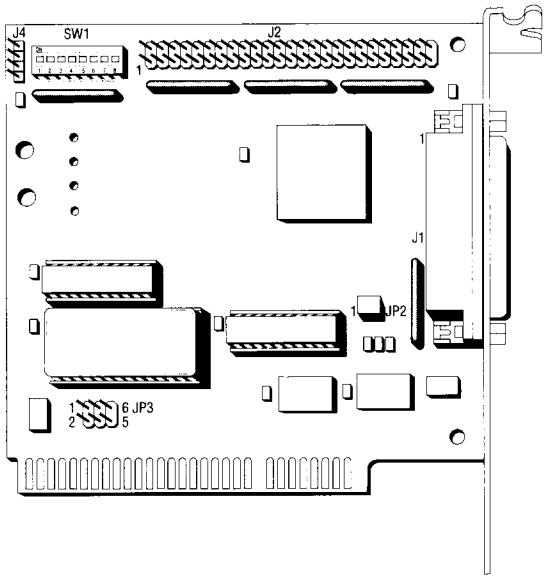


T130 SCSI Host Adapter



Hardware *Installation Guide*

LIBRARY COPY

NOTE

If you're like many users, you'll want to get started using your new equipment as soon as possible. But, before you attempt to install and use your Trantor SCSI host adapter, please read this guide. It will save you time in the long run, and make you aware of many options you might otherwise miss. Remember, you can always change your system configuration at a later time.

For technical support of this product, please see your dealer first for assistance, as he/she is most likely to understand your specific needs and equipment setup. To be eligible for any Trantor factory technical support which may be necessary, your Product Registration Card **must** be on file with us.

Please fill out and mail in your Product Registration Card within 10 days of purchase!

1.0 Introduction

This guide describes the installation and operation of the Trantor™ T130 SCSI host adapter card (hereafter also referred to as "host adapter") for the IBM® PC/XT/AT®, 80386/80486 and other compatible computer systems.

1.1 Hardware

Your Trantor SCSI (Small Computer System Interface) host adapter has been designed to provide high-performance control of virtually any SCSI device. Some of the important features include:

- Standardized SCSI interface, permitting the use of most SCSI devices.
- Both internal and external connectors, for use with SCSI devices mounted inside or outside the computer. The external connector is compatible with Apple® Macintosh® SCSI interface pinouts for ease of cabling (see below for details).
- Supports I/O-mapped data transfer at any one of 4 addresses, BIOS ROM mapping at any one of 4 addresses (plus disable) and zero-wait-state operation for high-speed performance.

1.2 Checklist

You should have received the following items in your Trantor host adapter kit:

- T130 SCSI host adapter card
- Software distribution diskette(s)
- Hardware Installation Guide* (this document)
- User Guide* for the included software
- Product Registration card

If you find that anything is missing, please contact your dealer immediately.

1.3 Software Overview

The distribution diskette packaged with your host adapter contains a number of files of interest. These are fully described in the software *User Guide*, but there is one file to be aware of when installing the hardware:

READ.ME

A text file which **may** be included, containing up-to-date information since this guide was printed. It is important that you look for this file and, if it exists, read it carefully.

2.0 Hardware Installation

The Trantor T130 SCSI host adapter will fit into any available adapter slot in your computer. If you plan to use internally-mounted SCSI devices, we recommend installing the T130 in a slot near the drive mounting locations.

Before beginning installation, please read through this procedure thoroughly. Also review your computer system's manual for the procedures covering adapter card installation and cover removal and replacement. Have the appropriate hand tools available so that you can remove your computer's cover and install the card.

1. Before proceeding, **turn off and unplug** your computer, to avoid the risk of dangerous electrical shock or damage to your equipment!
2. Remove your computer system's cover. This is typically done by removing 5 or 6 screws at the rear of the system, then sliding the cover forward and off. Refer to your computer manufacturer's user manual for details if you're unsure of this procedure.
3. Check the switch and jumper settings on your card, as required. For most installations, the factory default settings should be correct, but see section 3 for setup details.
4. Choose an available expansion slot for installation of the host adapter. The card may normally be used in any available 8-bit or 16-bit slot, but on some IBM XT computers, slot #8 may not allow the host adapter to function properly. When choosing a slot, keep in mind that a SCSI cable will be run between the host adapter and any internal SCSI devices that you wish to use. Therefore, it's usually a good idea to put the host adapter in a slot nearest these devices, to make sure the cable will reach and to minimize clutter. It's also a good idea to put the host adapter into an 8-bit slot (if available) on an AT-type or 80386/80486 computer, to avoid tying up one of the 16-bit slots, which may be needed by other devices.
5. If you require the appropriate SCSI interface cable (either internal or external) to connect the host adapter card to your SCSI device, contact your dealer for assistance. If you plan to use the host adapter with internally-mounted SCSI devices, connect your SCSI interface ribbon cable to the host adapter's internal connector (on the top edge of the card). Note that the cable may be hooked up one of two ways; make sure that line 1 of the cable is oriented toward the Pin 1 end of the J2 connector (Pin 1 is at the lower left corner of the T130 connector). The number "1" is silkscreened on the board adjacent to Pin 1. Normally, line 1 of the cable should have a colored stripe for easy identification.
6. Remove the blank back-cover plate at the chosen slot position and save the bracket screw (you'll need it in a moment).
Carefully insert the host adapter card into the slot and align the edge connector on the card with the connector in the computer. Apply firm downward pressure on the card as you insert it into the slot, being careful to avoid bending the card or jamming it on any nearby protrusions in the chassis. Re-use the screw removed with the blank cover plate to fasten the host adapter securely into place. **Unless the edge connector on the card is properly inserted into the connector in the computer it is possible that neither the card nor the computer will work properly (and may even suffer damage). Double-check your work carefully!**

If you installed an internal-device ribbon cable for SCSI devices (Step 5), make sure that the cable does not rub against any sharp points on adjacently-mounted cards in your computer, and that it is positioned so that it will not snag your computer's top cover when it is slid back into place.

7. If you plan to connect more than one SCSI device to your adapter card simultaneously, make sure that the each device's "address" (device number) is different (between 0 and 7, a bootable device must be set to address 0, 1 or 2). This is essential to prevent conflicts when the host adapter communicates with the devices. Also note, on the SCSI connector of each device, which end of the connector is the "pin 1" end. Most SCSI devices have a 50-pin connector, and it is possible to connect a cable backwards if you don't identify the correct end. The device(s) should have a label on the circuit board near the connector, indicating either the pin-1 end or the pin-50 end; consult the device's manual if you can't identify the correct end yourself. The cable which connects the device(s) to the host adapter card should have a colored stripe on one side; the stripe indicates pin 1 of the cable.
8. If you are using an externally-mounted SCSI device, connect your SCSI interface cable to the 25-pin connector at the rear of the host adapter card. **Be careful to avoid connecting the SCSI cable to one of the parallel printer ports on the back of the computer. These use the same type of connector, and are easily confused. Conversely, never plug a parallel printer (or other parallel device) into a host adapter.**
9. If you are using an internally-mounted SCSI device, install it into an available drive bay per the manufacturer's instructions. Connect the power and SCSI interface cables, being careful to route both cables around any sharp edges or protrusions, and keeping the cables out of the way of the cover.
10. This completes the hardware installation of your SCSI subsystem. Once the host adapter is properly installed, replace the computer's cover and plug the computer in.
11. Proceed with software installation, hard disk partitioning/formatting (if applicable) and system checkout, following the instructions in your software User Guide.

Note: see the reverse side (section 4) for connector pinout details.

3.0 Switch & Jumper Settings

Although the default settings will work in most installations, you may find it necessary to change the factory switch and jumper settings of your T130 SCSI host adapter. These switches and jumpers set the card address, interrupt channel and other functions. See *Figure 1* for an illustration of the card configuration locations.

Note, however, that you should only change settings on the card if you **absolutely understand** what you are doing. The following information is **not** intended for, and is not written for, novice users. In some cases, changing settings on the card also necessitates changing settings in the software.

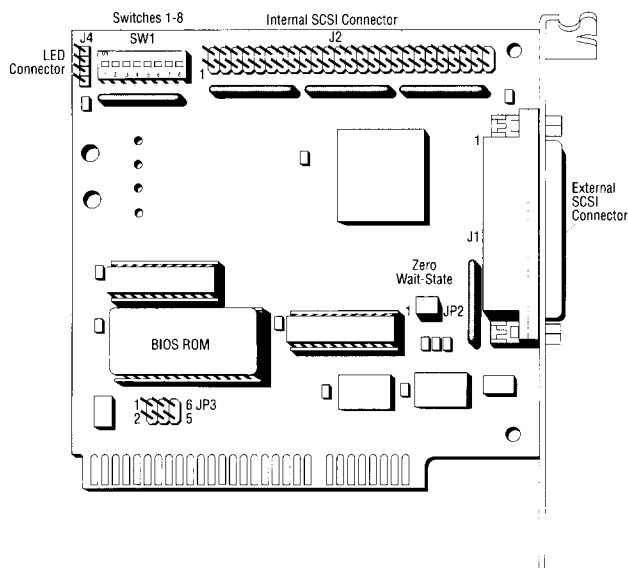


Figure 1 T130 Switch & Jumper Locations

In the following instructions, switch blocks and jumper blocks are mentioned; these are indicated on *Figure 1*. The default position for all switches on the T130 is OFF.

Summary of Switch Settings

The various switches (1 - 8) are assigned as follows, and are detailed below:

- | | |
|------|------------------|
| SW 1 | I/O address 1 |
| 2 | I/O address 2 |
| 3 | ROM address 1 |
| 4 | ROM address 2 |
| 5 | ROM address 3 |
| 6 | BIOS ROM disable |
| 7 | Reserved |
| 8 | Reserved |

Card Address (SW1/SW2):

The T130 will work at one of four I/O addresses. Switches 1 and 2 select this address.

I/O Address	SW1	SW2
350h	OFF	OFF
340h	OFF	ON
250h	ON	OFF
240h	ON	ON

Note: The T130 uses a single 8K address range beginning at the address selected by the switches.

BIOS ROM Address (SW3/SW4/SW5):

The T130 BIOS ROM will work at one of four addresses. Switches 3, 4 and 5 select this address.

ROM Address	SW3	SW4	SW5
Disabled	OFF	OFF	OFF
CA000h	OFF	OFF	ON
CE000h	OFF	ON	OFF
DA000h	OFF	ON	ON
DE000h	ON	OFF	OFF
Reserved	ON	OFF	ON
Reserved	ON	ON	OFF
Reserved	ON	ON	ON

Note: The T130's ROM uses a single 8K address range beginning at the address selected by the switches.

BIOS ROM Boot Disable (SW6):

If you wish to disable the T130's ability to boot from a device at SCSI address 0, 1 or 2, set this switch to the On position.

Boot ROM	SW6
Enabled	OFF
Disabled	ON

Reserved Switches:

Switches 7 and 8 are reserved and should remain in the OFF position at all times.

Zero Wait-state Operation (JP2):

The T130 may be configured to operate with zero wait-states if jumper JP2 (see Figure 1) is ON both pins (the default setting is OFF). Using zero wait-states permits significantly faster operation of SCSI hard disks or other fast drives, but should only be enabled for AT-class or faster computers. For proper operation in an XT-class computer, leave this jumper off. "Zero Wait-State" does **not** refer to the zero wait-state memory in your computer; rather, it refers to the speed of the bus itself. **Do not** put this jumper in place if you suspect there are problems with operation of the host adapter until you are sure that zero wait-state operation is functioning correctly.

Zero Wait-State Operation	JP2
Enabled	ON
Disabled	OFF

Jumper Block JP3:

This jumper block is used for optional interrupt selection – interrupts are not used by Trantor software, therefore the jumper included with the T130 is set for no interrupt setting. If required by other software, interrupts 3, 5 and 7 are available via jumper settings on jumper block JP3 as follows:

Interrupt	Jumper Block JP3
IRQ3	 pin 1 pin 5
IRQ5	 pin 1 pin 5
IRQ7	 pin 1 pin 5
no interrupt	 pin 1 pin 5 (or no jumper)

Jumper Block JP4:

JP4 is used for connecting a hard disk LED activity light. Typically, this LED is present on the front panel of your computer's case; simply connect the appropriate wire from your computer to this location. The top two pins should be used if your computer has a 2-wire connector.

Disclaimer of Warranty

This guide is sold "as is." Trantor makes no warranties as to the contents of this guide and specifically disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. Trantor reserves the right to make changes to the guide, software and hardware described herein without obligation to notify any person or organization of such changes.

The software described in this document is provided under a License Agreement included with the software and may be used only in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

Trantor is a trademark of Trantor Systems Limited which may be registered in some jurisdictions. All other trademarks used are owned by their respective holders.

Trantor Systems Limited 5415 Randall Place Fremont, CA 94538-3151 USA

Copyright © 1992-1993 Trantor Systems Limited. All Rights Reserved. This document may not, in whole or in part, be copied, photocopied, translated, or reduced to any electronic medium or machine readable form without Trantor Systems Limited's prior written consent.



Made With Recycled Materials

Printed in USA

WARRANTY, SERVICE, SUPPORT

If you have technical questions not answered by this guide, contact your dealer first. If your dealer is unable to answer your questions, you may contact Trantor directly.

TRANTOR PRODUCTS LIMITED WARRANTY

Trantor Systems Ltd. (hereafter Trantor) warrants this hardware product to be free from defects in material and workmanship under the following terms.

WARRANTY TERM

Labor is warranted for (1) One Year from the date of the first consumer purchase. Parts are warranted for (1) One Year from the date of the first consumer purchase. Magnetic media on which the software is supplied is warranted for (90) Ninety Days from the date of the first consumer purchase. Note that only the media itself is warranted, not the software; please refer to the License Agreement on the software package.

WHO IS PROTECTED

This warranty may be enforced only by the first consumer purchaser.

WHAT IS COVERED AND WHAT IS NOT COVERED

Except as specified below, this warranty covers all defects in material or workmanship in this product. The following are not covered by the warranty:

1. Any product which is not distributed by Trantor or an Authorized Distributor or which is not purchased in the USA from an authorized Trantor dealer. If you are uncertain as to whether a dealer is authorized please contact Trantor.
2. Any product on which the serial number (if applicable) has been defaced, modified or removed.
3. Damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from:
 - a. Accident, misuse, abuse, neglect, fire, water, lightning or other acts of nature, commercial or industrial use, unauthorized product modification, or failure to follow instructions supplied with the product.
 - b. Repair or attempted repair by anyone not authorized by Trantor.
 - c. Any shipment of the product (claims must be presented to the carrier).
 - d. Removal or installation of the product.
 - e. Any other cause which does not relate to a product defect.
4. Carbons, carrying cases, batteries, external cabinets, or any accessories used in conjunction with the product.

WHAT WE WILL PAY FOR AND WHAT WE WILL NOT PAY FOR

We will pay all labor and material expenses for covered items, but we will not pay for the following:

1. Removal or installation.
2. Costs of initial technical adjustments (set-up), including adjustment of user controls and software installation and configuration. These costs are the responsibility of the Trantor dealer from whom the product was purchased.
3. Shipping charges to or from Trantor.

HOW YOU CAN GET WARRANTY SERVICE

1. Call Technical Support to verify the product is not functioning properly at (510) 226-SCSI.
2. Call us for a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) at (510) 770-1400.
3. Ship product prepaid with RMA number clearly marked on the outside of the package to Trantor Systems Limited 5415 Randall Place Fremont, CA 94538-3151 USA.
4. Whenever warranty service is required, the original dated sales slip (or a copy) must be presented as proof of warranty coverage, and should be included in any shipment of the product. Please also include in any mailing, your name, address, and a description of the problem(s).

TECHNICAL SUPPORT BBS

Trantor Systems maintains a Technical Support Bulletin Board System at our Fremont offices. In case you have experienced customer service problems, you are welcome to contact us via the BBS with questions and suggestions, and share these with other users. Update notifications, new product announcements and technical tips will be available online. The telephone number is 510-656-5159, and the BBS is available 24 hours per day. When you call, set your modem and communications software to 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity.

DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES

EXCEPT FOR THE EXPRESS WARRANTIES SET FORTH ABOVE, TRANTOR GRANTS NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ON EQUIPMENT INCLUDING ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

EXCLUSION OF DAMAGES

TRANTOR'S LIABILITY FOR ANY DEFECTIVE PRODUCT IS LIMITED TO THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT AT OUR OPTION. TRANTOR SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR:

1. DAMAGE TO OTHER PROPERTY CAUSED BY ANY DEFECTS IN THIS PRODUCT, DAMAGES BASED UPON INCONVENIENCE, LOSS OF USE OF THE PRODUCT, LOSS OF TIME, COMMERCIAL LOSS; OR
2. ANY OTHER DAMAGES, WHETHER INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR OTHERWISE.

SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW EXCLUSION OF AN IMPLIED WARRANTY AND/OR DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

HOW STATE LAW RELATES TO THE WARRANTY

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

TRANTOR SOFTWARE LICENSE AND WARRANTY

Please refer to the separate Trantor Software License and Warranty which came with your Trantor distribution diskette.

FCC NOTICE

Your Trantor SCSI host adapter is covered by FCC rules for a Class B computing device.

The following information is provided for the information and guidance of the user. Use shielded cables to attach only peripherals (computer input/output devices, terminals, printers etc.) certified to comply with the Class B limits to your computer.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. FCC regulations, Part 15 prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) specify that we provide the following information:

WARNING

This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used properly, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception. It has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance with the specification in Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide a reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, (which you can determine by turning the equipment OFF and ON), the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Relocate the computer with respect to the receiver.
- Move the computer away from the receiver.
- Plug the computer into a different outlet so that the computer and receiver are on different branch circuits.

If necessary, consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find the booklet **How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems** helpful. This booklet has been prepared by the FCC and is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402; Stock # 004-000-00345-4.