN_ENTRY_LICENSE	UINT32	License state of connection
I	CONN_ENTRY_TRAN_ADDR_OBJ	UINT32	Pointer to the tran addr object

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Ι	CONN_ENTRY_NCP_HOOK_RTNS	UINT32	Pointer to NCP hook routines
Ι	CONN_ENTRY_SFT_LEVEL	UINT32	Current sft level
I	CONN ENTRY TTS LEVEL	UINT32	Current tts level

Ava	ail Value (continued)	Datatype	Meaning
I I I I I I	CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_CONN_NUM CONN_ENTRY_SERVER_VERSION CONN_ENTRY_PERM CONN_ENTRY_AUTH CONN_ENTRY_ANCHOR CONN_ENTRY_SUSPENDED CONN_ENTRY_ORDER_NUM CONN_ENTRY_ORDER_NUM	UINT32 UINT32 BIT BIT BIT BIT UINT32 UINT32	Server connection number Server version Permanent flag for connection Authenticated state Anchor state for connection Suspended state for condition Session connection order Connection order number

The availability of these items is indicated in the first column.

infoValue The data value to set. All bit values are zero to clear; any other value will set the bit.

See also	CONNGetStructure
	CONNGetValue
	CONNSetStructure
	CONNScanInfo

A Available to all calling functions.

I Available to internal client NLMs only.

CONNUnauthenticate

Description Unauthenticates a connection handle by calling down to the

authentication multiplexor. If the connection is not already

authenticated, an error will be returned. The correct authentication handle is determined by interrogating the *connHandle* for the

information.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNUnauthenticate (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle)

Input connHandle The connection to unauthenticate.

Output None.

See also CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo CONNChangePassword CONNVerifyPassword

CONNValidateHandle

Description Checks the validity of a connection.

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNValidateHandle (

CONN_HANDLE connHandle, UINT32 flags)

Input connHandle The connection of interest.

flags Controls the type of validation performed on the

connection. The permitted values include:

CONN_VALIDATE_HANDLE

Verify only that connHandle is

valid.

CONN_VALIDATE_SESSION

Verify through to the far end.

Output None.

Remarks ConnMan will check the validity of the connection at its level (that

is, see that the connHandle is valid) and, if so, will call the session

protocol associated with the connection using

SESSValidateConnection and verify the connection.

See also None.

CONNVerifyPassword

Description Verifies a password for a given domain (consisting of several

bindery servers, and/or several trees).

Syntax UINTXX DIST

CONNVerifyPassword (

UINT32 domainHandle,

UINT32 flags, SPECT_DATA DIST *password)

Input authHandle Authentication handle for which to set the

password.

flags Controls whether a secure prompting for the

password is made from ring 0. The flags may have

one of the following values:

CONN_PASSWD_PROMPT_NONE

CONN PASSWD PROMPT

password Password, stored in a SPECT_DATA structure. It

must be correctly initialized. If the password is to be prompted for from ring 0, this parameter should be

set to NULL.

Output None.

Remarks The *flags* parameter allows the caller to specify whether this

function should put up a dialog box requesting the password to verify (allowing for greater security to be built into applications).

See also CONNAuthenticateWithHandle

CONNAuthenticate CONNUnauthenticate

CONNCreateAuthenticationHandle CONNDestroyAuthenticationHandle CONNScanAuthenticationHandles

CONNGetAuthHandleInfo