

# UP1500 User's Manual

Part Number: UP1500 800-A1

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Part #: UP1500 800-A1

Date: May 09, 2001

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# **Revision History**

Date	Rev	Description				
03/12/01	UP1500 800-A1	UP1500 User's Manual first product release. This document supports the UP1500 800-A product.				

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# Preface

### Overview This manual describes the Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. UP1500 product, including the Alpha 21264B Processor. The manual emphasizes the System Reference Manual (SRM) Console firmware user interface. Task-oriented topics include a description of how to: Install an operating system Check or change system configurations Troubleshoot basic system problems Hardware-oriented topics include how to: Install memory modules Cable the I/O connections Cable the diskette and IDE disk I/O ports Audience This manual is intended for technicians and engineers who support resellers, dealers, system integrators, and OEM vendors who supply UP1500-based systems. Scope This manual describes the features, configuration options, functional operation, troubleshooting analysis and user interface of the system and its SRM Console firmware. It is a companion piece to Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.'s UP1500 document set that includes the UP1500 Quick Start Installation Guide and the UP1500 Technical Reference Manual.

## Manual Organization

The UP1500 User's Manual is organized as follows:

 Chapter 1, "UP1500 Introduction," presents the product features and includes a functional block diagram of the system.

- Chapter 2, "System Configuration," provides a pictorial layout of the UP1500 with its key components. Configuration elements include main memory guidelines, I/O disk port cabling, and non-keyed I/O connections.
- Chapter 3, "Electrical, Environmental and Physical Data," furnishes the electrical and environmental requirements, and physical board dimensions.
- Chapter 4, "Software Support," describes the three major software components that form the UP1500 user interface. Topics include the Alpha System Reference Manual (SRM) Console and Fail Safe Booter (FSB) firmware, and procedures describing installation and upgrade of the Linux operating system.
- Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," discusses solutions for hardware and software problems encountered during system startup.
- Appendix A, "Connectors and Pinouts," describes the connectors and pinouts used on the UP1500.
- Appendix B, "Support, Products and Documentation," provides directions for obtaining additional product information and technical support.

# **Conventions and Definitions**

This section defines product-specific terminology, abbreviations, and other conventions used throughout this manual.

#### **Typographic Conventions**

This manual uses the following type conventions:

- Variable information and document titles appear in *italic* type.
- Text that you type is shown in **bold Courier font**.
- Type that appears on a screen, such as an example of computer output, is shown in Courier font.
- Two key names joined with a forward slash are simultaneous keystrokes.
   Press down the first key while you type the second key, as in press Ctrl/S.

#### Acronyms

The following is a list of the acronyms used in this document and their definitions.

-

Abbreviation	Meaning
AGP	Accelerated Graphics Port
ALI	Acer Laboratories, Inc.
AMD	Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.
CD	Compact Disk
CE	European Conforming
CPU	Central Processing Unit
cUL	Canadian Underwriters Laboratory
DDR	Double Data Rate
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
ECC	Error Correcting Code
ECP	Enhanced Capabilities Port
EMI	Electromagnetic Interference
EN	European Norm
EPLD	Electrically Programmable Logic Device
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port
FAQ	Frequently Asked Questions
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FDD	Floppy Disk Drive
FSB	Fail-Safe Booter
HDD	Hard Disk Drive
I <sup>2</sup> C	Inter-integrated Circuit
IDE	Integrated Device Electronics
I/O	Input/Output
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture
KBD	Keyboard
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LW	Late Write
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OS	Operating System
PAL	Privileged Architecture Library
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
РСВ	Printed Circuit Board
PMU	Power Management Unit

Abbreviation	Meaning		
ROM	Read-only Memory		
RTC	Real Time Clock		
SCSI	Small Computer System Interface		
SDRAM	Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory		
SEC	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.		
SM	System Management		
SPD	Serial Presence Detect		
SRM	System Reference Manual		
SROM	Serial Read-only Memory		
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory		
SSRAM	Synchronous SRAM		
UL	Underwriters Laboratory		
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter		
USB	Universal Serial Bus		
VID	Voltage Identification		
VRM	Voltage Regulator Module		

# Chapter 1 UP1500 Introduction

This chapter provides an overview of the UP1500 product, including its components and features.

The UP1500 product consists of an Alpha 21264B Processor Central Processing Unit (CPU), and a Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) bus interfacing the following components:

- Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. (AMD) AMD-761 System Controller
- Acer Laboratories, Inc. (ALI) M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge
- Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (SEC) K7D8071M-HC30 or IBM 0436A8CFLBB L2 cache
- Intel Corp. 21143 PCI/CardBus 10/100 Mb/s LAN (Ethernet) Controller
- Creative Labs, Inc. Sound Blaster-compatible sound chip
- Voltage Regulator Module (VRM)

UP1500s are designed for use in uniprocessor workstation and low-end server platforms.

#### 1.1 Features

Table 1-1 provides a summary of the UP1500 product features.

Feature	Description	Manufacturer
<b>Physical Form Factor:</b>	ATX (12" X 9.6")	
CPU:	Supports 800MHz EV68 Alpha 21264B Processor	SEC
Cache:	External 4 MB or 8MB L2 cache, 128-bit Double Data Rate Synchronous Static Random Access Memory (SSRAM)	SEC
	AMD-761 System Controller	AMD
Chipsets:	M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge	ALI
	• 21143 LAN Controller	Intel
Main Memory:	Three 184-pin, PC 133 Synchronous Direct Random Access Memory (SDRAM) registered Serial Presence Detect (SPD) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMMs) of 128 MB, 256 MB, 512 MB, or 1 GB, providing 128 MB to 4 GB memory with Error Correcting Code (ECC)	

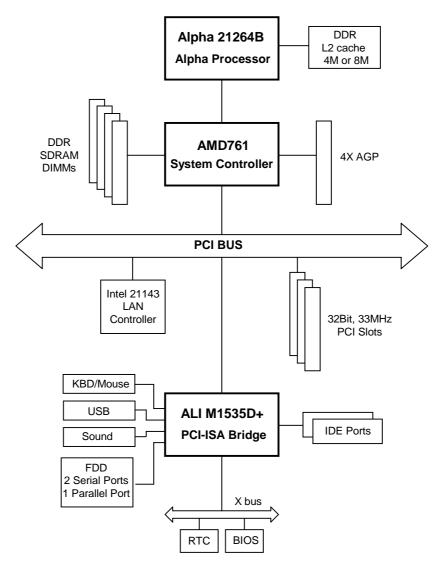
#### Table 1-1UP1500 Product Features

Feature	Description	Manufacturer				
Power:	Requires 300W ATX power supply					
rower.	Uses ATX power connectors					
System Interface:	• 133 MHz clock with Double Data Rate (DDR) transfers					
	• Two Ultra DMA 33/66/100 Integrated Device Electronics (IDE) connectors, driven by the dual-channel IDE controllers in the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge					
	• Inter-integrated Circuit (I <sup>2</sup> C) System Management (SM) bus					
	• Two external Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports, driven by the USB controller in the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge					
On-board Input/Output (I/O):	<ul> <li>Two serial Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART) ports, driven by the Super I/O controller in the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>One Enhanced Capabilities Port (ECP) / Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) / SP parallel port, driven by the Super I/O controller in the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge</li> </ul>					
	• One dual-drive capable Floppy Disk Drive (FDD) controller driven by the Super I/O controller in the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge					
	PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse port					
I/O Slots:	• One 4x Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) slot, driven by the AGP controller in the AMD-761 System Controller					
1/0 51015:	• Three 33 MHz PCI slots, driven by the 32-bit PCI bus controller in the AMD-761 System Controller					
Sound Card:	Sound Blaster-compatible sound controller driven by the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge					
Firmware:Embedded Alpha System Reference Manual (SRM) Console						

#### Table 1-1UP1500 Product Features (Continued)

# 1.2 System Components

The UP1500 is implemented in industry-standard parts and uses an Alpha 21264B Processor. The functional components of the UP1500 are shown in block diagram form in Figure 1-1. A detailed description of system components is provided in the UP1500 Technical Reference Manual.



*Note: Refer to the list of Acronyms on page x of the Preface for an explanation of terminology used in the block diagram.* 

Figure 1-1 UP1500 Functional Block Diagram

# Chapter 2System Configuration

This chapter describes the layout and configuration of the UP1500. It includes information about switch settings used to determine the UP1500 configuration.

## 2.1 Board Layout and Components

On-board connectors are provided for the following:

- AGP and PCI cards
- IDE and FDD devices
- USB devices
- Memory DIMMs
- Serial and parallel peripherals
- LAN (Ethernet) port
- Audio In/Out and Mic In connections
- Power

These connectors and the configuration switchpack are shown in Figure 2-1, which depicts the UP1500 and its components. Table 2-1 specifies the components as indicated in Figure 2-1.

Refer to Appendix A for a complete description of the connectors and pinouts used in the UP1500.

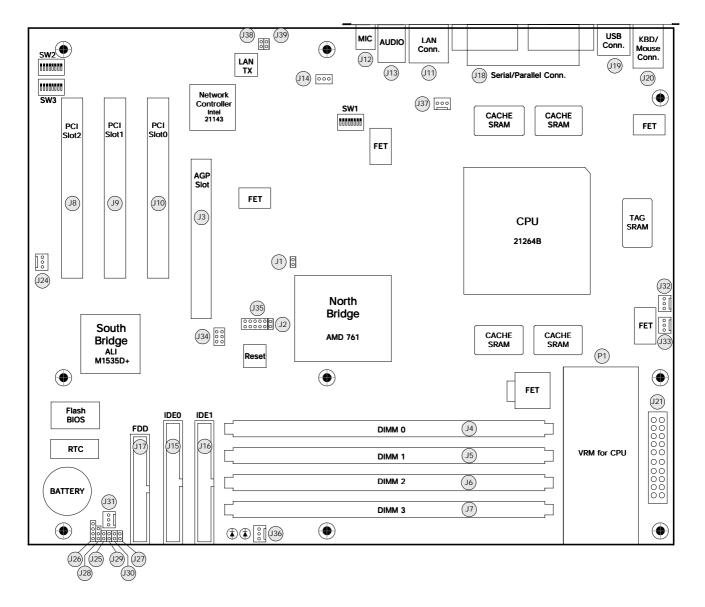




Table 2-1	<b>UP1500 Connector Component List</b>
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Comp. No.	Specification	Comp. No.	Specification
J1	PLL Bypass Mode Selector	J2	PLL Test Mode Selector
J3	AGP Connector	J4	184-pin DDR DIMM Socket, Slot 0
J5	184-pin DDR DIMM Socket, Slot 1	J6	184-pin DDR DIMM Socket, Slot 2
J7	184-pin DDR DIMM Socket, Slot 3	J8	32-bit PCI Connector, Slot 2

Comp. No.	Specification	Comp. No.	Specification
J9	32-bit PCI Connector, Slot 1	J10	32-bit PCI Connector, Slot 0
J11	Local Area Network (LAN RJ-45 Ethernet) Connector	J12	Mic In Connector
J13	Audio In/Out Connector	J14	Compact Disk (CD) Audio In Connector
J15	Primary IDE Connector	J16	Secondary IDE Connector
J17	Floppy Disk Drive (FDD) Connector	J18	Serial/Parallel I/O Port
J19	USB Port	J20	Keyboard/Mouse Port
J21	ATX Power Connector	J22	Not Used
J23	Not Used	J24	System Management (SM) Bus Extender Port
J25	Power Button Connector	J26	Speaker Cable Connector
J27	Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Activity LED Connector	J28	Power LED Connector
J29	<b>Reset Button Connector</b>	<b>J30</b>	Keybord Lock Cable Connector
J31	System Fan Connector 0	J32	CPU Fan Connector 0
J33	CPU Fan Connector 1	J34	Debug Port
J35	Electrically Programmable Logic Device (EPLD) Program Port	J36	System Fan Connector 1
J37	System Controller Fan Connector	J38	Network Receive LED Connector
39	Network Active LED Connector		

 Table 2-1
 UP1500 Connector Component List (Continued)

# 2.2 Memory Subsystem

#### 2.2.1 Memory Configuration

The memory subsystem has two DIMM bank with four independent slots. (See Figure 2-2) Each slot accepts 184-pin, PC133 DDR SDRAM Registered SPD DIMM modules.

The following DIMM sizes may be used : 128 MB 256 MB 512 MB 1 GB		
Memory Subsystem		
DIMM Slot 0 (J4)		
DIMM Slot 1 (J5)		
DIMM Slot 2 J6		
DIMM Slot 3 J7		

Figure 2-2 Memory Subsystem

#### 2.2.2 Memory Guidelines

Use the following rules to populate the UP1500 memory subsystem :

- Populate Slot 1 (J3) first.
- DIMM size can be 128 MB, 256 MB, 512 MB, or 1GB.
- Each slot can use different sized DIMMs.
- Memory is supported in a size range between 128 MB (minimum) to 4 GB (maximum)

See Table 2-2 for typical memory configurations.

*Note:* For a list of supported memory manufacture's and parts, check Samsung Electronics Co.,Ltd. website for the UP1500 Hardware Compatibility List (HCL) :

http://www.alpha.samsung.com/

Devices used on DIMM	1 DIMM (2 rows) x64/x72	2 DIMMs (2 rows each) x64/x72	2 DIMMs (2 rows each) x64/x72	4 DIMMs (2 rows each) x64/x72
64 Mbit (4M x 4 x 4 banks)	256 Mbytes	512 Mbytes	768 Mbytes	1 Gbytes
64 Mbit (2M x 8 x 4 banks)	128 Mbytes	256 Mbytes	384 Mbytes	512 Mbytes
128 Mbit (8M x 4 x 4 banks)	512 Mbytes	1 Gbytes	1.5 Gbytes	2 Gbytes
128 Mbit (4M x 8 x 4 banks)	256 Mbytes	512 Mbytes	768 Mbytes	1 Gbytes
128 Mbit (2M x 16 x 4 banks)	128 Mbytes	256 Mbytes	384 Mbytes	512 Mbytes
256 Mbit (16M x 4 x 4 banks)	1 Gbytes	2 Gbytes	3 Gbytes	4 Gbytes
256 Mbit (8M x 8 x 4 banks)	512 Mbytes	1 Gbytes	1.5 Gbytes	2 Gbytes
256 Mbit (4M x 16 x 4 banks)	256 Mbytes	512 Mbytes	768 Mbytes	1 Gbytes
512 Mbit (16M x 4 x 4 banks)	1 Gbytes	2 Gbytes	3 Gbytes	4 Gbytes
512 Mbit (8M x 16 x 4 banks)	512 Mbytes	1 Gbytes	1.5 Gbytes	2 Gbytes

Table 2-2Typical UP1500 Memory Configurations

*Note:* The maximum address space supported by the AMD-761 system controller is 4 Gbytes

## 2.3 Configuration Settings

The UP1500 has one configuration switchpack, SW1, which has selectable settings. These switch settings are organized as follows:

- Switches 1 and 2—Firmware image selection
- Switches 4, 5 and 6—System bus speed selection
- Switches 7 and 8—L2 cache size selection

The location of SW1 is shown in Figure 2-1, in the upper-center of the board.

#### 2.3.1 Firmware Image Selection

Configuration of alternate firmware is managed through setting of switches 1 and 2 on SW1, as shown in Table 2-3. Switches 1 and 2 are On by default, which boots the UP1500 under SRM Console.

Table 2-3	2)	onliguration Settings (	Sw1, Switches 1 and	
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Function	Switch 1 Position	Switch 2 Position	
SRM Console (default)	On	On	
Fail Safe Booter (FSB)	Off	Off	

#### 2.3.2 System Bus Speed Selection

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System bus speed is configured using Switches 4, 5 and 6 of SW1, as shown in Table 2-4.

# Table 2-4System Bus Speed Configuration Settings (SW1, Switches4, 5 and 6)

Function	Switch 4 Position	Switch 5 Position	Switch 6 Position
100 MHz	Off	Off	Off
133 MHz (default)	Off	Off	On

#### 2.3.3 Cache Size Selection

Cache size is configured using Switches 7 and 8 of SW1, as shown in Table 2-5.

8)	_	
Function	Switch 7 Position	Switch 8 Position
Cache Disable	On	On
2 MB	On	Off
4 MB	Off	On
8MB	Off	Off

Table 2-5Cache Size Configuration Settings (SW1, Switches 7 and<br/>8)

## 2.4 Initialization Strapping

The UP1500 has another two switchpacks - SW2, SW3 - which describe the strapping of the AMD-761 System Controller.

#### 2.4.1 System Clock Speed

System clock speed is encoded using Switches 1 and 2 of SW2.

#### 2.4.2 Disable Divider

Special clock test mode that accomodates a large skew between the 1X and 2X clocks is enabled using Switch 3 of SW2.

#### 2.4.3 Inclk Delay Enable

Inclock delay of the AMD-761 System Controller is enabled using Switch 4 of SW2.

#### 2.4.4 CPU Clk Hist

Amount of hysteresis applied to the SysDataOutClk[3:0] and SysAddOutClk inputs for noise immunity is encoded using Switches 5 and 6 of SW2.

#### 2.4.5 AGP Clk MUX

Input to APLL clock mux for PLL test mode is selected using Switches 7 and 8 of SW2 and Switch 1 of SW3.

#### 2.4.6 Physical S2K Length

CPU 0 physical S2K length is encoded using Switches 2 and 3 of SW3.

### 2.4.7 Outclk Delay Enable

EV6 / K7 Outclk delay is enabled using Switch 4 of SW3.

#### 2.4.8 CPU Div 0

Clock divider from CPU 0 is selected using Switches 5, 6, 7 and 8 of SW3.

# Chapter 3Electrical, Environmental and<br/>Physical Data

In this chapter, a description is provided of the UP1500 power requirements, environmental and enclosure specifications, and physical parameters.

## 3.1 Power Specifications

#### 3.1.1 Power Consumption

The UP1500 has a typical total power consumption of 90W. Table 3-1 lists the current requirement for each direct current supply voltage (Vdc) for the UP1500. All requirements are for fully populated products, with maximum usage applied.

*Note:* This table does not include requirements for peripheral slots or disk drives. Be sure to allow for adequate additional current when selecting a power supply for the UP1500.

Source	Current	Power
3.3V	5.087A	17W
5.0V	13.4A (14.7A)	67W (73.5W)
5.0V standby	<b>0.8A</b>	<b>4.0</b> W
-5.0V	0.1A	0.5W
12V	<b>0.1A</b>	1.2W
-12V	0.1A	1.2W
Total Power Consumption:91W (97.5W)		

#### Table 3-1 UP1500 Operating Power Consumption

*Note:* The current values in parenthesis are for the UP1500-800 version.

#### 3.1.2 Power Supply

The UP1500 requires the use of a 300 Watt ATX power supply. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. recommends the power supply described in Table 3-2, or any comparable power supply which can provide the same level of support.

Feature	Specification	
Vendor and Model:	EMACS AP2-5300F	
	• 30A @ +5V	
	• 10A @ +12V	
Outmut	• 1.0A @ -5V	
Output:	• 1.0A @ -12V	
	• 28A @ +3.3V	
	• 0.85A @ 5 Vsb Typical	
	• Maximum allowable $3.3V + 5V$ total draw = $175W$	
Qualifications:	• Maximum total continuous power = 300W	
	• Maximum total peak power = 300W	

Table 3-2	<b>Recommended Power S</b>	Supply
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#### 3.1.3 Power Connector

The power connector on the UP1500 is an ATX Standard 10 x 2 (20-pin) connector.

## 3.2 Environmental Specifications

The Alpha 21264B Processor is cooled by one 80 mm fan blowing air directly into the chip's heat sink. The UP1500 is designed to run efficiently using only this fan. Additional fans may be necessary depending upon cabinets and requirements of plug-in cards.

The UP1500 is specified to run within the environment listed in Table 3-3.

Table 5-5 Environmental Requirements			
Parameter	Specification		
Operating temperature	+5°C to +35°C (+41°F to +95°F)		
Storage temperature	-35°C to +85°C (-31°F to +185°F)		
Relative Humidity	10% to 90%, with maximum wet bulb temperature of 35°C (95°F) and minimum dew point of 2°C (36°F)		
Rate of (dry bulb) temperature change	11°C/hr. ±2°C/hr. (20°F/hr. ±4°F/hr.)		

#### Table 3-3 Environmental Requirements

#### 3.2.1 Cerification

#### ■ CE

The emmission tests were passed according to the EN 55022 Class-A. The immunity tests were passed according to the EN 55024.

#### FCC Part 15 Class A

*Caution : Any changes or modifications in construction of this device which are not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could voide the user's authority to operate the equipment.* 

Note : This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interface to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interface in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

#### VCCI Class A

この裝置は,情報處理裝置等電波障害自主規制協議會(VCCI)の基準に基づく クラスA情報技術裝置です.この裝置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き 起こすことがあります.この場合には使用者が適切な對策を構ずるよう要求さ れることがあります. ■ Safety

The bare PCB of UP1500 meets registered product-safety certification for the U.S. and Canadian Underwriters Laboratories (UL and cUL).

#### 3.2.2 Thermal

Figure 3-1 shows the location of thermally-sensitive components on the UP1500. A list of maximum allowable case temperatures for these components is provided in Table 3-4.

Case temperatures are a vital factor in determining airflow on a Printed Circuit Board (PCB). Variables which may affect a component's case temperature include the following:

- Operating temperature
- Operating frequency
- Current load

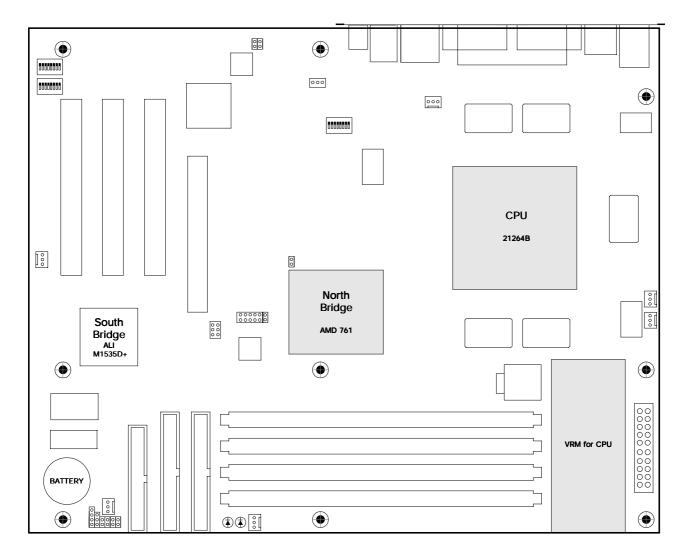


Figure 3-1 Thermally-sensitive Components

 Table 3-4
 Maximum Component Case Temperatures

Component	Maximum Temperature
Alpha 21264B Processor	<77.8°C (172°F)
AMD-761 System Controller	<70°C (158°F)
VRM 8.5 Voltage Regulator Module	<70°C (158°F)

## 3.3 Enclosure Requirements

This product has been approved for use in the Axxion Group ATX Case, DL-17. Refer to section 3.5, "Rear Panel I/O Shield," on page 3-7 for additional details on enclosure requirements.

# 3.4 Physical Parameters

#### 3.4.1 UP1500 Parameters

The UP1500 is a PCB with the dimensions specified in Table 3-5.

Dimension	Value
Length	304.8 mm (12 in)
Width	243.8 mm (9.6 in)
Height	65 mm (2.6 in)

Table 3-5UP1500 Physical Parameters

#### 3.4.2 UP1500 Mounting Hole Specification

The UP1500 mounting hole specification is depicted in Figure 3-2. This mounting hold specification is an standard ATX implementation, which allows the UP1500 to fit into standard ATX chassis.

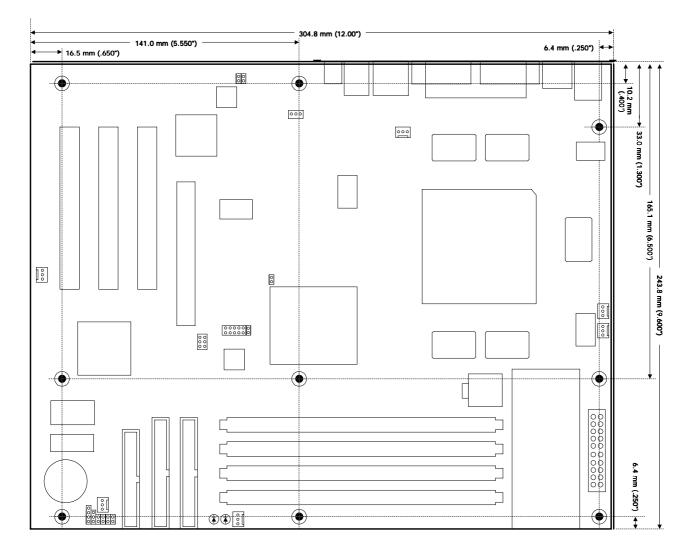


Figure 3-2 UP1500 Mounting Hole Specification

## 3.5 Rear Panel I/O Shield

The UP1500 rear panel connectors must be fitted with a suitable ATX Core Design #6 I/O shield, as shown in Figure 3-3. Individual rear panel I/O connectors are designated with letters. Each connector type and its description are listed in Table 3-6.

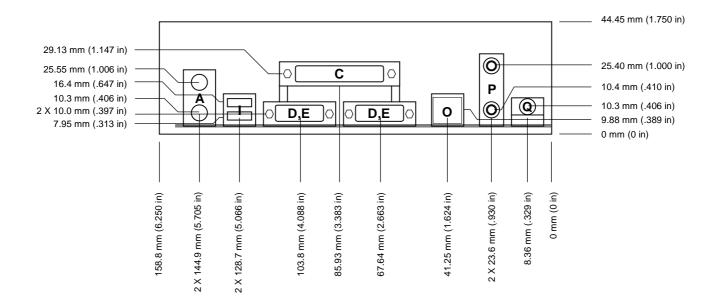




Table 3-6	Rear Panel Connectors
Letter	Connector Description
Α	PS/2 Stacked Mouse (top)/Keyboard (bottom) [DIN]
С	Stacked Parallel (25 Pin D-Sub)
D, E	Serial (9 Pin D-Sub)
Ι	Dual USB
0	LAN (RJ-45 Ethernet)
Р	Audio In (top)/Audio Out (bottom) [Phono jack]
Q	Microphone In (Phono jack)

# Chapter 4 Software Support

### 4.1 Software Overview

UP1500 system supports four major software components:

- Fail Safe Booter (FSB)
- Reset PALcode (Privileged Architecture Library)
- Alpha SRM Console
- Operating System (OS)

#### 4.1.1 FSB

FSB firmware is used for firmware recovery procedure. The UP1500 supports FSB release release 1.0 or higher.

#### 4.1.2 Reset PALcode

When the UP1500 is turned on or reset, Reset PALcode firmware automatically loads performs system initialization activities. Once Reset PALcode firmware is loaded, it automatically load the next level of firmware and passes control to that code.

The UP1500 supports Reset PALcode version X1.7 or higher.

#### 4.1.3 Alpha SRM Console

The SRM Console is special firmware that initializes the UP1500 system and enables you to install and boot the operating systems. Alpha SRM Console firmware resides in the flash ROM on the UP1500.

For further information about the Alpha SRM Console, visit our web site at:

http://www.alpha.samsung.com

or go to the Alpha Linux home page:

http://www.alphalinux.org/

#### 4.1.4 Operating System

The UP1500 works with the Linux kernel 2.2.14 or higher in order to boot from SRM A5.6-15 or higher.

# 4.2 Alpha SRM Console

The Alpha SRM Console is the command line interface that supports the Linux operating systems. The SRM Console is used to bootstrap the operating system, configure and test the system hardware, examine system options for errors, and set or change environment variables.

This following sections describe the SRM Console commands and environment variables:

- Invoking the SRM Console
- Command summary
- Displaying the system configuration
- Booting the Operating System
- Updating firmware
- Using environment variables
- Environment variable summary
- Finding Help

#### 4.2.1 Invoking the SRM Console

When a system is powered up, the SRM Console runs and either remains running or passes control to an operating system. If the system is already running, you can invoke the SRM Console by:

- Shutting down the operating system
- Pressing the **Reset** button

Both of these actions return you to the SRM Console prompt, >>>.

For example, in a running system, in which control has passed to the Linux operating system, do one of the following steps to invoke SRM Console mode:

- Shut down the operating system according to the procedure described in your operating system documentation. The SRM Console prompt, >>>, appears.
- Or:
  - 1. Press the **Reset** button. The SRM Console prompt, >>>, appears. You may now perform tasks in SRM Console mode.
  - 2. At the >>> prompt, type **boot** to return to the operating system.

*Note:* See "Using Environment Variables," section 4.2.7 on page 4-13 for more details.

#### 4.2.2 Command Summary

The SRM Console is a command line interface. SRM Console commands enable you to examine and modify the system state. Table 4-1 gives the most commonly used SRM Console commands. Table 4-2 gives the syntax for the SRM Console commands. Table 4-3 gives special characters you can use in SRM Console mode.

Command	Function
boot	Loads and starts the operating system.
clear <i>envar</i>	Resets an environment variable to its default value.
clear password	Sets the password to zero.
continue	Resumes program execution.
date	Sets or display the system time and date
edit	Invokes the SRM Console line editor on a RAM file or on the nvram file (power-up script).
halt	Halts the processor. (Same as the stop command.)
help	Displays information about the specified SRM Console command.
initialize	Resets the system to a known state.
isacfg	Displays or modifies parameters for ISA devices.
lfu	Runs the Loadable Firmware Update Utility.
login	Turns off secure mode, enabling access to all SRM Console commands during the current session.
more	Displays a file one screen at a time.
set envar	Sets or modifies the value of an environment variable.
set password	Sets the SRM Console password for the first time or changes an existing password.
set secure	Enables secure mode without requiring a restart of the SRM Console.
show envar	Displays the state of the specified environment variable.
show config	Displays the configuration at the last system initialization.
show cpu	Displays the state of the processor.

 Table 4-1
 Summary of SRM Console Commands

Command	Function
show device	Displays a list of controllers and their devices in the system.
show memory	Displays memory module information.
show pal	Displays the version of the privileged architecture library code (PALcode).
show version	Displays the version of the SRM Console program.
stop	Halts the processor. (Same as halt.)

 Table 4-1
 Summary of SRM Console Commands (Continued)

Table 4-2	Syntax for SRM Console Commands
-----------	---------------------------------

Option	Attribute or Action
Length	Up to 255 characters, not including the terminating carriage return or any characters deleted as the command is entered. A command longer than 80 characters and without the backslash character (see Table 4-3) causes display of an error message.
Case	Upper- or lowercase characters can be used for input. Characters are displayed in the case in which they are entered.
Abbreviation	Only by dropping characters from the end of words. You must enter the minimum number of characters to identify the keyword unambiguously. Abbreviation of environment variables is allowed with the show command.
Options	You can use command options, to modify the environment, after the command keyword or after any symbol or number in the command. See individual command descriptions for examples.
Numbers	Most numbers in SRM Console commands are in decimal notation. Two exceptions, both of which use hexadecimal notation, are addresses and numbers used in the deposit command. The default radic can be overridden by inserting %d before the numbers you want to express in decimal, %o before octal, or %x before hexadecimal. Register names (for example, R0) are not considered numbers and use decimal notation.

Option	Attribute or Action
No characters	A command line with no characters is a null command. The SRM Console program takes no action and does not issue an error message; it returns the SRM Console prompt. The SRM Console supports command line recall and editing.
Spaces or Tabs	Multiple adjacent spaces and tabs are compressed and treated as a single space. The SRM Console program ignores leading and trailing spaces.

 Table 4-2
 Syntax for SRM Console Commands (Continued)

Character	Function
Return or Enter	Terminates a command line. No action is taken on a command until it is terminated. If no characters are entered and this key is pressed, the SRM Console just redisplays the prompt.
Backslash (\)	Continues a command on the next line. Must be the last character on the line to be continued.
Backspace	Deletes the previous character.
Help	By itself, displays first-level help. When the <b>Help</b> key is pressed after part of a command, the system displays available options.
Ctrl/A	Toggles between insert and overstrike modes. The default is overstrike.
Ctrl/B or up-arrow	Recalls previous command or commands. The last 16 commands are stored in the recall buffer.
Ctrl/C or Ctrl/P	Terminates the process that is running. Clears Ctrl/S; resumes output suspended by Ctrl/O. When entered as part of a command line, deletes the current line. Ctrl/C has no effect as part of a binary data stream.
left-arrow	Moves the cursor left one position.
Ctrl/E	Moves the cursor to the end of the line.
Ctrl/F or right-arrow	Moves the cursor right one position.
Ctrl/H	Moves the cursor to the beginning of the line.
Ctrl/J	Deletes the previous word.

 Table 4-3
 Special Characters for SRM Console

Character	Function
Ctrl/O	Stops output to the SRM Console terminal for the current command. Toggles between enable and disable. The output can be reenabled by other means as well: when the SRM Console prompts for a command, issues an error message, or enters program mode, or when Ctrl/P is entered.
Ctrl/Q	Resumes output to the SRM Console terminal that was suspended by Ctrl/S.
Ctrl/R	Redisplays the current line. Deleted characters are omitted. This command is useful for hardcopy terminals.
Ctrl/S	Suspends output to the SRM Console terminal until Ctrl/Q is entered. Cleared by Ctrl/C.
Ctrl/U	Deletes the current line.
*	Wildcarding for commands such as <b>show</b> .
	Double quotes enable you to denote a string for environment variable assignment.
#	Specifies that all text between it and the end of the line is a comment. Control characters are not considered part of a comment.

 Table 4-3
 Special Characters for SRM Console (Continued)

# 4.2.3 Displaying the System Configurations

Several commands are used to display the system configuration:

- show config
- show cpu
- show device
- show memory
- show pal
- show version

# show config The show config command displays a list of devices found on the system interconnect and I/O buses. This is the configuration at the most recent initialization. The syntax is:

show config

#### **Example 4-1 Show Config Command**

>>>show config

SEC UP1500 800 MHz SRM Console:A5.6-15 PALcode:OpenVMS PALcode V1.69-54, Tru64 UNIX PALcode V1.62-1 Processors CPU 0 Alpha 21264B-3 800 MHz SROM Revision: X1.7 Bcache size: 2 MB or 4 MB Core Logic System Controller AMD-761 Revision B Step 3 MEMORY Array # Size Base Addr Description \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ 1 128 MB 00000000 128 x 1 DDR Registered 72 bits ECC Total Bad Pages = 0 Total Good Memory = 128 MBytes PCI Hose 00 Bus 00 Slot 01/0: AMD-761 AGP & PCI-PCI BR Bridge to Bus 2, PCI Bus 00 Slot 03: Acer Labs M1535D+ Modem Bus 00 Slot 06: Acer Labs M1535D Audio Bus 00 Slot 07: Acer Labs M1535D Bridge to Bus 1, ISA Bus 00 Slot 11: DE500-BA Network Controller ewa0.0.0.11.0 00-00-F0-51-00-2D Bus 00 Slot 16: Acer Labs M1535D IDE dqa.0.0.16.0 dqa0.0.0.16.0 QUANTUM FIREBALLlct1 dqb0.0.1.16.0 ATAPI CD -ROM DRIVE Bus 00 Slot 17: Acer Labs M1535D PMU Bus 00 Slot 20: Acer Labs M1535D USB Bus 02 Slot 05: 0525102B/217D102B

ISA Slot 0	Device Name	Туре	Ena	abled	BaseAddr	IRQ	DMA
0	MOUSE	Embedd	ed	Yes	60	12	
1	KBD	Embedd	ed	Yes	60	1	
2	COM1	Embedd	ed	Yes	3f8	4	
3	COM2	Embedd	ed	Yes	2£8	3	
4	LPT1	Embedd	ed	Yes	3bc	7	

	5	FLOPPY	Embedded	Yes	3£0	6	2
	6	EIDE	Embedded	Yes	1f0 3f6	14	
					170 376	15	
	7 8	PWR_MANAGEME USB	NTEmbedded Embedded				
show cpu	The show	cpu command	l displays the	status	of the CPU	. The synta	ax is:
	show cp	u					
	Exam	ple 4-2 Show	CPU Comn	nand			
	>>>sho	ow cpu					
	Active Config	e CPUs: ( gured CPUs: (	00 00 00 K1.7				
show device	system: SC	device comr CSI and MSCP(N	Mass Storage	Contr			
	floppy driv	ve, and the netwo	ork. The synt	ax is:			
	show de	vice[contro	oller_nam	e]			
	contr	oller_name	abbreviation that match	ons or the ty displa	ume or abbre wildcards ar pe are displa y is a list of a system.	e used, all yed. If no	controllers name is

## **Example 4-3 Show Device Command**

>>>show device		
dka600.6.0.8.0	DKA600	QUANTUM ATLAS IV 36 WLS 0A0A
dkb600.6.0.108.0	DKB600	QUANTUM ATLAS 10K 9WLS UCH0
dqa0.0.0.16.0	DQA0	CD-ROM C DU4011 UY0A
dva0.0.0.0.0	DVA0	
pka0.7.0.8.0	PKA0	SCSI Bus ID 7
pkb0.7.0.108.0	PKB0	SCSI Bus ID 7

An example of a device name is dka200.2.0.7.1. Table 4-4 shows the

interpretation of this device name.

	Category	Description					
			Two-letter designator of port or class driver:				
		dk	SCSI device IDE Device	fw mk	FDDI device		
dk	Driver ID	dq dr	RAID set device	mu	SCSI tape DSSI tape		
		du dv	DSSI disk Diskette drive	pk	SCSI port		
		av ew	Ethernet port	pu	DSSI port		
		0	Luicince pore				
a	Storage adapter ID		One-letter designator of storage adapter (a, b, c).				
200	Device unit number	Unique number (MSCP unit number). SCSI unit numbers are forced to 100 X node ID.					
2	Bus node number	Bus node ID.					
0	Channel number	Used for multi-channel devices.					
7	Logical slot number	Corresponds to PCI slot number.					
1	Hose number	0 — PCI 0					

Table 4-4Device Naming Convention

Table 4-5PCI Address Assignments

Bus	Device #	Description
	0	AMD-761 System Controller
	1	AMD-761 System Controller, AGP Controller
	7	M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge
	8	PCI Slot 0
Bus 0	9	PC1 Slot 1
200	10	PCI Slot 2
	16	M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge, IDE
	17	M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge, USB
	18	M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge, Power Management Unit (PMU)
Bus 1		AGP Slot

show memory	The show memory command displays information about each memory bank: slot number, size in megabytes, and the starting address. The syntax is:			
	show memory			
	Example 4-4 Show Memory Command			
	>>>show memory			
	Array # Size Base Addr Description			
	0         128 MB         00000000         128 x 1 DDR Registered 72 bits ECC           1         128 MB         00800000         128 x 1 DDR Registered 72 bits ECC           2         128 MB         01000000         128 x 1 DDR Registered 72 bits ECC			
	Total Bad Pages = 0 Total Good Memory = 384 MBytes			
show pal	The show pal command displays the versions of PALcode. PALcode is written to support Alpha processors. It implements architecturally defined processor behavior. The syntax is:			
	show pal			
	Example 4-5 Show PAL Command			
	>>>show pal pal OpenVMS PALcode V1.69-54, Tru64 UNIX PALcode V1.62-1			
show version	The show version command displays the version of the SRM Console program that is installed on the system. The syntax is:			
	show version			
	Example 4-6 Show Version Command			
	>>>show version version A5.6-15 Jan 21 2001 08:29:00			
4.2.4	Setting the System Date			
	The date command is used to either display or set the system time and date.			

The syntax is:

```
date [<yyymmddhhmm.ss>]
```

#### **Example 4-7 Date Command**

```
>>>date
2:51:27 Jan 21, 2001
>>>date 200101210829.00
>>>date
8:29:02 Jan 21, 2001
```

# 4.2.5 Booting the Operating System

The boot command is used to boot the operating system.

#### **Example 4-8 Boot Command**

>>> b dka200

(boot dka200.2.0.7.1 -flags 0,0) block 0 of dka200.2.0.7.1 is a valid boot block reading 893 blocks from dka200.2.0.7.1 bootstrap code read in base = 1fa000, image\_start = 0, image\_bytes = 6fa00 initializing HWRPB at 2000 initializing page table at 1fff0000 initializing machine state setting affinity to the primary CPU jumping to bootstrap code

The boot command initializes the processor, loads a program image from the specified boot device, and transfers control to that image. The syntax is:

boot [-file filename] [-flags [value]] [-halt]
[-protocols enet\_protocol] [boot\_dev]

Table 4-6Boot Command Options

Option	Description
-file filename	The boot file.
-flags [value]	Specifies additional information to the loaded image or operating system. This qualifier overrides the setting of the boot_osflags environment variable. See the boot_osflags environment variable on page 4-17 for a list of settings and their meanings.

Notes: \*The operator console is the monitor, keyboard, and mouse. This hardware is used to enter SRM Console commands into the system.

Option	Description
-halt	Forces the bootstrap operation to halt and invokes the SRM Console program once the bootstrap image is loaded and page tables and other data structures are set up. Operator console <sup>*</sup> device drivers are not shut down. Transfer control to the image by entering the continue command.
-protocols enet_protocol	Either mop or bootp (default). This qualifier overrides the setting of the ew*0_protocols environment variable (see Table 4-12).
boot_ <i>dev</i>	A device path or list of devices from which the SRM Console program attempts to boot, or a saved boot specification in the form of an environment variable. This qualifier overrides the setting of the bootdef_dev environment variable (see page 4-16). Use the bootdef_dev environment variable to define the default boot device string.

 Table 4-6
 Boot Command Options (Continued)

Notes: \*The operator console is the monitor, keyboard, and mouse. This hardware is used to enter SRM Console commands into the system.

# 4.2.6 Updating Firmware (SRM Console)

The lfu command is used to update firmware from the SRM Console prompt. The lfu command starts the Loadable Firmware Update (LFU) Utility. The syntax is:

#### lfu

*Note:* If the system is shut down from a booted program (most commonly, the operating system) or in some other way halted back to the SRM Console, you must reset the system before running LFU.

To run LFU, set the auto\_action variable to halt, then reset the system. Remember to reset auto\_action to the original value after you run LFU.

#### **Example 4-9 Lfu Command**

>>>lfu

Checking dqa0.0.0.16.0 for the option firmware files. . . dqa0.0.0.16.0 has no media present or is disabled via the RUN/STOP switch Checking dva0 for the option firmware files. . .

Option firmware files were not found on CD or floppy. If you want to load the options firmware, please enter the device on which the files are located(ewa0), or just hit <return> to proceed with a standard console update: dva0 Please enter the name of the options firmware files list, or Hit <return> to use the default filename (up1500fw.txt) : Copying up1500fw.txt from dva0. . . Copying albasrm.rom from dva0. . . \*\*\*\*\* Loadable Firmware Update Utility \*\*\*\*\* \_\_\_\_\_ Function Description \_\_\_\_\_ Display Displays the system's configuration table. Exit Done exit LFU (reset). List Lists the device, revision, firmware name, and update Readme Lists important release information. Update Replaces current firmware with loadable data image. Verify Compares loadable and hardware images. ? or Help Scrolls this function table. \_\_\_\_\_ UPD> list Device Current Revision Filename Update Revision srm 5.6-14 srm\_fw 5.6-15 UPD> update Confirm update on: srm [Y/(N)]yWARNING: updates may take several minutes to complete for each device. DO NOT ABORT! Updating to 5.6-15... Verifying 5.6-15... PASSED. srm UPD>

*Note: Refer to section 4.3, "FSB," on page 4-24 for information on updating SRM Console firmware using the FSB.* 

# 4.2.7 Using Environment Variables

Environment variables pass configuration information between the SRM Console and the operating system. Their settings determine how the system powers up,

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boots the operating system, and operates. You issue an init command (see page 4-23 for more details) to activate a new environment variable.

#### Example 4-10 Set envar and Show envar Commands

```
>>> show console
console graphics
>>> set console serial
>>> show console
console serial
>>> init
```

Environment variables are set or changed with the set *envar* command and set to default values with the set -default *envar* command. Their values are viewed with the show *envar* command. User-defined nonvolatile environment variables are created with the edit (see section 4.2.9 on page 4-23 for further information) command.

set envarThe set command sets or modifies the value of an environment variable. It can<br/>also be used to create a new environment variable if the name used is unique.<br/>Environment variables are used to pass configuration information between the<br/>SRM Console and the operating system. The setting of these variables determines<br/>how the system powers up, boots the operating system, and operates. The syntax<br/>is:

set [-default] envar value

#### Table 4-7Set Envar Options

Option	Description
-default	Restores an environment variable to its default setting.
envar	The name of the environment variable to be modified.
value	The new value of the environment variable.

Whenever you modify the value of any of the following environment variables, the new value takes effect only after you reset the system by pressing the **Reset** button or issuing the initialize command:

*Note:*All other environment variables take effect immediately after you set the value.

- console
- kbd\_hardware\_type
- language
- os\_type

**show** *envar* The show *envar* command displays the current value (or setting) of an environment variable. The syntax is:

#### show envar

*envar* The name of the environment variable to be displayed. The wildcard \* displays all environment variables.

#### Example 4-11 Using show envar

>>show os\_type
>>>unix

## 4.2.8 Environment Variable Summary

Environment variables pass configuration information between the SRM Console and the operating system. Their settings determine how the system powers up, boots the operating system, and operates. Environment variables are set or changed with the set *envar* command and returned to their default values with the clear *envar* command. Their values are viewed with the show *envar* command.

Table 4-8 lists the environment variables. Detailed descriptions follow. The environment variables are specific to the SRM Console.

<b>Environment Variable</b>	Function
auto_action	Specifies the SRM Console's action at power-up, a failure, or a reset.
bootdef_dev	Specifies the default boot device string.
boot_osflags	Specifies the default operating system boot flags.
com*_baud	Changes the default baud rate of the COM1 or COM2 serial port.
console	Specifies the device on which power-up output is displayed (serial terminal or graphics monitor).
ei_mode	Specifies the connection type of the default Ethernet controller. In this case, the controller is an Intel controller.
ew*0_mode	Specifies the connection type of the default Ethernet controller. In this case, the controller is a Digital Equipment Corporation controller.
ew*0_protocols	Specifies network protocols for booting over the Ethernet controller.

 Table 4-8
 Environment Variable Summary

Environment Variable	Function
kbd_hardware_ type	Specifies the default operator console keyboard type.
language	Specifies the operator console keyboard layout.
os_type	Specifies the operating system. Valid entry is: unix.
password	A password stored in the NVRAM used to secure the operator console.
pci_parity	Disables or enables parity checking on the PCI bus.
pk*0_fast	Enables fast SCSI mode.
pk*0_host_id	Specifies the default value for a controller host bus node ID.
pk*0_soft_term	Enables or disables SCSI terminators on systems that use the QLogic ISP1040 SCSI controller.
tt_allow_login	Enables or disables login to the SRM Console firmware on other operator console ports.

 Table 4-8
 Environment Variable Summary (Continued)

#### auto\_action

Specifies the action the SRM Console takes any time the system powers up, fails, or resets. When the setting involves autoboot, the system boots from the default boot device specified by the value of the bootdef\_dev environment variable. The syntax is:

set auto\_action value

The options for *value* are show in Table 4-9.

Table 4-9Auto\_Action Values

Option	Description
halt	The system remains in SRM Console mode after power-up or a system crash.
boot	The system boots automatically when it is turned on and halts after a system failure.
restart	The system boots automatically when it is turned on or after it fails.

*Note:* If a halt assertion exists, the SRM Console ignores the auto\_action setting and halts at the SRM Console.

bootdef\_devThe bootdef\_dev environment variable specifies one or more devices for<br/>booting the operating system. When more than one device is listed, the system

searches in the order listed and boots from the first device with operating system software. The syntax is:

#### set bootdef\_dev boot\_device

boot\_device The name of the device on which the system software has been loaded. To specify more than one device, separate the names with commas. Enter the command show bootdef\_dev to display the current default boot device. Enter the command show device for a list of all devices in the system.

boot\_osflagsThe boot\_osflags environment variable passes information to the boot<br/>command. That information is dependent on the operating system to be booted.<br/>The syntax is:

#### set boot\_osflags flags\_value

The options for *flags\_value* are shown in Table 4-10.

#### Table 4-10 Boot\_Osflags Options

Option	Description
root=/dev/sda5	Set the root filesystem to the 5 <sup>th</sup> partition of the first SCSI disk.
root=/dev/hda2	Set the root filesystem to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> partition of the first IDE disk.
1	Use config number 1 from the /etc/aboot.conf file

com\*\_baud

The default baud rate for the system is 9600. With the com\*\_baud environment variable, you can set the baud rate to match that of the device connected to the port. The syntax is:

#### set com\*\_baud baud\_value

*baud\_value* The new baud rate. A list of possible values is displayed by attempting to set this environment variable to an unacceptable value (for example, set com2\_baud xxx).

You will be asked to confirm the change, as shown in the following example

# Example 4-12 Using com\*\_baud

	>>> set com1_baud 1	.9200
	(Y/[N]) n	e Console only supports 9600 baud. Continue? m1_baud not modified
console		terminal can be either a graphics monitor or a serial le environment variable specifies which is used. The syntax
	set console <i>ou</i>	tput_device
	The options for <b>out</b>	put_device are:
	graphics (default)	The operator console terminal is a graphics monitor or a device connected to the VGA or TGA module.
	serial	The operator console terminal is the device connected to the COM2 port.
	• •	e the value of console, you must reset the system by atton or issuing the initialize command.
ew*0_mode	Sets an Ethernet controller to run an Ethernet network. The default value is auto-sense. For the fast setting, the device defaults to fast.	
	The syntax is:	
set ew*0_mode value		value
	The options for valu	ae are shown in Table 4-11.
	Table 4-11 ew*0_	mode Options

Option	Description
aui	Device type is AUI.
auto-sense	Device type is sensed by the SRM Console.
twisted-pair	Device type is 10BaseT (twisted pair).
fast duplex, twisted-pair	Device type is duplex 10BaseT
fast	Device type is fast 100Base TX
fastFD	Device type is fast full duplex 100Base TX
BNC	Device type is BNC
auto-negotiate	DE500-BA provides auto-sensing capabilities

**ew\*0\_protocols** Enables network protocols for booting and other functions. The syntax is:

#### set ew\*0\_protocols protocol\_value

The options for *protocol\_value* are show in Table 4-11.

 Table 4-12
 ew\*0\_protocols Options

	Option	Description	
	mop	Sets the network protocol to mop (Maintenance Operations Protocol), the setting typically used with the Linux operating system.	
	bootp (default)	Sets the network protocol to bootp, the setting typically used with the Linux operating system.	
	bootp, mop	When both are listed, the system attempts to use the mop protocol first, regardless of which is listed first. If not successful, it then attempts the bootp protocol.	
kbd_hardware_type	Used only on systems with the language variant 3C (Français), this environment variable sets the keyboard hardware type as either PCXAL or LK411 and enables the system to interpret the terminal keyboard layout correctly.		
	Whenever you change the value of kbd_hardware_type, you must reset the system by pressing the <b>Reset</b> button or issuing the initialize command.		
	The syntax is:		
	set kbd_hardware	_type keyboard_type	
	The options for keyboard_type are:		
	pcxal (default) Se	elects the default keyboard hardware type.	
		elects the LK411 keyboard layout for use with language riant 3C (Français).	
language	Specifies the keyboard layout, which is language dependent. The setting of the language environment variable must match the language of the keyboard variant. Whenever you change the value of language, you must reset the system by pressing the <b>Reset</b> button or issuing the initialize command.		

The syntax is:

#### set language language\_code

The options for language\_code are show in Table 4-13.

Option	Description
0	No language (cryptic)
30	Dansk (Danish)
32	Deutsch (German)
34	Deutsch (Schweiz) (Swiss)
36	English (American)
38	English (British/Irish)
3A	Español (Spanish)
3C	Français (French)
3E	Français (Canadian)
40	Français (Suisse Romande)
42	Italiano (Italian)
44	Nederlands (Netherlands)
46	Norsk (Norwegian)
48	Portuguese (Portuguese)
4A	Suomi (Finnish)
4C	Svenska (Swedish)
4E	Belgisch-Nederlands (Dutch)

Table 4-13Language Options

#### os\_type

The os\_type environment variable specifies the default operating system. This variable is set at the factory to the setting for the operating system purchased. Use this command to change the factory default setting.

Whenever you change the value of os\_type, you must reset the system by pressing the **Reset** button or issuing the initialize command.

The syntax is:

set os\_type os\_type

The options for os\_type are:

unix Linux is the default operating system, and the SRM firmware is started during power-up or reset.

password	Sets or clears the SRM (NVRAM).	A Console password stored in Non-Volatile RAM
	The syntax is:	
	set password	
	•	n argument to the set password command; the SRM user for the string, which must be between 15 and 30
pci_parity	Disables or enables pa	arity checking on the PCI bus.
	generating scheme in compliant with the PC superfluous PCI parity the device can be used	not implement PCI parity checking, and some have a parity- which the parity is sometimes incorrect or is not fully I specification. A side effect of this aberrant behavior is that y errors are reported by the host PCI bridge. In such cases, d as long as parity is not checked; disabling PCI parity se parity errors that can cause system problems.
	The syntax is:	
	set pci_parity value	
	The options for valu	e are:
	on (default)	Enables PCI parity checking.
	off	Disables PCI parity checking.
pk*0_fast	Enables fast SCSI to perform in either standard or fast mode. If the system has at least one fast SCSI device, set the default controller speed to fast SCSI (1). Devices on a controller that connects to both standard and fast SCSI devices will perform at the appropriate rate for the device. If the system has no fast SCSI devices, set the default controller speed to standard SCSI (0). If a fast SCSI device is on a controller set to standard, it will perform in standard mode.	
	The syntax is:	
	<pre>set pk*0_fast scsi_speed</pre>	
	The options for scsi_speed are:	
	0	The controller is in standard SCSI mode.
	1 (default)	The controller is in fast SCSI mode.
pk*0_host_id	Sets the controller hos	st bus node ID to a value between 0 and 7.

Each SCSI bus in the system requires a controller. Buses can theoretically support up to eight devices; however, the eighth device must always be a controller. Each device on the bus, including the controller, must have a unique ID, which is a number between 0 and 7. This is the bus node ID number.

On each bus, the default bus node ID for the controller is set to 7. You do not need to change the controller bus node ID unless you place two or more controllers on the same bus.

To list the controllers on your system, enter the command show device (see page 4-8). SCSI devices begin with the letters "pk" (for example, pka0). The third letter is the adapter ID for the controller. When entering the command set pk\*0\_host\_id, replace the asterisk with the adapter ID letter.

The syntax is:

#### set pk\*\_host\_id scsi\_node\_id

The value for *scsi\_node\_id* is the bus node ID, a number from 0 to 7.

**pk\*0\_soft\_term** Enables or disables SCSI terminators. This command applies to systems that use the QLogic ISP1040 SCSI controller.

The QLogic ISP1040 SCSI controller implements the 16-bit wide SCSI bus. The QLogic module has two terminators, one for the low eight bits and one for the high eight bits.

The syntax is:

set pk\*0\_soft\_term value

The options for value are shown in Table 4-14.

Option	Description
off	Disables termination of all 16 bits.
low (default)	Enables low eight bits and disables high eight bits.
high	Enables high eight bits and disables low eight bits.
on	Enables all 16 bits.
diff	Places the bus in differential mode.

#### Table 4-14 pk\*0\_soft\_term Options

#### tt\_allow\_login

Enables or disables login to the SRM Console firmware on alternate operator console ports. If the environment variable console (see page 4-18) is set to serial, the primary operator console device is the terminal connected through the

COM1 port. The command set t\_allow\_login 1 enables logins through either the COM2 port or a graphics monitor.

The syntax is:

#### set tt\_allow\_login value

The options for *value* are:

0	Disables login through the COM2 port or a graphics monitor.
1 (default)	Enables login through the COM2 port or a graphics monitor.

# 4.2.9 Finding Help

The help command displays basic information about SRM Console commands. The syntax is:

help [command . . . ]

command . . . Command or topic for which help is requested. The options are:

none	Displays the complete list of commands for which you can receive help.
command_name	Displays information about the SRM Console command.
<i>argument_string</i> (such as `sh")	Displays information about all commands that begin with that string.

#### **Example 4-13 Help Command**

```
>>> help set
NAME
    set
FUNCTION
    Set an option or modify the value of an environment
    variable.
SYNOPSIS
    set <option> <value> or <envar> [-] <value>
    where
    <option>={host,mode}
    where
    <envar>={auto_action,bootdef_dev,boot_osflags,...}
    [-default]
```

# 4.3 FSB

The FSB provides an emergency recovery mechanism when the primary firmware image contained in flash memory is corrupted.

You can start the FSB manually. To manually start the FSB, perform the following procedures:

- 1. Power Off system.
- 2. Set switchpack to FSB configuration as shown in section 2.2.1, "Firm-ware Image Selection."
- 3. Power On system.
- 4. Insert UP1500 installation disk into the floppy disk drive.
- 5. Upgrade SRM Console.

# Chapter 5 Troubleshooting

This chapter discusses troubleshooting aspects for both hardware and software components during the UP1500 system startup.

Topics covered include:

- Video review checklist
- Status LEDs
- Beep codes
- Error recovery procedures

# 5.1 Hardware Startup

# 5.1.1 No Video Present

Use the following steps to diagnose and fix video problems:

- 1. Check the AC power cord connection to the AC outlet.
- 2. Ensure that the monitor is connected and switched on.
- 3. Check the voltage setting on the chassis power supply (115 Vac in the U.S.).



WARNING: Always take appropriate electrostatic discharge safety measures when handling boards or modules.

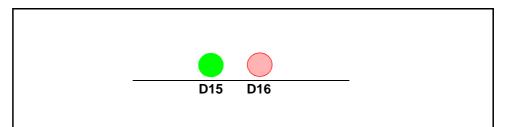
- 4. Check that the Alpha 21264B Processor fan is connected and spinning.
- 5. Turn the system power OFF.
- 6. Reseat the video card and ensure that it is connected to the monitor.
- 7. Reseat the DIMMs.
- 8. Replace the DIMMs.

## 5.1.2 LED Status Indicators

Two LED indicators, D15 and D16, provide diagnostic information about the UP1500, including the status of some Alpha 21264B Processor functions.

The LEDs are mounted on the lower edge of the UP1500 board below the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge and to the right of the internal I/O connector area.

Their orientation is shown in Figure 5-1.



**Figure 5-1LED Status Indicators** 

Use Table 5-1 to interpret the LED status information.

Table 5-1LED Status Indicators

LED	Function	Comment
D15	PowerGOOD	Green LED ON when power to Alpha 21264B Processor is good.
D16	Reset PALcode	Red LED ON when Reset PALcode is loading.

## 5.1.3 Beep Code

In FSB mode, the UP1500 delivers an audible troubleshooting message during startup, referred to as a beep code. This message consists of one audible beep, followed by two audible beeps, followed by three audible beeps. It is called the 1-2-3 beep code.

If the 1–2–3 beep code is delivered, the FSB code has loaded correctly and the UP1500 is retrieving the SRM Console firmware image.

If the 1–2–3 beep code is not delivered, the FSB code did not load correctly.

# 5.2 Error Recovery Procedures

On the UP1500 switchpack SW1, two configuration switches with selectable settings are firmware-related. They are identified by the shaded box in Figure 5-2. You can change the configuration settings to recover from several error conditions.

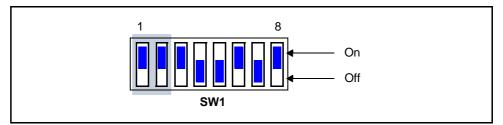


Figure 5-2 Firmware Configuration Switches

# 5.2.1 Error Conditions

In addition to the factory default setting, there are two other configuration settings which you select based on certain error categories.

**Restore Factory** Some error conditions of this type include:

- Choosing incorrect selections when configuring the SRM Console. These selections prevent the system from booting.
  - Forgetting your system password.

**Reload Firmware** An error condition of this type may occur during the upgrading of the SRM Console by an improper system action. An example would be: accidentally powering off the system during this procedure.

For more information, see the FAQs on the Alpha web site:

http://www.alpha.samsung.com

# 5.2.2 Error Recovery Switch Settings

For these error recoveries, select the appropriate settings from Table 5-2.

Defaults

Error	Function	SW1 Switch:	
LILOL	Function	1	2
Factory Default 800MHz	Boot under SRM Console	On	On
Reload Firmware	Reload SRM Console from FSB	Off	Off

#### Table 5-2 Switch Settings for Various Error Conditions

# 5.2.3 Error Recovery Procedure

To clear the errors noted in section 5.2.1, take the following steps:

- 1. Power off the system.
- 2. Change the SW1 switch settings according to the error to be cleared.
- 3. Start the system.
- 4. Enter the proper parameters in SRM Console.
- 5. Load the Operating System.
- 6. Power off the system.
- 7. Restore the SW1 switches to their default positions.
- 8. Start the system.

# Appendix A

Connectors and

Pinouts

This appendix describes the connectors and pinouts used on the UP1500. Refer to Figure 2-1 in Chapter 2 for connector locations.

# A.1 Power Connector Pinouts

Pinouts for J21, the ATX power connector, are shown in Table A-1. J21 is a standard Molex 39-29-9202 connector.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+3.3 VDC	11	+3.3 VDC
2	+3.3 VDC	12	-12 VDC
3	GND	13	GND
4	+5 VDC	14	PS_ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	+5 VDC	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	P_DCOK	18	-5 VDC
9	5V SB	19	+5 VDC
10	+12 VDC	20	+5 VDC

 Table A-1
 ATX Power Connector Pinouts (J21)

# A.2 Nonstandard Connections

Pinouts for J24, the SM bus extender port, are shown in Table A-2. J24 is a Molex 6373-03 connector.

Table A-2         SM Bus Extender Port Connector Pinouts
--

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	SMbus_clock	3	SMbus_data
2	GND		

Pinouts for J25, the Power button connector, are shown in Table A-3. J25 is an AMP 103239-2 connector.

 Table A-3
 Power Button Connector Pinouts (J25)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Power_On	2	GND

Pinouts for J26, the Speaker cable, are shown in Table A-4. J26 is an AMP 103239-4 connector.

Table A-4S	Speaker	Cable	Connector	<b>Pinouts</b>	( <b>J26</b> )
------------	---------	-------	-----------	----------------	----------------

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5 VDC	3	GND
2	GND	4	PC_Speaker_Signal

Pinouts for J27, the HDD Activity LED, are shown in Table A-5. J27 is an AMP 103239-2 connector.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	HDD_Act_N	2	+5 VDC

Pinouts for J28, the Power LED, are shown in Table A-6. J28 is an AMP 103239-3 connector.

Table A-6Power LED Connector Pinouts (J28)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	3	+5 VDC
2	GND		

Pinouts for J29, the Reset button connector, are shown in Table A-7. J29 is an AMP 103239-2 connector.

 Table A-7
 Reset Button Connector Pinouts (J29)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	Reset

Pinouts for J30, the Keyboard Lock Cable connector, are shown in Table A-8. J30 is an AMP 103239-2 connector.

 Table A-8
 Keyboard Lock Cable Connector Pinouts (J30)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	Key_Lock

Pinouts for J31 and J36, the System Fan connectors, are shown in Table A-9. J31 and J36 are Molex 6373-03 connectors.

Table A-9	System Fan Connector Pinouts (J31, J	<b>J36</b> )
	System I an connector I mouth (sell)	

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	3	+12 VDC
2	GND		

Pinouts for J32 and J33, the CPU Fan connectors, are shown in Table A-10. J32 and J33 are Molex 6373-03 connectors.

Table A-10CPU Fan Connectors Pinouts (J32, J33)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	3	+12 VDC
2	PFan_Sense		

Pinouts for J34, the Debug port, are shown in Table A-11. J34 is an AMP 103240-3 connector.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	NC	4	NC
2	TxD	5	RxD
3	GND	6	NC

 Table A-11
 Debug Port Connector Pinouts (J34)

Pinouts for J35, the EPLD program port, are shown in Table A-12. J35 is an AMP 103240-5 connector.

*Note:* For specific information on the EPLD device used in the UP1500, refer to Altera Corporation's EPM7064 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	ТСК	6	No Connect (NC)
2	GND	7	NC
3	TDO	8	NC
4	VCC	9	TDI
5	TMS	10	GND

 Table A-12
 EPLD Program Port Pinouts (J35)

Pinouts for J37, the System Controller Fan connector, are shown in Table A-13. J37 is Molex 6373-03 connector.

 Table A-13
 System Controller Fan Connector Pinouts (J37)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	3	+12 VDC
2	NC		

Pinouts for J38, the Network receive LED connector, are shown in Table A-14. J38 is an AMP 103239-2 connector.

 Table A-14
 Network Receive LED Connector Pinouts (J38)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	RCV_LED

Pinouts for J39, the Network active LED connector, are shown in Table A-15. J39 is an AMP 103239-2 connector.

 Table A-15
 Network Active LED Connector Pinouts (J39)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	Active_LED

# A.3 Standard Connectors

Industry standard parts are used for most of the connections in the UP1500. Refer to Table A-16 for a list of the connectors used and their functions.

Connector	Function	Part Number
J3	AGP	Molex 71796-0008 or AMP 145263-1
J4–J7	SDRAM DIMMs	Molex 71251-0012
J8–J10	32-bit PCI bus	AMP 145154-4
J11	10/100 Mbps, RJ-45 LAN (Ethernet)	AMP 555141-1
J12	MIC In	Foxconn JA1333L-102
J13	Audio In/Out	SMK LGA6507-0200
J14	CD Audio In	Molex 53014-0310

Table A-16 UP1500 Standard Connectors

Connector	Function	Part Number
J15, J16	IDE drive bus	Molex 87256-4011 or AMP 103308-8
J17	FDD	Molex 87256-3411 or AMP 103308-7
J18	Parallel bus and COM1/COM2 serial line	Foxconn DM11351-Z5
J19	USB	AMP 787617-1
J20	Keyboard and mouse	Foxconn MH11067-D2 or AMP 84405-1 or 84376-1

 Table A-16
 UP1500 Standard Connectors (Continued)

UP1500 User's Manual



Support, Products and Documentation

# B.1 Customer Support

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. provides assistance for their products on their web page at http://www.alpha.samsung.com

Alpha Original Equipment Manufactures (OEMs) provide the following web page resources for customer support:

URL	Description
http://www.compaq.com	Contains links for the Alpha 21264B Processor CPU.
http://www.amd.com	Contains links for the AMD-761 System Controller
http://www.acerlabs.com	Contains links for the M1535D+ PCI-ISA Bridge
http://www.intel.com	Contains links for the 21143 LAN (Ethernet) controller

# B.2 Supporting Products

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. maintains a Hardware Compatibility List on their web site for components and accessories that are not included with the UP1500. Compatibility for items such as memory, power supplies, and enclosure are listed.

Point your browser to www.alpha.samsung.com and check the Products Information list for Peripherals.

Density	Module Part No.	Speed	CAS Latency
SEC 128MB	M383L1713BT1-CA2 M383L1713BT1-CB0	266MHz	2ns 2.5ns
MT 128MB	MT9VDDT1622AG	266MHz	2.5ns
SEC 256MB	M383L3310BT1-CA2 M383L3310BT1-CB0 M383L3113BT1-CA2 M383L3113BT1-CB0	266MHz	2ns 2.5ns 2ns 2.5ns
SEC 512MB	M383L6423BT1-CA2 M383L6423BT1-CB0	266MHz	2ns 2.5ns

Note: Supporting DDR DIMM

# B.3 Alpha Products

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. maintains information about other Alpha products on their web site. Point your browser to www.alpha.samsung.com and check the Product Information list for Alpha products.

# B.4 Documentation

# B.4.1 Alpha Documentation

Title	Vendor	
Alpha Architecture Reference Manual	Digital Press order# EQ- W938E-DP	
Alpha Architecture Handbook	Compaq Computer Corporation order# EC-QD2KC-TE, October, 1998.	
Alpha 21264 Microprocessor Hardware Specification	Digital Press	
UP1100 Quick Start Installation Guide	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	
UP1100 Technical Reference Manual	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	

# B.4.2 Related Documentation

You can order the following associated documentation directly from the vendor.

Title	Vendor
21143 PCI/CardBus 10/100 Mb/s Ethernet LAN Controller Datasheet	Intel Corporation 2200 Misson College Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95052-8119
Accelerated Cgraphic Port Interface Specification Revision 2.0	Intel Corporation 2200 Misson College Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95052-8119
AlphaPC 264DP Techincal Reference Manual	Compaq computer Corporation order# EC-RBODA-TE.
AMD-761TM System Controller Data Sheet, Revision B3	AMD Publication
Computer Architecture	John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Morgan Kaufman Publishers, San Mateo, CA, 1990.

Title	Vendor
EPM7064 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet	Altera Corporation, 101 Innovation Drive San Jose, CA 95134
ISA & EISA Theory and Operations	Edward Solari, Annabooks Bookstore (http://www.annabooks.com/ind ex.htm), ISBN 0-929392-15-9
M1535D+: PCI-to-ISA Bus Bridge with SuperI/O & Fast IR Data Sheet, Ver. 1.0	ALI
<ul> <li>PCI Loacl Bus Specification, Revision 2.1</li> <li>PCI Multimedia Design Guide, Revision 1.0</li> <li>PCI System Design Guide</li> <li>PCI-to-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification, Revision 0</li> </ul>	PCI Special Interest Group U.S 1-800-433-5177 International 503-797-4207 FAX 1-503-234-6762
<ul> <li>PC SDRAM Specification, Revision 1.63 (October, 1998)</li> <li>PC SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM Specification, Revision 1.0 (February, 1998)</li> <li>PC SDRAM Serial Presence Detect (SPD) Specification, Revision 1.2A (December, 1997)</li> </ul>	Intel corporation
The Indispensable PC Hardware Book 3E	Hans-Peter Messamer, Addison- Wesley Pub.Co., ISBN 0-201- 87697-3
Universal Serial Bus Specification, Revision 1.1	USB Implementers Forum http://www.usb.org.deve lopers/docs.html September, 1998

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